# EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE U.S. PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

### CPC NOTICE OF CHANGES 1556

DATE: JANUARY 1, 2024

### PROJECT MP12067

### The following classification changes will be effected by this Notice of Changes:

<u>Action</u>	Subclass	Group(s)
SCHEME:		
Titles Changed:	B09B	SUBCLASS
		3/70
Notes Modified:	B09B	SUBCLASS
<b>DEFINITIONS:</b>		
Definitions Deleted:	B09B	3/30,3/35
Definitions Modified:	B09B	SUBCLASS
		3/40,3/60

No other subclasses/groups are impacted by this Notice of Changes.

This Notice of Changes includes the following [Check the ones included]:

I. CLA	ASSIF	TCATION SCHEME CHANGES
	$\boxtimes$	A. New, Modified or Deleted Group(s)
		B. New, Modified or Deleted Warning(s)
	$\boxtimes$	C. New, Modified or Deleted Note(s)
		D. New, Modified or Deleted Guidance Heading(s)
2. DEF	TINIT	TONS
	$\boxtimes$	A. New or Modified Definitions (Full definition template)
	$\boxtimes$	B. Modified or Deleted Definitions (Definitions Quick Fix)
3. 🗌	REV	TSION CONCORDANCE LIST(RCL)
4. 🗌	CHA	ANGES TO THE CPC-TO-IPC CONCORDANCE LIST (CICL)
5 🗆	СН	ANGES TO THE CROSS REFERENCE LIST (CRL)

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#### 1. CLASSIFICATION SCHEME CHANGES

A. New, Modified or Deleted Group(s)

#### SUBCLASS B09B - DISPOSAL OF SOLID WASTE

Type*	<u>Symbol</u>	Indent Level Number of dots (e.g. 0, 1,	Title  "CPC only" text should normally be enclosed in {curly brackets}**	<u>Transferred to<sup>#</sup></u>
M	B09B		DISPOSAL OF SOLID WASTE NOT OTHER WISE PROVIDED FOR	
M	B09B 3/70	1	Chemical treatment, e.g. pH adjustment or oxidation (involving an extraction step B09B 3/80)	

<sup>\*</sup>N = new entries where reclassification into entries is involved; C = entries with modified file scope where reclassification of documents from the entries is involved; Q = new entries which are firstly populated with documents via administrative transfers from deleted (D) entries. Afterwards, the transferred documents into the Q entry will either stay or be moved to more appropriate entries, as determined by intellectual reclassification; T = existing entries with enlarged file scope, which receive documents from C or D entries, e.g. when a limiting reference is removed from the entry title; M = entries with no change to the file scope (no reclassification); D = deleted entries; F = frozen entries will be deleted once reclassification of documents from the entries is completed; U = entries that are unchanged.

### NOTES:

- \*\*No {curly brackets} are used for titles in CPC only <u>subclasses</u>, e.g. C12Y, A23Y; 2000 series symbol titles of groups found at the end of schemes (orthogonal codes); or the Y section titles. The {curly brackets} <u>are</u> used for 2000 series symbol titles found interspersed throughout the main trunk schemes (breakdown codes).
- U groups: it is obligatory to display the required "anchor" symbol (U group), i.e. the entry immediately preceding a new group or an array of new groups to be created (in case new groups are not clearly subgroups of C-type groups). Always include the symbol, indent level and title of the U group in the table above.
- All entry types should be included in the scheme changes table above for better understanding of the overall scheme change picture. Symbol, indent level, and title are required for all types.
- "Transferred to" column <u>must</u> be completed for all C, D, F, and Q type entries. F groups will be deleted once reclassification is completed.
- When multiple symbols are included in the "Transferred to" column, avoid using ranges of symbols in order to be as precise as possible.
- For administrative transfer of documents, the following text should be used: "< administrative transfer to XX>", "<administrative transfer to XX and YY simultaneously>", or "<administrative transfer to XX, YY, ...and ZZ simultaneously>" when administrative transfer of the same documents is to more than one place.
- Administrative transfer to main trunk groups is assumed to be the source allocation type, unless otherwise indicated.
- Administrative transfer to 2000/Y series groups is assumed to be "additional information".
- If needed, instructions for allocation type should be indicated within the angle brackets using the abbreviations "ADD" or "INV": <administrative transfer to XX ADD> , <administrative transfer to XX INV>, or < administrative transfer to XX ADD, YY INV, ... and ZZ ADD simultaneously>.
- In certain situations, the "D" entries of 2000-series or Y-series groups may not require a destination ("Transferred to") symbol, however it is required to specify "<no transfer>" in the "Transferred to" column for such cases.
- For finalisation projects, the deleted "F" symbols should have <no transfer> in the "Transferred to" column.
- For more details about the types of scheme change, see CPC Guide.

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### C. New, Modified or Deleted Note(s)

### ${\bf SUBCLASS\,B09B\,\textbf{-}DISPOSAL\,OF\,SOLID\,WASTE}$

Type*	Location	9	Old Note		New/Modified Note
M	B09B	combined not fully of 2. In this sub or express meanings	class <u>covers</u> only single or l, e.g. multistage, operations classifiable in a single other subclass oclass the following terms sions are added with the indicated:  disposal" means the iscarding, e.g. dumping, or contraving of two stages.	2.	This subclass <u>covers</u> only single or combined operations, e.g. multistage operations, not fully classifiable in a single other subclass.  In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
		to so he was a solution of the	estroying of waste or its ransformation into omething useful or armless; solid waste" includes waste which, although it has liquid ontent, is for practical urposes handled as solid is drawn to the following  Obtaining proteins from waste water of starch manufacturing plants of like wastes  K 10/37 Animal feedingstuffs from waste products of animal origin or of plant origin Animal feedingstuffs from distillers' or brewers' waste Animal feedingstuffs from waste dairy products Animal feedingstuffs from kitchen waste  Footwear made of rubber waste Disinfection or sterilisation	3.	<ul> <li>"disposal" means the discarding, e.g. dumping, or destroying of waste or its transformation into something useful or harmless;</li> <li>"solid waste" includes waste which, although it has liquid content, is for practical purposes handled as solid.</li> </ul>

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	-		.1 1 1 11	
			methods specially	
			adapted for refuse	
		A62D3/00	Chemical means	
			forcombatting	
			harmful chemical	
			agents; processes	
			for making harmful	
			chemical a gents	
			harmless	
		B01D53/34	Chemical	
			purification of	
			smoke or fumes,	
			e.g. flue gas	
		{B02C 18/0084}	Disintegrating by	
		[DU2C 10/0004]	knives or other	
			cutting or tearing	
			members, which	
			chop material into	
			fragments,	
			specially adapted	
			for disintegrating	
			garbage, waste or	
		D00D = (00	sewage	
		B03B 7/00	Combinations of	
			wet processes or	
			apparatus with	
			other processes or	
			apparatus, e.g. for	
1			dressing ores or	
			garbage	
		B03B 9/06	General	
			arrangement of	
			separating plant,	
			e.g. flow sheets,	
			specially adapted	
			forrefuse	
		B05B 12/16, B05B 14/0	0Control of spray	
			area of spraying	
			plant, e.g. masking,	
			side shields; Means	
			for collection or re-	
			use of excess	
			material	
		B08B 15/00	Prevent escape of	
		-	dirt or fumes from	
			the area where they	
			are produced;	
			Collecting or	
			removing dirt or	
			fumes from that	
			area	
		B22F8/00	Manufacture of	
		D221 0/00	articles from scrap	
			atticles from scrap	

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	7	, ,
		or waste metal
]	D00D05/14	particles
	B23D25/14	Machines or
		arrangements for
		shearing stock
		while the latter is
		tra velling otherwise
		than in the
		direction of the cut
]		without regard to
]		the exact dimensions of the
]		resulting material,
]		e.g. for cutting up
]	D24D 55/12	scrap Devices for
]	B24B 55/12	Devices for recovering
		recovering materials from
		grinding or polishing
]	B27B 33/20	Edge trimming saw
]	טטועט טועע טועע טועע ט	blades ortools
]		combined with
		means to
		disintegrate waste
	B29B 17/00	Recovery of
	ו על של דוועל של דוועל של דווי	plastics or other
		constituents of
]		waste material
]		containing plastics
	B30B 9/32	Presses for
		consolidating scrap
		metalorfor
]		compacting used
]		cars
]	B62D67/00	Systematic
]		disassembly of
]		vehicles for
		recovery of
		sa lva geable
		components, e.g.
		forrecycling
	B63B 17/06	Refuse discharge
		from vessels, e.g.
		forash
	{B63J4/006}	Arrangements of
		installation for
		treating waste
]		water or sewage on
		vessels
	B63J4/00	Arrangements of
		installations for
		treating waste

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	water or sewage on	
	vessels	
B65F1/00	Refuse receptacles	
B65F3/00	Vehicles	
	particularly adapted	
	for collecting	
	refuse	
D65E5/00		
B65F5/00	Gathering or	
	removal of refuse	
	otherwise than by	
	receptacles or	
	vehicles	
B65F7/00	Cleaning or	
	disinfecting devices	
	combined with	
	refuse receptacles	
	or refuse vehicles	
C03C 1/00	Ingredients	
20321,00	generally	
	applicable to	
	manufacture of	
	glasses, glazes or	
G0.4F 7/24	vitreous enamels	
C04B 7/24	Hydraulic cements	
	from oil shales,	
	residues or waste	
	other than slag	
C04B 11/26	Calcium sulfate	
	cements from	
	phosphogypsum or	
	from waste, e.g.	
	purification	
	products of smoke	
C04B 18/04	Waste materials or	
C0 1D 10/04	refuse used as	
	fillers for mortars,	
	concrete, artificial	
	stone or the like	
(C04P 22/0006)		
{C04B 22/0006}	Waste inorganic	
	materials used as	
	active ingredients	
	for mortars,	
	concrete, artificial	
	stone or the like	
{C04B 24/001}	Waste organic	
	materials used as	
	active ingredients	
	for mortars,	
	concrete, artificial	
	stone or the like	
C04B 33/132	Waste materials or	
CO-D 33/132	refuse used as	
<u> </u>	iciuse useu as	

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1		
		compounding for
		clay-wares
	C05F9/00	Fertilisers made
		from household or
		town refuse
	C08B 16/00	Regeneration of
	0002 10,00	cellulose
	C08J 11/00	Recovery of waste
	C003 1 1/00	materials of
		macromolecular
	G001 17/00	substances
	C08L 17/00	Compositions of
		recla imed rubber
	C09K11/01	Recovery of
		luminescent
		materials
	C10B 53/00	Destructive
		distillation,
		specially adapted
		for particular solid
		raw materials or
		solid raw materials
		in special form
	C10B 57/00	Other processes not
	010101100	covered before;
		Features of
		destructive
		distillation
		processes in
	C10C1/10	general Production of
	C10G1/10	Production of
		liquid hydrocarbon
		mixtures from
		rubber or rubber
	G407 5115	waste
	C10L 5/46	Solid fuels
		essentially based on
		sewage, house or
		town refuse
	C10L 5/48	Solid fuels
		essentially based on
		industrial residues
		and waste materials
	C10M 175/02	Working-up used
		lubricants based on
		mineral oils
	C11B 13/00	Recovery of fats,
	2,70	fattyoils, or fatty
		a cids from waste
		materials
	C11D19/00	Recovery of
		glycerol from a
		grycororrom a

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saponification	
liquor	
C12F3/00 Recovery of by-	
products  Products	
C12F3/08 Recovery of	
alcohol from press	
residues or other	
waste material  C12P7/08  Picchamical	
C12P7/08 Biochemical	
production of etha nol from waste	
C22B 7/00 Working-up raw	
materials other than	
ores, e.g. scrap, to	
produce non-	
ferrous metals or	
compounds thereof	
C22B 19/28 Obtaining zinc or	
zinc oxide from	
muffle furnace	
residues	
C22B 19/30 Obtaining zinc or	
zinc oxide from	
metallic residues or	
scrap	
C22B 25/06 Obtaining tin from	
scrap	
C25D 13/24 Regeneration of	
process liquids	
used in	
electrophoretic	
coatings	
C25D21/16 Regeneration of	
process solutions	
used in electrolytic	
coating	
D01B Mechanical	
treatment of natural	
fibrous or file mentary	
fila mentary material to obtain	
fibres or fila ments,	
e.g. forspinning	
D01C 5/00 Carbonising rags to	
recover a nimal	
fibres	
D01F13/00 Recovery of	
starting material,	
waste material or	
solvents during the	
ma nufacture of	
artificial fila ments	
or the like	

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 D01G11/00	District the second sec
D01G11/00	Disintegrating
	fibre-containing
	articles to obtain
	fibres for re-use
D01H 11/00	Arrangements for
	confining or
	removing dust, fly,
	or the like
D06L 1/10	Regeneration of
20021,10	used chemical
	baths used for dry-
	cleaning or
	washing fibres,
	fabrics or the like
D21B 1/08	
D21B 1/08	Dry treatment of
	waste paper or rags
	for making paper or
	for the production
D21D 1/22	of cellulose
D21B 1/32	Defibrating waste
D2105/22	paper
D21C 5/02	Processes for
	obtaining cellulose
	by working-up
	wa ste paper
D21C11/14	Regeneration of
	pulp liquors by wet
	combustion
D21F1/66	Re-use of pulp-
	water in wet end
	machines for
	making continuous
	webs of paper
D21H 17/01	Waste products
	added to the pulp or
	used in paper-
	impregnating
	material
E03F	Sewers, Cesspools
E04F 17/10	Arrangements in
	building for the
	disposal of refuse
F23B 5/00	Combustion
	apparatus
	arrangements for
	burning
	uncombusted
	material from
	primary
	combustion
F23G	Consuming waste
1.200	products by
	combustion
	COMPUSION

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F221	Domovalor	
F23J	Removalor	
	treatment of	
	combustion	
	products or	
	combustion	
	residues	
G03C 11/24	Removing	
	emulsion from	
	wa ste photographic	
	material	
G03G21/10	Collectingor	
	recycling waste	
	developerused in	
	electrography,	
	electrophotography,	
	magnetography	
G21F9/28	Treating	
	radioactively	
	contaminated solids	
H01B 15/00	Apparatusor	
11012 13/00	processes for	
	salvaging material	
	from electric cables	
H01J9/52	Recovery of	
H013 9/32	material from	
	discharge tubes or	
H01M 6/52	lamps	
H01M 6/52	Reclaiming	
	serviceable parts of	
	waste cells or	
	batteries	
H01M 10/54	Reclaiming	
	serviceable parts of	
	waste accumulators	
4. In this subc	lass, it is desirable to add	
	g codes of group B09B	
2101/00.		
2101/00.		

<sup>\*</sup>N = new note, M = modified note, D = deleted note

NOTE: The "Location" column only requires the symbol PRIOR to the location of the note. No further directions such as "before" or "after" are required.

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# 2. A. DEFINITIONS (modified)

#### **B09B**

#### **Definition statement**

Replace: The existing Definition statement text with the following new text.

The disposal of solid waste involving single or combined operations, comprising features related to the disposal of solid waste. Such features must encompass the combination with:

- (a) additional steps specific for waste disposal; or
- (b) other aspects of the operation specific for waste disposal that are not fully classifiable in a single other subclass.

Insert: The following new Relationships with other classification places section.

### Relationships with other classification places

Features in relation to the disposal of solid waste but specific to an operation provided for in a single other subclass, which relate to a requirement or problem of a nature particular to the operation, are not covered by this subclass unless the method of operation is not provided for elsewhere.

#### References

Insert: The following new References out of a residual place section.

### References out of a residual place

Examples of places in relation to which this place is residual:

Obtaining proteins from waste water of starch manufacturing plants of like wastes	A23J 1/16
Animal feeding-stuffs from kitchen waste	A23K 10/20
Animal feeding-stuffs from waste material	A23K 10/26, A23K 10/37

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Animal feeding-stuffs from waste dairy products	A23K 10/28
Animal feeding-stuffs from distillers' or brewers' waste	A23K 10/38
Footwear made of rubber waste	A43B 1/12
Disinfection or sterilisation methods specially adapted for refuse	A61L 11/00
Processes for making harmful chemical substances harmless, or less harmful, by effecting a chemical change in the substances	A62D 3/00
Chemical or biological purification of waste gases	B01D 53/34
Crushing, pulverising or disintegrating in general; Milling grain	B02C
Disintegrating by knives or other cutting or tearing members, which chop material into fragments	B02C 18/00
Disintegrating by knives or other cutting or tearing members, which chop material into fragments, specially adapted for disintegrating garbage, waste or sewage	B02C 18/0084
Combinations of wet processes or apparatus with other processes or apparatus, e.g. for dressing ores or garbage	B03B 7/00
General arrangement of separating plant, e.g. flow sheets, specially adapted for refuse	B03B 9/06
Control of spray area of spraying plant, e.g. masking or side shields; Means for collection or re-use of excess material	B05B 12/16, B05B 14/00
Prevent escape of dirt or fumes from the area where they are produced; Collecting or removing dirt or fumes from that area	B08B 15/00
Manufacture of articles from scrap or waste metal particles	B22F 8/00
Machines or arrangements for shearing stock while the latter is travelling otherwise than in the direction of the cut without regard to the exact dimensions of the resulting material, e.g. for cutting up scrap	B23D 25/14
Devices for recovering materials resulting from grinding or polishing	B24B 55/12

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Edge trimming saw blades or tools combined with means to disintegrate waste	B27B 33/20
Recovery of plastics or other constituents of waste material containing plastics	B29B 17/00
Presses for consolidating scrap metal or for compacting used cars	B30B 9/32
Systematic disassembly of vehicles for recovery of salvageable components, e.g. for recycling	B62D 67/00
Refuse discharge from vessels, e.g. for ash	B63B 17/06
Arrangements of installation for treating waste water or sewage on vessels	B63J 4/006
Refuse receptacles	B65F 1/00
Vehicles particularly adapted for collecting refuse	B65F 3/00
Gathering or removal of refuse otherwise than by receptacles or vehicles	B65F 5/00
Cleaning or disinfecting devices combined with refuse receptacles or refuse vehicles	B65F 7/00
Ingredients generally applicable to manufacture of glasses, glazes or vitreous enamels	C03C 1/00
Hydraulic cements from oil shales, residues or waste other than slag	C04B 7/24
Calcium sulfate cements from phosphogypsum or from waste, e.g. purification products of smoke	
Waste materials or refuse used as fillers for mortars, concrete, artificial stone or the like	C04B 18/04
Waste inorganic materials used as active ingredients for mortars, concrete, artificial stone or the like	C04B 22/0006
Waste organic materials used as active ingredients for mortars, concrete, artificial stone or the like	C04B 24/001
Waste materials or refuse used as compounding ingredients for clay-wares	C04B 33/132
Fertilisers from waste or refuse	C05F

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Fertilisers made from household or town refuse	C05F 9/00
Regeneration of cellulose	C08B 16/00
Agglomerating foam fragments, e.g. waste foam	C08J 9/33
Recovery of waste materials of macromolecular substances	C08J 11/00
Compositions of reclaimed rubber	C08L 17/00
Recovery of luminescent materials	C09K 11/01
Destructive distillation, specially adapted for particular solid raw materials or solid raw materials in special form	C10B 53/00
Other processes not covered before; Features of destructive distillation processes in general	C10B 57/00
Production of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures from rubber or rubber waste	C10G 1/10
Recovery of petroleum waxes from hydrocarbon oils with the use of solvents	C10G 73/06
Solid fuels essentially based on sewage, house or town refuse	C10L 5/46
Solid fuels essentially based on industrial residues and waste materials	C10L 5/48
Working-up used lubricants based on mineral oils	C10M 175/02
Recovery of fats, fatty oils, or fatty acids from waste materials	C11B 13/00
Recovery of glycerol from a saponification liquor	C11D 19/00
Recovery of by-products of fermented solutions	C12F 3/00
Recovery of alcohol from press residues or other waste material	C12F 3/08
Biochemical production of ethanol from waste	C12P 7/08
Working-up raw materials other than ores, e.g. scrap, to produce non-ferrous metals or compounds thereof	C22B 7/00
Obtaining zinc or zinc oxide from muffle furnace residues	C22B 19/28
Obtaining zinc or zinc oxide from metallic residues or scrap	C22B 19/30

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	,
Obtaining tin from scrap	C22B 25/06
Regeneration of process liquids used in electrophoretic coating	C25D 13/24
Regeneration of process solutions used in electrolytic coating	C25D 21/16
Mechanical treatment of natural fibrous or filamentary material to obtain fibres or filaments, e.g. for spinning	D01B
Carbonising rags to recover animal fibres	D01C 5/00
Recovery of starting material, waste material or solvents during the manufacture of artificial filaments or the like	D01F 13/00
Disintegrating fibre-containing articles to obtain fibres for re-use	D01G 11/00
Arrangements for confining or removing dust, fly or the like	D01H 11/00
Regeneration of used chemical baths used for dry-cleaning or washing fibres, fabrics or the like	D06L 1/10
Dry treatment of waste paper or rags for making paper or for the production of cellulose	D21B 1/08
Defibrating waste paper	D21B 1/32
Processes for obtaining cellulose by working-up waste paper	D21C 5/02
Regeneration of pulp liquors by wet combustion	D21C 11/14
Re-use of pulp-water in wet end machines for making continuous webs of paper	D21F 1/66
Waste products added to the pulp or used in paper- impregnating material	D21H 17/01
Sewers, cesspools	E03F
Arrangements in buildings for the disposal of refuse	E04F 17/10
Combustion apparatus arrangements for burning uncombusted material from primary combustion	F23B 5/00
Consuming waste products by combustion	F23G
Removal or treatment of combustion products or combustion residues	F23J

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Removing emulsion from waste photographic material	G03C 11/24
Collecting or recycling waste developer used in electrography, electrophotography or magnetography	G03G 21/10
Treating radioactively contaminated solids	G21F 9/28
Apparatus or processes for salvaging material from electric cables	H01B 15/00
Recovery of material from discharge tubes or lamps	H01J 9/52
Reclaiming serviceable parts of waste cells or batteries	H01M 6/52
Reclaiming serviceable parts of waste accumulators	H01M 10/54

<u>Delete</u>: The entire Informative references section.

### B09B 3/40

#### References

Insert: The following new References out of a residual place section.

# References out of a residual place

Examples of places in relation to which this place is residual:

Methods or apparatus, e.g. incinerators, specially	F23G 5/00
adapted for combustion of waste or low-grade fuels	

<u>Delete</u>: The entire Informative references section.

### B09B 3/60

Delete: The entire References and Informative references section.

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### 2. B. DEFINITIONS QUICK FIX

Symbol	<u>Location of change</u> (e.g., section title)	Existing reference symbol or text	Action; New symbol; New text
B09B3/30			Delete the entire Definition
B09B3/35			Delete the entire Definition

### NOTES:

- The table above is used for corrections or modifications to existing definitions, e.g. delete an entire definition or part thereof; propose new wording or modify wording of a section, change the symbol the definition is associated with, change or delete a reference symbol, etc.
- Do not delete (F) symbol definitions.