

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

D TEXTILES; PAPER

TEXTILES OR FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D06 TREATMENT OF TEXTILES OR THE LIKE; LAUNDERING; FLEXIBLE MATERIALS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

D06Q DECORATING TEXTILES (textile threads, filaments, yarns or tow, glued on macromolecular material [D06N 7/00](#))

NOTES

1. In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:
 - "decorating" means "local treatment" or "local effects produced" as to change, e.g. optically, the appearance or the properties of textile materials
2. This subclass does not cover treatment of textiles by purely mechanical means, which is covered by subclasses [D06B](#) - [D06J](#).

WARNING

{In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.}

1/00 Decorating textiles

- 1/005 . {Producing embroidered textiles by chemical means; Transferring embroidered products to textiles (embroidered products [D05C 17/00](#))}
- 1/02 . Producing patterns by locally destroying or modifying the fibres of a web by chemical actions, e.g. making translucent
- 1/04 . by metallising (transfer of metal particles [D06Q 1/12](#))
- 1/06 . by local treatment of pile fabrics with chemical means
- 1/08 . by fixation of mechanical effects, e.g. calendering, embossing or Chintz effects, using chemical means
- 1/10 . by treatment with, or fixation of, a particulate material, e.g. mica, glass beads (by metallising [D06Q 1/04](#); by transferring [D06Q 1/12](#))
- 1/12 . by transferring a chemical agent or a metallic or non-metallic material in particulate or other form, from a solid temporary carrier to the textile {(for uniform treatment [D06M 23/02](#))}
- 1/14 . . by transferring fibres, or adhesives for fibres, to the textile