

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## G PHYSICS (NOTES omitted)

### INSTRUMENTS

## G05 CONTROLLING; REGULATING (NOTES omitted)

**G05F SYSTEMS FOR REGULATING ELECTRIC OR MAGNETIC VARIABLES** (regulating the timing or recurrence frequency of pulses in radar or radio navigation systems [G01S](#); regulation of current or voltage, specially adapted for use in electronic time-pieces [G04G 19/02](#); closed-loop systems for regulating non-electric variables by electric means [G05D](#); regulating power supply of digital computers [G06F 1/26](#); for obtaining desired operating characteristics of electromagnets with armatures [H01F 7/18](#); regulating electric power distribution networks [H02J](#); regulating the charging of batteries [H02J 7/00](#); regulation of the output of static converters, e.g. switching regulators [H02M](#); regulation of the output of electric generators [H02N](#), [H02P 9/00](#); controlling transformers, reactors or choke coils [H02P 13/00](#); regulating frequency response, gain, maximum output, amplitude or bandwidth of amplifiers [H03G](#); regulating tuning of resonant circuits [H03J](#); regulating characteristics of transmission lines [H04B](#); controlling electric light sources [H05B 39/04](#), [H05B 41/36](#), [H05B 45/10](#), [H05B 45/20](#), [H05B 47/10](#); electric control of X-ray apparatus [H05G 1/30](#))

### NOTES

1. This subclass covers:
  - systems only;
  - use of hydraulic, pneumatic, mechanical, and electrical motors for varying electric characteristics of devices which restore the quantity regulated;
  - the combination of static converters and current or voltage regulators, if the invention resides in the combination.
2. This subclass does not cover elements per se, which are covered by the relevant subclasses.

### WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:
 

<a href="#">G05F 3/28</a>	covered by	<a href="#">G05F 3/26</a>
<a href="#">G05F 5/02</a>	covered by	<a href="#">G05F 5/00</a>
<a href="#">G05F 5/04</a>	covered by	<a href="#">G05F 5/00</a>
<a href="#">G05F 5/06</a>	covered by	<a href="#">G05F 5/00</a>
<a href="#">G05F 5/08</a>	covered by	<a href="#">G05F 5/00</a>
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	<b>Automatic systems in which deviations of an electric quantity from one or more predetermined values are detected at the output of the system and fed back to a device within the system to restore the detected quantity to its predetermined value or values, i.e. retroactive systems</b>	1/10	• Regulating voltage or current ( <a href="#">G05F 1/02</a> takes precedence; for electric railways <a href="#">B60M 3/02</a> )
1/02	• Regulating electric characteristics of arcs (arrangements for feeding electrodes <a href="#">B23K 9/12</a> , <a href="#">H05B 7/109</a> , <a href="#">H05B 31/18</a> ; automatic control of power for heating by discharge <a href="#">H05B 7/148</a> )	1/12	• • wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is ac ( <a href="#">G05F 1/625</a> takes precedence)
1/04	• • by means of saturable magnetic devices	1/13	• • • using ferroresonant transformers as final control devices
1/06	• • by means of discharge tubes	1/14	• • • using tap transformers or tap changing inductors as final control devices
1/08	• • by means of semiconductor devices	1/147	• • • • with motor driven tap switch
		1/153	• • • • controlled by discharge tubes or semiconductor devices
		1/16	• • • • combined with discharge tubes or semiconductor devices

- 1/20 . . . . semiconductor devices only
- 1/22 . . . . combined with separate magnetic control devices having a controllable degree of saturation
- 1/24 . . . . using bucking or boosting transformers as final control devices
- 1/247 . . . . with motor in control circuit
- 1/253 . . . . the transformers including plural windings in series between source and load ([G05F 1/247 takes precedence](#))
- 1/26 . . . . combined with discharge tubes or semiconductor devices
- 1/30 . . . . semiconductor devices only
- 1/32 . . . . using magnetic devices having a controllable degree of saturation as final control devices
- 1/325 . . . . with specific core structure, e.g. gap, aperture, slot, permanent magnet
- 1/33 . . . . with plural windings through which current to be controlled is conducted
- 1/335 . . . . on different cores
- 1/34 . . . . combined with discharge tubes or semiconductor devices
- 1/38 . . . . semiconductor devices only
- 1/40 . . . . using discharge tubes or semiconductor devices as final control devices
- 1/42 . . . . discharge tubes only
- 1/44 . . . . semiconductor devices only
- 1/445 . . . . being transistors in series with the load
- 1/45 . . . . being controlled rectifiers in series with the load
- 1/452 . . . . {with pulse-burst modulation control}
- 1/455 . . . . with phase control
- 1/46 . . wherein the variable actually regulated by the final control device is dc ([G05F 1/625 takes precedence](#))
- 1/461 . . . {using an operational amplifier as final control device}
- 1/462 . . . {as a function of the requirements of the load, e.g. delay, temperature, specific voltage/current characteristic}
- 1/463 . . . . {Sources providing an output which depends on temperature}
- 1/465 . . . . {Internal voltage generators for integrated circuits, e.g. step down generators}
- 1/466 . . . . {Sources with reduced influence on propagation delay}
- 1/467 . . . . {Sources with noise compensation}
- 1/468 . . . {characterised by reference voltage circuitry, e.g. soft start, remote shutdown}
- 1/52 . . . using discharge tubes in series with the load as final control devices
- 1/54 . . . . additionally controlled by the unregulated supply
- 1/56 . . . using semiconductor devices in series with the load as final control devices ([G05F 1/461 takes precedence](#))
- 1/561 . . . . {Voltage to current converters (amplifiers [H03F](#))}
- 1/562 . . . . {with a threshold detection shunting the control path of the final control device}
- 1/563 . . . . including two stages of regulation at least one of which is output level responsive, e.g. coarse and fine regulation
- 1/565 . . . . sensing a condition of the system or its load in addition to means responsive to deviations in the output of the system, e.g. current, voltage, power factor ([G05F 1/563 takes precedence](#))
- 1/567 . . . . . for temperature compensation
- 1/569 . . . . . for protection
- 1/571 . . . . . with overvoltage detector
- 1/573 . . . . . with overcurrent detector
- 1/5735 . . . . . {with foldback current limiting}
- 1/575 . . . . characterised by the feedback circuit
- 1/577 . . . . for plural loads
- 1/585 . . . . providing voltages of opposite polarities
- 1/59 . . . . including plural semiconductor devices as final control devices for a single load
- 1/595 . . . . . semiconductor devices connected in series
- 1/607 . . . using discharge tubes in parallel with the load as final control devices
- 1/61 . . . . including two stages of regulation, at least one of which is output level responsive
- 1/613 . . . using semiconductor devices in parallel with the load as final control devices ([G05F 1/461 takes precedence](#))
- 1/614 . . . . including two stages of regulation, at least one of which is output level responsive
- 1/618 . . . using semiconductor devices in series and in parallel with the load as final control devices ([G05F 1/461 takes precedence](#))
- 1/62 . . . using bucking or boosting dc sources
- 1/625 . . wherein it is irrelevant whether the variable actually regulated is ac or dc
- 1/63 . . . using variable impedances in series with the load as final control devices
- 1/635 . . . . being Hall effect devices, magnetoresistors or thermistors
- 1/644 . . . . being pressure-sensitive resistors
- 1/648 . . . . being plural resistors among which a selection is made
- 1/652 . . . using variable impedances in parallel with the load as final control devices
- 1/656 . . . using variable impedances in series and in parallel with the load as final control devices
- 1/66 . Regulating electric power
- 1/67 . . to the maximum power available from a generator, e.g. from solar cell
- 1/70 . Regulating power factor; Regulating reactive current or power
- 3/00 Non-retroactive systems for regulating electric variables by using an uncontrolled element, or an uncontrolled combination of elements, such element or such combination having self-regulating properties {(current generators specially designed for use in phase-locked loops [H03L 7/0891](#))}**
- 3/02 . Regulating voltage or current
- 3/04 . . wherein the variable is ac
- 3/06 . . . using combinations of saturated and unsaturated inductive devices, e.g. combined with resonant circuit
- 3/08 . . wherein the variable is dc
- 3/10 . . . using uncontrolled devices with non-linear characteristics
- 3/12 . . . . being glow discharge tubes

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- 3/16 . . . . . being semiconductor devices
- 3/18 . . . . . using Zener diodes
- 3/185 . . . . . {and field-effect transistors}
- 3/20 . . . . . using diode- transistor combinations  
([G05F 3/18 takes precedence](#))
- 3/205 . . . . . {Substrate bias-voltage generators (for  
static stores [G11C 5/146](#))}
- 3/22 . . . . . wherein the transistors are of the bipolar  
type only ([G05F 3/26](#), [G05F 3/30 take  
precedence](#))
- 3/222 . . . . . {with compensation for device  
parameters, e.g. Early effect, gain,  
manufacturing process, or external  
variations, e.g. temperature, loading,  
supply voltage}
- 3/225 . . . . . {producing a current or voltage as  
a predetermined function of the  
temperature}
- 3/227 . . . . . {producing a current or voltage as  
a predetermined function of the  
supply voltage}
- 3/24 . . . . . wherein the transistors are of the  
field-effect type only ([G05F 3/205](#),  
[G05F 3/26](#), [G05F 3/30 take precedence](#))
- 3/242 . . . . . {with compensation for device  
parameters, e.g. channel width  
modulation, threshold voltage,  
processing, or external variations, e.g.  
temperature, loading, supply voltage}
- 3/245 . . . . . {producing a voltage or current as  
a predetermined function of the  
temperature}
- 3/247 . . . . . {producing a voltage or current as  
a predetermined function of the  
supply voltage}
- 3/26 . . . . . Current mirrors
- 3/262 . . . . . {using field-effect transistors only}
- 3/265 . . . . . {using bipolar transistors only}
- 3/267 . . . . . {using both bipolar and field-effect  
technology}
- 3/30 . . . . . Regulators using the difference between  
the base-emitter voltages of two bipolar  
transistors operating at different current  
densities ([G05F 3/26 takes precedence](#))
- 5/00** **Systems for regulating electric variables by  
detecting deviations in the electric input to the  
system and thereby controlling a device within the  
system to obtain a regulated output**
- 7/00** **Regulating magnetic variables** (details of apparatus  
for measuring magnetic variables involving magnetic  
resonance [G01R 33/28](#))