

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

F MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING (NOTE omitted)

ENGINES OR PUMPS

F03 MACHINES OR ENGINES FOR LIQUIDS (for liquid and gases [F01](#); positive-displacement machines for liquids [F04](#)); WIND, SPRING WEIGHT AND MISCELLANEOUS MOTORS; PRODUCING MECHANICAL POWER; OR A REACTIVE PROPULSIVE THRUST, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR

F03G SPRING, WEIGHT, INERTIA OR LIKE MOTORS; MECHANICAL-POWER PRODUCING DEVICES OR MECHANISMS, NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR OR USING ENERGY SOURCES NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR (arrangements in connection with power supply in vehicles from force of nature [B60K 16/00](#); electric propulsion with power supply in vehicles from force of nature [B60L 8/00](#))

NOTE

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

- "motors" means mechanisms for producing mechanical power from potential energy of solid bodies.

WARNINGS

- The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

F03G 4/00	covered by	F03G 7/04
F03G 4/02	covered by	F03G 7/04
F03G 4/04	covered by	F03G 7/04
F03G 4/06	covered by	F03G 7/04

- In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Spring-motor (spring-driven toys A63H ; springs in general F16E ; precision time mechanisms, e.g. for clocks or watches, G04B)	5/045	. . . {Security devices for horsemills}
		5/047	. . . {Transmissions or couplings for horsemills}
1/02	. characterised by shape or material of spring, e.g. helical, spiral, coil	5/06	. other than of endless-walk type
1/04	. . using rubber springs	5/08	. . for combined actuation by different limbs, e.g. hand and leg
1/06	. Other parts or details	6/00	Devices for producing mechanical power from solar energy (solar boilers F24)
1/08	. . for winding	6/001	. {having photovoltaic cells}
1/10	. . for producing output movement other than rotary, e.g. vibratory	6/003	. {having a Rankine cycle (F03G 6/065 takes precedence)}
3/00	Other motors, e.g. gravity or inertia motors {(driven by falling liquid F03B)}	6/005	. . {using an intermediate fluid for heat transfer}
3/02	. using wheels with circumferentially-arranged compartments co-operating with solid falling bodies (F03G 3/04 takes precedence)	2006/006	. {Soles pond}
		2006/008	. {with a tower}
3/04	. driven by sand or like fluent solid material	6/02	. using a single state working fluid
3/06	. using pendulums	6/04	. . gaseous {(F03G 6/064 , F03G 6/068 take precedence)}
3/08	. using flywheels	6/045	. . . {by producing an updraft of heated gas, e.g. air driving an engine}
5/00	Devices for producing mechanical power from muscle energy (driving cycles B62M)	6/06	. with means for concentrating solar rays (means per se F24S 23/00)
5/02	. of endless-walk type, e.g. treadmills	2006/061	. . {Parabolic linear concentrator}
5/025	. . {Treadmills}	2006/062	. . {Parabolic point concentrator}
5/04	. . Horsemills or the like	6/064	. . {having a gas turbine cycle, i.e. compressor and gas turbine combination}
5/042	. . . {Traction devices, shock absorbers or whipping devices for horsemills}	6/065	. . {having a Rankine cycle}
		6/067	. . . {using an intermediate fluid for heat transfer}

F03G

6/068 . . {having a Stirling cycle}

7/00 Mechanical-power-producing mechanisms, not otherwise provided for or using energy sources not otherwise provided for {(microstructural devices or systems, e.g. micromechanical devices [B81B](#))}

7/002 . {using the energy of vibration of a fluid column (for refrigeration machines using waves [F25B 9/14](#))}

7/005 . {Electro-chemical actuators; Actuators having a material for absorbing or desorbing gas, e.g. a metalhydride; Actuators using the difference in osmotic pressure between fluids; Actuators with elements stretchable when contacted with liquid rich in ions, with UV light, with a salt solution}

2007/007 . {using heat pumps}

7/04 . using pressure differences or thermal differences occurring in nature ([F03G 7/06](#) takes precedence)

7/05 . . Ocean thermal energy conversion, i.e. OTEC

7/06 . using expansion or contraction of bodies due to heating, cooling, moistening, drying or the like (using thermal expansion of non-vaporising liquids [F01K](#))

7/065 . . {using a shape memory element}

7/08 . recovering energy derived from swinging, rolling, pitching or like movements, e.g. from the vibrations of a machine

7/10 . Alleged perpetua mobilia (of buoyancy principle [F03B 17/04](#))

2730/00 Motors driven by springs, weights or manual power

2730/01 . Spring motors with spiral springs

2730/02 . Spring motors with helical springs

2730/03 . Spring motors with torsion springs

2730/05 . Motors driven by hands or feet

2730/06 . Various motors in general

2730/07 . Special parts of devices or motors according to the preceding groups