

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

F MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING (NOTE omitted)

ENGINES OR PUMPS

F02 COMBUSTION ENGINES (cyclically operating valves therefor, lubricating, exhausting, or silencing engines [F01](#)); HOT-GAS OR COMBUSTION-PRODUCT ENGINE PLANTS

F02B INTERNAL-COMBUSTION PISTON ENGINES; COMBUSTION ENGINES IN GENERAL (plants in which engines use combustion products [F02C](#), [F02G](#); internal-combustion turbines [F02C](#))

NOTES

1. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
 - "positive ignition" means ignition by a source external to the working fluid, e.g. by spark or incandescent source;
 - "charging" means forcing air or fuel-air mixture into engine cylinders and thus embraces super-charging;
 - "scavenging" means forcing the combustion residues from the cylinders other than by movement of the working pistons and thus embraces tuned exhaust systems.
2. Attention is drawn to the Notes preceding class [F01](#), specially as regards Note (1).
3. Engines with specified cycles or number of cylinders are classified in group [F02B 75/02](#) or [F02B 75/16](#), unless other classifying features predominate.

Engines characterised by the working fluid to be compressed, or characterised by the type of ignition (with both fuel-air mixture compression and air-compression, or with both positive ignition and compression ignition [F02B 11/00](#); with pre-combustion chambers [F02B 19/00](#); having air storage chambers [F02B 21/00](#); with special shape or construction of other combustion chambers [F02B 23/00](#))

1/00 Engines characterised by fuel-air mixture compression (characterised by both fuel-air mixture compression and air compression, or characterised by both positive ignition and compression ignition [F02B 11/00](#); characterised by precombustion chambers [F02B 19/00](#); characterised by air-storage chambers [F02B 21/00](#); characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers [F02B 23/00](#))

NOTE

in this group the following indexing codes are used:

[F02B 2700/02](#) - [F02B 2720/30](#)

- 1/02 . with positive ignition (with non-timed positive ignition [F02B 9/06](#))
- 1/04 . . with fuel-air mixture admission into cylinder
- 1/06 . . . Methods of operating
- 1/08 . . with separate admission of air and fuel into cylinder
- 1/10 . . . Methods of operating
- 1/12 . with compression ignition (with fuel-air charge ignited by compression ignition of an additional fuel [F02B 7/00](#))
- 1/14 . . Methods of operating

3/00 Engines characterised by air compression and subsequent fuel addition (characterised by both fuel-air mixture compression and air compression, or characterised by both positive ignition and compression ignition [F02B 11/00](#); characterised by precombustion chambers [F02B 19/00](#); characterised by air-storage chambers [F02B 21/00](#); characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers [F02B 23/00](#))

NOTE

in this group the following indexing codes are used:

[F02B 2700/02](#) - [F02B 2720/30](#)

- 3/02 . with positive ignition (with non-timed positive ignition [F02B 9/06](#))
- 3/04 . . Methods of operating
- 3/06 . with compression ignition ([F02B 13/02](#) takes precedence; with fuel-air charge ignited by compression ignition of an additional fuel [F02B 7/00](#))
- 3/08 . . Methods of operating ([F02B 3/12](#) takes precedence)
- 3/10 . . with intermittent fuel introduction
- 3/12 . . . Methods of operating

5/00 Engines characterised by positive ignition ([F02B 1/02](#), [F02B 3/02](#) take precedence; with non-timed positive ignition [F02B 9/06](#); characterised by both fuel-air mixture compression and air compression, or characterised by both positive ignition and compression ignition [F02B 11/00](#); characterised by precombustion chambers [F02B 19/00](#); characterised by air-storage chambers [F02B 21/00](#); characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers [F02B 23/00](#))

5/02	. Methods of operating	15/02	. having means for sucking fuel directly into cylinder
7/00	Engines characterised by the fuel-air charge being ignited by compression ignition of an additional fuel (characterised by both fuel-air mixture compression and air compression, or characterised by both positive ignition and compression ignition F02B 11/00 ; characterised by precombustion chambers F02B 19/00 ; characterised by air-storage chambers F02B 21/00 ; characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers F02B 23/00)	17/00	Engines characterised by means for effecting stratification of charge in cylinders
7/02	. the fuel in the charge being liquid	17/005	. {having direct injection in the combustion chamber}
7/04	. . Methods of operating	Engines characterised by having pre-combustion chambers or air storage chambers, or characterised by shape or construction of combustion chambers to improve operation (engines with incandescent chambers F02B 9/08)	
7/06	. the fuel in the charge being gaseous	19/00	Engines characterised by precombustion chambers (engines with incandescent chambers F02B 9/08)
7/08	. . Methods of operating	2019/002	. {with electric heater fitted to at least part of prechamber-wall or transfer passage}
9/00	Engines characterised by other types of ignition (characterised by both fuel-air mixture compression and air compression, or characterised by both positive ignition and compression ignition F02B 11/00 ; characterised by precombustion chambers F02B 19/00 ; characterised by air-storage chambers F02B 21/00 ; characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers F02B 23/00)	2019/004	. . {with heater control}
NOTE	- in this group the following indexing codes are used: F02B 2700/02 - F02B 2720/30	2019/006	. {with thermal insulation}
9/02	. with compression ignition (F02B 1/12 , F02B 3/06 take precedence)	2019/008	. . {variable}
9/04	. . Methods of operating	19/02	. the chamber being periodically isolated from its cylinder
9/06	. with non-timed positive ignition, e.g. with hot-spots	19/04	. . the isolation being effected by a protuberance on piston or cylinder head
9/08	. . with incandescent chambers	19/06	. with auxiliary piston in chamber for transferring ignited charge to cylinder space
9/10	. . . Chamber shapes or constructions	19/08	. the chamber being of air-swirl type
11/00	Engines characterised by both fuel-air mixture compression and air compression, or characterised by both positive ignition and compression ignition, e.g. in different cylinders (characterised by recombustion chambers F02B 19/00 ; characterised by air-storage chambers F02B 21/00 ; characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers F02B 23/00)	19/10	. with fuel introduced partly into pre-combustion chamber, and partly into cylinder (F02B 19/02 - F02B 19/08 take precedence)
11/02	. convertible from fuel-air mixture compression to air compression or <i>vice versa</i>	19/1004	. . {details of combustion chamber, e.g. mounting arrangements}
Engines characterised by the method of introducing fuel into cylinders (characterised by use of gaseous or solid fuels F02B 43/00 , F02B 45/00 ; carburettors, fuel-injection apparatus F02M)		19/1009	. . . {heating, cooling}
13/00	Engines characterised by the introduction of liquid fuel into cylinders by use of auxiliary fluid	19/1014	. . . {design parameters, e.g. volume, torch passage cross sectional area, length, orientation, or the like}
13/02	. Compression ignition engines using air or gas for blowing fuel into compressed air in cylinder	19/1019	. . {with only one pre-combustion chamber (F02B 19/1004 take precedence)}
13/04	. . Arrangements or adaptations of pumps	19/1023	. . . {pre-combustion chamber and cylinder being fed with fuel-air mixture(s)}
13/06	. Engines having secondary air mixed with fuel in pump, compressed therein without ignition, and fuel-air mixture being injected into air in cylinder	19/1028	. . . . {pre-combustion chamber and cylinder having both intake ports or valves, e.g. HONDS CVCC}
13/08	. . Arrangements or adaptations of pumps	19/1033	. . . . . {specially adapted valves, e.g. rotary valves, pre-combustion chamber being part of a valve}
13/10	. Use of specific auxiliary fluids, e.g. steam, combustion gas	19/1038	. . . . . {timing of valves}
15/00	Engines characterised by the method of introducing liquid fuel into cylinders and not otherwise provided for	19/1042	. . . . . {auxiliary intake, valve drive}
		19/1047	. . . . . {means for varying the size of the torch passage}
		19/1052	. . . . . {controlling, e.g. varying fuel-air ratio, quantity of charge}
		19/1057	. . . . . {with fuel injectors disposed upstream of intake valves}
		19/1061	. . . . . {with residual gas chamber, e.g. containing spark plug}
		19/1066	. . . . {pre-combustion chamber having an inlet and an outlet port and with two distinct intake conduits or with one intake conduit in which the heavier fuel particles are separated from the main stream, e.g. by gravitational forces}
		19/1071	. . . . {pre-combustion chamber having only one orifice, (i.e. an orifice by means of which it communicates with the cylinder); the intake system comprising two distinct intake conduits}

19/1076	. . . . {pre-combustion chamber being formed within the piston, e.g. two-cycle engines}	23/0627	. . . . {having additional bores or grooves machined into the piston for guiding air or charge flow to the piston bowl}
19/108	. . . {with fuel injection at least into pre-combustion chamber, i.e. injector mounted directly in the pre-combustion chamber}	23/063	. . . . {the combustion space in the piston interacting fluid dynamically with the cylinder head, the injector body or the cylinder wall (F02B 23/04 takes precedence)}
19/1085	. . . . {controlling fuel injection}	23/0633	. . . {the combustion space being almost completely enclosed in the piston, i.e. having a small inlet in comparison to its volume}
19/109	. . . {with injection of a fuel-air mixture into the pre-combustion chamber by means of a pump, e.g. two-cycle engines}	23/0636	. . . {the combustion space having a substantially flat and horizontal bottom}
19/1095	. . {with more than one pre-combustion chamber (a stepped form of the main combustion chamber above the piston is to be considered as a pre-combustion chamber if this stepped portion is not a squish area)}	23/0639	. . . . {the combustion space having substantially the shape of a cylinder}
19/12	. with positive ignition (F02B 19/02 - F02B 19/10 take precedence)	23/0642	. . . {the depth of the combustion space being much smaller than the diameter of the piston, e.g. the depth being in the order of one tenth of the diameter}
19/14	. with compression ignition (F02B 19/02 - F02B 19/10 take precedence)	23/0645	. . . {Details related to the fuel injector or the fuel spray}
19/16	. Chamber shapes or constructions not specific to sub-groups F02B 19/02 - F02B 19/10	23/0648	. . . . {Means or methods to improve the spray dispersion, evaporation or ignition}
19/165	. . {The shape or construction of the pre-combustion chambers is specially adapted to be formed, at least in part, of ceramic material (surface coverings of combustion-gas-swept parts F02B 77/02 ; shaped ceramic products characterised by their composition or ceramic compositions C04B 35/00 ; ceramic material for engine casings F02F 7/0087)}	23/0651	. . . . . {the fuel spray impinging on reflecting surfaces or being specially guided throughout the combustion space}
19/18	. . Transfer passages between chamber and cylinder	23/0654	. . . . {Thermal treatments, e.g. with heating elements or local cooling}
21/00	Engines characterised by air-storage chambers	23/0657	. . . . . {the spray interacting with one or more glow plugs}
21/02	. Chamber shapes or constructions	23/066	. . . . {the injector being located substantially off-set from the cylinder centre axis}
23/00	Other engines characterised by special shape or construction of combustion chambers to improve operation (engines with incandescent chambers F02B 9/08)	23/0663	. . . . {having multiple injectors per combustion chamber}
NOTE		23/0666	. . . . {having a single fuel spray jet per injector nozzle}
	- in this group the following indexing codes are used:	23/0669	. . . . {having multiple fuel spray jets per injector nozzle}
	F02B 2700/02 - F02B 2720/30	23/0672	. . . {Omega-piston bowl, i.e. the combustion space having a central projection pointing towards the cylinder head and the surrounding wall being inclined towards the cylinder center axis (the surrounding wall being exactly vertical F02B 23/0696)}
23/02	. with compression ignition	23/0675	. . . {the combustion space being substantially spherical, hemispherical, ellipsoid or parabolic}
23/04	. . the combustion space being subdivided into two or more chambers (with pre-combustion chambers F02B 19/00)	23/0678	. . . {Unconventional, complex or non-rotationally symmetrical shapes of the combustion space, e.g. flower like, having special shapes related to the orientation of the fuel spray jets}
23/06	. . the combustion space being arranged in working piston (F02B 23/04 takes precedence)	23/0681	. . . . {Square, rectangular or the like profiles}
23/0603	. . . {at least part of the interior volume or the wall of the combustion space being made of material different from the surrounding piston part, e.g. combustion space formed within a ceramic part fixed to a metal piston head}	23/0684	. . . . {Ring like bowl, e.g. toroidal}
2023/0606	. . . . {the material being a catalyst}	23/0687	. . . . {Multiple bowls in the piston, e.g. one bowl per fuel spray jet}
2023/0609	. . . . {the material being a porous medium, e.g. sintered metal}	23/069	. . . . {characterised by its eccentricity from the cylinder axis}
2023/0612	. . . . {the material having a high temperature and pressure resistance, e.g. ceramic}	23/0693	. . . . {the combustion space consisting of step-wise widened multiple zones of different depth}
2023/0615	. . . {the combustion space having a volume defined by revolution around an axis inclined relative to the cylinder axis}	23/0696	. . . {W-piston bowl, i.e. the combustion space having a central projection pointing towards the cylinder head and the surrounding wall being inclined towards the cylinder wall}
23/0618	. . . {having in-cylinder means to influence the charge motion}	23/08	. with positive ignition
23/0621	. . . . {Squish flow}	2023/085	. . {using several spark plugs per cylinder}
23/0624	. . . . {Swirl flow}		

- 23/10 . . with separate admission of air and fuel into cylinder
- 23/101 . . . {the injector being placed on or close to the cylinder centre axis, e.g. with mixture formation using spray guided concepts}
- 2023/102 . . . {the spark plug being placed offset the cylinder centre axis}
- 2023/103 . . . {the injector having a multi-hole nozzle for generating multiple sprays}
- 23/104 . . . {the injector being placed on a side position of the cylinder}
- 23/105 {the fuel is sprayed directly onto or close to the spark plug}
- 2023/106 . . . {Tumble flow, i.e. the axis of rotation of the main charge flow motion is horizontal}
- 2023/107 {Reverse tumble flow, e.g. having substantially vertical intake ports}
- 2023/108 . . . {Swirl flow, i.e. the axis of rotation of the main charge flow motion is vertical}

Engines characterised by provisions for charging or scavenging
(aspects concerned with driven charging or scavenging pumps
[F02B 33/00](#) - [F02B 39/00](#))

25/00 Engines characterised by using fresh charge for scavenging cylinders (aspects characterised by provision of driven charging or scavenging pumps
[F02B 33/00](#) - [F02B 39/00](#))

NOTE

- in this group the following indexing codes are used:
[F02B 2700/02](#) - [F02B 2700/038](#)

- 25/02 . using unidirectional scavenging
- 25/04 . . Engines having ports both in cylinder head and in cylinder wall near bottom of piston stroke
- 25/06 . . . the cylinder-head ports being controlled by working pistons, e.g. by sleeve-shaped extensions thereof
- 25/08 . . Engines with oppositely-moving reciprocating working pistons
- 25/10 . . . with one piston having a smaller diameter or shorter stroke than the other
- 25/12 . . Engines with U-shaped cylinders, having ports in each arm
- 25/14 . using reverse-flow scavenging, e.g. with both outlet and inlet ports arranged near bottom of piston stroke
- 25/145 . . {with intake and exhaust valves exclusively in the cylinder head}
- 25/16 . . the charge flowing upward essentially along cylinder wall opposite the inlet ports
{[F02B 25/145](#) takes precedence}
- 25/18 . . the charge flowing upward essentially along cylinder wall adjacent the inlet ports, e.g. by means of deflection rib on piston {[F02B 25/145](#) takes precedence}
- 25/20 . Means for reducing the mixing of charge and combustion residues or for preventing escape of fresh charge through outlet ports not provided for in, or of interest apart from, subgroups
[F02B 25/02](#) - [F02B 25/18](#)
- 25/22 . . by forming air cushion between charge and combustion residues
- 25/24 . . Inlet or outlet openings being timed asymmetrically relative to bottom dead-centre

- 25/26 . Multi-cylinder engines other than those provided for in, or of interest apart from, groups
[F02B 25/02](#) - [F02B 25/24](#) (internal-combustion aspects of rotary engines with movable cylinders
[F02B 57/00](#))
- 25/28 . . with V-, fan-, or star-arrangement of cylinders
- 27/00 Use of kinetic or wave energy of charge in induction systems, or of combustion residues in exhaust systems, for improving quantity of charge or for increasing removal of combustion residues** (aspects characterised by provision of driven charging or scavenging pumps [F02B 33/00](#) - [F02B 39/00](#), e.g. use of driven apparatus for immediate conversion of combustion gas pressure into pressure of fresh charge
[F02B 33/42](#))
- 27/001 . {the system having electrically controlled acoustic pulse generating devices, e.g. loudspeakers}
- 27/003 . {using check valves}
- 27/005 . {Oscillating pipes with charging achieved by arrangement, dimensions or shapes of intakes pipes or chambers; Ram air pipes}
- 27/006 . . {of intake runners}
- 27/008 . {Resonance charging}
- 27/02 . the systems having variable, i.e. adjustable, cross-sectional areas, chambers of variable volume, or like variable means (in exhaust systems only
[F02B 27/06](#))
- 27/0205 . . {characterised by the charging effect}
- 27/021 . . . {Resonance charging (combined with oscillating pipe charging [F02B 27/0221](#))}
- 27/0215 . . . {Oscillating pipe charging, i.e. variable intake pipe length charging}
- 27/0221 {Resonance charging combined with oscillating pipe charging}
- 27/0226 . . {characterised by the means generating the charging effect}
- 27/0231 . . . {Movable ducts, walls or the like
([F02B 27/0257](#) takes precedence)}
- 27/0236 {with continuously variable adjustment of a length or width}
- 27/0242 . . . {Fluid communication passages between intake ducts, runners or chambers}
- 27/0247 . . . {Plenum chambers; Resonance chambers or resonance pipes}
- 27/0252 {Multiple plenum chambers or plenum chambers having inner separation walls, e.g. comprising valves for the same group of cylinders}
- 27/0257 {Rotatable plenum chambers}
- 27/0263 {the plenum chamber and at least one of the intake ducts having a common wall, and the intake ducts wrap partially around the plenum chamber, i.e. snail-type
([F02B 27/0257](#) takes precedence)}
- 27/0268 . . . {Valves}
- 27/0273 {Flap valves}
- 27/0278 {Multi-way valves}
- 27/0284 {Rotary slide valves}
- 27/0289 . . . {Intake runners having multiple intake valves per cylinder}
- 27/0294 . . {Actuators or controllers therefor; Diagnosis; Calibration}
- 27/04 . in exhaust systems only, e.g. for sucking-off combustion gases

27/06	. . the systems having variable, i.e. adjustable, cross-sectional areas, chambers of variable volume, or like variable means	31/08	. . . having multiple air inlets {, i.e. having main and auxiliary intake passages}
29/00	Engines characterised by provision for charging or scavenging not provided for in groups F02B 25/00, F02B 27/00 or F02B 33/00 - F02B 39/00; Details thereof	31/082	. . . . {the main passage having a helical shape around the intake valve axis; Engines characterised by provision of driven charging or scavenging pumps (introducing fuel into cylinders by air-pressure F02B 13/00 ; after-charging F02B 29/06 ; arrangements of such pumps or other auxiliary apparatus on engines F02B 67/00 ; combined engine pump control, control dependent on variables other than those generic to pump F02D)}
29/02	. Other fluid-dynamic features of induction systems for improving quantity of charge (for also imparting a rotation to the charge in the cylinder F02B 31/00 ; structural features of induction systems F02M)	31/085	. . . . {having two inlet valves}
29/04	. Cooling of air intake supply	31/087	. . . . {having three or more inlet valves}
29/0406	. . {Layout of the intake air cooling or coolant circuit}	Engines characterised by provision of driven charging or scavenging pumps (introducing fuel into cylinders by air-pressure F02B 13/00 ; after-charging F02B 29/06 ; arrangements of such pumps or other auxiliary apparatus on engines F02B 67/00 ; combined engine and pump control, control dependent on variables other than those generic to pump F02D {Details or constructional aspects of turbines F01D ; turbochargers F02C ; pumps F04 })	
29/0412	. . . {Multiple heat exchangers arranged in parallel or in series}	33/00	Engines characterised by provision of pumps for charging or scavenging (characterised by the introduction of liquid fuel into cylinders by use of auxiliary fluid F02B 13/00 ; characterised by after-charging F02B 29/06 ; characterised by provision of pumps for sucking combustion residues from cylinders F02B 35/00 ; characterised by provision of exhaust-driven pumps F02B 37/00)
29/0418	. . . {the intake air cooler having a bypass or multiple flow paths within the heat exchanger to vary the effective heat transfer surface}	NOTE	
29/0425	. . . {Air cooled heat exchangers}	- in this group the following indexing code is used: F02M 2700/33	
29/0431	. . . . {Details or means to guide the ambient air to the heat exchanger, e.g. having a fan, flaps, a bypass or a special location in the engine compartment}	33/02	. Engines with reciprocating-piston pumps; Engines with crankcase pumps
29/0437	. . . {Liquid cooled heat exchangers}	33/04	. . with simple crankcase pumps, i.e. with the rear face of a non-stepped working piston acting as sole pumping member in co-operation with the crankcase
29/0443	. . . . {Layout of the coolant or refrigerant circuit}	33/06	. . with reciprocating-piston pumps other than simple crankcase pumps
29/045	. . {Constructional details of the heat exchangers, e.g. pipes, plates, ribs, insulation, materials, or manufacturing and assembly}	33/08	. . . with the working-cylinder head arranged between working and pumping cylinders
29/0456	. . . {Air cooled heat exchangers}	33/10	. . . with the pumping cylinder situated between working cylinder and crankcase, or with the pumping cylinder surrounding working cylinder
29/0462	. . . {Liquid cooled heat exchangers}	33/12	. . . . the rear face of working piston acting as pumping member and co-operating with a pumping chamber isolated from crankcase, the connecting-rod passing through the chamber and co-operating with movable isolating member
29/0468	. . . {Water separation or drainage means}	33/14	. . . . working and pumping pistons forming stepped piston
29/0475	. . . {the intake air cooler being combined with another device, e.g. heater, valve, compressor, filter or EGR cooler, or being assembled on a special engine location}	33/16	. . . . working and pumping pistons having differing movements
29/0481	. . {Intake air cooling by means others than heat exchangers, e.g. by rotating drum regenerators, cooling by expansion or by electrical means}	33/18	. . . with crankshaft being arranged between working and pumping cylinders
29/0493	. . {Controlling the air charge temperature}	33/20	. . . with pumping-cylinder axis arranged at an angle to working-cylinder axis, e.g. at an angle of 90 degrees
29/06	. After-charging, i.e. supplementary charging after scavenging		
29/08	. Modifying distribution valve timing for charging purposes (F02B 29/06 takes precedence; valve gear therefor F01L)		
29/083	. . {Cyclically operated valves disposed upstream of the cylinder intake valve, controlled by external means}		
29/086	. . {the engine having two or more inlet valves}		
31/00	Modifying induction systems for imparting a rotation to the charge in the cylinder (structural features of induction systems F02M)		
2031/003	. {with an auxiliary intake conduit starting upstream of personally controlled throttle valve and ending upstream of and close to the intake valve, or with an auxiliary intake conduit being an independent passage, e.g. having its own carburettor}		
2031/006	. {having multiple air intake valves}		
31/02	. in engines having inlet valves arranged eccentrically to cylinder axis		
31/04	. by means within the induction channel, e.g. deflectors		
31/06	. . Movable means, e.g. butterfly valves		

- 33/22 . . . with pumping cylinder situated at side of working cylinder, e.g. the cylinders being parallel
- 33/24 . . with crankcase pumps other than with reciprocating pistons only
- 33/26 . . Four-stroke engines characterised by having crankcase pumps
- 33/28 . . Component parts, details or accessories of crankcase pumps, not provided for in, or of interest apart from, subgroups [F02B 33/02](#) - [F02B 33/26](#)
- 33/30 . . . Control of inlet or outlet ports ([controlling only working-cylinder inlets F01L](#))
- 33/32 . Engines with pumps other than of reciprocating-piston type ([with crankcase pumps F02B 33/02](#))
- 33/34 . . with rotary pumps ([with cell-type pressure exchangers or the like F02B 33/42](#))
- 33/36 . . . of positive-displacement type
- 33/38 of Roots type
- 33/40 . . . of non-positive-displacement type
- 33/42 . . with driven apparatus for immediate conversion of combustion gas pressure into pressure of fresh charge, e.g. with cell-type pressure exchangers ([pressure exchangers per se F04F 13/00](#))
- 33/44 . Passages conducting the charge from the pump to the engine inlet, e.g. reservoirs ([cooling of charge after leaving pumps F02B 29/04](#))
- 33/443 . . {Heating of charging air, e.g. for facilitating the starting}
- 33/446 . . {having valves for admission of atmospheric air to engine, e.g. at starting}
- 35/00 Engines characterised by provision of pumps for sucking combustion residues from cylinders**
- 35/02 . using rotary pumps
- 37/00 Engines characterised by provision of pumps driven at least for part of the time by exhaust** ([characterised by the introduction of liquid fuel into cylinders by use of auxiliary fluid F02B 13/00](#); [characterised by after-charging F02B 29/06](#); [characterised by passages conducting the charge from the pump to the engine inlet F02B 33/44](#))
- 37/001 . {using exhaust drives arranged in parallel}
- 37/002 . . {the exhaust supply to one of the exhaust drives can be interrupted}
- 37/004 . {with exhaust drives arranged in series}
- 37/005 . {Exhaust driven pumps being combined with an exhaust driven auxiliary apparatus, e.g. a ventilator}
- 37/007 . with exhaust-driven pumps arranged in parallel{, e.g. at least one pump supplying alternatively}
- 37/013 . with exhaust-driven pumps arranged in series
- 37/02 . Gas passages between engine outlet and pump drive, e.g. reservoirs
- 37/025 . . {Multiple scrolls or multiple gas passages guiding the gas to the pump drive}
- 37/04 . Engines with exhaust drive and other drive of pumps, e.g. with exhaust-driven pump and mechanically-driven second pump
- 37/10 . . at least one pump being alternatively {or simultaneously} driven by exhaust and other drive, {e.g. by pressurised fluid from a reservoir or an engine-driven pump}
- 37/105 . . . {exhaust drive and pump being both connected through gearing to engine-driven shaft}
- 37/11 . . driven by other drive at starting only
- 37/12 . Control of the pumps
- 2037/122 . . {Control of rotational speed of the pump}
- 2037/125 . . {Control for avoiding pump stall or surge}
- 37/127 . . {by bypassing air from the pump inlet, e.g. to the pump outlet ([bypassing charging air F02B 37/16](#); [valves for admission of atmospheric air to engine F02B 33/446](#))}
- 37/14 . . {Control} of the alternation between {or the operation of} exhaust drive and other drive of a pump, e.g. dependent on speed
- 37/16 . . by bypassing charging air {([bypassing air from the pump inlet, e.g. to the pump outlet F02B 37/127](#))}
- 2037/162 . . . {by bypassing, e.g. partially, intake air from pump inlet to pump outlet}
- 37/164 . . . {the bypassed air being used in an auxiliary apparatus, e.g. in an air turbine}
- 37/166 {the auxiliary apparatus being a combustion chamber, e.g. upstream of turbine}
- 37/168 . . . {into the exhaust conduit ([F02B 37/186 takes precedence](#))}
- 37/18 . . by bypassing exhaust {from the inlet to the outlet of turbine or to the atmosphere}
- 37/183 . . . {Arrangements of bypass valves or actuators therefor}
- 37/186 {Arrangements of actuators or linkage for bypass valves}
- 37/20 . . by increasing exhaust energy, e.g. using combustion chamber {by after-burning ([using an auxiliary combustion chamber supplied by charging air F02B 37/166](#))}
- 37/22 . . by varying cross-section of exhaust passages or air passages, {e.g. by throttling turbine inlets or outlets or by varying effective number of guide conduits ([F02B 37/24 takes precedence](#))}
- 37/225 . . . {air passages}
- 37/24 . . by using pumps or turbines with adjustable guide vanes
- 39/00 Component parts, details, or accessories relating to, driven charging or scavenging pumps, not provided for in groups [F02B 33/00](#) - [F02B 37/00](#)**
- 39/005 . {Cooling of pump drives}
- 39/02 . Drives of pumps ([exhaust drives or combined exhaust and other drives F02B 37/00](#)); Varying pump drive gear ratio ([control acting both on engine and on pump drive gear ratio F02D](#))
- 39/04 . . Mechanical drives; Variable-gear-ratio drives ([non-mechanical pump drives having variable gear ratio F02B 39/08](#))
- 39/06 . . . the engine torque being divided by a differential gear for driving a pump and the engine output shaft
- 39/08 . . Non-mechanical drives, e.g. fluid drives having variable gear ratio
- 39/085 . . . {the fluid drive using expansion of fluids other than exhaust gases, e.g. a Rankine cycle}
- 39/10 . . . electric
- 39/12 . . Drives characterised by use of couplings or clutches therein ([using fluid slip couplings for varying gear ratio F02B 39/08](#))
- 39/14 . Lubrication of pumps; Safety measures therefor
- 39/16 . Other safety measures for, or other control of, pumps

- 2039/162 . . {Control of pump parameters to improve safety thereof}
- 2039/164 . . . {the temperature of the pump, of the pump drive or the pumped fluid being limited}
- 2039/166 . . . {the fluid pressure in the pump or exhaust drive being limited}
- 2039/168 . . . {the rotational speed of pump or exhaust drive being limited}

41/00 Engines characterised by special means for improving conversion of heat or pressure energy into mechanical power

- 41/02 . Engines with prolonged expansion
- 41/04 . . in main cylinders
- 41/06 . . in compound cylinders
- 41/08 . . . Two-stroke compound engines
- 41/10 . . in exhaust turbines (use of exhaust turbines for charging F02B 37/00; turbines constructions F01D; gas turbine plant F02C)

- 2041/12 . . {in jet propulsion apparatus}

Engines operating on non-liquid fuels; Plants including such engines, i.e. combinations of the engines with fuel-generating apparatus (engines having gas-air charge ignited by compression-ignition of an additional fuel F02B 7/06; engines convertible from gas to other fuel consumption F02B 69/04; apparatus for generating fuel, e.g. gas, see the relevant classes, e.g. C10)

43/00 Engines characterised by operating on gaseous fuels; Plants including such engines (engines characterised by the gas-air charge being ignited by compression ignition of an additional fuel F02B 7/06; engines convertible from gas to other fuel consumption F02B 69/04)

NOTE

- in this group the following indexing codes are used:

[F02B 2700/02](#) - [F02B 2720/30](#)

- 43/02 . Engines characterised by means for increasing operating efficiency
- 43/04 . . for improving efficiency of combustion
- 43/06 . . for enlarging charge
- 43/08 . Plants characterised by the engines using gaseous fuel generated in the plant from solid fuel, e.g. wood
- 43/10 . Engines or plants characterised by use of other specific gases, e.g. acetylene, oxyhydrogen
- 2043/103 . . {Natural gas, e.g. methane or LNG used as a fuel}
- 2043/106 . . {Hydrogen obtained by electrolysis}
- 43/12 . . Methods of operating

45/00 Engines characterised by operating on non-liquid fuels other than gas; Plants including such engines (plants involving generation of gaseous fuel from solid fuel F02B 43/08; engines convertible from gas to other fuel consumption F02B 69/04)

- 45/02 . operating on powdered fuel, e.g. powdered coal (operating on fuel containing oxidant F02B 45/06)
- 45/04 . . Plants, e.g. having coal-grinding apparatus
- 45/06 . operating on fuel containing oxidant
- 45/08 . operating on other solid fuels
- 45/10 . operating on mixtures of liquid and non-liquid fuels, e.g. in pasty or foamed state

Methods of operating engines involving specific pre-treating of, or adding specific substances to, combustion air, or fuel air-mixture, of the engines and not otherwise provided for (apparatus for performing such pre-treatment or additions F02M)

47/00 Methods of operating engines involving adding non-fuel substances or anti-knock agents to combustion air, fuel, or fuel-air mixtures of engines

- 47/02 . the substances being water or steam
- 47/04 . the substances being other than water or steam only
- 47/06 . . the substances including non-airborne oxygen (F02B 47/10 takes precedence)
- 47/08 . . the substances including exhaust gas
- 47/10 . . . Circulation of exhaust gas in closed or semi-closed circuits, e.g. with simultaneous addition of oxygen

49/00 Methods of operating air-compressing compression-ignition engines involving introduction of small quantities of fuel in the form of a fine mist into the air in the engine's intake

51/00 Other methods of operating engines involving pretreating of, or adding substances to, combustion air, fuel, or fuel-air mixture of the engines

- 51/02 . involving catalysts
- 51/04 . involving electricity or magnetism
- 51/06 . involving rays or sound waves

Internal-combustion aspects of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines

53/00 Internal-combustion aspects of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines (internal-combustion aspects of rotary pistons or outer members for co-operation therewith F02B 55/00)

NOTE

- in this group the following indexing codes are used:

[F02B 2730/01](#) - [F02B 2730/09](#)

- 2053/005 . {Wankel engines}
- 53/02 . Methods of operating
- 53/04 . Charge admission or combustion-gas discharge
- 53/06 . . Valve control therefor
- 53/08 . . Charging, e.g. by means of rotary-piston pump
- 53/10 . Fuel supply; Introducing fuel to combustion space
- 53/12 . Ignition
- 53/14 . Adaptations of engines for driving, or engine combinations with, other devices (aspects predominantly concerning such devices, see the relevant classes for the devices)

55/00 Internal-combustion aspects of rotary pistons; Outer members for co-operation with rotary pistons

- 55/02 . Pistons
- 55/04 . . Cooling thereof
- 55/06 . . . by air or other gas
- 55/08 . Outer members for co-operation with rotary pistons; Casings
- 55/10 . . Cooling thereof
- 55/12 . . . by air or other gas
- 55/14 . Shapes or constructions of combustion chambers

- 55/16 . Admission or exhaust passages in pistons or outer members

Internal-combustion aspects of reciprocating-piston engines with movable cylinders

- 57/00** Internal-combustion aspects of rotary engines in which the combusted gases displace one or more reciprocating pistons
- 57/02 . Fuel or combustion-air supply (cylinder-charge admission or exhaust control [F02B 57/04](#))
- 57/04 . Control of cylinder-charge admission or exhaust (peculiar to two-stroke engines or to other engines with working-piston-controlled charge admission or exhaust [F02B 57/06](#))
- 57/06 . Two-stroke engines or other engines with working-piston-controlled cylinder-charge admission or exhaust (with combustion space in centre of star [F02B 57/10](#))
- 57/08 . Engines with star-shaped cylinder arrangements
- 57/085 . . {having two parallel main shafts}
- 57/10 . . with combustion space in centre of star
- 59/00** Internal-combustion aspects of other reciprocating-piston engines with movable, e.g. oscillating, cylinders (with yieldable walls [F02B 75/38](#))

Adaptations of engines for special use; Combinations of engines with devices other than engine parts or auxiliaries (of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines [F02B 53/14](#); aspects predominantly concerning such devices, see the relevant classes for the devices)

- 61/00** Adaptations of engines for driving vehicles or for driving propellers; Combinations of engines with gearing (the engine torque being divided by a differential gear for driving a scavenging or charging pump and the engine output shaft [F02B 39/06](#); adaptations or combinations of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines [F02B 53/14](#); arrangements in vehicles, see the relevant classes for vehicles)
- 61/02 . for driving cycles
- 61/04 . for driving propellers
- 61/045 . . {for outboard marine engines}
- 61/06 . Combinations of engines with mechanical gearing ([F02B 61/02](#), [F02B 61/04](#) take precedence)
- 63/00** Adaptations of engines for driving pumps, hand-held tools or electric generators; Portable combinations of engines with engine-driven devices (of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines [F02B 53/14](#))
- 63/02 . for hand-held tools
- 63/04 . for electric generators
- 63/041 . . {Linear electric generators}
- 63/042 . . {Rotating electric generators}
- 63/043 . . {Electric generators using oscillating movement}
- 63/044 . . {the engine-generator unit being placed on a frame or in an housing}
- 2063/045 . . . {Frames for generator-engine sets}
- 2063/046 . . . {Handles adapted therefor, e.g. handles or grips for movable units}
- 63/047 . . . {Movable engine-generator combinations on wheels}
- 63/048 . . . {Portable engine-generator combinations}

- 63/06 . for pumps

65/00 Adaptations of engines for special uses not provided for in groups [F02B 61/00](#) or [F02B 63/00](#); Combinations of engines with other devices, e.g. with non-driven apparatus (of rotary-piston or oscillating-piston engines [F02B 53/14](#); combinations of prime-movers consisting of electric motors and internal combustion engines for mutual or common propulsion [B60K 6/20](#))

Engines with pertinent characteristics other than those provided for in or of interest apart from, preceding main groups

- 67/00** Engines characterised by the arrangement of auxiliary apparatus not being otherwise provided for, e.g. the apparatus having different functions; Driving auxiliary apparatus from engines, not otherwise provided for
- 67/04 . of mechanically-driven auxiliary apparatus
- 67/06 . . driven by means of chains, belts, or like endless members
- 67/08 . of non-mechanically driven auxiliary apparatus
- 67/10 . of charging or scavenging apparatus
- 69/00** Internal-combustion engines convertible into other combustion-engine type, not provided for in [F02B 11/00](#); Internal-combustion engines of different types characterised by constructions facilitating use of same main engine-parts in different types
- 69/02 . for different fuel types, other than engines indifferent to fuel consumed, e.g. convertible from light to heavy fuel
- 69/04 . . for gaseous and non-gaseous fuels
- 69/06 . for different cycles, e.g. convertible from two-stroke to four stroke
- 71/00** Free-piston engines; Engines without rotary main shaft
- 71/02 . Starting
- 71/04 . Adaptations of such engines for special use; Combinations of such engines with apparatus driven thereby (aspects predominantly concerning driven apparatus, see the relevant classes for such apparatus)
- 71/045 . . {with hydrostatic transmission}
- 71/06 . . Free-piston combustion gas generators per se
- 73/00** Combinations of two or more engines, not otherwise provided for
- 75/00** Other engines
- 75/002 . {Double acting engines}
- 75/005 . {having horizontal cylinders ([F02B 75/007](#) takes precedence)}
- 75/007 . {having vertical crankshafts}
- 75/02 . Engines characterised by their cycles, e.g. six-stroke
- 75/021 . . {having six or more strokes per cycle}
- 2075/022 . . {having less than six strokes per cycle}
- 2075/023 . . . {one}
- 2075/025 . . . {two}
- 2075/026 . . . {three}
- 2075/027 . . . {four}
- 2075/028 . . . {five}
- 75/04 . Engines with variable distances between pistons at top dead-centre positions and cylinder heads

- 75/041 . . {by means of cylinder or cylinderhead positioning}
- 75/042 . . . {the cylinderhead comprising a counter-piston}
- 75/044 . . {by means of an adjustable piston length}
- 75/045 . . {by means of a variable connecting rod length}
- 75/047 . . {by means of variable crankshaft position}
- 75/048 . . {by means of a variable crank stroke length}
- 75/06 . Engines with means for equalising torque (compensations of inertial forces, suppression of vibration in systems [F16F](#))
- 75/065 . . {with double connecting rods or crankshafts}
- 75/08 . Engines with means for preventing corrosion in gas-swept spaces
- 75/10 . Engines with means for rendering exhaust gases innocuous ([apparatus per se F01N](#))
- 75/12 . Other methods of operation
- 2075/125 . . {Direct injection in the combustion chamber for spark ignition engines, i.e. not in pre-combustion chamber}
- 75/16 . Engines characterised by number of cylinders, e.g. single-cylinder engines ([F02B 75/26 takes precedence](#))
- 75/18 . . Multi-cylinder engines ([scavenging aspects F02B 25/00](#))
- 2075/1804 . . . {Number of cylinders}
- 2075/1808 {two}
- 2075/1812 {three}
- 2075/1816 {four}
- 2075/182 {five}
- 2075/1824 {six}
- 2075/1828 {seven}
- 2075/1832 {eight}
- 2075/1836 {nine}
- 2075/184 {ten}
- 2075/1844 {eleven}
- 2075/1848 {twelve}
- 2075/1852 {thirteen}
- 2075/1856 {fourteen}
- 2075/186 {fifteen}
- 2075/1864 {sixteen}
- 2075/1868 {twenty}
- 2075/1872 {twenty-two}
- 2075/1876 {twenty-four}
- 2075/188 {thirty}
- 2075/1884 {thirty-two}
- 2075/1888 {thirty-four}
- 2075/1892 {thirty-six}
- 75/1896 . . . {with two or more pistons connected to one crank and having a common combustion space}
- 75/20 . . . with cylinders all in one line
- 75/22 . . . with cylinders in V, fan, or star arrangement
- 75/221 {with cylinder banks in narrow V-arrangement, having a single cylinder head}
- 75/222 {with cylinders in star arrangement}
- 75/224 {with cylinders in fan arrangement}
- 75/225 {having two or more crankshafts}
- 75/227 {with cylinder banks in X-arrangement, e.g. double-V engines}
- 75/228 {with cylinders arranged in parallel banks}
- 75/24 . . . with cylinders arranged oppositely relative to main shaft and of "flat" type
- 75/243 {with only one crankshaft of the "boxer" type, e.g. all connecting rods attached to separate crankshaft bearings}
- 75/246 {with only one crankshaft of the "pancake" type, e.g. pairs of connecting rods attached to common crankshaft bearing}
- 75/26 . Engines with cylinder axes coaxial with, or parallel or inclined to, main-shaft axis; Engines with cylinder axes arranged substantially tangentially to a circle centred on main-shaft axis
- 75/265 . . {Engines with cylinder axes substantially tangentially to a circle centred on main-shaft axis}
- 75/28 . Engines with two or more pistons reciprocating within same cylinder or within essentially coaxial cylinders ([arranged oppositely relative to main shaft F02B 75/24](#))
- 75/282 . . {the pistons having equal strokes}
- 75/285 . . {comprising a free auxiliary piston}
- 75/287 . . {with several pistons positioned in one cylinder one behind the other}
- 75/30 . . with one working piston sliding inside another
- 75/32 . Engines characterised by connections between pistons and main shafts and not specific to preceding main groups
- 75/34 . Ultra-small engines, e.g. for driving models
- 75/36 . Engines with parts of combustion- or working-chamber walls resiliently yielding under pressure
- 75/38 . . Reciprocating - piston engines ([F02B 75/04 takes precedence; with resiliently-urged auxiliary piston in pre-combustion chamber F02B 19/06](#))
- 75/40 . Other reciprocating-piston engines
- 77/00 Component parts, details or accessories, not otherwise provided for**
- 77/005 . {Plugs}
- 77/02 . Surface coverings of combustion-gas-swept parts ([of pistons or cylinders only F02F](#))
- 77/04 . Cleaning of, preventing corrosion or erosion in, or preventing unwanted deposits in, combustion engines ([cleaning of fuel injection apparatus F02M 65/00](#))
- 2077/045 . . {by flushing or rinsing}
- 2077/06 . {Arrangements of purifying apparatus for liquid fuel or lubricant filters}
- 77/08 . Safety, indicating or supervising devices ([thermal insulation F02B 77/11; rendering engines inoperative or idling F02D 17/04; dependent on lubricating conditions F01M 1/22; dependent on cooling F01P 11/14](#))
- 77/081 . . {relating to endless members (endless members, e.g. belts, for driving auxiliary apparatus [F02B 67/04](#))}
- 77/082 . . {relating to valves}
- 77/083 . . {relating to maintenance, e.g. diagnostic device ([relating to lubrication F01M 11/10](#))}
- 77/084 . . {indicating economy}
- 77/085 . . {with sensors measuring combustion processes, e.g. knocking, pressure, ionization, combustion flame}
- 77/086 . . . {Sensor arrangements in the exhaust, e.g. for temperature, misfire, air/fuel ratio, oxygen sensors}
- 77/087 . . {determining top dead centre or ignition-timing}
- 77/088 . . {relating to tightness}

77/089	. . {relating to engine temperature (concerning coolant temperature F01P 11/16)}	2700/034	. . with measures for charging, increasing the power
77/10	. . Safety means relating to crankcase explosions	2700/035	. . with reservoir for scavenging or charging air
77/11	. Thermal or acoustic insulation	2700/037	. . Scavenging or charging channels or openings
77/13	. . Acoustic insulation	2700/038	. . with measures for compressing the cylinder charge
77/14	. Engine-driven auxiliary devices combined into units		
79/00	Running-in of internal-combustion engines (lubrication thereof F01M)	2710/00	Gas engines
		2710/02	. Four stroke engines
		2710/021	. . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder
		2710/023	. . with measures for charging, increasing the power
		2710/025	. . with measures for compressing the cylinder charge
		2710/026	. . with measures for improving combustion
		2710/028	. . with measures for increasing the part of the heat transferred to power, compound engines
		2710/03	. Two stroke engines
		2710/032	. . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder
		2710/034	. . with measures for charging, increasing the power
		2710/036	. . Scavenging or charging channels or openings
		2710/038	. . with measures for improving combustion
2201/00	Fuels	2720/00	Engines with liquid fuel
2201/02	. Liquid	2720/10	. Mixture compressing engines for liquid fuel
2201/04	. Gas	2720/12	. Four stroke engines with ignition device
2201/06	. Dual fuel applications	2720/122	. . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder
2201/062	. . Liquid and liquid	2720/124	. . with measures for charging, increasing the power
2201/0622	. . . Liquid and liquefied gas	2720/126	. . with measures for compressing the cylinder charge
2201/064	. . Liquid and gas	2720/128	. . with measures for increasing the part of the heat transferred to power, compound engines
2201/066	. . Gas and gas	2720/13	. Two stroke engines with ignition device
2275/00	{Other engines, components or details, not provided for in other groups of this subclass}	2720/131	. . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder
2275/02	. Attachment or mounting of cylinder heads on cylinders	2720/132	. . . by means of exhaust gases
2275/06	. Endless member is a belt	2720/133	. . with measures for charging, increasing the power
2275/08	. Endless member is a chain	2720/135	. . with reservoir for scavenging or charging air
2275/10	. Diamond configuration of valves in cylinder heads	2720/136	. . Scavenging or charging channels or openings
2275/14	. Direct injection into combustion chamber	2720/137	. . with measures for improving combustion
2275/16	. Indirect injection	2720/138	. . with measures for increasing the part of the heat transferred to power, compound engines
2275/18	. DOHC [Double overhead camshaft]	2720/15	. Mixture compressing engines with ignition device and mixture formation in the cylinder
2275/20	. SOHC [Single overhead camshaft]	2720/151	. . with fuel supply and pulverisation by air or gas under pressure during the suction or compression stroke
2275/22	. Side valves	2720/152	. . with fuel supply and pulverisation by injecting the fuel under pressure during the suction or compression stroke
2275/26	. Flame plate	2720/153	. . with injection of an air-fuel mixture under pressure during the suction or compression stroke
2275/28	. Timing distribution gear	2720/155	. . with pulverisation by air sucked into the cylinder
2275/30	. Inverted positioning of engines	2720/156	. . with pulverisation by the compressed air stream
2275/32	. Miller cycle	2720/157	. . with means for improving the mixture in the cylinder
2275/34	. Lateral camshaft position	2720/158	. . with an auxiliary cylinder in which an explosion is generated
2275/36	. Modified dwell of piston in TDC	2720/16	. Mixture compressing engines with ignition by compression or other heat
2275/38	. Square four-cylinder configuration	2720/20	. Air compressing engines with ignition by the heat of compression
2275/40	. Squish effect	2720/22	. Four stroke engines
2275/42	. Texaco combustion process		
2275/44	. Tools for engines		
2275/46	. Total Energy plant		
2275/48	. Tumble motion in gas movement in cylinder		
2275/50	. Walking beam arrangement of rockers in valve drive		
2700/00	Measures relating to the combustion process without indication of the kind of fuel or with more than one fuel		
2700/02	. Four stroke engines		
2700/021	. . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder		
2700/023	. . with measures for charging, increasing the power		
2700/025	. . with measures for compressing the cylinder charge		
2700/026	. . with measures for increasing the part of the heat transferred to power, compound engines		
2700/028	. . double-acting		
2700/03	. Two stroke engines		
2700/031	. . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder		
2700/032	. . . by means of the exhaust gases		

- 2720/221 . . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder
- 2720/223 . . with measures for charging, increasing the power
- 2720/225 . . with measures for compressing the cylinder charge
- 2720/226 . . with measures for improving combustion
- 2720/228 . . with measures for increasing the part of the heat transferred to power, compound engines
- 2720/23 . Two stroke engines
- 2720/231 . . with measures for removing exhaust gases from the cylinder
- 2720/232 . . . by means of the exhaust gases
- 2720/233 . . with measures for charging, increasing the power
- 2720/235 . . with reservoir for scavenging or charging air
- 2720/236 . . scavenging or charging channels or openings
- 2720/237 . . with measures for improving combustion
- 2720/238 . . with measures for increasing the part of the heat transferred to power, compound engines
- 2720/25 . Supply of fuel in the cylinder
- 2720/251 . . Fuel supply by high pressure gas
- 2720/252 . . . with air pump fixed to engine cylinder; high pressure air being taken from the atmosphere or from an engine cylinder
- 2720/253 . . . with high pressure air reservoir close to the point of injection; high pressure air taken from the engine cylinder
- 2720/255 . . . with mixture compressing pump; fuel-air mixture being compressed in the pump cylinder without self ignition
- 2720/256 . . . using steam or other gas as high pressure gas
- 2720/257 . . Supply of fuel under pressure in the cylinder without blowing fluid
- 2720/258 . . . with compression and ignition exclusively in the cylinder
- 2720/27 . Air compressing engines with hot-bulb ignition
- 2720/272 . . Supply of all the fuel into the prechamber
- 2720/274 . . . with injection of all the fuel into the prechamber
- 2720/276 . . Supply of only a part of the fuel into the prechamber
- 2720/278 . . . with injection of only a part of the fuel into the prechamber
- 2720/30 . Engines with air compression and ignition device
- 2730/00 Internal combustion engines with pistons rotating or oscillating with relation to the housing**
- 2730/01 . with one or more pistons in the form of a disk or rotor rotating with relation to the housing; with annular working chamber
- 2730/011 . . with vanes sliding in the housing
- 2730/012 . . with vanes sliding in the piston
- 2730/013 . . . Vanes fixed in the centre of the housing; Eccentric rotors
- 2730/015 . . with vanes hinged to the housing
- 2730/016 . . with vanes hinged to the piston
- 2730/017 . . with rotating elements fixed to the housing or on the piston
- 2730/018 . . with piston rotating around an axis passing through the gravity centre, this piston or the housing rotating at the same time around an axis parallel to the first axis
- 2730/02 . with piston rotating around its axis and having a reciprocating movement in a cylinder
- 2730/03 . with piston oscillating in a housing or in a space in the form of an annular sector
- 2730/05 . with pistons intermeshing as gear wheels; with helicoidal rotors
- 2730/09 . Arrangements or specially formed elements for engines according to the preceding groups
- 2730/095 . . Hydraulic pistons