

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

C08B POLYSACCHARIDES; DERIVATIVES THEREOF (polysaccharides containing less than six saccharide radicals attached to each other by glycosidic linkages [C07H](#); fermentation or enzyme-using processes [C12P 19/00](#); sugar industry [C13](#); production of cellulose [D21](#))

WARNING

The following IPC groups are not used in the CPC scheme. Subject matter covered by these groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

C08B 37/02	covered by	
C08B 37/04	covered by	
C08B 37/06	covered by	C08B 37/0045
C08B 37/08	covered by	
C08B 37/10	covered by	C08B 37/0075
C08B 37/12	covered by	C08B 37/0039
C08B 37/16	covered by	

Preparation

		3/28	. . . by precipitation
		3/30	. . Stabilising (by addition of stabilisers C08K)
1/00	Preparatory treatment of cellulose for making derivatives thereof {, e.g. pre-treatment, pre-soaking, activation}	5/00	Preparation of cellulose esters of inorganic acids, {e.g. phosphates (rendering cellulose suitable for esterification C08B 1/02)}
1/003	. {Preparation of cellulose solutions, i.e. dopes, with different possible solvents, e.g. ionic liquids (solutions used in the manufacture of monocomponent artificial filaments or cellulose or derivatives thereof D01F 2/02)}	5/02	. Cellulose nitrate, {i.e. nitrocellulose (rendering cellulose suitable for the preparation of cellulose nitrate C08B 1/04)}
1/006	. {Preparation of cuprammonium cellulose solutions}	5/04	. . Post-esterification treatments, {e.g. densification of powders}, including purification
1/02	. Rendering cellulose suitable for esterification {(esterification per se, C08B 3/00 , C08B 5/00 , C08B 7/00 or C08B 9/00)}	5/06	. . . Isolation of the cellulose nitrate
1/04	. . for the preparation of cellulose nitrate	5/08	. . . Stabilisation (by addition of stabilisers C08K); {Post-treatment, e.g. phlegmatisation}
1/06	. Rendering cellulose suitable for etherification {(etherification per se C08B 11/00)}	5/10	. . . Reducing the viscosity
1/08	. Alkali cellulose	5/12	. . . Replacing the water by organic liquids
1/10	. . Apparatus for the preparation of alkali cellulose	5/14	. Cellulose sulfate
1/12	. . . Steeping devices	7/00	Preparation of cellulose esters of both organic and inorganic acids {(rendering cellulose suitable for esterification C08B 1/02)}
1/14	. . . Ripening devices	9/00	Cellulose xanthate; Viscose {(formation of films C08J 5/18; formation of fibres D01F; rendering cellulose suitable for esterification C08B 1/02)}
3/00	Preparation of cellulose esters of organic acids {(rendering cellulose suitable for esterification C08B 1/02)}	9/02	. Sulfidisers; Dissolvers
3/02	. Catalysts used for the esterification	9/04	. Continuous processes
3/04	. Cellulose formate	9/06	. Single-stage processes
3/06	. Cellulose acetate {, e.g. mono-acetate, di-acetate or tri-acetate}	11/00	Preparation of cellulose ethers {(rendering cellulose suitable for etherification C08B 1/06)}
3/08	. of monobasic organic acids with 3 or more carbon atoms, {e.g. propionate or butyrate}	11/02	. Alkyl or cycloalkyl ethers
3/10	. . with five or more carbon-atoms, {e.g. valerate}	11/04	. . with substituted hydrocarbon radicals
3/12	. of polybasic organic acids	11/06	. . . with halogen-substituted hydrocarbon radicals
3/14	. in which the organic acid residue contains substituents, e.g. NH ₂ , Cl	11/08	. . . with hydroxylated hydrocarbon radicals; Esters, ethers, or acetals thereof
3/16	. Preparation of mixed organic cellulose esters, {e.g. cellulose aceto-formate or cellulose aceto-propionate}	11/10	. . . substituted with acid radicals
3/18	. . Aceto-butyrate	11/12 substituted with carboxylic radicals, {e.g. carboxymethylcellulose [CMC]}
3/20	. Esterification with maintenance of the fibrous structure of the cellulose (surface esterification of textiles D06M 13/00)	11/14	. . . with nitrogen-containing groups
3/22	. Post-esterification treatments, including purification	11/145 with basic nitrogen, e.g. aminoalkyl ethers
3/24	. . Hydrolysis or ripening	11/15 with carbamoyl groups, {i.e. -CO-NH ₂ }
3/26	. . Isolation of the cellulose ester	11/155 with cyano groups, e.g. cyanoalkyl ethers
		11/16	. Aryl or aralkyl ethers
		11/18	. . with substituted hydrocarbon radicals

- 11/187 . with olefinic unsaturated groups
- 11/193 . Mixed ethers, i.e. ethers with two or more different etherifying groups
- 11/20 . Post-etherification treatments of chemical or physical type, {e.g. mixed etherification in two steps}, including purification
- 11/22 . . Isolation
- 13/00 Preparation of cellulose ether-esters**
- 13/02 . Cellulose ether xanthates
- 15/00 Preparation of other cellulose derivatives or modified cellulose, {e.g. complexes}**
- 15/005 . {Crosslinking of cellulose derivatives}
- 15/02 . Oxy-cellulose; Hydrocellulose; {Cellulosehydrate, e.g. microcrystalline cellulose}
- 15/04 . . Carboxycellulose, e.g. prepared by oxidation with nitrogen dioxide
- 15/05 . Derivatives containing elements other than carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, halogens or sulfur (esters or phosphorous acids [C08B 5/00](#))
- 15/06 . . containing nitrogen, {e.g. carbamates}
- 15/08 . Fractionation of cellulose, e.g. separation of cellulose crystallites
- 15/10 . Crosslinking of cellulose
- 16/00 Regeneration of cellulose**
- 17/00 Apparatus for esterification or etherification of cellulose**
- 17/02 . for making organic esters of cellulose
- 17/04 . for making cellulose nitrate
- 17/06 . for making cellulose ethers
- 30/00 Preparation of starch, degraded or non-chemically modified starch, amylose, or amylopectin**
- 30/02 . Preparatory treatment, e.g. crushing of raw materials {or steeping process (machines for preliminary washing [A23N](#))}
- 30/04 . Extraction or purification
- 30/042 . . {from cereals or grains}
- 30/044 . . . {from corn or maize}
- 30/046 . . . {from wheat}
- 30/048 . . {from potatoes}
- 30/06 . Drying; Forming
- 30/08 . Concentration of starch suspensions
- 30/10 . Working-up residues from the starch extraction, {e.g. potato peel or steeping water}, including pressing water from the starch-extracted material
- 30/12 . Degraded, {destructured} or non-chemically modified starch {, e.g. mechanically, enzymatically or by irradiation; Bleaching of starch (preparation of chemical derivatives of starch [C08B 31/00](#))}
- 30/14 . . Cold water dispersible or pregelatinised starch
- 30/16 . . Apparatus therefor
- 30/18 . . Dextrin, {e.g. yellow canari, white dextrin, amylopectin or maltodextrin; Methods of depolymerisation, e.g. by irradiation or mechanically}
- 30/20 . Amylose or amylopectin (chemical derivatives thereof [C08B 33/00](#), [C08B 35/00](#))
- 31/00 Preparation of derivatives of starch (derivatives of amylose [C08B 33/00](#); derivatives of amylopectin [C08B 35/00](#))**
- 31/003 . {Crosslinking of starch}
- 31/006 . . {Crosslinking of derivatives of starch}
- 31/02 . Esters
- 31/04 . . of organic acids, {e.g. alkenyl-succinated starch}
- 31/06 . . of inorganic acids
- 31/063 . . . {Starch sulfates}
- 31/066 . . . {Starch phosphates, e.g. phosphorylated starch}
- 31/08 . Ethers
- 31/10 . . Alkyl or cycloalkyl ethers
- 31/12 . . having alkyl or cycloalkyl radicals substituted by heteroatoms, {e.g. hydroxyalkyl or carboxyalkyl starch}
- 31/125 . . . {having a substituent containing at least one nitrogen atom, e.g. cationic starch}
- 31/14 . . Aryl or aralkyl ethers
- 31/16 . Ether-esters
- 31/18 . Oxidised starch
- 31/185 . . {Derivatives of oxidised starch, e.g. crosslinked oxidised starch}
- 33/00 Preparation of derivatives of amylose**
- 33/02 . Esters
- 33/04 . Ethers
- 33/06 . Ether-esters
- 33/08 . Oxidised amylose
- 35/00 Preparation of derivatives of amylopectin**
- 35/02 . Esters
- 35/04 . Ethers
- 35/06 . Ether-esters
- 35/08 . Oxidised amylopectin
- 37/00 Preparation of polysaccharides not provided for in groups [C08B 1/00](#) - [C08B 35/00](#); Derivatives thereof (cellulose [D21](#); {microbiological processes [C12P](#)})**
- 37/0003 . {General processes for their isolation or fractionation, e.g. purification or extraction from biomass}
- 37/0006 . {Homoglycans, i.e. polysaccharides having a main chain consisting of one single sugar, e.g. colominic acid}
- 37/0009 . . {alpha-D-Glucans, e.g. polydextrose, alternan, glycogen; (alpha-1,4)(alpha-1,6)-D-Glucans; (alpha-1,3)(alpha-1,4)-D-Glucans, e.g. isolichenan or nigeran; (alpha-1,4)-D-Glucans; (alpha-1,3)-D-Glucans, e.g. pseudonigeran; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0012 . . . {Cyclodextrin [CD], e.g. cycle with 6 units (alpha), with 7 units (beta) and with 8 units (gamma), large-ring cyclodextrin or cycloamylose with 9 units or more; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0015 {Inclusion compounds, i.e. host-guest compounds, e.g. polyrotaxanes}
- 37/0018 . . . {Pullulan, i.e. (alpha-1,4)(alpha-1,6)-D-glucan; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0021 . . . {Dextran, i.e. (alpha-1,4)-D-glucan; Derivatives thereof, e.g. Sephadex, i.e. crosslinked dextran}

- 37/0024 . . {beta-D-Glucans; (beta-1,3)-D-Glucans, e.g. paramylon, coriolan, sclerotan, pachyman, callose, scleroglucan, schizophyllan, laminaran, lentinan or curdlan; (beta-1,6)-D-Glucans, e.g. pustulan; (beta-1,4)-D-Glucans; (beta-1,3)-(beta-1,4)-D-Glucans, e.g. lichenan; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0027 . . . {2-Acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-glucans; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/003 {Chitin, i.e. 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-(beta-1,4)-D-glucan or N-acetyl-beta-1,4-D-glucosamine; Chitosan, i.e. deacetylated product of chitin or (beta-1,4)-D-glucosamine; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0033 . . . {Xanthan, i.e. D-glucose, D-mannose and D-glucuronic acid units, substituted with acetate and pyruvate, with a main chain of (beta-1,4)-D-glucose units; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0036 . . {Galactans; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0039 . . . {Agar; Agarose, i.e. D-galactose, 3,6-anhydro-D-galactose, methylated, sulfated, e.g. from the red algae Gelidium and Gracilaria; Agaropectin; Derivatives thereof, e.g. Sepharose, i.e. crosslinked agarose}
- 37/0042 . . . {Carragenan or carragen, i.e. D-galactose and 3,6-anhydro-D-galactose, both partially sulfated, e.g. from red algae Chondrus crispus or Gigantia stellata; kappa-Carragenan; iota-Carragenan; lambda-Carragenan; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0045 . . {alpha-D-Galacturonans, e.g. methyl ester of (alpha-1,4)-linked D-galacturonic acid units, i.e. pectin, or hydrolysis product of methyl ester of alpha-1,4-linked D-galacturonic acid units, i.e. pectinic acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0048 . . . {Processes of extraction from organic materials}
- 37/0051 . . {beta-D-Fructofuranans, e.g. beta-2,6-D-fructofuranan, i.e. levan; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0054 . . . {Inulin, i.e. beta-2,1-D-fructofuranan; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0057 . . {beta-D-Xylans, i.e. xylosaccharide, e.g. arabinoxylan, arabinofuranan, pentosans; (beta-1,3)(beta-1,4)-D-Xylans, e.g. rhodymenans; Hemicellulose; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/006 . . {Heteroglycans, i.e. polysaccharides having more than one sugar residue in the main chain in either alternating or less regular sequence; Gellans; Succinoglycans; Arabinogalactans; Tragacanth or gum tragacanth or traganth from Astragalus; Gum Karaya from Sterculia urens; Gum Ghatti from Anogeissus latifolia; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0063 . . {Glycosaminoglycans or mucopolysaccharides, e.g. keratan sulfate; Derivatives thereof, e.g. fucoidan}
- 37/0066 . . . {Isolation or extraction of proteoglycans from organs}
- 37/0069 . . . {Chondroitin-4-sulfate, i.e. chondroitin sulfate A; Dermatan sulfate, i.e. chondroitin sulfate B or beta-heparin; Chondroitin-6-sulfate, i.e. chondroitin sulfate C; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0072 . . . {Hyaluronic acid, i.e. HA or hyaluronan; Derivatives thereof, e.g. crosslinked hyaluronic acid (hylan) or hyaluronates}
- 37/0075 . . . {Heparin; Heparan sulfate; Derivatives thereof, e.g. heparosan; Purification or extraction methods thereof}
- 37/0078 {Degradation products}
- 37/0081 {Reaction with amino acids, peptides, or proteins}
- 37/0084 . . {Gulurmannuronans, e.g. alginic acid, i.e. D-mannuronic acid and D-guluronic acid units linked with alternating alpha- and beta-1,4-glycosidic bonds; Derivatives thereof, e.g. alginates}
- 37/0087 . . {Glucomannans or galactomannans; Tara or tara gum, i.e. D-mannose and D-galactose units, e.g. from Cesalpinia spinosa; Tamarind gum, i.e. D-galactose, D-glucose and D-xylose units, e.g. from Tamarindus indica; Gum Arabic, i.e. L-arabinose, L-rhamnose, D-galactose and D-glucuronic acid units, e.g. from Acacia Senegal or Acacia Seyal; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/009 . . . {Konjac gum or konjac mannan, i.e. beta-D-glucose and beta-D-mannose units linked by 1,4 bonds, e.g. from Amorphophallus species; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0093 . . . {Locust bean gum, i.e. carob bean gum, with (beta-1,4)-D-mannose units in the main chain branched with D-galactose units in (alpha-1,6), e.g. from the seeds of carob tree or Ceratonia siliqua; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/0096 . . . {Guar, guar gum, guar flour, guaran, i.e. (beta-1,4) linked D-mannose units in the main chain branched with D-galactose units in (alpha-1,6), e.g. from Cyamopsis Tetragonolobus; Derivatives thereof}
- 37/12 . . Agar-agar; Derivatives thereof (not used)
- 37/125 . . {Other polysaccharides of algae such as carragenan (not used)}
- 37/14 . . Hemicellulose; Derivatives thereof (not used)
- 37/143 . . {composed by pentose units, e.g. xylose, xylan, pentosans, arabinose (not used)}
- 37/146 . . {composed by gluco and/or galactomannans, for example guar gum, locust bean gum (not used)}
- 37/18 . . Reserve carbohydrates, e.g. glycogen, inulin, laminarin; Derivatives thereof (not used)