

**CPC****COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION****D06Q**

**DECORATING TEXTILES** (for treatment of textiles by mechanical means, see [D06B](#) to [D06J](#); metallising the entire surface of textiles [D06M 11/83](#); textile threads, filaments, yarns or tow, glued on macromolecular material [D06N 7/00](#); dyeing or printing [D06P](#))

**NOTE**

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated:

- "decorating" means "local treatment" or "local effects produced" as to change, e.g. optically, the appearance or the properties of textile materials

**D06Q 1/00**

**Decorating textiles** (partial dyeing [D06B 11/00](#); reserving parts of the material before dyeing or printing textiles [D06P 5/12](#) {; making patterns or designs on fabrics [D06C 23/00](#)})

**D06Q 1/005**

- {Producing embroidered textiles by chemical means; Transferring embroidered products to textiles (embroidered products [D05C 17/00](#))}

**D06Q 1/02**

- Producing patterns by locally destroying or modifying the fibres of a web by chemical actions, e.g. making translucent

**D06Q 1/04**

- by metallising (transfer of metal particles [D06Q 1/12](#))

**D06Q 1/06**

- by local treatment of pile fabrics with chemical means

**D06Q 1/08**

- by fixation of mechanical effects, e.g. calendering, embossing or Chintz effects, using chemical means

**D06Q 1/10**

- by treatment with, or fixation of, a particulate material, e.g. mica, glass beads (by metallising [D06Q 1/04](#); by transferring [D06Q 1/12](#))

**D06Q 1/12**

- by transferring a chemical agent or a metallic or non-metallic material in particulate or other form, from a solid temporary carrier to the textile {(for uniform treatment [D06M 23/02](#))}

**D06Q 1/14**

- . by transferring fibres, or adhesives for fibres, to the textile