

CPC**COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION****D06H****MARKING, INSPECTING, SEAMING OR SEVERING TEXTILE MATERIALS**

(seaming by sewing [D05B](#); in connection with manufacturing, see the relevant subclasses)

D06H 1/00**Marking textile materials; Marking in combination with metering or inspecting**

D06H 1/003

- {by passing a needle through the layers, e.g. with a marking fluid flowing through the needle}

D06H 1/006

- {Marking frames for large sized textiles, e.g. for drapery pleat or length marking}

D06H 1/02

- Marking by printing or analogous processes

D06H 1/04

- by attaching threads, tags, or the like

D06H 1/043

- . {by attaching threads}

D06H 1/046

- . {by attaching tags}

D06H 3/00**Inspecting textile materials** (testing physical properties of textile materials [G01N](#); {unwinding or rewinding apparatus incorporating inspecting devices [B65H 16/026](#)})

D06H 3/02

- visually ([D06H 3/12](#), [D06H 3/14](#), [D06H 3/16](#) take precedence)

D06H 3/04

- . wherein the material is supported on a table

D06H 3/06

- . wherein the material is supported on a drum

D06H 3/08

- by photo-electric or television means ([D06H 3/12](#), [D06H 3/14](#), [D06H 3/16](#) take precedence)

D06H 3/10

- by non-optical apparatus ([D06H 3/12](#), [D06H 3/14](#), [D06H 3/16](#) take precedence)

D06H 3/12

- Detecting or automatically correcting errors in the position of weft threads in woven fabrics

D06H 3/125

- . {Detecting errors in the position of weft threads}

D06H 3/14

- Detecting and removing metal particles, e.g. broken needles, or card clothing, from fabrics

D06H 3/16

- Inspecting hosiery or other tubular fabric; Inspecting in combination with turning inside-out, classifying, or other handling ([turning inside-out per se D06G 3/00](#))

D06H 3/165

- . {Devices for supplying, removing or stacking the work}

D06H 5/00**Seaming textile materials** {(splicing webs [B65H 21/00](#); seaming felts in paper-making machines [D21F 7/10](#))}

D06H 5/001

- {Devices or apparatus for connecting back and forward ends of fabrics, e.g. for continuous processing}

D06H 5/002

- . {for tubular fabrics}

D06H 5/003

- {Devices or apparatus for joining the longitudinal edges of fabrics}

D06H 5/005

- . {for making a tubular fabric}

D06H 5/006

- . . {by folding the fabric longitudinally}

D06H 5/007

- . . {by helically winding the fabric}

D06H 5/008

- {Making sacks from tubular fabrics}

D06H 7/00	Apparatus or processes for cutting, or otherwise severing, specially adapted for the cutting, or otherwise severing, of textile materials (severing for making buttonholes A41H ; hand cutting tools in general B26B ; cutting machines in general B26D ; severing otherwise than by cutting in general B26F ; {web delivery apparatus incorporating cutting devices B65H 35/0006 }; trimming seamed edges, shearing surfaces of fabrics, shearing lace or embroidery, e.g. cutting loose threads D06C)
D06H 7/005	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • {characterized by means or processes to avoid or reduce fraying of the cut edge}
D06H 7/02	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transversely (D06H 7/14 takes precedence)
D06H 7/025	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . {in line with an embossed or a raised pattern on the fabric; Cutting pile fabric along a loopless or napless zone, e.g. the plain woven portion of towel cloth}
D06H 7/04	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • longitudinally (D06H 7/14 takes precedence)
D06H 7/045	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . {in line with an embossed or a raised pattern on the fabric; Cutting pile fabric along a loopless or napless zone (D06H 7/06, D06H 7/16 take precedence)}
D06H 7/06	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . Removing selvedge edges
D06H 7/08	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . for cutting tubular fabric longitudinally
D06H 7/10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • obliquely
D06H 7/12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . cutting a tubular fabric helically
D06H 7/14	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cutting fabrics by cutting the weft or warp threads while making special provision to avoid cutting warp or weft threads, respectively, adjacent to the cut
D06H 7/16	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • specially adapted for cutting lace or embroidery (shearing, e.g. cutting loose threads, D06C)
D06H 7/18	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cutting rolls of material without unwinding
D06H 7/20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tearing
D06H 7/22	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Severing by heat or by chemical agents {(by laser beam B23K 26/402)}
D06H 7/221	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . {by heat}
D06H 7/223	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . . {using ultrasonic vibration}
D06H 7/225	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . . {using meltable yarns or interwoven metal wires heated by an electric current}
D06H 7/226	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . {by chemical agents}
D06H 7/228	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • . . {using dissolvable separator yarns}
D06H 7/24	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Devices specially adapted for cutting-out samples
D06H 2201/00	Inspecting textile materials
D06H 2201/10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • by means of television equipment