

CPC**COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION****H01P**

WAVEGUIDES; RESONATORS, LINES, OR OTHER DEVICES OF THE WAVEGUIDE TYPE (operating at optical frequencies [G02B](#); aerials [H01Q](#); {modulating electromagnetic waves in transmission line, waveguide, cavity resonator or radiation field of aerial [H03C 7/02](#)}; networks comprising lumped impedance elements [H03H](#))

NOTE

In this subclass, the following expression is used with the meaning indicated :

- "waveguide type" as applied to transmission lines includes only high-frequency coaxial cables or Lecher lines, and as applied to resonators, delay lines, or other devices includes all devices having distributed inductance and capacitance.

H01P 1/00

Auxiliary devices (coupling devices of the waveguide type [H01P 5/00](#))

H01P 1/005

. {Diode mounting means}

H01P 1/02

. Bends; Corners; Twists

H01P 1/022

.. {in waveguides of polygonal cross-section ([H01P 1/065](#) takes precedence)}

H01P 1/025

... {in the E-plane}

H01P 1/027

... {in the H-plane}

H01P 1/04

. Fixed joints ({pipe joints [F16L](#)}; line connectors [H01R](#); cable fittings [H02G 15/00](#))

H01P 1/042

.. {Hollow waveguide joints}

H01P 1/045

.. {Coaxial joints}

H01P 1/047

.. {Strip line joints}

H01P 1/06

. Movable joints, e.g. rotating joints

H01P 1/061

.. {the relative movement being a translation along an axis common to at least two rectilinear parts, e.g. expansion joints}

H01P 1/062

.. {the relative movement being a rotation}

H01P 1/063

... {with a limited angle of rotation}

H01P 1/064

.... {the axis of rotation being perpendicular to the transmission path, e.g. hinge joint}

H01P 1/065

.... {the axis of rotation being parallel to the transmission path, e.g. stepped twist}

H01P 1/066

... {with an unlimited angle of rotation}

H01P 1/067

.... {the energy being transmitted in only one line located on the axis of rotation}

- H01P 1/068 {the energy being transmitted in at least one ring-shaped transmission line located around the axis of rotation, e.g. "around the mast" rotary joint ([H01P 1/069](#) takes precedence; coaxial line with solid inner conductor [H01P 1/067](#))}
- H01P 1/069 {the energy being transmitted in at least one ring-shaped transmission line located around an axial transmission line; Concentric coaxial systems}
- H01P 1/08 . Dielectric windows (coupling devices for transit time tubes [H01J 23/36](#))
- H01P 1/10 . for switching or interrupting {(in systems using reflection or reradiation of radio, acoustic or other waves [G01S 7/034](#))}
- H01P 1/11 . . by ferromagnetic devices
- H01P 1/12 . . by mechanical chopper
- H01P 1/122 . . . {Waveguide switches}
- H01P 1/125 . . . {Coaxial switches}
- H01P 1/127 . . . {Strip line switches}
- H01P 1/14 . . by electric discharge devices (discharge devices [H01J 17/64](#))
- H01P 1/15 . . by semiconductor devices
- H01P 1/16 . for mode selection, e.g. mode suppression or mode promotion; for mode conversion (linking dissimilar lines or devices [H01P 5/08](#))
- H01P 1/161 . . sustaining two independent orthogonal modes, e.g. orthomode transducer {(combining or separating polarisations and frequencies [H01P 1/2131](#))}
- H01P 1/162 . . absorbing spurious or unwanted modes of propagation
- H01P 1/163 . . specifically adapted for selection or promotion of the TE 01 circular-electric mode
- H01P 1/165 . for rotating the plane of polarisation
- H01P 1/17 . . for producing a continuously rotating polarisation, e.g. circular polarisation
- H01P 1/171 . . . {using a corrugated or ridged waveguide section}
- H01P 1/172 . . . {using a dielectric element}
- H01P 1/173 . . . {using a conductive element}
- H01P 1/174 . . . {using a magnetic element ([H01P 1/175](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/175 . . using Faraday rotators
- H01P 1/18 . Phase-shifters ([H01P 1/165](#) takes precedence; coupling devices with variable coupling factor [H01P 5/04](#))
- H01P 1/181 . . {using ferroelectric devices}
- H01P 1/182 . . {Waveguide phase-shifters ([H01P 1/181](#), [H01P 1/185](#), [H01P 1/19](#) take precedence)}
- H01P 1/183 . . {Coaxial phase-shifters ([H01P 1/181](#), [H01P 1/185](#), [H01P 1/19](#) take precedence)}
- H01P 1/184 . . {Strip line phase-shifters ([H01P 1/181](#), [H01P 1/185](#), [H01P 1/19](#) take precedence)}
- H01P 1/185 . . using a diode or a gas filled discharge tube
- H01P 1/19 . . using a ferromagnetic device
- H01P 1/195 . . . having a toroidal shape
- H01P 1/20 . Frequency-selective devices, e.g. filters {(variable impedance transformers, e.g. slug tuners or stub tuners [H01P 5/04](#)}; resonators [H01P 7/00](#))}

- H01P 1/2002 .. {Dielectric waveguide filters ([H01P 1/212](#), [H01P 1/213](#), [H01P 1/215](#), [H01P 1/219](#) take precedence)}
- H01P 1/2005 .. { Electromagnetic photonic bandgaps [EPB], or photonic bandgaps [PBG] }
- H01P 1/2007 .. {Filtering devices for biasing networks or DC returns}
- H01P 1/201 .. Filters for transverse electromagnetic waves([H01P 1/212](#) ,[H01P 1/213](#) ,[H01P 1/215](#) ,[H01P 1/219](#) take precedence)
- H01P 1/2013 ... {Coplanar line filters}
- H01P 1/2016 ... {Slot line filters; Fin line filters}
- H01P 1/202 ... Coaxial filters ([cascaded coaxial cavities](#) [H01P 1/205](#))
- H01P 1/203 ... Strip line filters
- H01P 1/20309 {with dielectric resonator}
- H01P 1/20318 { with dielectric resonators as non-metallised opposite openings in the metallised surfaces of a substrate}
- H01P 1/20327 { Electromagnetic interstage coupling}
- H01P 1/20336 {Comb or interdigital filters}
- H01P 1/20345 { Multilayer filters}
- H01P 1/20354 { Non-comb or non-interdigital filters}
- H01P 1/20363 { Linear resonators}
- H01P 1/20372 {Hairpin resonators}
- H01P 1/20381 { Special shape resonators}
- H01P 1/2039 { Galvanic coupling between Input/Output}
- H01P 1/205 .. Comb or interdigital filters; Cascaded coaxial cavities ([H01P 1/203](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 1/2053 {the coaxial cavity resonators being disposed parall to each other}
- H01P 1/2056 {Comb filters or interdigital filters with metallised resonator holes in a dielectric block}
- H01P 1/207 .. Hollow waveguide filters ([H01P 1/212](#), [H01P 1/213](#), [H01P 1/215](#), [H01P 1/219](#) take precedence)
- H01P 1/208 ... Cascaded cavities; Cascaded resonators inside a hollow waveguide structure ([H01P 1/205](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 1/2082 {with multimode resonators ([H01P 1/2086](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/2084 {with dielectric resonators}
- H01P 1/2086 {multimode}
- H01P 1/2088 { Integrated in a substrate}
- H01P 1/209 ... comprising one or more branching arms or cavities wholly outside the main waveguide
- H01P 1/211 ... Waffle-iron filters; Corrugated structures
- H01P 1/212 .. suppressing or attenuating harmonic frequencies ([H01P 1/215](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 1/213 .. combining or separating two or more different frequencies ([H01P 1/215](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 1/2131 ... {with combining or separating polarisations}
- H01P 1/2133 ... {using coaxial filters ([H01P 1/2131](#), [H01P 1/2136](#) take precedence)}
- H01P 1/2135 ... {using strip line filters ([H01P 1/2131](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/2136 ... {using comb or interdigital filters; using cascaded coaxial cavities ([H01P 1/2131](#), [H01P 1/2135](#) take precedence)}

- H01P 1/2138 ... {using hollow waveguide filters ([H01P 1/2131](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/215 .. using ferromagnetic material
- H01P 1/217 ... the ferromagnetic material acting as a tuning element in resonators
- H01P 1/218 ... the ferromagnetic material acting as a frequency selective coupling element, e.g. YIG-filters
- H01P 1/219 .. Evanescent mode filters

- H01P 1/22 . Attenuating devices ([dissipative terminating devices H01P 1/26](#))
- H01P 1/222 .. {Waveguide attenuators ([H01P 1/23](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/225 .. {Coaxial attenuators ([H01P 1/23](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/227 .. {Strip line attenuators ([H01P 1/23](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/23 .. using ferromagnetic material

- H01P 1/24 . Terminating devices
- H01P 1/26 .. Dissipative terminations
- H01P 1/262 ... {the dissipative medium being a liquid or being cooled by a liquid}
- H01P 1/264 ... {Waveguide terminations ([H01P 1/262](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/266 ... {Coaxial terminations ([H01P 1/262](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/268 ... {Strip line terminations ([H01P 1/262](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 1/28 .. Short-circuiting plungers ([coupling devices with variable coupling factor H01P 5/04](#))

- H01P 1/30 . for compensation of, or protection against, temperature or moisture effects; {for improving power handling capability ([H01P 1/04](#), [H01P 1/08](#) take precedence)}

- H01P 1/32 . Non-reciprocal transmission devices ([H01P 1/02](#) to [H01P 1/30](#) take precedence)
- H01P 1/36 .. Isolators
- H01P 1/362 ... {Edge-guided mode devices}
- H01P 1/365 ... Resonance absorption isolators
- H01P 1/37 ... Field displacement isolators
- H01P 1/375 ... using Faraday rotators
- H01P 1/38 .. Circulators
- H01P 1/383 ... Junction circulators, e.g. Y-circulators
- H01P 1/387 Strip line circulators
- H01P 1/39 Hollow waveguide circulators
- H01P 1/393 ... using Faraday rotators
- H01P 1/397 ... using non- reciprocal phase shifters ([H01P 1/393](#) takes precedence)

H01P 3/00**Waveguides; Transmission lines of the waveguide type**

- H01P 3/003 . {Coplanar lines}
- H01P 3/006 .. {Conductor backed coplanar waveguides}

- H01P 3/02 . with two longitudinal conductors
- H01P 3/023 .. {Fin lines; Slot lines}

- H01P 3/026 .. { Coplanar striplines (CPS)}
- H01P 3/04 .. Lines formed as Lecher wire pairs
- H01P 3/06 .. Coaxial lines (not suitable for handling frequencies considerably beyond the audio range, {coaxial cables in general})[H01B 11/18](#))

NOTE

This subgroup is only used for documents disclosing typical HF-features of coaxial cables, e.g. propagation of non-TEM-modes, multimoding, oversized coaxial cables, particular cross-section adapted for HF-propagation

- H01P 3/08 .. Microstrips; Strip lines
- H01P 3/081 ... { Micro-striplines}
- H01P 3/082 { Multilayer dielectric}
- H01P 3/084 { Suspended micro-striplines}
- H01P 3/085 ... { Triplate lines}
- H01P 3/087 { Suspended triplate lines}
- H01P 3/088 ... { Stacked transmission lines}

- H01P 3/10 . Wire waveguides, i.e. with a single solid longitudinal conductor

- H01P 3/12 . Hollow waveguides ([H01P 3/20](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 3/121 .. { integrated in a substrate}
- H01P 3/122 .. { Dielectric loaded (not air)}
- H01P 3/123 .. with a complex or stepped cross-section, e.g. ridged or grooved waveguides ([H01P 3/14](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 3/127 .. with a circular, elliptic, or parabolic cross-section
- H01P 3/13 .. specially adapted for transmission of the TE₀₁ circular-electric mode {(selection, promotion [H01P 1/163](#))}
- H01P 3/14 .. flexible

- H01P 3/16 . Dielectric waveguides, i.e. without a longitudinal conductor
- H01P 3/165 .. { Non-radiating dielectric waveguides}

- H01P 3/18 . built-up from several layers to increase operating surface, i.e. alternately conductive and dielectric layers

- H01P 3/20 . Quasi-optical arrangements for guiding a wave, e.g. focusing by dielectric lenses (quasi-optical devices in general [H01Q 15/00](#))

- H01P 5/00** **Coupling devices of the waveguide type** (non-reciprocal devices [H01P 1/32](#); for introducing or removing wave energy to or from the discharge in transit-time tubes [H01J 23/36](#))

- H01P 5/02 . with invariable factor of coupling ([H01P 5/12](#) takes precedence {choke joints [H01P 1/04](#), [H01P 1/06](#)})
- H01P 5/022 .. {Transitions between lines of the same kind and shape, but with different dimensions}
- H01P 5/024 ... {between hollow waveguides}

- H01P 5/026 ... {between coaxial lines}
- H01P 5/028 ... {between strip lines}

- H01P 5/04 . with variable factor of coupling

- H01P 5/08 . for linking dissimilar lines or devices ([H01P 1/16](#), [H01P 5/04](#) take precedence; linking lines of the same kind but with different dimensions [H01P 5/02](#))
- H01P 5/082 .. {Transitions between hollow waveguides of different shape, e.g. between a rectangular and a circular waveguide}
- H01P 5/085 .. {Coaxial-line/strip-line transitions}
- H01P 5/087 .. {Transitions to a dielectric waveguide}
- H01P 5/10 .. for coupling balanced with unbalanced lines or devices
- H01P 5/1007 ... {Microstrip transitions to Slotline or finline}
- H01P 5/1015 ... {Coplanar line transitions to Slotline or finline}
- H01P 5/1022 ... {Transitions to dielectric waveguide}
- H01P 5/103 ... Hollow-waveguide/coaxial-line transitions
- H01P 5/107 ... Hollow-waveguide/strip-line transitions

- H01P 5/12 . Coupling devices having more than two ports ([H01P 5/04](#) takes precedence)
- H01P 5/16 .. Conjugate devices, i.e. devices having at least one port decoupled from one other port

- H01P 5/18 ... consisting of two coupled guides, e.g. directional couplers
- H01P 5/181 {the guides being hollow waveguides}
- H01P 5/182 {the waveguides being arranged in parallel}
- H01P 5/183 {at least one of the guides being a coaxial line}
- H01P 5/184 {the guides being strip lines or microstrips}
- H01P 5/185 { Edge coupled lines}
- H01P 5/186 { Lange couplers}
- H01P 5/187 { Broadside coupled lines}
- H01P 5/188 {the guides being dielectric waveguides}
- H01P 5/19 ... of the junction type
- H01P 5/20 Magic-T junctions
- H01P 5/22 Hybrid ring junctions
- H01P 5/222 { 180° rat race hybrid rings}
- H01P 5/225 { 180° reversed phase hybrid rings}
- H01P 5/227 { 90° branch line couplers}

- H01P 7/00** **Resonators of the waveguide type** ({ variable impedance transformers [H01P 5/04](#);
structurally associated with transit-time tubes and interacting with the discharge therein [H01J 23/18](#); { generators of electronic oscillations using resonators of this type [H03B 5/18](#), [H03B 7/14](#), [H03B 9/14](#); electronic amplifiers using resonators of this type [H03F 3/54](#)}; microwave heating devices [H05B 6/64](#))

- H01P 7/005 . {Helical resonators; Spiral resonators}

- H01P 7/02 . Lecher resonators

- H01P 7/04 . Coaxial resonators
- H01P 7/06 . Cavity resonators
- H01P 7/065 .. {integrated in a substrate}
- H01P 7/08 . Strip line resonators
- H01P 7/082 .. { Microstripline resonators ([H01P 7/088](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 7/084 .. { Triplate line resonators ([H01P 7/088](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 7/086 .. { Coplanar waveguide resonators ([H01P 7/088](#) takes precedence)}
- H01P 7/088 .. { Tunable resonators}
- H01P 7/10 . Dielectric resonators
- H01P 7/105 .. { Multimode resonators}
- H01P 9/00** **Delay lines of the waveguide type** (structurally associated with transit-time tubes and interacting with the discharge therein [H01J 23/24](#))
- H01P 9/003 . {Delay equalizers}
- H01P 9/006 . {Meander lines}
- H01P 9/02 . Helical lines
- H01P 9/04 . Interdigital lines
- H01P 11/00** **Apparatus or processes specially adapted for manufacturing waveguides or resonators, lines, or other devices of the waveguide type** (manufacture of coaxial cables [H01B 13/00](#))
- H01P 11/001 . {Manufacturing waveguides or transmission lines of the waveguide type}
- H01P 11/002 .. {Manufacturing hollow waveguides}
- H01P 11/003 .. {Manufacturing lines with conductors on a substrate, e.g. strip lines, slot lines}
- H01P 11/005 .. {Manufacturing coaxial lines}
- H01P 11/006 .. {Manufacturing dielectric waveguides}
- H01P 11/007 . {Manufacturing frequency-selective devices (resonators [H01P 11/008](#))}
- H01P 11/008 . {Manufacturing resonators}