

**CPC****COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION****F23C**

**COMBUSTION APPARATUS USING FLUENT FUEL** ( [combustion apparatus for solid fuel only F23B](#) ; [burners F23D](#) ; [constructional details of combustion chambers not otherwise provided for F23M](#) ; [combustion chambers for generating combustion products of high pressure or high velocity F23R](#) )

**F23C 1/00**

**Combustion apparatus specially adapted for combustion of two or more kinds of fuel simultaneously or alternately, at least one kind of fuel being fluent** ( [combustion apparatus characterised by the combination of two or more combustion chambers F23C 6/00](#) ; [pilot flame igniters F23Q 9/00](#) )

## F23C 1/02

- . lump or liquid fuel

## F23C 1/04

- . lump or gaseous fuel

## F23C 1/06

- . lump or pulverulent fuel

## F23C 1/08

- . liquid or gaseous fuel

## F23C 1/10

- . liquid or pulverulent fuel

## F23C 1/12

- . gaseous or pulverulent fuel

**F23C 3/00**

**Combustion apparatus characterised by the shape of the combustion chamber**

## F23C 3/002

- . { the chamber having an elongated tubular form, e.g. for a radiant tube }

## F23C 3/004

- . { the chamber being arranged for submerged combustion ( [F23C 3/002](#) takes precedence ) }

## F23C 3/006

- . { the chamber being arranged for cyclonic combustion ( for waste [F23G 5/32](#) ) }

## F23C 3/008

- .. { for pulverulent fuel }

**F23C 5/00**

**Disposition of burners with respect to the combustion chamber or to one another ; Mounting of burners in combustion apparatus** ( [F23C 1/00](#) , [F23C 15/00](#) take precedence )

## F23C 5/02

- . Structural details of mounting

## F23C 5/06

- .. Provision for adjustment of burner position during operation

## F23C 5/08

- . Disposition of burners

## F23C 5/10

- .. to obtain a flame ring

## F23C 5/12

- ... for pulverulent fuel

## F23C 5/14

- .. to obtain a single flame of concentrated or substantially planar form, e.g. pencil or sheet flame ( [F23C 5/32](#) takes precedence )

## F23C 5/24

- .. to obtain a loop flame

- F23C 5/28 . . to obtain flames in opposing directions, e.g. impacting flames
- F23C 5/32 . . to obtain rotating flames i.e. flames moving helically or spirally
  
- F23C 6/00** **Combustion apparatus characterised by the combination of two or more combustion chambers { or combustion zones, e.g. for staged combustion }**
  
- F23C 6/02 . in parallel arrangement
- F23C 6/04 . in series connection ( consuming smoke or fumes in separate combustion apparatus [F23G 7/06](#) )
- F23C 6/042 . . { with fuel supply in stages ( for staged combustion [F23C 6/047](#) ) }
- F23C 6/045 . . { with staged combustion in a single enclosure }
- F23C 6/047 . . . { with fuel supply in stages }
  
- F23C 7/00** **Combustion apparatus characterised by arrangements for air supply ( inlets for fluidisation air [F23C 10/20](#) )**
  
- F23C 7/002 . { the air being submitted to a rotary or spinning motion ( cyclonic combustion chamber [F23C 3/006](#) ) }
- F23C 7/004 . . { using vanes }
- F23C 7/006 . . . { adjustable }
  
- F23C 7/008 . { Flow control devices ( [F23C 7/006](#) takes precedence ) }
  
- F23C 7/02 . Disposition of air supply not passing through burner ( to obtain a cyclonic tapering flame when burning pulverulent fuel [F23C 5/32](#) )
- F23C 7/04 . . to obtain maximum heat transfer to wall of combustion chamber
- F23C 7/06 . . for heating the incoming air ( arrangements of regenerators and recuperators [F23L 15/00](#) )
- F23C 7/08 . . . indirectly by a secondary fluid other than the combustion products
  
- F23C 9/00** **Combustion apparatus characterised by arrangements for returning combustion products or flue gases to the combustion chamber ( fluidised bed combustion apparatus with means for recirculation of particles entrained from the bed [F23C 10/02](#) ; fluidised bed combustion apparatus with devices for removal and partial reintroduction of material from the bed [F23C 10/26](#) )**
  
- F23C 9/003 . { for pulverulent fuel ( for fluidized bed [F23C 10/02](#) ) }
- F23C 9/006 . { the recirculation taking place in the combustion chamber }
- F23C 9/06 . for completing combustion
- F23C 9/08 . for reducing temperature in combustion chamber e.g. for protecting walls of combustion chamber
  
- F23C 10/00** **Fluidised bed combustion apparatus**
  
- F23C 10/002 . { for pulverulent solid fuel ( [F23C 10/005](#) to [F23C 10/32](#) take precedence ) }

- F23C 10/005 . { comprising two or more beds }
- F23C 10/007 . { comprising a rotating bed }
- F23C 10/01 . in a fluidised bed of catalytic particles
- F23C 10/02 . with means specially adapted for achieving or promoting a circulating movement of particles within the bed or for a recirculation of particles entrained from the bed
- F23C 10/04 . . the particles being circulated to a section, e.g. a heat-exchange section or a return duct, at least partially shielded from the combustion zone, before being reintroduced into the combustion zone
- F23C 10/06 . . . the circulating movement being promoted by inducing differing degrees of fluidisation in different parts of the bed
- F23C 10/08 . . . characterised by the arrangement of separation apparatus, e.g. cyclones, for separating particles from the flue gases
- F23C 10/10 . . . . the separation apparatus being located outside the combustion chamber
- F23C 10/12 . . the particles being circulated exclusively within the combustion zone
- F23C 10/14 . . . the circulating movement being promoted by inducing differing degrees of fluidisation in different parts of the bed
- F23C 10/16 . specially adapted for operation at superatmospheric pressures, e.g. by the arrangement of the combustion chamber and its auxiliary systems inside a pressure vessel
- F23C 10/18 . Details ; Accessories
- F23C 10/20 . . Inlets for fluidisation air, e.g. grids ; Bottoms
- F23C 10/22 . . Fuel feeders specially adapted for fluidised bed combustion apparatus ( [F23C 10/26 takes precedence](#) )
- F23C 10/24 . . Devices for removal of material from the bed ( [devices for controlling the level of the bed or the amount of material in the bed F23C 10/30](#) )
- F23C 10/26 . . . combined with devices for partial reintroduction of material into the bed, e.g. after separation of agglomerated parts
- F23C 10/28 . . Control devices specially adapted for fluidised bed, combustion apparatus
- F23C 10/30 . . . for controlling the level of the bed or the amount of material in the bed
- F23C 10/32 . . . . by controlling the rate of recirculation of particles separated from the flue gases
- F23C 13/00** **Apparatus in which combustion takes place in the presence of catalytic material ( in a fluidised bed of catalytic particles [F23C 10/01](#) ; radiant gas burners using catalysis for flameless combustion [F23D 14/18](#) )**
- F23C 13/02 . characterised by arrangements for starting the operation, e.g. for heating the catalytic material to operating temperature
- F23C 13/04 . characterised by arrangements of two or more catalytic elements in series connection
- F23C 13/06 . in which non-catalytic combustion takes place in addition to catalytic combustion, e.g. downstream of a catalytic element
- F23C 13/08 . characterised by the catalytic material

<b>F23C 15/00</b>	<b>Apparatus in which combustion takes place in pulses influenced by acoustic resonance in a gas mass { ( for generating combustion products of high pressure or high velocity <a href="#">F23R 7/00</a> ; starting devices <a href="#">F23D 11/42</a> ) }</b>
<b>F23C 99/00</b>	<b>Subject-matter not provided for in other groups of this subclass</b>
<a href="#">F23C 99/001</a>	. { Applying electric means or magnetism to combustion ( for combustion engines <a href="#">F02B 51/04</a> , <a href="#">F02M 27/04</a> ) }
<a href="#">F23C 99/003</a>	. { Combustion process using sound or vibrations ( for combustion engines <a href="#">F02B 51/06</a> , <a href="#">F02M 27/08</a> ; liquid fuel burners using ultrasonic means for spraying the fuel <a href="#">F23D 11/34</a> ) }
<a href="#">F23C 99/005</a>	. { Suspension-type burning, i.e. fuel particles carried along with a gas flow while burning ( fluidized-bed combustion apparatus <a href="#">F23C 10/00</a> ) }
<a href="#">F23C 99/006</a>	. { Flameless combustion stabilised within a bed of porous heat-resistant material ( <a href="#">F23C 13/00</a> takes precedence; gas burners with radiant combustion on a porous surface <a href="#">F23D 14/16</a> ) }
<a href="#">F23C 99/008</a>	. { Combustion methods wherein flame cooling techniques other than fuel or air staging or fume recirculation are used }
<b>F23C 2200/00</b>	<b>Combustion techniques for fluent fuel</b>
<b>F23C 2201/00</b>	<b>Staged combustion</b>
<a href="#">F23C 2201/10</a>	. Furnace staging
<a href="#">F23C 2201/101</a>	. . in vertical direction, e.g. alternating lean and rich zones
<a href="#">F23C 2201/102</a>	. . in horizontal direction
<a href="#">F23C 2201/20</a>	. Burner staging
<a href="#">F23C 2201/30</a>	. Staged fuel supply
<a href="#">F23C 2201/301</a>	. . with different fuels in stages
<a href="#">F23C 2201/40</a>	. Intermediate treatments between stages
<a href="#">F23C 2201/401</a>	. . Cooling
<b>F23C 2202/00</b>	<b>Fluegas recirculation</b>
<a href="#">F23C 2202/10</a>	. Premixing fluegas with fuel and combustion air
<a href="#">F23C 2202/20</a>	. Premixing fluegas with fuel
<a href="#">F23C 2202/30</a>	. Premixing fluegas with combustion air
<a href="#">F23C 2202/40</a>	. Inducing local whirls around flame

F23C 2202/50 . Control of recirculation rate

**F23C 2203/00 Flame cooling methods otherwise than by staging or recirculation**

F23C 2203/10 . using heat exchanger

F23C 2203/20 . using heat absorbing device in flame ( [F23C 2203/10](#) takes precedence )

F23C 2203/30 . Injection of tempering fluids

**F23C 2205/00 Pulsating combustion**

F23C 2205/10 . with pulsating fuel supply

F23C 2205/20 . with pulsating oxidant supply

**F23C 2206/00 Fluidised bed combustion**

F23C 2206/10 . Circulating fluidised bed

F23C 2206/101 . . Entrained or fast fluidised bed

F23C 2206/102 . . Control of recirculation rate

F23C 2206/103 . . Cooling recirculating particles

**F23C 2700/00 Special arrangements for combustion apparatus using fluent fuel**

F23C 2700/02 . Combustion apparatus using liquid fuel

F23C 2700/023 . . without pre-vaporising means

F23C 2700/026 . . with pre-vaporising means

F23C 2700/04 . Combustion apparatus using gaseous fuel

F23C 2700/043 . . for surface combustion

F23C 2700/046 . . generating heat by heating radiant bodies

F23C 2700/06 . Combustion apparatus using pulverized fuel

F23C 2700/063 . . Arrangements for igniting, flame-guiding, air supply in

F23C 2700/066 . . Other special arrangements

**F23C 2900/00 Special features of, or arrangements for combustion apparatus using fluid fuels or solid fuels suspended in air ; Combustion processes therefor**

F23C 2900/01001 . Co-combustion of biomass with coal

F23C 2900/03001 . Miniaturized combustion devices using fluid fuels

F23C 2900/03002 . Combustion apparatus adapted for incorporating a fuel reforming device

- F23C 2900/03003 . Annular combustion chambers ( [for gas turbines F23R 3/50](#) )
- F23C 2900/03004 . Tubular combustion chambers with swirling fuel/air flow
- F23C 2900/03005 . Burners with an internal combustion chamber, e.g. for obtaining an increased heat release, a high speed jet flame or being used for starting the combustion
- F23C 2900/03006 . Reverse flow combustion chambers
- F23C 2900/03007 . Sealed combustion chambers with balanced flue
- F23C 2900/03008 . Spherical or bulb-shaped combustion chambers
- F23C 2900/03009 . Elongated tube-shaped combustion chambers
- F23C 2900/05081 . Disposition of burners relative to each other creating specific heat patterns
- F23C 2900/05082 . Disposition of radial jet burners in relation to an impingement surface, e.g. a heat transfer surface, to obtain flame re-attachment combustion
- F23C 2900/06041 . Staged supply of oxidant
- F23C 2900/06042 . Annular arrangement of burners in a furnace, e.g. in a gas turbine, operated in alternate lean-rich mode
- F23C 2900/06043 . Burner staging, i.e. radially stratified flame core burners
- F23C 2900/07001 . Air swirling vanes incorporating fuel injectors
- F23C 2900/07002 . Premix burners with air inlet slots obtained between offset curved wall surfaces, e.g. double cone burners
- F23C 2900/07021 . Details of lances
- F23C 2900/07022 . Delaying secondary air introduction into the flame by using a shield or gas curtain
- F23C 2900/09001 . Cooling flue gas before returning them to flame or combustion chamber
- F23C 2900/09002 . Specific devices inducing or forcing flue gas recirculation
- F23C 2900/10001 . Use of special materials for the fluidized bed
- F23C 2900/10002 . Treatment devices for the fluidizing gas, e.g. cooling, filtering
- F23C 2900/10003 . Fluidized beds with expanding freeboard, i.e. cross-section increasing upwardly
- F23C 2900/10004 . Adding inert bed material to maintain proper fluidized bed inventory
- F23C 2900/10005 . Arrangement comprising two or more beds in separate enclosures
- F23C 2900/10006 . Pressurized fluidized bed combustors

- F23C 2900/10007 . Spouted fluidized bed combustors
- F23C 2900/10008 . Special arrangements of return flow seal valve in fluidized bed combustors
- F23C 2900/13001 . Details of catalytic combustors
- F23C 2900/13002 . Catalytic combustion followed by a homogeneous combustion phase or stabilizing a homogeneous combustion phase
- F23C 2900/99001 . Cold flame combustion or flameless oxidation processes
- F23C 2900/99003 . Combustion techniques using laser or light beams as ignition, stabilization or combustion enhancing means
- F23C 2900/99004 . Combustion process using petroleum coke or any other fuel with a very low content in volatile matters
- F23C 2900/99005 . Combustion techniques using plasma gas
- F23C 2900/99006 . Arrangements for starting combustion
- F23C 2900/99008 . Unmixed combustion, i.e. without direct mixing of oxygen gas and fuel, but using the oxygen from a metal oxide, e.g. FeO
- F23C 2900/99009 . Combustion process using vegetable derived fuels, e.g. from rapeseeds
- F23C 2900/9901 . Combustion process using hydrogen, hydrogen peroxide water or brown gas as fuel
- F23C 2900/99011 . Combustion process using synthetic gas as a fuel, i.e. a mixture of CO and H<sub>2</sub>