

# CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

## C CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

(NOTES omitted)

### CHEMISTRY

**C07** **ORGANIC CHEMISTRY** (such compounds as the oxides, sulfides, or oxysulfides of carbon, cyanogen, phosgene, hydrocyanic acid or salts thereof [C01](#); products obtained from layered base-exchange silicates by ion-exchange with organic compounds such as ammonium, phosphonium or sulfonium compounds or by intercalation of organic compounds [C01B 33/44](#); macromolecular compounds [C08](#); dyes [C09](#); fermentation products [C12](#); fermentation or enzyme-using processes to synthesise a desired chemical compound or composition or to separate optical isomers from a racemic mixture [C12P](#); production of organic compounds by electrolysis or electrophoresis [C25B 3/00](#), [C25B 7/00](#))

(NOTES omitted)

**C07K** **PEPTIDES** (peptides in foodstuffs [A23](#); obtaining protein compositions for foodstuffs, working-up proteins for foodstuffs [A23J](#); preparations for medicinal purposes [A61K](#); peptides containing beta-lactam rings [C07D](#); cyclic dipeptides not having in their molecule any other peptide link than those which form their ring, e.g. piperazine-2,5-diones, [C07D](#); ergot alkaloids of the cyclic peptide type [C07D 519/02](#); macromolecular compounds having statistically distributed amino acid units in their molecules, i.e. when the preparation does not provide for a specific; but for a random sequence of the amino acid units, homopolyamides and block copolyamides derived from amino acids [C08G 69/00](#); macromolecular products derived from proteins [C08H 1/00](#); preparation of glue or gelatine [C09H](#); single cell proteins, enzymes [C12N](#); genetic engineering processes for obtaining peptides [C12N 15/00](#); compositions for measuring or testing processes involving enzymes [C12Q](#); investigation or analysis of biological material [G01N 33/00](#))

### NOTES

1. In this subclass, the following terms or expressions are used with the meanings indicated:
  - "amino acids" are compounds in which at least one amino group and at least one carboxyl group are bound to the same carbon skeleton and the nitrogen atom of the amino group may form part of a ring;
  - "normal peptide link" is one between an alpha-amino group of an amino acid and the carboxyl group - in position 1 - of another alpha-amino acid;
  - "abnormal peptide link" is a link where at least one of the linked amino acids is not an alpha-amino acid or a link formed by at least one carboxyl or amino group being part of the side chain of a alpha-amino acid;
  - "peptides" are compounds containing at least two amino acid units, which are bound through at least one normal peptide link, including oligopeptides, polypeptides and proteins, where:
    - i. "linear peptides" may comprise rings formed through S-S bridges, or through a hydroxy or a mercapto group of an hydroxy- or mercapto-amino acid and the carboxyl group of another amino acid, (e.g. peptide lactones) but do not comprise rings which are formed only through peptide links;
    - ii. "cyclic peptides" are peptides comprising at least one ring formed only through peptide links; the cyclisation may occur only through normal peptide links or through abnormal peptide links, e.g. through the 4-amino group of 2,4-diaminobutanoic acid. Thus, cyclic compounds in which at least one link in the ring is a non-peptide link are considered as "linear peptides";
    - iii. "depsipeptides" are compounds containing a sequence of at least two alpha-amino acids and at least one alpha-hydroxy carboxylic acid, which are bound through at least one normal peptide link and ester links, derived from the hydroxy carboxylic acids, where:
      - a. "linear depsipeptides" may comprise rings formed through S-S bridges, or through an hydroxy or a mercapto group of an hydroxy- or mercapto-amino acid and the carboxyl group of another amino- of hydroxy-acid but do not comprise rings formed only through peptide or ester links derived from hydroxy carboxylic acids, e.g. Gly-Ala-Gly-OCH<sub>2</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H and Gly-OCH<sub>2</sub>CO-Ala-Gly are considered as "linear depsipeptides", but HOCH<sub>2</sub>CO-Gly-Ala-Gly does not contain an ester link, and is thus a derivative of Gly-Ala-Gly which is covered by [C07K 5/08](#);
      - b. "cyclic depsipeptides" are peptides containing at least one ring formed only through peptide or ester links - derived from hydroxy carboxylic acids -, e.g. Gly-Ala-Gly-OCH<sub>2</sub>CO.

## C07K

### C07K

(continued)

2. Fragments of peptides or peptides modified by removal or addition of amino acids, by substitution of amino acids by others, or by combination of these modifications, are classified as the parent peptides. However, fragments of peptides having only four or less amino acids are also classified in group [C07K 5/00](#).
3. Peptides prepared by chemical processes and having an amino acid sequence derived from naturally occurring peptides are classified with the natural one.
4. Peptides prepared by recombinant DNA technology are not classified according to the host, but according to the original peptide expressed, e.g. HIV peptide expressed in *E. coli* is classified with HIV peptides.
5. When classifying in this subclass, classification is also made in group [B01D 15/08](#) insofar as subject matter of general interest relating to chromatography is concerned.

### WARNINGS

1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

<a href="#">C07K 5/023</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0202</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/027</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0205</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/03</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0207</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/033</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/021</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/037</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0215</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/062</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/06017</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/065</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/06078</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/068</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/06086</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/072</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/06104</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/075</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0613</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/078</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/06139</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/083</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0804</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/087</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0812</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/09</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0815</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/093</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0819</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/097</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/0821</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/103</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/1005</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/107</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/1016</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/11</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/1019</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/113</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/1021</a>
<a href="#">C07K 5/117</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 5/1024</a>
<a href="#">C07K 14/185</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 14/1816</a>
<a href="#">C07K 14/725</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 14/705</a>
<a href="#">C07K 14/73</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 14/70514</a>
<a href="#">C07K 14/735</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 14/70535</a>
<a href="#">C07K 14/74</a>	covered by	<a href="#">C07K 14/70539</a>

2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

<b>1/00</b>	<b>General methods for the preparation of peptides {, i.e. processes for the organic chemical preparation of peptides or proteins of any length}</b>	1/063	. . . {for alpha-amino functions}
		1/064	. . . {for omega-amino or -guanidino functions}
1/003	. {by transforming the C-terminal amino acid to amides}	1/065	. . . {for hydroxy functions, not being part of carboxy functions}
1/006	. {of peptides containing derivatised side chain amino acids}	1/066	. . . {for omega-amido functions}
1/02	. in solution {( <a href="#">C07K 1/003</a> , <a href="#">C07K 1/006</a> take precedence)}	1/067	. . . {for sulfur-containing functions}
1/023	. . {using racemisation inhibiting agents}	1/068	. . . {for heterocyclic side chains}
1/026	. . {by fragment condensation in solution}	1/08	. . using activating agents {( <a href="#">C07K 1/003</a> , <a href="#">C07K 1/006</a> take precedence)}
1/04	. on carriers {( <a href="#">C07K 1/003</a> , <a href="#">C07K 1/006</a> take precedence)}	1/082	. . . {containing phosphorus}
1/042	. . {characterised by the nature of the carrier}	1/084	. . . {containing nitrogen}
1/045	. . {using devices to improve synthesis, e.g. reactors, special vessels}	1/086	. . . {containing sulfur}
1/047	. . {Simultaneous synthesis of different peptide species; Peptide libraries}	1/088	. . . {containing other elements, e.g. B, Si, As}
1/06	. using protecting groups or activating agents {( <a href="#">C07K 1/003</a> , <a href="#">C07K 1/006</a> take precedence)}	1/10	. using coupling agents {( <a href="#">C07K 1/006</a> takes precedence)}
1/061	. . {using protecting groups}	1/107	. by chemical modification of precursor peptides
1/062	. . . {for alpha- or omega-carboxy functions}	1/1072	. . {by covalent attachment of residues or functional groups}
		1/1075	. . . {by covalent attachment of amino acids or peptide residues}

- 1/1077 . . . {by covalent attachment of residues other than amino acids or peptide residues, e.g. sugars, polyols, fatty acids}
- 1/113 . . without change of the primary structure
- 1/1133 . . . {by redox-reactions involving cystein/cystin side chains}
- 1/1136 . . . {by reversible modification of the secondary, tertiary or quaternary structure, e.g. using denaturing or stabilising agents}
- 1/12 . by hydrolysis {, i.e. solvolysis in general}
- 1/122 . . {Hydrolysis with acids different from HF}
- 1/124 . . {Hydrazinolysis}
- 1/126 . . {Aminolysis}
- 1/128 . . {sequencing}
- 1/13 . Labelling of peptides
- 1/14 . Extraction; Separation; Purification
- 1/145 . . {by extraction or solubilisation}
- 1/16 . . by chromatography
- 1/165 . . . {mixed-mode chromatography}
- 1/18 . . . Ion-exchange chromatography
- 1/20 . . . Partition-, reverse-phase or hydrophobic interaction chromatography
- 1/22 . . . Affinity chromatography or related techniques based upon selective absorption processes
- 1/24 . . by electrochemical means
- 1/26 . . . Electrophoresis
- 1/28 . . . . Isoelectric focusing
- 1/285 . . . . . {multi dimensional electrophoresis}
- 1/30 . . by precipitation
- 1/303 . . . {by salting out}
- 1/306 . . . {by crystallization}
- 5/0202 . . {containing the structure -NH-X-X-C(=O)-, X being an optionally substituted carbon atom or a heteroatom, e.g. beta-amino acids}
- 5/0205 . . {containing the structure -NH-(X)3-C(=O)-, e.g. statine or derivatives thereof}
- 5/0207 . . {containing the structure -NH-(X)4-C(=O), e.g. 'isosters', replacing two amino acids}
- 5/021 . . {containing the structure -NH-(X)n-C(=O)-, n being 5 or 6; for n > 6, classification in [C07K 5/06](#) - [C07K 5/10](#), according to the moiety having normal peptide bonds}
- 5/0212 . . {containing the structure -N-C-N-C(=O)-, e.g. retro-inverso peptides}
- 5/0215 . . {containing natural amino acids, forming a peptide bond via their side chain functional group, e.g. epsilon-Lys, gamma-Glu}
- 5/0217 . . {containing the structure -C(=O)-C-N-C(=O)-N-C-C(=O)-}
- 5/022 . . {containing the structure -X-C(=O)-(C)n-N-C-C(=O)-Y-, X and Y being heteroatoms; n being 1 or 2}
- 5/0222 . . . {with the first amino acid being heterocyclic, e.g. Pro, Trp}
- 5/0225 . . {containing the structure -N-C-C(=O)-N-C(=O)-C-N-}
- 5/0227 . . {containing the (partial) peptide sequence -Phe-His-NH-(X)2-C(=O)-, e.g. Renin-inhibitors with n = 2 - 6; for n > 6 see [C07K 5/06](#) - [C07K 5/10](#)}
- 5/04 . containing only normal peptide links

**NOTE**

Large single crystals of proteins from solutions are classified in [C30B 7/00](#) for the method and in [C30B 29/58](#) for the crystal

- 1/32 . . . as complexes
- 1/34 . . by filtration, ultrafiltration or reverse osmosis
- 1/36 . . by a combination of two or more processes of different types

**2/00 Peptides of undefined number of amino acids; Derivatives thereof****4/00 Peptides having up to 20 amino acids in an undefined or only partially defined sequence; Derivatives thereof**

- 4/02 . from viruses
- 4/04 . from bacteria
- 4/06 . from fungi
- 4/08 . from algae; from lichens
- 4/10 . from plants
- 4/12 . from animals; from humans

**NOTE**

If no indication to the contrary is given, all amino acids are considered to be in the natural L-form

**5/00 Peptides containing up to four amino acids in a fully defined sequence; Derivatives thereof**

- 5/02 . containing at least one abnormal peptide link

**NOTE**

In groups [C07K 5/06](#) - [C07K 5/10](#) the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

neutral: amino acids having in the sidechain the same number of amino groups and carboxylic acid groups or derivatives thereof, e.g. Gly;

basic: amino acids having in the sidechain more amino groups than carboxylic acid groups or derivatives thereof, e.g. Arg;

acidic: amino acids having in the sidechain more carboxylic acid groups or derivatives thereof than amino groups, e.g. Asp;

aliphatic: amino acids having only acyclic carbon atoms in the sidechain, e.g. Ala

aromatic;

cycloaliphatic: amino acids having a carbocyclic ring in the sidechain, e.g. Phe

heterocyclic: amino acids wherein the sidechain contains or is part of a heteroring, e.g. Pro;

side chain: the R radical in the optionally functionalised amino acid R-CH(NH<sub>2</sub>)CO<sub>2</sub>H)

- 5/06 . . Dipeptides
- 5/06008 . . . {with the first amino acid being neutral}
- 5/06017 . . . . {and aliphatic}
- 5/06026 . . . . . {the side chain containing 0 or 1 carbon atom, i.e. Gly or Ala}
- 5/06034 . . . . . {the side chain containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms}
- 5/06043 . . . . . {Leu-amino acid}
- 5/06052 . . . . . {Val-amino acid}
- 5/0606 . . . . . {the side chain containing heteroatoms not provided for by [C07K 5/06086](#) - [C07K 5/06139](#), e.g. Ser, Met, Cys, Thr}
- 5/06069 . . . . . {Ser-amino acid}
- 5/06078 . . . . {and aromatic or cycloaliphatic}
- 5/06086 . . . {with the first amino acid being basic}
- 5/06095 . . . . {Arg-amino acid}
- 5/06104 . . . {with the first amino acid being acidic}
- 5/06113 . . . . {Asp- or Asn-amino acid}
- 5/06121 . . . . . {the second amino acid being aromatic or cycloaliphatic}
- 5/0613 . . . . . {Aspartame}
- 5/06139 . . . {with the first amino acid being heterocyclic}
- 5/06147 . . . . {and His-amino acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/06156 . . . . {and Trp-amino acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/06165 . . . . {and Pro-amino acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/06173 . . . . {and Glp-amino acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/06182 . . . . {and Pristinamycin II; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/06191 . . . {containing heteroatoms different from O, S, or N}
- 5/08 . . Tripeptides
- 5/0802 . . . {with the first amino acid being neutral}
- 5/0804 . . . . {and aliphatic}
- 5/0806 . . . . . {the side chain containing 0 or 1 carbon atoms, i.e. Gly, Ala}
- 5/0808 . . . . . {the side chain containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms, e.g. Val, Ile, Leu}
- 5/081 . . . . . {the side chain containing O or S as heteroatoms, e.g. Cys, Ser}
- 5/0812 . . . . . {and aromatic or cycloaliphatic}
- 5/0815 . . . {with the first amino acid being basic}
- 5/0817 . . . . {the first amino acid being Arg}
- 5/0819 . . . {with the first amino acid being acidic}
- 5/0821 . . . {with the first amino acid being heterocyclic, e.g. His, Pro, Trp}
- 5/0823 . . . . {and Pro-amino acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/0825 . . . . {and Glp-amino acid; Derivatives thereof}
- 5/0827 . . . {containing heteroatoms different from O, S, or N}
- 5/10 . . Tetrapeptides
- 5/1002 . . . {with the first amino acid being neutral}
- 5/1005 . . . . {and aliphatic}
- 5/1008 . . . . . {the side chain containing 0 or 1 carbon atoms, i.e. Gly, Ala}
- 5/101 . . . . . {the side chain containing 2 to 4 carbon atoms, e.g. Val, Ile, Leu}
- 5/1013 . . . . . {the side chain containing O or S as heteroatoms, e.g. Cys, Ser}
- 5/1016 . . . . {and aromatic or cycloaliphatic}
- 5/1019 . . . {with the first amino acid being basic}
- 5/1021 . . . {with the first amino acid being acidic}
- 5/1024 . . . {with the first amino acid being heterocyclic}
- 5/1027 . . . . {containing heteroatoms different from O, S, or N}
- 5/12 . . Cyclic peptides {with only normal peptide bonds in the ring}
- NOTE**
- Cyclic peptides containing at least one abnormal peptide link are classified as linear peptides
- 5/123 . . . . {Tripeptides}
- 5/126 . . . . {Tetrapeptides}
- 7/00 Peptides having 5 to 20 amino acids in a fully defined sequence; Derivatives thereof**
- NOTE**
- In this subgroup cyclic compounds related to specific compounds which are classified in a specific group, e.g. [C07K 7/062](#), are classified in this specific group only
- 7/02 . . Linear peptides containing at least one abnormal peptide link
- 7/04 . . Linear peptides containing only normal peptide links
- 7/06 . . having 5 to 11 amino acids
- 7/062 . . . . {Serum thymic factor}
- 7/065 . . . . {Thymic humoral factor}
- 7/067 . . . . {Hemoregulatory peptides based on sequence Glp-Glu-Asp-Cys-Lys}
- 7/08 . . having 12 to 20 amino acids ([gastrins C07K 14/595](#); [somatostatins C07K 14/655](#); [melanotropins C07K 14/68](#))
- 7/083 . . . . {Neurotensin}
- 7/086 . . . . {Bombesin; Related peptides ([having more than 20 amino acids C07K 14/5752](#))}
- 7/14 . . Angiotensins; Related peptides
- 7/16 . . Oxytocins; Vasopressins; Related peptides
- 7/18 . . Kallidins; Bradykinins; Related peptides
- 7/22 . . {Tachykinins, e.g.} Eledoisins {, Substance P}; Related peptides
- 7/23 . . Luteinising hormone-releasing hormone [LHRH]; Related peptides
- 7/28 . . Gramicidins A, B, D; Related peptides
- 7/50 . . Cyclic peptides containing at least one abnormal peptide link
- 7/52 . . with only normal peptide links in the ring
- 7/54 . . with at least one abnormal peptide link in the ring
- 7/56 . . . the cyclisation not occurring through 2,4-diamino-butanoic acid
- 7/58 . . . . Bacitracins; Related peptides
- 7/60 . . . the cyclisation occurring through the 4-amino group of 2,4-diamino-butanoic acid
- 7/62 . . . . Polymyxins; Related peptides
- 7/64 . . Cyclic peptides containing only normal peptide links
- 7/645 . . {Cyclosporins; Related peptides}
- 7/66 . . Gramicidins S, C; Tyrocidins A, B, C; Related peptides
- 9/00 Peptides having up to 20 amino acids, containing saccharide radicals and having a fully defined sequence; Derivatives thereof**
- 9/001 . . {the peptide sequence having less than 12 amino acids and not being part of a ring structure}

- 9/003 . . {Peptides being substituted by heterocyclic radicals, e.g. bleomycin, phleomycin}
- 9/005 . . {containing within the molecule the substructure with m, n >
- 
- 0 and m+n > 0, A, B, D, E being heteroatoms; X being a bond or a chain, e.g. muramylpeptides}
- 9/006 . {the peptide sequence being part of a ring structure}
- 9/008 . . {directly attached to a hetero atom of the saccharide radical, e.g. actaplanin, avoparcin, ristomycin, vancomycin}
- 11/00 Depsipeptides having up to 20 amino acids in a fully defined sequence; Derivatives thereof**
- 11/02 . cyclic, e.g. valinomycins {Derivatives thereof}
- 14/00 Peptides having more than 20 amino acids; Gastrins; Somatostatins; Melanotropins; Derivatives thereof**
- 14/001 . {by chemical synthesis}
- 14/003 . . {Peptide-nucleic acids (PNAs)}
- 14/005 . from viruses
- NOTE**
- When classifying in this group, subject-matter related to viral proteins shall be classified by the symbol [C07K 14/005](#) together with (a number of) appropriate indexing codes out of [C12N 2710/00-C12N 2795/00](#)
- WARNING**
1. From March 15, 2012 groups [C07K 14/01](#) - [C07K 14/19](#) and subgroups thereof are no longer used for the classification of new documents. 2. Reclassification of the back-file follows the principle outlined in the Note here above
- 14/01 . . DNA viruses
- 14/015 . . . Parvoviridae, e.g. feline panleukopenia virus, human parvovirus
- 14/02 . . . Hepadnaviridae, e.g. hepatitis B virus
- 14/025 . . . Papovaviridae, e.g. papillomavirus, polyomavirus, SV40, BK virus, JC virus
- 14/03 . . . Herpetoviridae, e.g. pseudorabies virus
- 14/032 . . . . {Pseudorabies virus, i.e. Anjatzky virus}
- 14/035 . . . . Herpes simplex virus I or II
- 14/04 . . . . Varicella-zoster virus
- 14/045 . . . . . Cytomegalovirus
- 14/05 . . . . . Epstein-Barr virus
- 14/055 . . . . . Marek's disease virus
- 14/06 . . . . . Infectious bovine rhinotracheitis virus
- 14/065 . . . Poxviridae, e.g. avipoxvirus
- 14/07 . . . . . Vaccinia virus; Variola virus
- 14/075 . . . Adenoviridae
- 14/08 . . RNA viruses
- 14/082 . . . {Arteriviridae, e.g. EAV, PRRSV}
- 14/085 . . . Picornaviridae, e.g. coxsackie virus, echovirus, enterovirus
- 14/09 . . . . . Foot-and-mouth disease virus
- 14/095 . . . . . Rhinovirus
- 14/10 . . . . . Hepatitis A virus
- 14/105 . . . . . Poliovirus
- 14/11 . . . . Orthomyxoviridae, e.g. influenza virus
- 14/115 . . . . Paramyxoviridae, e.g. parainfluenza virus
- 14/12 . . . . . Mumps virus; Measles virus
- 14/125 . . . . . Newcastle disease virus
- 14/13 . . . . . Canine distemper virus
- 14/135 . . . . . Respiratory syncytial virus
- 14/14 . . . . Reoviridae, e.g. rotavirus, bluetongue virus, Colorado tick fever virus
- 14/145 . . . . Rhabdoviridae, e.g. rabies virus, Duvenhage virus, Mokda virus, vesicular stomatitis virus
- 14/15 . . . . Retroviridae, e.g. bovine leukaemia virus, feline leukaemia virus human T-cell leukaemia-lymphoma virus
- 14/155 . . . . . Lentiviridae, e.g. visna-maedi virus, equine infectious virus, FIV, SIV
- 14/16 . . . . . HIV-1 {; HIV-2}
- 14/161 . . . . . . {gag-pol, e.g. p55, p24/25, p17/18, p7, p6, p66/68, p51/52, p31/34, p32, p40}
- 14/162 . . . . . . {env, e.g. gp160, gp110/120, gp41, V3, peptid T, CD4-Binding site}
- 14/163 . . . . . . {Regulatory proteins, e.g. tat, nef, rev, vif, vpu, vpr, vpt, vpx}
- 14/165 . . . Coronaviridae, e.g. avian infectious bronchitis virus
- 14/17 . . . . . Porcine transmissible gastroenteritis virus
- 14/175 . . . . Bunyaviridae, e.g. California encephalitis virus, Rift valley fever virus, Hantaan virus
- 14/18 . . . . Togaviridae; {Flaviviridae}
- 14/1808 . . . . . {Alphaviruses or Group A arboviruses, e.g. sindbis, VEE, EEE, WEE, semliki forest virus (rubella virus [C07K 14/19](#))}
- 14/1816 . . . . . {Flaviviridae, e.g. pestivirus, mucosal disease virus, bovine viral diarrhoea virus, classical swine fever virus (hog cholera virus), border disease virus}
- 14/1825 . . . . . {Flaviviruses or Group B arboviruses, e.g. yellow fever virus, japanese encephalitis, tick-borne encephalitis, dengue}
- 14/1833 . . . . . {Hepatitis C; Hepatitis NANB}
- 14/1841 . . . . . {Hepatitis G; Hepatitis NANBNCNDNE}
- 14/19 . . . . . Rubella virus
- 14/195 . from bacteria
- NOTE**
- In groups [C07K 14/20](#) - [C07K 14/365](#), where appropriate, after the bacteria terminology, the indication of the order (O), family (F) or genus (G) of the bacteria is given in brackets.
- 14/20 . . from Spirochaetales (O), e.g. Treponema, Leptospira
- 14/205 . . from Campylobacter (G)
- 14/21 . . from Pseudomonadaceae (F)
- 14/212 . . . {Moraxellaceae, e.g. Acinetobacter, Moraxella, Oligella, Psychrobacter}
- 14/215 . . from Halobacteriaceae (F)
- 14/22 . . from Neisseriaceae (F)
- 14/225 . . from Alcaligenes (G)
- 14/23 . . from Brucella (G)
- 14/235 . . from Bordetella (G)
- 14/24 . . from Enterobacteriaceae (F), e.g. Citrobacter, Serratia, Proteus, Providencia, Morganella, Yersinia
- 14/245 . . . Escherichia (G)



14/25	. . . Shigella (G)	14/43581	. . . . . {from Drosophila}
14/255	. . . Salmonella (G)	14/43586	. . . . . {from silkworms}
14/26	. . . Klebsiella (G)	14/4359	. . . . . {from fleas}
14/265	. . . Enterobacter (G)	14/43595	. . . {from coelenteratae, e.g. medusae}
14/27	. . . Erwinia (G)	14/44	. . from protozoa
14/275	. . . Hafnia (G)	14/445	. . . Plasmodium
14/28	. . from Vibrionaceae (F)	14/45	. . . Toxoplasma
14/285	. . from Pasteurellaceae (F), e.g. Haemophilus influenza	14/455	. . . Eimeria
14/29	. . from Rickettsiales (O)	14/46	. . from vertebrates
14/295	. . from Chlamydiales (O)	14/461	. . . {from fish}
14/30	. . from Mycoplasmatales, e.g. Pleuropneumonia-like organisms [PPLO]	14/463	. . . {from amphibians}
14/305	. . from Micrococcaceae (F)	14/465	. . . from birds
14/31	. . . from Staphylococcus (G)	14/47	. . . from mammals
14/315	. . from Streptococcus (G), e.g. Enterococci	14/4701	. . . . . {not used}
14/3153	. . . {Streptokinase}	14/4702	. . . . . {Regulators; Modulating activity}
14/3156	. . . {from Streptococcus pneumoniae (Pneumococcus) (Streptokinase C07K 14/3153)}	14/4703	. . . . . {Inhibitors; Suppressors}
14/32	. . from Bacillus (G)	14/4705	. . . . . {stimulating, promoting or activating activity}
14/325	. . . Bacillus thuringiensis crystal protein (delta-endotoxin)	14/4706	. . . . . {Guanosine triphosphatase activating protein, GAP}
14/33	. . from Clostridium (G)	14/4707	. . . . . {Muscular dystrophy}
14/335	. . from Lactobacillus (G)	14/4708	. . . . . {Duchenne dystrophy}
14/34	. . from Corynebacterium (G)	14/471	. . . . . {Myotonic dystrophy}
14/345	. . from Brevibacterium (G)	14/4711	. . . . . {Alzheimer's disease; Amyloid plaque core protein}
14/35	. . from Mycobacteriaceae (F)	14/4712	. . . . . {Cystic fibrosis}
14/355	. . from Nocardia (G)	14/4713	. . . . . {Autoimmune diseases, e.g. Insulin-dependent diabetes mellitus, multiple sclerosis, rheumatoid arthritis, systemic lupus erythematosus; Autoantigens}
14/36	. . from Actinomyces; from Streptomyces (G)	14/4715	. . . . . {Pregnancy proteins, e.g. placenta proteins, alpha-feto-protein, pregnancy specific beta glycoprotein}
14/365	. . from Actinoplanes (G)	14/4716	. . . . . {Muscle proteins, e.g. myosin, actin}
14/37	. from fungi	14/4717	. . . . . {Plasma globulins, lactoglobulin}
14/375	. . from Basidiomycetes	14/4718	. . . . . {Cytokine-induced proteins}
14/38	. . from Aspergillus	14/472	. . . . . {Complement proteins, e.g. anaphylatoxin, C3a, C5a}
14/385	. . from Penicillium	14/4721	. . . . . {Lipocortins}
14/39	. . from yeasts	14/4722	. . . . . {G-proteins}
14/395	. . . from Saccharomyces	14/4723	. . . . . {Cationic antimicrobial peptides, e.g. defensins}
14/40	. . . from Candida	14/4725	. . . . . {Proteoglycans, e.g. aggrecan}
14/405	. from algae	14/4726	. . . . . {Lectins}
14/41	. from lichens	14/4727	. . . . . {Mucins, e.g. human intestinal mucin}
14/415	. from plants	14/4728	. . . . . {Calcium binding proteins, e.g. calmodulin}
14/42	. . Lectins, e.g. concanavalin, phytohaemagglutinin	14/473	. . . . . {alpha-Glycoproteins}
14/425	. . Zeins	14/4731	. . . . . {Recognins, e.g. malignin}
14/43	. . {Sweetening agents, e.g.} thaumatin, {monellin}	14/4732	. . . . . {Casein (in foodstuffs <a href="#">A23J</a> )}
14/435	. from animals; from humans	14/4733	. . . . . {Acute pancreatitis-associated protein}
14/43504	. . {from invertebrates}	14/4735	. . . . . {Villin}
14/43509	. . . {from crustaceans}	14/4736	. . . . . {Retinoblastoma protein}
14/43513	. . . {from arachnidae}	14/4737	. . . . . {C-reactive protein}
14/43518	. . . . {from spiders}	14/4738	. . . . . {Cell cycle regulated proteins, e.g. cyclin, CDC, INK-CCR (cell cycle dependent kinases <a href="#">C12N 9/12</a> )}
14/43522	. . . . {from scorpions}	14/474	. . . . . {Pancreatic thread protein; Reg protein}
14/43527	. . . . {from ticks}	14/4741	. . . . . {Keratin; Cytokeratin}
14/43531	. . . . {from mites}	14/4742	. . . . . {Bactericidal/Permeability-increasing protein [BPI]}
14/43536	. . . {from worms}	14/4743	. . . . . {Insulin-like growth factor binding protein}
14/4354	. . . . {from nematodes}		
14/43545	. . . . . {from Caenorhabditis}		
14/4355	. . . . {from cestodes}		
14/43554	. . . . . {from Taenia}		
14/43559	. . . . {from trematodes}		
14/43563	. . . {from insects}		
14/43568	. . . . {from wasps}		
14/43572	. . . . {from bees}		
14/43577	. . . . {from flies}		

14/4745	. . . . .	{Cancer-associated SCM-recognition factor, CRISPP}	14/575	. .	Hormones (derived from pro-opiomelanocortin, pro-enkephalin or pro-dynorphin <a href="#">C07K 14/665</a> , e.g. corticotropin <a href="#">C07K 14/695</a> )
14/4746	. . . . .	{p53}	14/57509	. . .	{Corticotropin releasing factor [CRF] (Urotensin)}
14/4747	. . . . .	{Apoptosis related proteins}	14/57518	. . .	{Placental lactogen; Chorionic somatomammotropin}
14/4748	. . . . .	{Tumour specific antigens; Tumour rejection antigen precursors [TRAP], e.g. MAGE}	14/57527	. . .	{Calcitonin gene related peptide}
14/475	. .	Growth factors; Growth regulators	14/57536	. . .	{Endothelin, vasoactive intestinal contractor [VIC]}
14/4753	. . .	{Hepatocyte growth factor; Scatter factor; Tumor cytotoxic factor II}	14/57545	. . .	{Neuropeptide Y}
14/4756	. . .	{Neuregulins, i.e. p185erbB2 ligands, glial growth factor, heregulin, ARIA, neu differentiation factor}	14/57554	. . .	{Prolactin}
14/48	. . .	Nerve growth factor [NGF]	14/57563	. . .	{Vasoactive intestinal peptide [VIP]; Related peptides}
14/485	. . .	Epidermal growth factor [EGF] (urogastrone)	14/57572	. . .	{Gastrin releasing peptide (bombesin <a href="#">C07K 7/086</a> )}
14/49	. . .	Platelet-derived growth factor [PDGF]	14/57581	. . .	{Thymosin; Related peptides}
14/495	. . .	Transforming growth factor [TGF]	14/5759	. . .	{Products of obesity genes, e.g. leptin, obese (OB), tub, fat}
14/50	. . .	Fibroblast growth factors [FGF]	14/58	. . .	Atrial natriuretic factor complex; Atriopeptin; Atrial natriuretic peptide [ANP]; Cardionatrin; Cardiodilatin
14/501	. . . . .	{acidic FGF [aFGF]}	14/582	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/503	. . . . .	{basic FGF [bFGF]}	14/585	. . .	Calcitonins
14/505	. . .	Erythropoietin [EPO]	14/5855	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/51	. . .	Bone morphogenetic factor; Osteogenins; Osteogenic factor; Bone-inducing factor	14/59	. . .	Follicle-stimulating hormone [FSH]; Chorionic gonadotropins, e.g. HCG; Luteinising hormone [LH]; Thyroid-stimulating hormone [TSH]
14/515	. . .	Angiogenesis factors; Angiogenin	14/592	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/52	. .	Cytokines; Lymphokines; Interferons	14/595	. . .	Gastrins; Cholecystokinins [CCK]
14/521	. . .	{Chemokines}	14/5955	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/522	. . . . .	{Alpha-chemokines, e.g. NAP-2, ENA-78, GRO-alpha/MGSA/NAP-3, GRO-beta/MIP-2alpha, GRO-gamma/MIP-2beta, IP-10, GCP-2, MIG, PBSF, PF-4, KC}	14/60	. . .	Growth-hormone releasing factors (GH-RF) (Somatoliberin)
14/523	. . . . .	{Beta-chemokines, e.g. RANTES, I-309/TCA-3, MIP-1alpha, MIP-1beta/ACT-2/LD78/SCIF, MCP-1/MCAF, MCP-2, MCP-3, LDCF-1, LDCF-2}	14/605	. . .	Glucagons
14/524	. . .	{Thrombopoietin, i.e. C-MPL ligand}	14/61	. . .	Growth hormones [GH] (Somatotropin)
14/525	. . .	Tumour necrosis factor [TNF]	14/615	. . . . .	Extraction from natural sources
14/5255	. . . . .	{Lymphotoxin [LT]}	14/62	. . .	Insulins
14/53	. . .	Colony-stimulating factor [CSF]	14/622	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/535	. . . . .	Granulocyte CSF; Granulocyte-macrophage CSF	14/625	. . . . .	Extraction from natural sources
14/54	. . .	Interleukins [IL]	14/63	. . .	Motilins
14/5403	. . . . .	{IL-3}	14/635	. . .	Parathyroid hormone (parathormone); Parathyroid hormone-related peptides
14/5406	. . . . .	{IL-4}	14/64	. . .	Relaxins
14/5409	. . . . .	{IL-5}	14/645	. . .	Secretins
14/5412	. . . . .	{IL-6}	14/65	. . .	Insulin-like growth factors (Somatomedins), e.g. IGF-1, IGF-2
14/5415	. . . . .	{Leukaemia inhibitory factor [LIF]}	14/655	. . .	Somatostatins
14/5418	. . . . .	{IL-7}	14/6555	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/5421	. . . . .	{IL-8}	14/66	. . .	Thymopoietins
14/5425	. . . . .	{IL-9}	14/662	. . . . .	{at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/5428	. . . . .	{IL-10}	14/665	. .	derived from pro-opiomelanocortin, pro-enkephalin or pro-dynorphin
14/5431	. . . . .	{IL-11}	14/67	. . .	Lipotropins, e.g. beta, gamma lipotropin
14/5434	. . . . .	{IL-12}	14/672	. . . . .	{with at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/5437	. . . . .	{IL-13}	14/675	. . .	Beta-endorphins
14/544	. . . . .	{IL-14}	14/6755	. . . . .	{with at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/5443	. . . . .	{IL-15}	14/68	. . .	Melanocyte-stimulating hormone [MSH]
14/5446	. . . . .	{IL-16}	14/685	. . . . .	Alpha-melanotropin
14/545	. . . . .	IL-1	14/69	. . . . .	Beta-melanotropin
14/55	. . . . .	IL-2	14/695	. . .	Corticotropin [ACTH]
14/555	. . .	Interferons [IFN]	14/6955	. . . . .	{with at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/56	. . . . .	IFN-alpha	14/70	. . .	Enkephalins
14/565	. . . . .	IFN-beta	14/702	. . . . .	{with at least 1 amino acid in D-form}
14/57	. . . . .	IFN-gamma			

- 14/705 . . Receptors; Cell surface antigens; Cell surface determinants [{\(tumour specific antigens C07K 14/4748\)}](#)
- 14/70503 . . . {Immunoglobulin superfamily}
- 14/70507 . . . . {CD2}
- 14/7051 . . . . {T-cell receptor (TcR)-CD3 complex}
- 14/70514 . . . . {CD4}
- 14/70517 . . . . {CD8}
- 14/70521 . . . . {CD28, CD152}
- 14/70525 . . . . {ICAM molecules, e.g. CD50, CD54, CD102}
- 14/70528 . . . . {CD58}
- 14/70532 . . . . {B7 molecules, e.g. CD80, CD86}
- 14/70535 . . . . {Fc-receptors, e.g. CD16, CD32, CD64 (CD2314/705F)}
- 14/70539 . . . . {MHC-molecules, e.g. HLA-molecules}
- 14/70542 . . . . {CD106}
- 14/70546 . . . {Integrin superfamily}
- 14/7055 . . . . {Integrin beta1-subunit-containing molecules, e.g. CD29, CD49}
- 14/70553 . . . . {Integrin beta2-subunit-containing molecules, e.g. CD11, CD18}
- 14/70557 . . . . {Integrin beta3-subunit-containing molecules, e.g. CD41, CD51, CD61}
- 14/7056 . . . {Lectin superfamily, e.g. CD23, CD72}
- 14/70564 . . . . {Selectins, e.g. CD62}
- 14/70567 . . . {Nuclear receptors, e.g. retinoic acid receptor [RAR], RXR, nuclear orphan receptors}
- 14/70571 . . . {for neuromediators, e.g. serotonin receptor, dopamine receptor}
- 14/70575 . . . {NGF/TNF-superfamily, e.g. CD70, CD95L, CD153, CD154 [\(NGF C07K 14/48, TNF C07K 14/525\)}](#)}
- 14/70578 . . . {NGF-receptor/TNF-receptor superfamily, e.g. CD27, CD30, CD40, CD95 [\(NGF-receptor C07K 14/71, TNF-receptor C07K 14/7151\)}](#)}
- 14/70582 . . . {CD71}
- 14/70585 . . . {CD44}
- 14/70589 . . . {CD45}
- 14/70592 . . . {CD52}
- 14/70596 . . . {Molecules with a "CD"-designation not provided for elsewhere}
- 14/71 . . . for growth factors; for growth regulators
- 14/715 . . . for cytokines; for lymphokines; for interferons
- 14/7151 . . . . {for tumor necrosis factor [TNF], for lymphotoxin [LT]}
- 14/7153 . . . . {for colony-stimulating factors [CSF]}
- 14/7155 . . . . {for interleukins [IL]}
- 14/7156 . . . . {for interferons [IFN]}
- 14/7158 . . . . {for chemokines}
- 14/72 . . . for hormones [{\(for neuromediators C07K 14/70571\)}](#)
- 14/721 . . . . {Steroid/thyroid hormone superfamily, e.g. GR, EcR, androgen receptor, oestrogen receptor}
- 14/723 . . . . {G protein coupled receptor, e.g. TSHR-thyrotropin-receptor, LH/hCG receptor, FSH receptor}
- 14/745 . . Blood coagulation or fibrinolysis factors
- 14/7455 . . . {Thrombomodulin}
- 14/75 . . . Fibrinogen
- 14/755 . . . Factors VIII {, e.g. factor VIII C (AHF), factor VIII Ag (VWF)}
- 14/76 . . Albumins
- 14/765 . . . Serum albumin, e.g. HSA
- 14/77 . . . Ovalbumin
- 14/775 . . Apolipopptides
- 14/78 . . Connective tissue peptides, e.g. collagen, elastin, laminin, fibronectin, vitronectin, cold insoluble globulin [CIG]
- 14/785 . . Alveolar surfactant peptides; Pulmonary surfactant peptides
- 14/79 . . Transferrins, e.g. lactoferrins, ovotransferrins
- 14/795 . Porphyrin- or corrin-ring-containing peptides
- 14/80 . . Cytochromes
- 14/805 . . Haemoglobins; Myoglobins
- 14/81 . Protease inhibitors
- 14/8103 . . {Exopeptidase (E.C. 3.4.11-19) inhibitors}
- 14/8107 . . {Endopeptidase (E.C. 3.4.21-99) inhibitors}
- 14/811 . . . {Serine protease (E.C. 3.4.21) inhibitors}
- 14/8114 . . . . {Kunitz type inhibitors}
- 14/8117 . . . . . {Bovine/basic pancreatic trypsin inhibitor (BPTI, aprotinin)}
- 14/8121 . . . . {Serpins}
- 14/8125 . . . . . {Alpha-1-antitrypsin}
- 14/8128 . . . . . {Antithrombin III}
- 14/8132 . . . . . {Plasminogen activator inhibitors}
- 14/8135 . . . . . {Kazal type inhibitors, e.g. pancreatic secretory inhibitor, ovomucoid}
- 14/8139 . . . {Cysteine protease (E.C. 3.4.22) inhibitors, e.g. cystatin}
- 14/8142 . . . {Aspartate protease (E.C. 3.4.23) inhibitors, e.g. HIV protease inhibitors}
- 14/8146 . . . {Metalloprotease (E.C. 3.4.24) inhibitors, e.g. tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase, TIMP}
- 14/815 . . from leeches, e.g. hirudin, eglin
- 14/82 . Translation products from oncogenes
- 14/825 . Metallothioneins
- 16/00 Immunoglobulins [IGs], e.g. monoclonal or polyclonal antibodies [{\(antibodies with enzymatic activity, e.g. abzymes C12N 9/0002\)}](#)**
- NOTES**
- Documents characterised by the technical aspects of the construction of an antibody or fragment thereof, should be classified in [C07K 16/00 - C07K 16/065](#) or [C07K 16/46 - C07K 16/468](#)
  - Documents not characterised by the technical aspects of the construction of an antibody or fragment thereof, should be classified only according to their specificity, where necessary accompanied by one or more appropriate indexing codes
- 16/005 . {constructed by phage libraries}
- 16/02 . from eggs
- 16/04 . from milk
- 16/06 . from serum
- 16/065 . . {Purification, fragmentation}
- 16/08 . against material from viruses
- 16/081 . . {from DNA viruses}
- 16/082 . . . {Hepadnaviridae, e.g. hepatitis B virus}
- 16/084 . . . {Papovaviridae, e.g. papillomavirus, polyomavirus, SV40, BK virus, JC virus}



16/085	. . . {Herpetoviridae, e.g. pseudorabies virus, Epstein-Barr virus}	16/242	. . . . {Lymphotoxin [LT]}
16/087	. . . . {Herpes simplex virus}	16/243	. . . {Colony Stimulating Factors}
16/088	. . . . {Varicella-zoster virus, e.g. cytomegalovirus}	16/244	. . . {Interleukins [IL]}
16/10	. . from RNA viruses {, e.g. hepatitis E virus}	16/245	. . . . {IL-1}
16/1009	. . . {Picornaviridae, e.g. hepatitis A virus}	16/246	. . . . {IL-2}
16/1018	. . . {Orthomyxoviridae, e.g. influenza virus}	16/247	. . . . {IL-4}
16/1027	. . . {Paramyxoviridae, e.g. respiratory syncytial virus}	16/248	. . . . {IL-6}
16/1036	. . . {Retroviridae, e.g. leukemia viruses}	16/249	. . . {Interferons}
16/1045	. . . . {Lentiviridae, e.g. HIV, FIV, SIV}	16/26	. . against hormones {; against hormone releasing or inhibiting factors}
16/1054	. . . . . {gag-pol, e.g. p17, p24}	16/28	. . against receptors, cell surface antigens or cell surface determinants
16/1063	. . . . . {env, e.g. gp41, gp110/120, gp160, V3, PND, CD4 binding site}	16/2803	. . . {against the immunoglobulin superfamily}
16/1072	. . . . . {Regulatory proteins, e.g. tat, rev, vpt}	16/2806	. . . . {against CD2}
16/1081	. . . {Togaviridae, e.g. flavivirus, rubella virus, hog cholera virus}	16/2809	. . . . {against the T-cell receptor (TcR)-CD3 complex}
16/109	. . . . {Hepatitis C virus; Hepatitis G virus}	16/2812	. . . . {against CD4}
16/12	. against material from bacteria	16/2815	. . . . {against CD8}
16/1203	. . {from Gram-negative bacteria}	16/2818	. . . . {against CD28 or CD152}
16/1207	. . . {from Spirochaetales (O), e.g. Treponema, Leptospira}	16/2821	. . . . {against ICAM molecules, e.g. CD50, CD54, CD102}
16/121	. . . {from Helicobacter (Campylobacter) (G)}	16/2824	. . . . {against CD58}
16/1214	. . . {from Pseudomonadaceae (F)}	16/2827	. . . . {against B7 molecules, e.g. CD80, CD86}
16/1217	. . . {from Neisseriaceae (F), e.g. Acinetobacter}	16/283	. . . . {against Fc-receptors, e.g. CD16, CD32, CD64 ( <a href="#">CD23 C07K 16/2851</a> )}
16/1221	. . . {from Brucella (G)}	16/2833	. . . . {against MHC-molecules, e.g. HLA-molecules}
16/1225	. . . {from Bordetella (G)}	16/2836	. . . . {against CD106}
16/1228	. . . {from Enterobacteriaceae (F), e.g. Citrobacter, Serratia, Proteus, Providencia, Morganella, Yersinia}	16/2839	. . . {against the integrin superfamily}
16/1232	. . . . {from Escherichia (G)}	16/2842	. . . . {against integrin beta1-subunit-containing molecules, e.g. CD29, CD49}
16/1235	. . . . {from Salmonella (G)}	16/2845	. . . . {against integrin beta2-subunit-containing molecules, e.g. CD11, CD18}
16/1239	. . . {from Vibrionaceae (G)}	16/2848	. . . . {against integrin beta3-subunit-containing molecules, e.g. CD41, CD51, CD61}
16/1242	. . . {from Pasteurellaceae (F), e.g. Haemophilus influenza}	16/2851	. . . {against the lectin superfamily, e.g. CD23, CD72}
16/1246	. . . {from Rickettsiales (O)}	16/2854	. . . . {against selectins, e.g. CD62}
16/125	. . . {from Chlamydiales (O)}	16/2857	. . . {against nuclear receptors, e.g. retinoic acid receptor [RAR], RXR, orphan receptor}
16/1253	. . . {from Mycoplasmatales, e.g. Pleuropneumonia-like organisms [PPLO]}	16/286	. . . {against neuromediator receptors, e.g. serotonin receptor, dopamine receptor}
16/1257	. . . {from Bacteridaceae (F)}	16/2863	. . . {against receptors for growth factors, growth regulators}
16/126	. . . {from Legionella (G)}	16/2866	. . . {against receptors for cytokines, lymphokines, interferons}
16/1264	. . . {from Rhizobiaceae (F)}	16/2869	. . . {against hormone receptors ( <a href="#">for antibodies against neuromediator receptors C07K 16/286</a> )}
16/1267	. . {from Gram-positive bacteria}	16/2872	. . . {against prion molecules, e.g. CD230}
16/1271	. . . {from Micrococcaceae (F), e.g. Staphylococcus}	16/2875	. . . {against the NGF/TNF superfamily, e.g. CD70, CD95L, CD153, CD154 ( <a href="#">against NGF C07K 16/22</a> , <a href="#">against TNF C07K 16/241</a> )}
16/1275	. . . {from Streptococcus (G)}	16/2878	. . . {against the NGF-receptor/TNF-receptor superfamily, e.g. CD27, CD30, CD40, CD95}
16/1278	. . . {from Bacillus (G)}	16/2881	. . . {against CD71}
16/1282	. . . {from Clostridium (G)}	16/2884	. . . {against CD44}
16/1285	. . . {from Corynebacterium (G)}	16/2887	. . . {against CD20}
16/1289	. . . {from Mycobacteriaceae (F)}	16/289	. . . {against CD45}
16/1292	. . . {from Actinomyces; from Streptomyces (G)}	16/2893	. . . {against CD52}
16/1296	. . . {from Listeria}	16/2896	. . . {against molecules with a "CD"-designation, not provided for elsewhere}
16/14	. against material from fungi, algae or lichens	16/30	. . . from tumour cells
16/16	. against material from plants		
16/18	. against material from animals or humans		
16/20	. . from protozoa		
16/205	. . . {Plasmodium}		
16/22	. . against growth factors {; against growth regulators}		
16/24	. . against cytokines, lymphokines or interferons		
16/241	. . . {Tumor Necrosis Factors}		

- 16/3007 . . . . {Carcino-embryonic Antigens}
- 16/3015 . . . . {Breast}
- 16/3023 . . . . {Lung}
- 16/303 . . . . {Liver or Pancreas}
- 16/3038 . . . . {Kidney, bladder}
- 16/3046 . . . . {Stomach, Intestines}
- 16/3053 . . . . {Skin, nerves, brain}
- 16/3061 . . . . {Blood cells}
- 16/3069 . . . . {Reproductive system, e.g. ovaria, uterus, testes, prostate}
- 16/3076 . . . . {against structure-related tumour-associated moieties}
- 16/3084 . . . . . {against tumour-associated gangliosides}
- 16/3092 . . . . . {against tumour-associated mucins}
- 16/32 . . . . against translation products of oncogenes
- 16/34 . . . . against blood group antigens
- 16/36 . . . . against blood coagulation factors
- 16/38 . . . . against protease inhibitors of peptide structure
- 16/40 . . . . against enzymes
- 16/42 . . . . against immunoglobulins
- 16/4208 . . . . {against an idiotypic determinant on Ig}
- 16/4216 . . . . {against anti-viral Ig}
- 16/4225 . . . . . {against anti-HIV Ig}
- 16/4233 . . . . {against anti-bacterial Ig}
- 16/4241 . . . . {against anti-human or anti-animal Ig}
- 16/425 . . . . . {against anti-protozoal Ig}
- 16/4258 . . . . . {against anti-receptor Ig}
- 16/4266 . . . . . {against anti-tumor receptor Ig}
- 16/4275 . . . . . {against anti-CD4 Ig}
- 16/4283 . . . . {against an allotypic or isotypic determinant on Ig}
- 16/4291 . . . . {against IgE}
- 16/44 . . . . against material not provided for elsewhere {, e.g. haptens, metals, DNA, RNA, amino acids}
- 16/46 . . . . Hybrid immunoglobulins (hybrids of an immunoglobulin with a peptide not being an immunoglobulin [C07K 19/00](#))
- 16/461 . . . . {Igs containing Ig-regions, -domains or -residues form different species}
- 16/462 . . . . {Igs containing a variable region (Fv) from one specie and a constant region (Fc) from another}
- 16/464 . . . . {Igs containing CDR-residues from one specie grafted between FR-residues from another}
- 16/465 . . . . . {with additional modified FR-residues}
- 16/467 . . . . {Igs with modifications in the FR-residues only}
- 16/468 . . . . {Immunoglobulins having two or more different antigen binding sites, e.g. multifunctional antibodies}
- 17/00** **Carrier-bound or immobilised peptides (carrier-bound or immobilised enzymes [C12N 11/00](#)); Preparation thereof**
- 17/02 . . . . Peptides being immobilised on, or in, an organic carrier
- 17/04 . . . . entrapped within the carrier, e.g. gel, hollow fibre
- 17/06 . . . . attached to the carrier via a bridging agent
- 17/08 . . . . the carrier being a synthetic polymer
- 17/10 . . . . the carrier being a carbohydrate
- 17/12 . . . . Cellulose or derivatives thereof
- 17/14 . . . . Peptides being immobilised on, or in, an inorganic carrier
- 19/00** **Hybrid peptides**
- 2299/00** **Coordinates from 3D structures of peptides, e.g. proteins or enzymes**
- 2317/00** **Immunoglobulins specific features**
- 2317/10 . . . . characterized by their source of isolation or production
- 2317/11 . . . . isolated from eggs
- 2317/12 . . . . isolated from milk
- 2317/13 . . . . isolated from plants
- 2317/14 . . . . Specific host cells or culture conditions, e.g. components, pH or temperature
- 2317/20 . . . . characterized by taxonomic origin
- 2317/21 . . . . from primates, e.g. man
- 2317/22 . . . . from camelids, e.g. camel, llama or dromedary
- 2317/23 . . . . from birds
- 2317/24 . . . . containing regions, domains or residues from different species, e.g. chimeric, humanized or veneered
- 2317/30 . . . . characterized by aspects of specificity or valency
- 2317/31 . . . . multispecific
- 2317/32 . . . . specific for a neo-epitope on a complex, e.g. antibody-antigen or ligand-receptor
- 2317/33 . . . . Crossreactivity, e.g. for species or epitope, or lack of said crossreactivity
- 2317/34 . . . . Identification of a linear epitope shorter than 20 amino acid residues or of a conformational epitope defined by amino acid residues
- 2317/35 . . . . Valency
- 2317/40 . . . . characterized by post-translational modification
- 2317/41 . . . . Glycosylation, sialylation, or fucosylation
- 2317/50 . . . . characterized by immunoglobulin fragments
- 2317/51 . . . . Complete heavy chain or Fd fragment, i.e. VH + CH1
- 2317/515 . . . . Complete light chain, i.e. VL + CL
- 2317/52 . . . . Constant or Fc region; Isotype
- 2317/522 . . . . . CH1 domain
- 2317/524 . . . . . CH2 domain
- 2317/526 . . . . . CH3 domain
- 2317/528 . . . . . CH4 domain
- 2317/53 . . . . . Hinge
- 2317/54 . . . . . F(ab')<sub>2</sub>
- 2317/55 . . . . . Fab or Fab'
- 2317/56 . . . . . variable (Fv) region, i.e. VH and/or VL
- 2317/565 . . . . . Complementarity determining region [CDR]
- 2317/567 . . . . . Framework region [FR]
- 2317/569 . . . . . Single domain, e.g. dAb, sdAb, VHH, VNAR or nanobody®
- 2317/60 . . . . characterized by non-natural combinations of immunoglobulin fragments
- 2317/62 . . . . comprising only variable region components
- 2317/622 . . . . . Single chain antibody (scFv)
- 2317/624 . . . . . Disulfide-stabilized antibody (dsFv)
- 2317/626 . . . . . Diabody or triabody
- 2317/64 . . . . comprising a combination of variable region and constant region components
- 2317/66 . . . . comprising a swap of domains, e.g. CH3-CH2, VH-CL or VL-CH1
- 2317/70 . . . . characterized by effect upon binding to a cell or to an antigen
- 2317/71 . . . . Decreased effector function due to an Fc-modification

- 2317/72 . . Increased effector function due to an Fc-modification
- 2317/73 . . Inducing cell death, e.g. apoptosis, necrosis or inhibition of cell proliferation
- 2317/732 . . . Antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity [ADCC]
- 2317/734 . . . Complement-dependent cytotoxicity [CDC]
- 2317/74 . . Inducing cell proliferation
- 2317/75 . . Agonist effect on antigen
- 2317/76 . . Antagonist effect on antigen, e.g. neutralization or inhibition of binding
- 2317/77 . . Internalization into the cell
- 2317/80 . . remaining in the (producing) cell, i.e. intracellular antibodies or intrabodies
- 2317/81 . . functional in the endoplasmic reticulum [ER] or the Golgi apparatus
- 2317/82 . . functional in the cytoplasm, the inner aspect of the cell membrane, the nucleus or the mitochondria
- 2317/90 . . characterized by (pharmaco)kinetic aspects or by stability of the immunoglobulin
- 2317/92 . . Affinity (KD), association rate (Ka), dissociation rate (Kd) or EC50 value
- 2317/94 . . Stability, e.g. half-life, pH, temperature or enzyme-resistance
- 2318/00 Antibody mimetics or scaffolds**
- 2318/10 . . Immunoglobulin or domain(s) thereof as scaffolds for inserted non-Ig peptide sequences, e.g. for vaccination purposes
- 2318/20 . . Antigen-binding scaffold molecules wherein the scaffold is not an immunoglobulin variable region or antibody mimetics
- 2319/00 Fusion polypeptide**
- 2319/01 . . containing a localisation/targetting motif
- 2319/02 . . containing a signal sequence
- 2319/03 . . containing a transmembrane segment
- 2319/033 . . containing a motif for targeting to the internal surface of the plasma membrane, e.g. containing a myristoylation motif
- 2319/034 . . containing a motif for targeting to the periplasmic space of Gram negative bacteria as a soluble protein, i.e. signal sequence should be cleaved
- 2319/035 . . containing a signal for targeting to the external surface of a cell, e.g. to the outer membrane of Gram negative bacteria, GPI- anchored eukaryote proteins
- 2319/036 . . targeting to the medium outside of the cell, e.g. type III secretion
- 2319/04 . . containing an ER retention signal such as a C-terminal HDEL motif
- 2319/05 . . containing a GOLGI retention signal
- 2319/055 . . containing a signal for localisation to secretory granules (for exocytosis)
- 2319/06 . . containing a lysosomal/endosomal localisation signal
- 2319/07 . . containing a mitochondrial localisation signal
- 2319/08 . . containing a chloroplasts localisation signal
- 2319/09 . . containing a nuclear localisation signal
- 2319/095 . . containing a nuclear export signal
- 2319/10 . . containing a tag for extracellular membrane crossing, e.g. TAT or VP22
- 2319/20 . . containing a tag with affinity for a non-protein ligand
- 2319/21 . . containing a His-tag
- 2319/22 . . containing a Strep-tag
- 2319/23 . . containing a GST-tag
- 2319/24 . . containing a MBP (maltose binding protein)-tag
- 2319/30 . . Non-immunoglobulin-derived peptide or protein having an immunoglobulin constant or Fc region, or a fragment thereof, attached thereto
- 2319/31 . . fusions, other than Fc, for prolonged plasma life, e.g. albumin
- 2319/32 . . fusions with soluble part of a cell surface receptor, "decoy receptors"
- 2319/33 . . fusions for targeting to specific cell types, e.g. tissue specific targeting, targeting of a bacterial subspecies
- 2319/35 . . containing a fusion for enhanced stability/folding during expression, e.g. fusions with chaperones or thioredoxin
- 2319/40 . . containing a tag for immunodetection, or an epitope for immunisation
- 2319/41 . . containing a Myc-tag
- 2319/42 . . containing a HA(hemagglutinin)-tag
- 2319/43 . . containing a FLAG-tag
- 2319/50 . . containing protease site
- 2319/55 . . containing a fusion with a toxin, e.g. diphteria toxin
- 2319/60 . . containing spectroscopic/fluorescent detection, e.g. green fluorescent protein [GFP]
- 2319/61 . . containing an enzyme fusion for detection (lacZ, luciferase)
- 2319/70 . . containing domain for protein-protein interaction
- 2319/705 . . containing a protein-A fusion
- 2319/71 . . containing domain for transcriptional activation, e.g. VP16
- 2319/715 . . . containing a domain for ligand dependent transcriptional activation, e.g. containing a steroid receptor domain
- 2319/72 . . containing SH2 domain
- 2319/73 . . containing coiled-coiled motif (leucine zippers)
- 2319/735 . . containing a domain for self-assembly, e.g. a viral coat protein (includes phage display)
- 2319/74 . . containing a fusion for binding to a cell surface receptor
- 2319/75 . . . containing a fusion for activation of a cell surface receptor, e.g. thrombopoeitin, NPY and other peptide hormones
- 2319/80 . . containing a DNA binding domain, e.g. LacI or Tet-repressor
- 2319/81 . . containing a Zn-finger domain for DNA binding
- 2319/85 . . containing an RNA binding domain
- 2319/90 . . containing a motif for post-translational modification
- 2319/91 . . containing a motif for glycosylation
- 2319/912 . . . containing a GPI (phosphatidyl-inositol glycan) anchor
- 2319/915 . . containing a motif for acylation
- 2319/92 . . containing an intein ("protein splicing") domain
- 2319/95 . . containing a motif/fusion for degradation (ubiquitin fusions, PEST sequence)