H04M

TELEPHONIC COMMUNICATION (counting mechanisms G06M; circuits for controlling other apparatus via a telephone cable and not involving telephone switching apparatus G08; reels or other take-up devices for cords H02G 11/00; multiplex transmission between switching centres H04J; selecting arrangements H04Q; loudspeakers, microphones, gramophone pick-ups or like electromechanical transducers H04R)

Definition statement

This place covers:
- Subscriber equipment (fixed and mobile phones), e.g. Constructional features of telephone sets, User interfaces for telephones.
- Telecommunication systems including subscriber equipment and exchanges, e.g.
- Interconnection arrangements between switching centres,
- Interconnection arrangements not involving centralized switching,
- Metering arrangements,
- Time-controlling arrangements,
- Time-indicating arrangements,
- Party line systems,
- Prepayment telephone systems,
- Current supply arrangements for telephone systems,
- Computer telephony integration (CTI),
- SPIT and SPAM prevention in telephony;
- Telephonic communication systems combined with other electrical systems;
- Testing arrangements peculiar to telephonic communication systems.

Relationships with other classification places

With regard to mobile telephony, H04M covers communication systems using wireless extensions, i.e. wireless links without selective communication, e.g. cordless telephones, which are covered by group H04M 1/72, whereas H04W covers communication networks for selectively establishing one or a plurality of wireless communication links between a desired number of users or between users and network equipments, for the purpose of transferring information via these wireless communication links.

With regard to VoIP (Voice over Internet Protocol), voice is considered in this context to be a specific form of "digital information". Since the Internet Protocol and IP networks are classified in H04L (H04L 12/00, Data switching networks and H04L 29/02, Communication control), the transmission of voice over IP networks should be classified in H04L.

When VoIP is used to emulate or simulate services, the service, as presented to the user, is still classified in H04M. Any implementation details are however classified in H04L, for example SPIT and SPAM prevention in VoIP should be classified in H04M 3/436.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Circuits for controlling other apparatus via a telephone cable and not involving telephone switching apparatus | G08 |
| Wireless communication networks | H04W |
### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Counting mechanisms</th>
<th>G06M</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Information storage based on relative movement between record carrier and transducer</td>
<td>G11B</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrangements of electric cables or lines between relatively-movable parts</td>
<td>H02G 11/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Multiplex transmission between switching centres</td>
<td>H04J</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selecting</td>
<td>H04Q</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transducers</td>
<td>H04R</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exchange</th>
<th>Synonym for telephone switch.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Satellite</td>
<td>A kind of exchange the operation of which depends upon control signals received from a supervisory exchange.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subscriber</td>
<td>General term for a user of terminal equipment, e.g. for the user of a telephone set, or for any equipment used by subscribers, e.g. telephones for public use.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Substation</td>
<td>Subscriber or monitoring equipment which may connect a single subscriber to a line without choice as to subscriber.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Switching centres</td>
<td>Include exchanges and satellites.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voice mail system</td>
<td>A centralized system for managing telephone messages for a large group of users.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PSTN</th>
<th>Public Switched Telephony Network.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ISDN</td>
<td>Integrated Services Digital Network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ISUP</td>
<td>ISDN User Part.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SIP</td>
<td>Session Initiation Protocol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H.323</td>
<td>A standard protocol used for Packet-Based Multimedia Communications Systems.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CTI</td>
<td>Computer telephony integration. A technology that allows interactions on a telephone and a computer to be integrated or co-ordinated. Common application interfaces and protocols for monitoring and controlling calls comprise Computer Supported Telecommunications Applications, CSTA, Java Telephony Application Programming Interface, JTAI, Telephony Server Application Programming Interface, TSAPI, or Telephony Application Programming Interface, TAPI.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gatekeeper</td>
<td>A gatekeeper provides a number of services to terminals, gateways and devices, e.g. endpoint registration, address resolution, admission control and user authentication.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Term</td>
<td>Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Call agent</td>
<td>A call agent handles specific services to users e.g. alert the called party, send and receive voice data.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMS; IP Multimedia Subsystem</td>
<td>An architectural framework for delivering internet protocol, IP, multimedia to a mobile user.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Softswitch</td>
<td>A central device in a telephone network which connects calls from one phone line to another, e.g. control connections at the junction point between circuit and packet networks.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBX</td>
<td>Private Branch Exchanges, e.g. for making connections among the internal telephones of a private organization.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>XDSL</td>
<td>Digital Subscriber Line. A family of technologies that provides digital data transmission over the wires of a local telephone network.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Party line system</td>
<td>An arrangement in which two or more customers are connected directly to the same link or circuit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPAM</td>
<td>The abuse of electronic messaging systems to send unsolicited bulk messages indiscriminately.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPIT</td>
<td>Spam over Internet Telephony, i.e. unwanted, automatically dialled, pre-recorded phone calls using Voice over Internet Protocol, VoIP.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**H04M 1/00**

Substation equipment, e.g. for use by subscribers; Analogous equipment at exchanges (prepayment telephone coin boxes H04M 17/00; current supply arrangements H04M 19/00; {telephone sets particularly adapted for data transmission H04M 11/066; network interface devices H04Q 1/028})

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Subscriber equipment e.g. for use by subscribers (fixed and mobile phones); Constructional details of telephone sets;

Arrangements for indicating or recording called number or number of calling subscriber at the substation equipment;

Arrangements for answering calls and for recording messages and conversations at the substation equipment;

Substation extension, e.g. cordless telephones;

Arrangements for testing;

User guidance features in telephone sets;

Devices for signalling identity of wanted subscriber, e.g. telephone directories;

Substation equipment including speech amplifiers;

Arrangements for preventing unauthorized or fraudulent calling.

User interfaces for telephones applications.
Relationships with other classification places

Arrangements for services at the substation equipment are classified here. Arrangements for services at exchanges are classified at H04M 3/00.

Public telephone booth E04H 1/14.

Subscriber network interface devices H04Q 1/028.

Terminal devices adapted for wireless communication networks H04W 88/02 (not for constructional features of portable telephones).

Portable transceivers H04B 1/3827.

| In-vehicle arrangements for holding or mounting articles, e.g. for telephones, radios and TV sets | B60R 11/02 |
| Arrangements for converting discrete items of information into a coded form, e.g. keyboards | G06F 3/023 |
| Interaction techniques for graphical user interfaces between user and computer | G06F 3/048 |
| Digital output to displays? | G06F 3/14 |
| Housing or supporting of instruments or other apparatus | G12B 9/00 |
| Keyboard switches in general | H01H 13/70, H03K 17/94 |
| Casing, cabinets or drawers for electric apparatus | H05K 5/00 |

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Prepayment telephone coin box | H04M 17/00 |
| Current supply arrangements | H04M 19/00 |

H04M 1/003

{Telephone sets using electrooptical means in the transmission path}

Relationships with other classification places

Transmission systems employing electromagnetic waves other than radio waves: H04B 10/00

H04M 1/02

Constructional features of telephone sets

Relationships with other classification places

Casings, cabinets or drawers for electric apparatus in general : H05K 5/00
References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Portable telephone sets | H04M 1/0202- | H04M 1/0279 |

H04M 1/0202

{Portable telephone sets, e.g. cordless phones, mobile phones or bar type handsets (constructional features of telephone transmitters or receivers, e.g. of speakers or microphones H04M 1/03; mounting of the dialing module H04M 1/23; with protection against RF exposure H04B 1/3838)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Constructional features of portable telephones. It is irrelevant whether they are mobile phones or handsets of a cordless phone having a local base station (e.g. DECT) at the user's premises. This group is intended to contain only candy-bar type telephone having no moving parts. For portable telephones having moving parts see below.

Example:

![Portable telephone set diagram]

Relationships with other classification places

For portable computers: G06F 1/1613

For portable transceivers per se: H04B 1/3827

For wristwatch telephones: H04B 1/385

For SIM card holding means: H04B 1/3816

For constructional features of portable transmitters: H04B 1/034

For constructional features of casing for electrical apparatus in general: H05K 5/00

For constructional features of portable and battery operated apparatuses: H05K 5/0086
For antenna support and mounting means for mobile phones: H01Q 1/241

Toy telephones: A63H 33/3016

**Synonyms and Keywords**

In patent documents, the following expressions are often used as synonyms

(or mobile, cellular, cordless, wireless, portable, hand?held) 2w (or apparatus??, device?, appliance?, terminal?, station?, telephone?, phone?)

(or electronic, communication, personal) 2w (or device?, terminal?, apparatus??)

(or smartphone?, cellphone?, handy)

**H04M 1/0206**

{Portable telephones comprising a plurality of mechanically joined movable body parts, e.g. hinged housings}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Main aspect is the motion of body parts. This group is intended for documents that do not fit in any of the lower level groups.

Example EP1843554

![Diagram](image)

**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: G06F 1/1615

**Special rules of classification**

Documents are only classified in this class when none of the lower classes applies.
H04M 1/0208

{characterized by the relative motions of the body parts}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Neither rotatable nor foldable in the sense of the definitions of the classes H04M 1/0225 or H04M 1/0214; the axis of the movement is neither perpendicular nor parallel to the plane defined by the bodies in the closed position.

This group is for portable telephones having moving parts and that do not fit in any of the groups H04M 1/021, H04M 1/0214, H04M 1/0225 or H04M 1/0235.

Example: EP1659700

H04M 1/021

{using combined folding and rotation motions (combined with translation movement H04M 1/0235)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Only foldable and rotatable phones without mechanical details of the hinge would be classified here (when combined with translation movement H04M 1/0235).
Example: US2004/0203485

**FIG. 14**

**H04M 1/0212**

{with a two degrees of freedom mechanism, i.e. folding around a first axis and rotating around a second axis perpendicular to the first}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

This group is for documents disclosing details of the hinge mechanism that allow two degrees of freedom in the sense defined in the group H04M 1/021, i.e. folding around a first axis and rotating around a second axis, which is perpendicular to the first one.

Example: EP1298890

**FIG.4B**
H04M 1/0214

{Foldable telephones, i.e. with body parts pivoting to an open position around an axis parallel to the plane they define in closed position (combined with translation movement H04M 1/0235)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Only foldable and portable phone without mechanical details of the hinge (when combined with translation movement H04M 1/0235).

Example:EP1595386:

Relationships with other classification places

Foldable portable computers: G06F 1/1616.

Hinges for doors or windows E05D.

Hinged covers or doors H02B 1/38.

Hinges for casing of electrical apparatuses H05K 5/0226.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Feature</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Foldable + Rotatable</td>
<td>H04M 1/021</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foldable + Slidable</td>
<td>H04M 1/0235, H04M 1/0214</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foldable + Slidable + Rotatable</td>
<td>H04M 1/0235, H04M 1/021</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special rules of classification

Indexing Codes will be converted to index classes and considered as additional information.
H04M 1/0216
{Foldable in one direction, i.e. using a one degree of freedom hinge}

Definition statement

This place covers:
This group contains constructional details concerning the hinge. If the document does not provide any details concerning the hinge, the document should be classified in the group H04M 1/0214.

Example: EP1641224

Relationships with other classification places

For portable computers: G06F 1/1681

Hinges for doors and windows: E05D

Flexible line connectors wound around the rotation axis for electrical connection of the two folding parts: H01R 35/00

Hinges including optical fibres between different housings: G02B 6/3604

H04M 1/0218
{The hinge comprising input and/or output user interface means}

Definition statement

This place covers:
This group is for hinges (folding in one direction) that contain input/out means like push buttons, a thumb wheel or other navigational tools. Additionally, folding portable telephones having cameras integrated in the hinge are classified here as well.
Example: US2005221865

H04M 1/022
{The hinge comprising two parallel pivoting axes}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group is for folding portable telephones wherein the hinge comprises two parallel axes.

Example: EP1510905

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H04M 1/0222

{Foldable in two directions, i.e. using a two degree of freedom hinge}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Portable communication devices foldable along two directional axis which are perpendicular to each other (Dual-axis hinge).
Example: US2006112519

**H04M 1/0225**

{Rotatable telephones, i.e. the body parts pivoting to an open position around an axis perpendicular to the plane they define in closed position (combined with translation movement H04M 1/0235)}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

This group covers rotatable telephones whose body parts rotate relative to each other in the same plane as in the following Example: EP1349350

**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: G06F 1/1622

**Special rules of classification**

When combined with translation movement H04M 1/0235.
**H04M 1/0227**

{Rotatable in one plane, i.e. using a one degree of freedom hinge}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group contains constructional details concerning the hinge. If the document does not provide any details concerning the hinge, the document should be classified in the group H04M 1/0225.

For example: EP1615406

![Diagram](image.png)

**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: G06F 1/1681

**H04M 1/0229**

{The hinge comprising input and/or output user interface means}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group is for hinges (rotating in one direction) that contain input/out means like push buttons, a thumb wheel or other navigational tools. Additionally, rotating portable telephones having cameras integrated in the hinge are classified here as well.
H04M 1/0231
{Including a rotatable keypad body part}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group is intended for rotating portable telephones wherein one of the rotating parts is a keyboard. If the document contains details of the hinge, the document is additionally classified in H04M 1/0227.

If there are a plurality of keyboards, the indexing code H04M 2250/18 is allocated as well.

For example: WO2005071928
**References**

*Limiting references*

This place does not cover:

| For mounting a keyboard module on a telephone set | H04M 1/23. |

**H04M 1/0233**

{Including a rotatable display body part}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

This group is intended for rotating portable telephones wherein one of the rotating parts is a display. If the document contains details of the hinge, the document is additionally classified in H04M 1/0227.

If there are a plurality of displays, the indexing code H04M 2250/16 is allocated as well.

For example: US2005088075

**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: G06F 1/1622

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**References**

*Limiting references*

This place does not cover:

| For mounting a display module on a telephone set | H04M 1/0266. |
**H04M 1/0235**

{Slidable or telescopic telephones, i.e. with a relative translation movement of the body parts; Telephones using a combination of translation and other relative motions of the body parts}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Slidable telephones without mechanical details of the hinge.

Some examples of movement combinations:


Classes:**H04M 1/0235**: Main aspect.

**H04M 1/0214**: Foldable as additional information.

WO2005071928: Rotatable and slidable.

Classes:

**H04M 1/0235**: Main aspect.
**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: **G06F 1/1624**

**Special rules of classification**

Not only slidable phones would be classified here, but every possible combination (except from foldable and rotatable, classified under **H04M 1/021**). Thus, the non-translational movement receives an Indexing Code as the following:

- Slidable + Foldable
  - **H04M 1/0235** + **H04M 1/0214** as additional information.

- Slidable + Rotatable
  - **H04M 1/0235** + **H04M 1/0225** as additional information.

- Slidable + Rotatable + Foldable
  - **H04M 1/0235** + **H04M 1/021** as additional information.

**H04M 1/0237**

{Sliding mechanism with one degree of freedom}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group contains constructional details concerning the sliding mechanism (e.g. sliding bars, springs and so on). If the document does not provide any details concerning the hinge, the document should be classified in the group **H04M 1/0235**.
For example: EP1648145

Relationships with other classification places

For portable computers: G06F 1/1681

H04M 1/0239

{Sliding mechanism with two degree of freedom, e.g. translation in two different directions}

Definition statement

This place covers:

This group contains portable telephones wherein the housing parts can slide in two different directions (typically one perpendicular to the other one). If the document discloses mechanical details of the hinge, the code H04M 1/0237 is additionally allocated.

For example: WO2005071928
**H04M 1/0241**

{using relative motion of the body parts to change the operational status of the telephone set, e.g. switching on/off, answering incoming call}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Portable telephones having moving parts (folding, rotating, sliding) whereby the position of the moving parts is detected and is used for performing an action (e.g. selecting an operating mode, answering a call, switch on/off a display or its backlight).

For example: US2005136853

![Figure 1](image1)

'The method comprises the steps of detecting a relative position of the first electronic element relative to the second electronic element, and selecting an operational mode of the device based on the relative position'

**Classification:**

**H04M 1/0241**: Relative position.

**H04M 1/0212**: Details of foldable and rotatable hinge as additional information.

**Relationships with other classification places**

| For portable computers | G06F 1/1675, G06F 1/1677 |

**Special rules of classification**

When the main aspect is the relative position of the body parts, then the type of movement would be classified as Indexing Code or additional information.

Foldable and rotatable phones with relative position detectors are classified here, as their functionality depends on a combination of both open/close positions and the relative angle between housings.
H04M 1/0243
{using the relative angle between housings}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Mainly for rotatable phones, which apart from close (0°) and open (90° or 180°) positions have other 'intermediate' positions, with different functionalities.

Example: US2006035685

"the second housing (120) may have multiple positions relative to the first housing (220) in which each position activates a particular function of the device (100)."

Classification:

H04M 1/0243: Relative angle.

H04M 1/0227: Important details of rotatable hinge as additional information.

However, there are also those foldable telephones which detect not only an open/close condition, but the whole range:

Example: EP1601165

the relative angle of aperture controls foldable or rotatable phone. Classification:
**H04M 1/0243**: Relative angle.

**H04M 1/0214**: Foldable phone as additional information.

**H04M 1/0225**: Rotatable phone as additional information.

**H04M 1/0245**

*{using open/close detection}*

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mainly for foldable and sliding phone.

Example US2003064688

Slidable telephone with position detectors to control its functionality. Classification:

**H04M 1/0245**: Open/close condition.

**H04M 1/0235**: Slidable phone without important constructional hinge details as additional information.

**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: **G06F 1/1677**

**H04M 1/0247**

*{comprising more than two body parts}*

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Portable telephones having at least three movable parts (folding, rotating, sliding). The type of movement is classified as additional information.
Example EP1396982: 3-body rotatable telephone.

Classes:

H04M 1/0247: Main aspect.
H04M 1/0231: Rotatable keypad as additional information.

H04M 1/0249

{Details of the mechanical connection between the housing parts or relating to the method of assembly}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Constructional assembly of a mobile phone. Details about the interconnection of the main housing parts. How the device is kept together.

For user replaceable housings having a decorative purpose see H04M 1/0283.

This class is also for application dealing with methods disclosing how to assemble the telephone set during manufacturing.
Relationships with other classification places

Casing and cabinets comprising several parts forming a closed housing: H05K 5/00

H04M 1/0252
{by means of a snap-on mechanism}

Definition statement

This place covers:
When the connection is done by pressing the housing portions together (press-fit or snap-on mechanism).

Also for applications where a special tool is required to separate the housing.
Example: EP2219349

FIG. 1

Other examples:
US2004053649
H04M 1/0254
{comprising one or a plurality of mechanically detachable modules}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Mechanical assembly of a portable communication device comprising a plurality of detachable modules.

Example: WO2008017728. A communication device comprises a first structural module (101) with a power source (120), as well as second (102), and third (103) structural modules.

Relationships with other classification places
For personal computers: G06F 1/1656
Detachable keyboards for portable computers: **G06F 1/1669**

**Special rules of classification**

For a detachable accessory providing an expanded functionality to the communication device when connected to the same: **H04M 1/72527**.

**H04M 1/0256**

{wherein the modules are operable in the detached state, e.g. one module for the user interface and one module for the transceiver}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mechanical assembly of a portable communication device comprising a plurality of detachable modules which may communicate between each other via a wireless link when they are detached from each other

Example: US2008167080. An improved portable mobile phone is disclosed wherein the mobile phone comprises two modules and the mobile phone can function properly when the two modules are physically connected as well as when the two modules are detached.

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**Special rules of classification**

For an accessory providing an expandable functionality to the communication device and communicating with the same by using a short range radio link as the Bluetooth interface: **H04M 1/7253**.
**H04M 1/0258**

{for a headset device (constructional features of headsets H04M 1/05; headsets for handsfree use H04M 1/6058)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The headset is fitted in a special compartment of the device when not in use.

Example: US2008090626

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**Special rules of classification**

- **H04M 1/05** for constructional features of a headset per se.
- **H04M 1/6058** for headsets enabling handsfree use of a portable telephone.

**H04M 1/026**

{Details of the structure or mounting of specific components}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mounting of specific components other than acoustic transducers like microphones and speakers.
Example US2009002955. The latching mechanism 10 is configured for mounting an accessory member 32 to a housing 31 of a portable electronic device 30.

Relationships with other classification places
For portable computers: G06F 1/1633

References

Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| The mounting of a microphone or a speaker in a handset | H04M 1/03 |

H04M 1/0262

{for a battery compartment}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Mounting of a battery module in a portable communication device
Example: WO9966697

Relationships with other classification places

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For portable computers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For general aspect of mounting batteries in a portable device housing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>For battery mounting in a portable transceiver</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Portable or battery operated apparatus</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**H04M 1/0264**

{for a camera module assembly (photo or video cameras per se G03B; television cameras per se H04N 5/225)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mounting of a camera module in a portable communication device.

Example EP1267576. A camera module (30) is rotatably assembled between the inner sides of the rotary hinge support portions.

Relationships with other classification places

For a camera module in portable computers: G06F 1/1686
For constructional details of videotelephones: H04N 7/142
For constructional details of television cameras per se: H04N 5/2251
For photo or video camera per se: G03B 17/00

**H04M 1/0266**

{for a display module assembly (for fixed telephones H04M 1/0295)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mounting of a display module in a portable communication device

Example WO2011048799. In the device (100), the flat-board-like display unit (200) provided with a display drive section (213) that drives a liquid crystal display section (211) is attached to a first case (110) with a metal rear plate (160) therebetween.

**Relationships with other classification places**

For portable computers: G06F 1/1637

**H04M 1/0268**

{including a flexible display panel}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The display being extendable and retractable.
Example: WO2005114309. The display device has an inner housing with inner slot through which a bend region of a rollable display device portion is disposed.

**Relationships with other classification places**

For personal computers: [G06F 1/1652](#)

**H04M 1/027**

{including magnifying means}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

A corrective lens (6), adapted to magnify the characters shown on the display, being associated with the display.

Example: EP1643734

**Relationships with other classification places**

For magnifying glasses per se: [G02B 25/002](#)
H04M 1/0274
{for an electrical connector module}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Mounting of an electrical connector in a portable communication device for connecting an accessory or external apparatus.

Example EP2239928. A portable electronic device includes a first slidable body (110), a second body (120), a motion assembly (132), a connector (140), and an ejector (150).

Relationships with other classification places

Connectors per se: H01R

H04M 1/0277
{for a printed circuit board assembly}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Means for securing a printed circuit boards to the inside of a portable telephone.

Examples:
US6728112. A fastening module (1) for a printed circuit board (10) of a portable electronic device includes the printed circuit board and a casing (20). The casing includes at least one supporting plate (23, 25) and at least one clamp (22).

Relationships with other classification places

Manufacturing printed circuits and assembling with electrical components: H05K 3/00
H04M 1/0279

{Improving the user comfort or ergonomics}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Portable telephones having means for improving the user comfort or ergonomics.

Example US2010210329. Hand held, ergonomic grip having a portable telephone device removably coupled thereto.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Personal computers with ergonomic disposition of keys: **G06F 1/1664**

Ergonomic functions for miniature keyboards: **H01H 13/84**

H04M 1/0281

{for providing single handed use or left/right hand conversion}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Constructional features allowing single hand use. Also for applications dealing with constructional aspects allowing right or left hand use.

An ergonomic housing that is shaped to fit comfortably in the palm of a human hand.
Example US6164853

**H04M 1/0283**

{for providing a decorative aspect, e.g. customization of casings, exchangeable faceplate}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

User replaceable covers having a decorative function. If after changing the cover there is a change in the functionality see also H04M 1/72575.

This class also includes handsets made of precious metals or with other aesthetic improvements.

Housing with decorative pattern area.
Special rules of classification

H04M 1/72575 when the exchange of a faceplate modifies the functionality of the device

**H04M 1/0285**

{Pen-type handsets}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Portable telephone having a pen shape or form factor.

Examples:

US2009251338.
Relationships with other classification places
Pen or stylus-type devices: G06F 3/03545

H04M 1/0289

{Telephone sets for operators}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Mechanical arrangements for connecting expansion modules to telephone sets

Example US7500880
H04M 1/0291
{Door telephones}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Constructional features of a door telephone, intercom, or interphone.

Example US2004091092.

Relationships with other classification places

Video door telephones: H04N 7/186

Door telephone systems: H04M 11/025

H04M 1/0293

{Terminal boxes for telephone sets}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Constructional features of junction boxes (23) for connecting a telephone set to a telephone line.
Example US2003040223.

Relationships with other classification places
Conductive connections between two or more conductive members: H01R

H04M 1/0297
{Telephone sets adapted to be mounted on a desk or on a wall}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Convertible desk-to-wall support for handheld devices.

Example US6130521
H04M 1/03

Constructional features of telephone transmitters or receivers, e.g. telephone handsets, {speakers or microphones} (transducers in general H04R 1/00)

Definition statement

*This place covers:*

Mounting of a microphone and a loudspeaker in the telephone handset.

For example GB2190562

Relationships with other classification places

Acoustic transducers per se: H04R 1/00

Mounting of acoustic transducers in a portable computer: G06F 1/1688

References

Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Mounting of a loudspeaker in a fixed telephone set for handsfree use H04M 1/62.

Special rules of classification

Mounting of an additional speaker/microphone in a fixed telephone set for handsfree use H04M 1/62.

H04M 1/035

{Improving the acoustic characteristics by means of constructional features of the housing, e.g. ribs, walls, resonating chambers or cavities}

Definition statement

*This place covers:*

Means for improving or changing the acoustic characteristics of acoustic transducers (microphones, loudspeakers). Resonating chambers being provided on the back of the transducer, sound channels in housings.
For example EP0275996: a sound passage opening (7) is disposed on the inside of the lid, connecting with at least one sound feeding channel (8) inside the lid for guiding sound waves to the microphone (3):

**H04M 1/04**

Supports for telephone transmitters or receivers (for transducers in general H04R 1/00)

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Constructional features of a holster, holding device or docking station for fastening or supporting a portable telephone.

Examples: US 7878474 B1 or US2008204978

*Fig. 1.*
**Relationships with other classification places**

Holders and other arrangements for carrying hand articles: **A45F 5/02**

Docking stations designed for portable computers: **G06F 1/1632**

Docking stations designed for a portable telephone in a vehicle: **B60R 11/0241**

Battery charging apparatuses: **H02J 7/00**

Casings to carry and protect a portable transceiver: **H04B 1/3888**

**References**

*Limiting references*

This place does not cover:

| Supports for a fixed telephone set                     | H04M 1/11 |

**Special rules of classification**

**H04M 1/72527** when the docking station provides additional functionality to the portable telephone.

**H04M 1/05**

adapted for use on head, throat, or breast {{handsfree use of portable phones **H04M 1/6041**}}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Constructional features of devices for adapting a telephone handset for use on head, throat or breast.

Constructional features of headsets or earphones adapted for telephone communication
Relationships with other classification places

Constructional features of earpieces per se and attachments for the same: H04R 1/08, H04R 1/10

Portable transceivers carried on the body: H04B 1/385

Head-up displays: G02B 27/01

Hearing aids per se: H04R 25/00

Synonyms and Keywords

earphone?, earpiece, earset, earplug?, headphone?, headset?, microtelephone or hearing?aid?, (hearing w aid?), (ear w insert+)

**H04M 1/06**

**Hooks; Cradles**

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

For fixed telephone sets only.
**H04M 1/08**

associated with switches operated by weight of receiver or hand-set

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Telephone cradle switch. Example: EP1005208

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**Special rules of classification**

for an answering machine **H04M 1/6545**.

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**H04M 1/11**

Supports for sets, e.g. incorporating armrests

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Supports for fixed telephone sets (meaning the whole telephone set housing).
Relationships with other classification places

Stands or trestles as supports for apparatus or articles placed thereon: F16M 11/00

**H04M 1/12**

Adjustable supports, e.g. extensible

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Telescopic arm and carrying platform for the telephone set

**H04M 1/15**

Protection of telephone cords; Guiding telephone cords; Winding-up telephone cords (in general H02G 11/00)

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Means for storing or protecting a telephone cord. Typically for fixed telephone sets. Documents relating to portable telephones having means for storing or protecting the cord of a headset are also classified in this group.

Example US2006215834.
Relationships with other classification places
For guiding electric cables in general: H02G 11/00
Devices for handling or storing cables: B65H 75/44

H04M 1/17
Hygienic or sanitary devices on telephone equipment (for mouthpieces or earpieces per se H04R 1/12)

Relationships with other classification places
Mouthpieces and earpieces per se: H04R 1/12

H04M 1/18
Telephone sets modified for use in ships, mines, or other places exposed to adverse environment (H04M 1/19 takes precedence; telephone cabinets per se E04H 1/14)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Water or dust resistant fixed telephone sets or mobile phones.

Relationships with other classification places
Modified payphones: H04M 17/026
Hermetically sealed housings: H05K 5/06
For keys and buttons: dustproof, splashproof, drip-proof, waterproof or flameproof casings: H01H 13/06
Protective enclosures for remote controls devices: H01H 9/0242
Telephone cabinets or booths per se: E04H 1/14

H04M 1/19
Arrangements of transmitters, receivers, or complete sets to prevent eavesdropping, to attenuate local noise or to prevent undesired transmission; Special mouthpieces or receivers therefor (circuit arrangements for preventing eavesdropping H04M 1/68; telephone cabinets per se E04H 1/14)

Definition statement
This place covers:
All mechanical means for preventing noise from reaching the microphone (Directional microphones).
**Relationships with other classification places**
Voice analysis or recognition and noise suppression per se: G10L

**Special rules of classification**
Circuit arrangements for preventing eavesdropping H04M 1/68.

**H04M 1/20**

**Arrangements for preventing acoustic feed-back (H04M 1/62 takes precedence)**

**Definition statement**
This place covers:
Telephone sets with mechanical arrangements for preventing acoustic feedback between microphone and loudspeaker.

Example WO0049788. The telephone handset has a microphone (2) with a unidirectional direction characteristic
Relationships with other classification places

Electrical and circuit aspects of echo cancellers for two way loudspeaking telephone sets: **H04M 9/08**

Echo cancellers per se on line transmission systems: **H04B 3/20**

**H04M 1/21**

Combinations with auxiliary equipment, e.g. with clock, with memoranda pads

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Structural integration of gadgets physically associated with the telephone (watches, agendas, bottle openers, thermometers, razor) which do not modify the functionality of the telephone. Personal electronics device with cosmetics compartment

Example US2009166247.

**H04M 1/215**

by non-intrusive coupling means, e.g. acoustic couplers

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The auxiliary equipment is connected without modifications to the telephone’s circuit.

**H04M 1/2155**

{Acoustic coupling}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Acoustic couplers for modems.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Communication by means of acoustic waves: **H04B 11/00**
**H04M 1/22**

Illuminating; Arrangements for improving visibility of characters on dials

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Light source in combination with a fixed or portable telephone.

Includes also the backlighting of displays.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Illumination of keys per se: H01H 13/023

Illumination for keyboards: H01H 13/83

Illumination devices in combination with telephones: F21V 33/0052

Control of back illumination for visual indicators: G09G 3/3406

Combination of camera with lighting apparatus: G03B 15/03

**H04M 1/23**

Construction or mounting of dials or of equivalent devices; Means for facilitating the use thereof (by improving visibility **H04M 1/22**)

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

This group relates to the mounting of a keyboard in the telephone set housing.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Constructional structure of an array of key-operated switches per se e.g. keyboard: H01H 13/70

Keys with feedback: H01H 13/84

For personal computers: G06F 1/1662

With ergonomic disposition of keys: G06F 1/1664

Detachable keyboards for portable computers: G06F 1/1669

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/22 takes precedence for improving visibility.

**H04M 1/233**

{including a pointing device, e.g. roller key, track ball, rocker switch or joystick (constructional details of pointing devices per se G06F 3/033)}

**Relationships with other classification places**

Constructional details of pointing devices for personal computers: G06F 3/033.
H04M 1/236
{including keys on side or rear faces}

Relationships with other classification places
Special purposes keys or auxiliary keyboards for personal computers: G06F 1/1671

H04M 1/24
Arrangements for testing (measuring electric values G01R; testing transducers H04R 29/00)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Testing arrangements located in the subscriber set.

Relationships with other classification places
Subscriber line supervision and monitoring circuits at the exchange: H04M 3/2272.
Automatic routine testing for subscriber lines: H04M 3/30
For wireless networks: H04W 24/06, H04W 24/08
For line transmission systems in general: H04B 3/46
Testing/monitoring in general: H04B 17/00
Testing of printed circuit boards: G01R 31/2801
Testing transducers: H04R 29/00

H04M 1/247
Telephone sets including user guidance or features selection means facilitating their use; {Fixed telephone terminals for accessing a variety of communication services via the PSTN network}

Definition statement
This place covers:
This group is only meant for fixed telephone sets.
Enhanced GUI for activating services provided by the exchange by using special function keys.

Relationships with other classification places
Systems providing special services or facilities to subscribers: H04M 3/42
Interaction techniques with a graphical user interface per se: G06F 3/048

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:
Same subject-matter for mobile phones. H04M 1/72583
**H04M 1/2471**

{Configurable and interactive telephone terminals with subscriber controlled features modifications, e.g. with ADSI capability [Analog Display Services Interface] (systems providing special services or facilities to subscribers H04M 3/42; administration or customization of services H04M 3/42136; by downloading data to substation equipment H04M 3/42178)}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Subducer interaction with the exchange to configure the features of the telephone set

**Relationships with other classification places**

Administration or customisation of services: H04M 3/42136

**H04M 1/2472**

{with programmable function keys}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Downloading features or services related to certain keys and requested by the subscriber from the exchange.

**Relationships with other classification places**

By downloading data to the subscriber set

H04M 3/42178

**H04M 1/2473**

{Telephone terminals interfacing a personal computer, e.g. using an API (Application Programming Interface) (details of API H04M 7/0021)}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Extended functionality of a telephone set when combined with a personal computer on the subscriber side.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Arrangements which combine a telephonic equipment with a computer

H04M 7/0012

Details of Application programming interfaces

H04M 7/0021

Private branch exchange with computer telephony integration (CTI)

H04M 3/42323
**H04M 1/2474**

{Telephone terminals specially adapted for disabled people (**H04M 1/72588** takes precedence; network based special services or facilities for hearing-impaired persons **H04M 3/42391**; devices for conversing with the deaf-blind **G09B 21/04**)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group and subgroups are only meant for fixed telephone sets.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Analogous equipment in the exchange: **H04M 3/42391**

Devices for conversing with the deaf-blind: **G09B 21/04**

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Same subject-matter for mobile phones | H04M 1/72588 |

**H04M 1/2475**

{for a hearing impaired user (hearing-aids per se **H04R 25/00**)}

**Relationships with other classification places**

Hearing-aids per se

**H04R 25/00**

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Same subject-matter for mobile phones. | H04M 1/72591 |
| Deaf-aid sets | H04R 25/00 |

**H04M 1/2476**

{for a visually impaired user (**H04M 1/22** takes precedence)}

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Same subject-matter for mobile phones. | H04M 1/72594 |
Special rules of classification

H04M 1/22 takes precedence.

H04M 1/2477

{for selecting a function from a menu display (H04M 1/2474 takes precedence)}

Definition statement

This place covers:
This group is only meant for fixed telephone sets.
User interaction with a menu display for selecting telephonic applications.

Relationships with other classification places

Interaction techniques with a graphical user interface per se

G06F 3/048

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Same subject-matter for mobile phones. | H04M 1/72583 |

Special rules of classification

H04M 1/2474 takes precedence.

H04M 1/2478

{Telephone terminals specially adapted for non-voice services, e.g. email, internet access (centralized arrangements where telephones services are combined H04M 7/0024; for recording text messages H04M 3/5322; for accessing Internet H04M 3/4938)}

Relationships with other classification places

Text-based messaging services in telephone networks such as PSTN or ISDN

H04M 3/42382

Centralised arrangements for recording text messages

H04M 3/5322

Centralised arrangements providing data services like text-based messaging, instant messaging, short message service, electronic mail, or multimedia messaging

H04M 7/0042

For accessing Internet

H04M 7/006

Interactive information services
Telephone sets using digital voice transmission (simultaneous speech and data transmission H04M 11/06; {ISDN terminal access circuits H04Q 11/0471})

Definition statement

This place covers:

This group has not properly evolved as the ISDN telephone sets have been classified in the group H04Q 11/0471 from their origin onwards.

Relationships with other classification places

ISDN terminal access circuits

H04Q 11/0471

Analogue to digital conversion

H03M 1/00

Telephonic communication systems adapted for simultaneous speech and data transmission

H04M 11/06

Telephone sets using digital voice transmission (simultaneous speech and data transmission H04M 11/06; {ISDN terminal access circuits H04Q 11/0471})

Definition statement

This place covers:

This group has not properly evolved as the ISDN telephone sets have been classified in the group H04Q 11/0471 from their origin onwards.

Relationships with other classification places

ISDN terminal access circuits

H04Q 11/0471

Analogue to digital conversion

H03M 1/00

Telephonic communication systems adapted for simultaneous speech and data transmission

H04M 11/06

{adapted for voice communication over an Internet Protocol [IP] network (Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP) network equipment and services H04M 7/006; internet protocols H04L 29/06095)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Telephone terminals adapted for voice communication over an internet protocol (IP).

With regard to VoIP (Voice over Internet Protocol), voice is considered in this context to be a specific form of "digital information". Since the Internet Protocol and IP networks are classified in H04L (H04L 12/00, Data switching networks and H04L 29/02, Communication control), the transmission of voice over IP networks should be classified in H04L.

When VoIP is used to emulate or simulate services, the service, as presented to the user, is still classified in H04M. Any implementation details are however classified in H04L, for example SPIT and SPAM prevention in VoIP should be classified in H04M 3/436.

Relationships with other classification places

Networks other than PSTN/ISDN providing telephone services and including a packet-switched transport layer such as the internet protocol multimedia system

H04M 7/006

Internet protocols per se

H04L 29/06095

Arrangements for real-time multimedia communications
End user terminal functionality

**H04M 1/26**

**Devices for signalling identity of wanted subscriber (constructional features H04M 1/23)**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

General methods and devices for initiating a telephone call.

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

- Constructional features of keyboards.

**H04M 1/27**

**Devices whereby a plurality of signals may be stored simultaneously {devices disposed in the exchange H04M 3/424, H04M 3/44}**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Telephone terminals adapted for abbreviated dialling by storing a directory consisting of a plurality of telephone numbers.

**Relationships with other classification places**

- Centralized directories assistance

**H04M 3/4931**

- Devices disposed in the exchange

**H04M 3/424, H04M 3/44**

**H04M 1/271**

{controlled by voice recognition}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The telephone number is retrieved from the directory by voice recognition.

**Relationships with other classification places**

- Voice recognition per se

**G10L 15/00**
Access to centralized directories by speech interaction

**H04M 3/4936**

**H04M 1/272**

with provision for storing only one subscriber number at a time, e.g. by keyboard or dial

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Telephone terminal storing only one telephone number.

**H04M 1/274**

with provision for storing more than one subscriber number at a time, e.g. using toothed disc

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Electromechanical arrangements.

**H04M 1/2745**

using static electronic memories, i.e. memories whose operation does not require relative movement between storage means and a transducer, e.g. chips; {(fax machines **H04N 1/32037**)}

**Relationships with other classification places**

For facsimile machines

**H04N 1/32037**

Addressing and accessing memory systems

**G06F 12/00**

**H04M 1/274516**

{whose content are provided by data transmission or downloaded}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Telephone terminals whose directory is downloaded from another terminal or from the network.
H04M 1/274525
{Retrieving by scrolling on a display}

Definition statement
This place covers:
A telephone number is retrieved by scrolling a list of names or corresponding telephone numbers on a display.

Relationships with other classification places
Devices for scrolling or navigating through a menu display
G06F 3/033

H04M 1/27455
{Retrieving by interactive graphical means or pictorial representation}

Definition statement
This place covers:
A pictorial representation of a person to be called on a display, or interactive graphical means for accessing the directory are used for selecting the called party.

Relationships with other classification places
Interaction techniques for graphical user interfaces per se
G06F 3/048

H04M 1/274558
{Retrieving by matching an alphabetic string}

Definition statement
This place covers:
The user types on an alphanumeric keyboard the first two or three letters of the name of a party to be called in order to retrieve the corresponding telephone number by matching with the entries of a directory.

Relationships with other classification places
Characters input methods by using selection from displayed items or by retrieval techniques based on prediction: G06F 3/0236, G06F 3/0237

H04M 1/274566
{Appending a prefix or inserting a pause to a dialling sequence}

Definition statement
This place covers:
For calling a subscriber in a different area or country by appending an area code or international prefix to the telephone number before dialling.
**H04M 1/274575**

{Automatic call origination and retry systems, e.g. on off-hook or redial on busy}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Also for automatic dialling of a list of telephone numbers.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Arrangements for recalling a calling subscriber: [H04M 3/42195](#)

When the wanted subscriber ceases to be busy: [H04M 3/48](#)

**H04M 1/274583**

{Sorted according to a specific criteria, e.g. history or frequency of use}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Telephone directory items are sorted according to their frequency of use or other criteria.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Arrangements for providing access to frequently wanted subscribers at the exchange: [H04M 3/44](#)

**H04M 1/274591**

{Implemented by means of discrete electronic components, i.e. neither programmable nor microprocessor controlled (H04M 1/274516 - H04M 1/274583 take precedence)}

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/274516 - H04M 1/274583 take precedence.

**H04M 1/275**

implemented by means of portable electronic directories

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

E.g. smart card storing a telephone directory and including acoustic coupling means for generating a DTMF tone sequence corresponding to a telephone number stored in the memory.

**H04M 1/2755**

whose contents are provided by optical scanning

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

E.g. for scanning a bar code corresponding to a telephone number.
Relationships with other classification places
Constructional details of hand-held scanners: G06K 2007/10524 and G06K 7/10386

Arrangements for transferring data from a sensing device to distant stations: G06K 17/0022

**H04M 1/2765**

{implemented by means of portable magnetic cards}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Cards with magnetic band and without processor.

**H04M 1/312**

{pulses produced by electronic circuits}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The dialling sequence is generated as a succession of pulses.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Electronic circuits for generating pulses per se: H03K 3/00

**H04M 1/315**

Clutches; Spring assemblies; Speed regulators, e.g. centrifugal brakes (H04M 1/32 – H04M 1/40 take precedence)

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/32 - H04M 1/40 take precedence.
H04M 1/50
by generating or selecting currents of predetermined frequencies or combinations of frequencies

Definition statement
This place covers:
Circuits for generating the dialling sequence as a succession of DTMF tones.

Relationships with other classification places
Circuits for detecting sequences of DTMF tones: H04Q 1/45

H04M 1/53
Generation of additional signals, e.g. additional pulses

Definition statement
This place covers:
E.g. Hook flash (access to additional service of the exchange by pushing the hook switch).

Relationships with other classification places
Arrangements in the exchange for transferring calls based on the information specified by the calling party: H04M 3/54, H04M 3/58

H04M 1/54
Arrangements wherein a dial or equivalent generates identifying signals, e.g. in party-line systems

Relationships with other classification places
Party-line systems per se: H04M 13/00

H04M 1/56
Arrangements for indicating or recording the called number at the calling subscriber’s set

Relationships with other classification places
Notifying the calling party with information concerning the called party: H04M 3/42093

H04M 1/57
Arrangements for indicating or recording the number of the calling subscriber at the called subscriber's set (at the operator set in a manual exchange

H04M 5/20)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Providing the called party with information about the calling party before the call is answered or during the call.
Relationships with other classification places

Notifying the called party with information on the calling party: H04M 3/42042

Where the information is included in the ringing tone: H04M 3/42051

For distinctive ringing: H04M 19/04

Identification of class of calling subscriber at the exchange: H04Q 3/70

Arrangements at a manual exchange: H04M 5/18

Special rules of classification

Blocking transmission of caller ID, H04M 1/571.

H04M 1/573

{Line monitoring circuits for detecting caller identification}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Line interface circuits for detecting the identification code of the calling party (for instance transmitted within the ringing signal).

H04M 1/576

{associated with a pictorial or graphical representation}

Definition statement

This place covers:

A picture of the calling party is displayed.

H04M 1/578

{associated with a synthesized vocal announcement}

Definition statement

This place covers:

A vocal announcement provides the identity of the calling party.

Relationships with other classification places

For distinctive ringing tones: H04M 19/04 with H04M 19/041

H04M 1/58

Anti-side-tone circuits (hybrid circuits for carrier-frequency operation H04B 1/00)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Circuit of a telephone line interface, which couples part of the signal from the handset microphone to the loudspeaker of the same handset through the hybrid circuit.
Relationships with other classification places
Hybrid circuit arrangements for transceivers: H04B 1/58
Hybrid circuits for line transmission systems in general: H04B 3/03

H04M 1/585
{implemented without inductive element}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Anti-side tone circuit implemented only with electronic components.

Relationships with other classification places
For transceivers: H04B 1/586

H04M 1/60
including speech amplifiers

Definition statement
This place covers:
Speech amplifiers within the telephone set.

Relationships with other classification places
Control of amplification in general: H03G

H04M 1/6008
{in the transmitter circuit}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Speech amplifiers related to the transmitter (microphone) circuit.

H04M 1/6016
{in the receiver circuit}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Speech amplifiers related to the receiver (loudspeaker) circuit.

H04M 1/6025
{implemented as integrated speech networks}

Definition statement
This place covers:
For integrated circuits performing a two-way speech circuit function.
H04M 1/6033

{for providing handsfree use or a loudspeaker mode in telephone sets
(arrangements for preventing acoustic echo H04M 9/08)}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Handsfree use of a fixed telephone set with external microphone and loudspeaker.

Relationships with other classification places

Two-way loud-speaking systems with means for suppressing echoes and acoustic feedback: H04M 9/08

Public address systems: H04R 27/00

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

For constructional features H04M 1/62

H04M 1/6041

{Portable telephones adapted for handsfree use}

Definition statement

This place covers:
General arrangements for providing handsfree use of a mobile phone.

Relationships with other classification places

Arrangements for holding mobile phones in vehicles: B60R 11/0241

H04M 1/605

{involving control of the receiver volume to provide a dual operational mode at
close or far distance from the user}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Sensing the distance between the user and the device to control the operation mode and the
amplification factor of the received and/or transmitted signal.

H04M 1/6058

{involving the use of a headset accessory device connected to the portable
telephone}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Cable connection of a headset or earphone to the mobile phone for handsfree use.
**References**

*Limiting references*

This place does not cover:

Constructional details of headset devices per se: H04M 1/05

**H04M 1/6066**

{including a wireless connection}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Wireless connection between the mobile terminal and the headset.

**H04M 1/6075**

{adapted for handsfree use in a vehicle (H04M 1/6058 takes precedence; arrangements for holding telephones in a vehicle B60R 11/0241)}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Arrangements for handsfree use of a mobile terminal in a vehicle.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Arrangements for holding telephones in a vehicle: B60R 11/0241

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/6058 and H04M 1/6066 take precedence.

**H04M 1/6083**

{by interfacing with the vehicle audio system}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Coupling the mobile terminal with the on board audio or navigation system of the vehicle.

**Relationships with other classification places**

| Navigation systems | G01C 21/00 |

**H04M 1/6091**

{including a wireless interface}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Wireless interface between the on board audio or navigation system and the mobile terminal.
Relationships with other classification places

Navigation systems: G01C 21/00

H04M 1/62

Constructional arrangements

Definition statement
This place covers:
Only for fixed telephone set.

Constructional arrangements of the loudspeaker and the microphone in the telephone housing to enable handsfree use of the telephone.

H04M 1/64

Automatic arrangements for answering calls; Automatic arrangements for recording messages for absent subscribers; Arrangements for recording conversations (centralised dictation systems H04M 11/10)

Definition statement
This place covers:
When a call is placed to an unattended telephone set, an outgoing message OGM or pre-recorded speech announcement is played back to the calling party who is not invited in this case to record a response to the announcement.

Relationships with other classification places

Centralized arrangements for answering calls: H04M 3/50

Centralized dictation systems: H04M 11/10

Special rules of classification

Only for playing back a speech announcement to the calling party without recording an answer from the calling party.

H04M 1/642

{storing speech in digital form}

Relationships with other classification places

Information storage per se: G11C.

H04M 1/645

{with speech synthesis}

Definition statement
This place covers:
A synthesized speech announcement is played back to the calling party.
H04M 1/647
{using magnetic tape (H04M 1/642 takes precedence)}

Special rules of classification
H04M 1/642 takes precedence.

H04M 1/65
Recording arrangements {for recording a message from the calling party (in the exchange H04M 3/50)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
When a call is placed to an unattended telephone set, an outgoing message OGM or pre-recorded speech announcement is played back to the calling party who is invited in this case to record a response to the announcement, which response is also called incoming message.

Relationships with other classification places
Centralized arrangements for recording incoming messages: H04M 3/53
Voice mail systems: H04M 3/533

Special rules of classification
For playing back a speech announcement to the calling party and recording the calling party's answer.

H04M 1/6505
{storing speech in digital form}

Relationships with other classification places
Information storage per se: G11C

H04M 1/651
{with speech synthesis}

Definition statement
This place covers:
A synthesized speech announcement is played back to the calling party

H04M 1/6515
{using magnetic tape (H04M 1/6505 takes precedence)}

Special rules of classification
H04M 1/6505 takes precedence.
**H04M 1/652**

Means for playing back the recorded messages by remote control over a telephone line (H04M 1/658 takes precedence)

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Means for enabling the subscriber to listen to the messages which have been recorded by its telephone set during its absence by remote control.

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/658 takes precedence.

**H04M 1/654**

Telephone line monitoring circuits therefor, e.g. ring detectors

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Specific line monitoring circuits for answering machines.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Telephone line interface circuits in general: H04M 1/738

Telephone line monitoring and detecting circuits in general: H04M 1/82

**H04M 1/6545**

{mechanically actuating hook switch, e.g. lifting handset}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Answering machines with mechanical means for lifting the handset and activating the hook switch to close the line loop in response to an incoming call.

**References**

**Limiting references**

This place does not cover:

| Hook switches per se | H04M 1/08 |

**H04M 1/656**

for recording conversations

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Arrangements for recording parts or the whole speech communication in the subscriber set.
Relationships with other classification places
Conversation recording systems at the exchange: H04M 3/42221

H04M 1/658
Means for redirecting recorded messages to other extensions or equipment

Definition statement
This place covers:
Means for forwarding a recorded message from an unattended telephone set to a remote location corresponding to a pre-stored telephone number.

H04M 1/66
with means for preventing unauthorised or fraudulent calling (verifying user identity or authority in secret or secure digital communications H04L 9/32)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Telephone sets adapted for preventing unauthorized calls (incoming or outgoing calls).

Relationships with other classification places
Call monitoring, e.g. for law enforcement purposes; Call tracing; Detection or prevention of malicious calls by the exchange: H04M 3/2281
Verifying user identity or authority in secret or secure digital communications: H04L 9/32

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:
Restricting the functionality or the communication capability of mobile telephones under specific circumstances H04M 1/72577

H04M 1/663
Preventing unauthorised calls to a telephone set

Definition statement
This place covers:
Screening or filtering incoming calls (for instance depending on the caller identification).

Relationships with other classification places
Arrangements for screening incoming calls at the exchange: H04M 3/436, H04M 3/4365
**H04M 1/665**

by checking the validity of a code

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The calling party has to dial a special code prior to the dialling of the telephone number (for instance a certain DTMF sequence). This special code is checked at the called telephone set to accept or deny the communication.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Graded services arrangements in the exchange by using authorisation codes or passwords:  
H04M 3/382

**H04M 1/667**

Preventing unauthorised calls from a telephone set (H04M 1/677 takes precedence)

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mostly mechanical means preventing the use of a telephone set for outgoing calls.

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/677 takes precedence.

**H04M 1/67**

by electronic means

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Circuits or functional arrangements to disable or lock the telephone set for outgoing calls. This group also includes fingerprint or biometric recognition systems to enable the use of the telephone set.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Systems for eye/iris/retina acquisition: G06K 9/00604

Access control by means of physical/biometric data: G07C 9/00158

Electronic locks using biometric data for granting access: G07C 9/00563

**H04M 1/673**

the user being required to key in a code

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The user has to key in a special code to unlock the telephone set for outgoing calls.
Relationships with other classification places

Graded services arrangements in the exchange by using authorisation codes or passwords  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Relationships with other classification places</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Graded services arrangements in the exchange by using authorisation codes or passwords</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**H04M 1/675**

the user being required to insert a coded card, e.g. a smart card carrying an integrated circuit chip {for constructional features in portable telephones H04B 1/3816} 

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The user is requested to insert a smart card in the telephone set to activate the telephone set.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Graded services arrangements in the exchange by using subscriber identification cards: H04M 3/387

IC card mounting means in a portable telephone: H04B 1/3816

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

Subscriber authentication in wireless networks by using a SIM card. H04W 12/00

**H04M 1/677**

Preventing the dialling or sending of predetermined telephone numbers or selected types of telephone numbers, e.g. long distance

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

For instance preventing long distance calls by analysing the dialling sequence at the telephone set.

Arrangements with few programmed keys corresponding to a limited set of telephone numbers for local calls (special telephones for children).

**H04M 1/68**

Circuit arrangements for preventing eavesdropping

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Arrangements provided on the path between the local telephone and the junction box.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Eavesdropping prevention in the exchange: H04M 3/205
H04M 1/70
Lock-out or secrecy arrangements in party-line systems

Definition statement
This place covers:
For preventing subscribers sharing the same telephone line in rural areas to listen to someone else's conversation.

Relationships with other classification places

| Lock-out or secrecy provision provided by the exchange in party-line systems | H04M 3/16 |
---|---|

H04M 1/72
Substation extension arrangements; Cordless telephones, i.e. devices for establishing wireless links to base stations without route selecting {(constructional features of cordless telephones H04M 1/0202)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
When a plurality of communication devices are connected to the same line.

Relationships with other classification places
Interconnection arrangements not involving centralised switching: H04M 9/00

Special rules of classification
For cordless telephones i.e. portable devices for establishing wireless links to telephone base stations without route selecting, H04M 1/725 takes precedence.

H04M 1/723
using two or more extensions per line (H04M 1/725 takes precedence)

Definition statement
This place covers:
For a plurality of telephone sets connected to the network via the same line.

Special rules of classification
H04M 1/725 takes precedence.
**H04M 1/725**

Cordless telephones \{(for handsfree use H04M 1/6041)\}

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

A cordless telephone is considered as an extension of a telephone base station as it communicates via a wireless link with the base station which is connected by a single line to the network. (Mostly domestic applications).

**Relationships with other classification places**

With regard to mobile telephony, H04M covers communication systems using wireless extensions, i.e. wireless links without selective communication, e.g. cordless telephones, which are covered by group H04M 1/72, whereas H04W covers communication networks for selectively establishing one or a plurality of wireless communication links between a desired number of users or between users and network equipments, for the purpose of transferring information via these wireless communication links.

**References**

*Limiting references*

_This place does not cover:_

| Handsfree use of cordless phones | H04M 1/6041 |

**H04M 1/72502**

{with one base station connected to a single line}

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

A single or a plurality of cordless phones registered with the same and unique base station.

**H04M 1/72505**

{Radio link set-up procedure}

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Radio link set-up procedure between a cordless phone and the base station.

**H04M 1/72508**

{using a control channel}

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Radio link set-up procedure by using a control channel.
H04M 1/72511

{Searching for an available channel}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Radio link set-up procedure by selecting and using an idle communication channel.

H04M 1/72513

{On hold, intercom or transfer communication modes}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Placing a call on hold.

Intercom function between at least two cordless phones registered with the same base station.

Direct communication link between two handsets without intervention of the base station.

H04M 1/72519

{Portable communication terminals with improved user interface to control a main telephone operation mode or to indicate the communication status}

Definition statement

This place covers:
This class and subclasses focus on the interaction of the user with the device via an improved graphical interface to control a telephone communication. This class and the whole set of subclasses extend to the mobile or cellular telephones as well.

Relationships with other classification places

Graphical user interface for managing generic applications: G06F 3/048

User interface programs per se: G06F 9/451

Generating graphical user interface software: G06F 9/451

For selecting a network or communication service: H04W 48/18

Measuring or estimating received signal strength: H04B 17/318

NOTE: User interface aspects for mobile telephones are classified in H04M 1/72519 and subgroups and not in H04W 88/02 (Terminal devices).
H04M 1/72522

{With means for supporting locally a plurality of applications to increase the functionality (for selecting a function in a menu H04M 1/2477)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
When the improved user interface (GUI) enables the user to control a plurality of telephony applications which are active at the same time.

Relationships with other classification places
Broadcast applications for mobile receivers: H04H 20/57
Television applications: H04N 5/00
Two way subscription systems: H04N 7/173
Video phones: H04N 7/14
Medical applications: A61B
Protection of digital contents (Digital rights management: DRM): G06F 21/00
Electronic payment applications: G07F 7/00
Characterised by the use of a wireless device: G06Q 20/32
Electronic marketing and advertising: G06Q 30/00

Special rules of classification
For selecting a function in a menu H04M 1/72583 takes precedence.

H04M 1/72525

{provided by software upgrading or downloading}

Definition statement
This place covers:
When the extended functionality is provided by software upgrading.

Relationships with other classification places

| Software deployment or loading per se | G06F 8/60 |

H04M 1/72527

{provided by interfacing with an external accessory (hands-free H04M 1/6041)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
When the extended functionality is provided by connecting an external accessory. For example US2003153363.
An expansion display unit (10) is provided with a display section (13) having a display surface larger than the display section (8) of the mobile terminal.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Connecting a headset for handsfree use.  

H04M 1/6058.

Special rules of classification

For mechanical assembly details H04M 1/0254.

H04M 1/7253

{using a two-way short-range wireless interface}

Definition statement

This place covers:

When the connection with the accessory is implemented via a short range radio link (Bluetooth).
Example EP1447944: a mobile phone 10 operating as a master performs an inquiry to form a piconet with a computer 21, a printer 22, a PDA 23, and a headset 24 in a directly connectable range 20. The computer 21 can form another piconet with a speaker 30.

Relationships with other classification places

Near field transmission systems: H04B 5/00

Discovery of other network devices in proximity of a mobile terminal: H04W 8/005

Arrangements for service discovery: H04L 29/08648

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Wireless connection of a headset for handsfree use of a mobile terminal. H04M 1/6066
**H04M 1/72533**

{for remote control of appliances}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Portable communication device adapted for remote control of an other appliance. For example WO2007035385. An appliance to be controlled is selected from a list of appliances (26) on the cellular device display (22).

![Diagram](image)

**FIG.1**

**Relationships with other classification places**

Arrangements for transmitting signals using a radio link: G08C 17/02

Home automation networks: H04L 12/2803

Remotely managing devices over a network: H04L 29/08567

Telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with remote control systems: H04M 11/007

**H04M 1/72536**

{for supporting an emergency service (alarm systems G08B; telephonic communication systems in combination with alarm systems H04M 11/04; telephone sets for disabled persons H04M 1/2474)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Mobile phones supporting an emergency service.

**Relationships with other classification places**

Alarm systems using wireless transmission: G08B 25/10

Telephonic communication systems in combination with alarm systems: H04M 11/04
H04M 1/72536 (continued)

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fixed telephone sets for disabled persons</td>
<td>H04M 1/2474</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 1/72544

{for supporting a game or graphical animation}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Portable communication devices with improved user interfaces for interacting with game applications, graphical animations like avatars, themes or wallpapers, background screens or screen savers.

Relationships with other classification places

Aspects of games using an electronically generated display in general: A63F 13/00

Display control per se: G09G 3/00

Digital output to display device: G06F 3/14

H04M 1/72547

{with interactive input/output means for internally managing multimedia messages (mail systems for messages comprising audio and non-audio components H04M 3/5307; message switching systems H04L 51/00)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Improved graphical interfaces for interacting with messaging applications (voice or text messaging, SMS and MMS) in a portable communication device.

Relationships with other classification places

Mail systems for messages comprising audio and non-audio components: H04M 3/5307

Computer aided management of electronic mail: G06Q 10/107

Message switching systems: H04L 51/00

Instant messaging: H04L 51/04

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telephone answering machines for answering a telephone call.</td>
<td>H04M 1/64, H04M 1/65</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
H04M 1/7255
{for voice messaging, e.g. dictaphone (for answering an incoming call H04M 1/64)}

Relationships with other classification places
Centralised Voice mail systems: H04M 3/53
Dictation recording and playback systems: H04M 11/10

Special rules of classification
For answering an incoming call H04M 1/64 and H04M 1/65 take precedence.

H04M 1/72552
{for text messaging, e.g. sms, e-mail}

Relationships with other classification places
Computer aided management of electronic mail: G06Q 10/107
Instant messaging: H04L 51/04

H04M 1/72555
{for still or moving picture messaging (systems for transmission of still picture signals H04N 1/00095; videophones H04N 7/14)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
e.g. Pictures transmission as an attachment to the message.

Relationships with other classification places
Transmission of still pictures with a mobile phone: H04N 1/00307
Videophones: H04N 7/14

H04M 1/72561
{for supporting an internet browser application}

Relationships with other classification places
Retrieval of information on the Internet e.g. browsers: G06F 16/95
Interactive information services including a voice browser: H04M 3/4938
H04M 1/72563
{with means for adapting by the user the functionality or the communication capability of the terminal under specific circumstances}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Customisation of a mobile terminal or modification of user settings.

Relationships with other classification places
Communication control, User profiles: H04L 29/08936

H04M 1/72566
{according to a schedule or a calendar application (network applications for presence management H04L 29/08684)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Adapting the functionality of a mobile terminal according to a schedule or agenda.

Relationships with other classification places
Office automation, time management, reminders meetings: G06Q 10/109
Network applications for presence management: H04L 29/08684

H04M 1/72569
{according to context or environment related information}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Configuring the functionality of a mobile terminal according to events detected by a context application or according to its physical environment e.g. by using sensors.

H04M 1/72572
{according to a geographic location (user location related services provided by wireless communication networks H04W 4/02; network applications adapted for the location of the user terminal H04L 29/08657)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
adapting the functionality of a mobile terminal according to its location.

Relationships with other classification places
User location related services provided by wireless communication networks: H04W 4/02
Network applications adapted for the location of the user terminal: H04L 29/08657
**H04M 1/72575**
{by connection of an exchangeable housing part}

**Definition statement**
*This place covers:*
E.g. Adapting terminal functionality by using interchangeable faceplates

**Special rules of classification**
For changing aesthetic appearance H04M 1/0283.

**H04M 1/72577**
{to restrict the functionality or the communication capability of the terminal (network access restriction H04W 48/02)}

**Relationships with other classification places**
Network access restriction based on user location: H04W 48/04.

**H04M 1/72583**
{for operating the terminal by selecting telephonic functions from a plurality of displayed items, e.g. menus, icons (interaction techniques for Graphical User Interfaces per se G06F 3/048)}

**Definition statement**
*This place covers:*
The scope of this group is limited to the selection of a telephonic function on a menu display of a portable communication device..

**References**

**Limiting references**
*This place does not cover:*
User interaction with a menu display for generic applications: G06F 3/048

**H04M 1/72588**
{specially adapted for disabled people (devices for conversing with the deaf-blind G09B 21/04)}

**Definition statement**
*This place covers:*
Portable communication devices adapted for disabled people.

**Relationships with other classification places**
Devices for conversing with the deaf-blind: G09B 21/04
**H04M 1/72591**

{for a hearing impaired user (hearing-aids per se H04R 25/00)}

**Relationships with other classification places**

Hearing-aids per se: H04R 25/00

**H04M 1/72594**

{for a visually impaired user (H04M 1/22 takes precedence)}

**Special rules of classification**

H04M 1/22 takes precedence.

**H04M 1/727**

**Identification code transfer arrangements**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

For registration of a cordless telephone with a base station.

**H04M 1/73**

**Battery saving arrangements {(by switching on/off the receiving circuit H04B 1/1615)}**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

For cordless telephones only.

**Relationships with other classification places**

For mobile and cellular phones: H04W 52/02

For personal computers: G06F 1/3203

**H04M 1/733**

with a plurality of base stations connected to a plurality of lines {(for selection in cordless PBX H04W 84/16)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group refers to the head group H04M 1/725 and relates only to cordless telephones

**Relationships with other classification places**

Wireless PBX: H04W 84/16
H04M 1/737
characterised by transmission of electromagnetic waves other than radio waves, e.g. infra-red

Definition statement
This place covers:
For cordless telephones.

H04M 1/738
Interface circuits for coupling substations to external telephone lines (H04M 1/78 takes precedence)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Line interface circuits for fixed telephone sets.

Relationships with other classification places
Analogous interface circuits for subscriber telephone lines at the exchange: H04M 3/005
Modems and ADSL lines: H04M 11/06

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:
This class is not intended for applications disclosing a modem connected between the telephone and the telephone line (e.g. US2008095341).

Special rules of classification
H04M 1/78 takes precedence.

H04M 1/74
with means for reducing interference; with means for reducing effects due to line faults

Definition statement
This place covers:
Arrangements located at the subscriber side.

Relationships with other classification places
Indicating faults in circuits or apparatuses at the exchange: H04M 3/08
Reducing interference in line transmission systems: H04B 3/28, H04B 3/30
H04M 1/745
{Protection devices or circuits for voltages surges on the line}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Circuit arrangements located at the subscriber side.

Relationships with other classification places
Analogous equipments at the exchange, H04M 3/18
Emergency protective circuit arrangements in general for limiting excess current or voltage without disconnection, H02H 9/00

H04M 1/76
Compensating for differences in line impedance (in general H04B)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Line impedance adaptation implemented in the subscriber set.

Relationships with other classification places
Control of transmission and equalising in line transmission systems in general: H04B 3/04

H04M 1/78
Circuit arrangements in which low-frequency speech signals proceed in one direction on the line, while speech signals proceeding in the other direction on the line are modulated on a high-frequency carrier signal (repeater circuits H04B 3/38)

Relationships with other classification places
Systems for transmission via power distribution lines: H04B 3/54
Repeater circuits H04B 3/38

H04M 1/80
Telephone line holding circuits

Definition statement
This place covers:
Circuits arrangements on the subscriber side.

Relationships with other classification places
Call holding circuits at the exchange: H04M 3/4283
H04M 1/82
Line monitoring circuits for call progress or status discrimination {(for detecting caller identity H04M 1/573)}

Relationships with other classification places
Line supervising and monitoring at the exchange: H04M 3/2209
Line monitoring in transmission systems in general: H04B 3/46

Special rules of classification
For detecting caller identification H04M 1/573.

H04M 3/00
Automatic or semi-automatic exchanges {(constructional details of telephone exchanges H04Q 1/02)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
• Telephonic communication services, in particular supplementary services specifically adapted for telephonic communication provided by networks comprising any type of switching devices, such as telephone exchanges, telephone switches, softswitches, call agents or and call state control function or control protocols, such as ISDN User part [ISUP], H.323 and SIP;
• Telephone exchanges or telephone switches, in particular digital switches which work by connecting two or more digital circuits together, according to a dialed telephone number. This main group covers both switches of Public Switched Telephone Networks, PSTN, and Private Branch Exchanges [PBX];
• Application servers for information services, call distribution and queuing services, messaging services and conference services;
• Arrangements for providing information services, such as Interactive Voice Response Systems, Voice Portals or Voice Browsers;
• Centralised arrangements for answering requiring operator intervention (also referred to as a call centers), usually employing call queuing and call distribution;
• Centralised arrangements for recording messages for absent or busy subscribers (also referred to as Voice Mail Systems);
• Arrangements for connecting several subscribers to a common circuit (also referred to as Conference Bridges).

Relationships with other classification places
• Services or devices which are arranged for use in substation equipment are classified in H04M 1/00, whereas services arranged for use in the exchange are classified in H04M 3/00.
• Exchanges in and services specially provided for mobile radio systems are classified in H04W 4/00-H04W 92/00.
• Implementation details and protocol details of networks comprising call agents, call controllers and call state control functions and/or employing the H.323 or SIP protocol are classified in H04L 29/06.
• Protocol details of call control protocols such as Q.931 and ISDN User part (ISUP) are classified in H04Q.
References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Constructional details and the switching fabric of a telephone exchange | H04Q |
| Constructional details of telephone exchanges | H04Q 1/02 |
| Selecting arrangements | H04Q 3/00 - H04Q 5/00, H04Q 11/00, H04W |

H04M 3/002

Applications of echo suppressors or cancellers in telephonic connections (in two-way loud-speaking telephone systems H04M 9/08, echo suppressors or cancellers per se H04B 3/20)

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Two-way loud-speaking telephone systems with means for suppressing echoes or otherwise conditioning for one or other direction of traffic | H04M 9/08 |
| Echo suppressors or cancellers in general | H04B 3/20 |

H04M 3/005

Interface circuits for subscriber lines (current supply H04M 19/00 and subgroups; supervisory, monitoring or testing arrangements H04M 3/22 and subgroups; in key telephone systems H04M 9/006)

Definition statement

This place covers:

- [Digital] line cards which are modular electronic circuits on a printed circuit board.
- The line card interfaces a telecommunication line coming from the subscriber.
- Telephone line cards used in PSTN perform so-called BORSCHT functions.
- A line card can terminate a line supporting voice POTS service, ISDN service or DSL service.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| supervisory, monitoring or testing arrangements | H04M 3/22 |
| in key telephone systems | H04M 9/006 |
| current supply | H04M 19/00 |
Informative references
Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>And for DSL service</th>
<th>H04M 3/007</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For ISDN service</td>
<td>H04Q 11/0471</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Some of the BORSCHT functions or at least related functions can be found in the following groups:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>R=Ringing:</th>
<th>H04M 3/02, H04M 19/02</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>O=Overvoltage:</td>
<td>H04M 3/18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monitoring and testing arrangements</td>
<td>H04M 3/22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>S=Supervision:</td>
<td>H04M 3/2272</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T=Test access .</td>
<td>H04M 3/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exchange line cards of key telephone systems</td>
<td>H04M 9/006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B=Battery feed:</td>
<td>H04M 19/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current supply arrangements in general</td>
<td>H04M 19/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>C=CODEC</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H=Hybrid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Synonyms and Keywords
In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:

| SLIC               | Subscriber Line Interface Circuit |

H04M 3/02
Ringing or otherwise calling substations (selective calling H04Q)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements for ringing or otherwise calling substations as well as call notifications services where the type of notification is adapted to the specific context of the incoming call.

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| selectively calling a substation from a main station | H04Q 9/00 |
| One-way selective calling services                 | H04W 4/06 |

Special rules of classification
Providing distinctive or selective ringing capability can also be found in H04M 19/04 when the ringing current is generated at the substation.
If the ringing tone is used as a means to notify the called party of information on the calling party, H04M 3/42051 takes priority.

**H04M 3/08**

**Indicating faults in circuits or apparatus**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Methods and arrangements which are specifically adapted to the troubleshooting of faults or failures.

**Special rules of classification**

The troubleshooting of faults or failures belongs in principle to Operations, Administration, Maintenance, and Provisioning [OAM&P], which is classified in H04M 3/22, but since it is an IPC group it has been kept on the same hierarchical level.

**H04M 3/18**

**with means for reducing interference {or noise}; with means for reducing effects due to line faults {with means for protecting lines}**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Means which are specifically adapted to telephone subscriber lines consisting of twisted copper pairs. For example the use of load coils or overvoltage protection arrangements are covered here.

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Protective circuit arrangements in general | H02H 9/04 |

**H04M 3/22**

**Supervisory, monitoring, {management, i.e. operation, administration, maintenance} or testing arrangements**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Operations, Administration, Maintenance, and Provisioning OAM&P of telephonic communication services, arrangements and application servers as mentioned in the definition statement of the main group H04M 3/00 as well as individual telephone exchanges or switches.

Furthermore, it covers call monitoring, tracing and detail recording, as well as speech quality monitoring.

This group also covers OAM&P of the metallic twisted pair subscriber line, whereby testing of physical copper line parameters is covered by H04M 3/305 and xDSL line qualification testing is covered by H04M 3/306.
Special rules of classification

As far as management of networks is concerned, one has to distinguish between telephone networks and data networks.

Management of telephone networks is classified in group H04Q 3/0062, while management of data networks is classified in groups H04L 41/00 or H04L 43/00.

Testing of crosstalk effects is classified in group H04B 3/487.

H04M 3/38

Graded-service arrangements, i.e. some subscribers prevented from establishing certain connections (queueing arrangements {H04M 3/523}, H04Q 3/64)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for preventing the establishment of certain outgoing connections either by such services as outgoing call barring, i.e. by default the establishment is prevented, or call screening, i.e. by default the establishment is allowed.

Where the prevention can be [temporarily] disabled, this is classified in the hierarchically lower groups.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| queueing arrangements                      | H04M 3/523, H04Q 3/64 |

Special rules of classification

Prevention of incoming connections is classified in H04M 3/436.

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the following expressions/words "einschränkung des abgehenden verkehrs", "call restriction services", "service restriction in outgoing direction", and "outgoing call barring" are often used as synonyms.

In patent documents the expression/word "forced authorization codes fac" is often used in this context.

H04M 3/42

Systems providing special services or facilities to subscribers

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements which provide supplementary telephonic communication services, that is any type of service which goes beyond basic call establishment. Arrangements for which specific subgroups exist are in particular enterprise telephonic communication servers H04M 3/42314, interactive voice response systems H04M 3/493, call or contact centers H04M 3/51, voicemail systems H04M 3/533, and telephonic conference bridges H04M 3/56.
Special rules of classification

The arrangements which provide the supplementary telephonic communication services are the ones mentioned in the definition statement of this subclass. Certain arrangement and protocol details are classified as mentioned in the passage "Relationship between large subject matter areas" of this subclass. Mobile application services, also referred to as mobile apps, using supplementary telephonic communication services are covered by H04W 4/16.

H04M 3/42008

{Systems for anonymous communication between parties, e.g. by use of disposal contact identifiers}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for establishing a connection to and from a party which has not been identified by the other party. For example the calling party only specifies a subject or a box number published in a newspaper. Also covers disposal numbers which are only usable for a limited amount of time.

Special rules of classification

Calling Line Identification Restriction [CLIR] is covered by the combination with H04M 3/42042. Connected Line Identification Restriction [COLR] is covered by the combination with H04M 3/42093.

H04M 3/42017

{Customized ring-back tones}

Definition statement

This place covers:

- Methods and arrangements providing a customized notification to the calling party that the called party is alerted, usually in the form of a customized ring-back tone. "Customized" refers to the fact that the type of notification is specific to the context of the call, for example the called party.
- The customized ring-back tone can be provided as a service to either the calling or the called party or even both.
- When the service is customised by the calling party, i.e. the calling party configures the different contexts, such configuration information is referred to as a profile and classified by H04M 3/42068.
- When the service is customised by the called party, i.e. the called party configures the different contexts, such configuration information is not explicitly classified since it is considered that by default such information is present.
- When the customized ring-back tone triggers some further activity of one of the parties such as for example storing the tone in their own profile, retrieving additional information on the tone, in particular when it relates to a piece of music or the download of the piece of music then these aspects are classified in H04M 3/42153 and/or H04M 3/42178.
- The configuration as such is classified in H04M 3/42153 but only if the way the configuration is performed are relevant.
- When the context is defined by the network operator, this is typically related to advertisements, which are to be classified in H04M 3/4878. What mainly distinguishes H04M 3/42017 from H04M 3/487 is the fact that the parties themselves can determine the context.

Special rules of classification

When the customized notification mentioned above relates to an advice of charge, the groups H04M 15/00 or H04L 12/14 take priority.
H04M 3/42025
{Calling orCalled party identification service (not used)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

- The hierarchically highest groups H04M 3/42025, H04M 3/42034, and H04M 3/42085 are only used for additional information because most often the subject-matter to be classified does not relate to the identification as such but rather to the use of the identification for the customization of supplementary services or the presentation of the identification itself which are both covered by the hierarchically lower groups. These comprise in particular the groups H04M 3/42042 and /42C2N which cover the services calling line identification presentation [CLIP] and connected line identification presentation [COLP], as well as any more enhanced forms of presentation of information relating to one of the call parties.

- Furthermore, all caller-dependent services should receive H04M 3/42059 as additional information and all called party-dependent services should receive H04M 3/42102. The usage of profiles is covered by either H04M 3/42068 or H04M 3/4211.

H04M 3/42136
{Administration or customisation of services}

Definition statement

This place covers:

The configuration of supplementary services. Whereas OAM&P as classified in H04M 3/22 also comprises configuration of network nodes by the network operator, this group specifically covers the configuration of supplementary services that are provided to subscribers as add-ons to basic telephony. Furthermore, service interactions are covered by H04M 3/4217.

H04M 3/42187
{Lines and connections with preferential service}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements where certain lines or connections are prioritised which for example is important when the system is overloaded due to failure or disaster situations.

Special rules of classification

Preferential services are often provided in the context of overload which often occurs when a disaster occurred. The disaster is a specific form of emergency situation. Overload in general is covered by H04M 3/367 whereas any services related to emergency situations are covered by H04M 2242/04. Mobile application services, also referred to as mobile apps, handling emergency, urgent or hazardous situations are covered by H04W 4/90.
H04M 3/42195
{Arrangements for calling back a calling subscriber (when the wanted subscriber ceases to be busy H04M 3/48)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements for any kind of return calls, as well as for call completion on no reply [CCNR]. Call completion on busy [CCBS] is covered by H04M 3/48.

This group also covers services where the calling subscriber is a requestor of a return call in order to reverse the direction of the established call, as for example in calling card services. This group is also used for storing caller identity information in the network and inform called party about all calls that came in when he was busy/absent; i.e. even though nor "recall" is initiated; this service is often referred to as missed call notification.

Special rules of classification
Arrangements for calling back a calling subscriber in the specific context of call center queuing is covered by H04M 3/5231. Arrangements for calling back the sender of a voice mail message is covered by H04M 3/53341.

Arrangements for calling back a calling subscriber when the wanted subscriber ceases to be busy is covered by H04M 3/48.

H04M 3/42204
{Arrangements at the exchange for service or number selection by voice (at the terminal H04M 1/27)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements for voice dialling.

Special rules of classification
When speech recognition is additional rather than inventive information, H04M 2201/40 is used.
Selection by voice as provided by interactive voice response-type systems and classified by H04M 3/493 is not explicitly classified since it is implicit in such systems.

Arrangements at a terminal for service or number selection by voice is covered by H04M 1/27.

H04M 3/42212
{Call pickup (comprising simultaneous alerting H04M 3/46)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Method and arrangements where a third party is capable of to answer someone else's telephone call, which is referred to as picking up a call.

Special rules of classification
Simultaneous alerting is covered by H04M 3/46. The distinction between call pickup and simultaneous alerting is not the intended destination but the terminals or parties being notified about the call. When the party answering the call has been signalled the call, H04M 3/46 takes priority.
H04M 3/42221

{Conversation recording systems (at the subscriber's set H04M 1/656)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for recording a telephone conversation independent of the specific context.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Recording at the subscriber's set

H04M 1/656

Special rules of classification

If used for law enforcement purposes it should be combined with H04M 3/2281 and if used for quality assurance in call centers it should be combined with H04M 3/5175. Contrary to H04M 3/2218 it is the speech exchanged during a telephone conversation that is recorded and not any call details such as time of or parties to the call.

H04M 3/42229

{Personal communication services, i.e. services related to one subscriber independent of his terminal and/or location (diverting calls from one subscriber to another subscriber, i.e. two different subscriptions H04M 3/54; selecting arrangements in intelligent networks H04Q 3/005)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for handling a call according to one of the involved parties rather than handling it according to a telephone number with a fixed association to a line as in the classical PSTN where the telephone number identifies both, the party and the line. The classical example of what this group covers is the personal number service.

The hierarchically lower groups cover in particular the following:

- When the same line and/or substation is shared by several parties: H04M 3/42238;
- When a multi-mode terminal moves between different access networks of which at least one is a mobile extension to a fixed access point: H04M 3/42246;
- When the subscriber is nomadic in that he uses different terminals: H04M 3/42263

Special rules of classification

This group should only be used when the subject-matter to be classified relates to the problem of overcoming the fixed association mentioned above because cellular and IP-based telephone networks inherently do not use addresses, such as telephone numbers, with such a fixed association.

Local number portability is covered by H04M/42N5.

Diversion of calls from one subscriber to another subscriber, i.e. from one subscription to another H04M 3/54 takes priority; Implementation details for such service in Intelligent Networks are covered by H04Q 3/005.
Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents, the following expressions/words "follow-me"; "personal mobility"; "personal number service"; "portability"; "portable service"; "service profile"; “service 0700 in germany”, "persönliche Rufnummer" often used.

H04M 3/4228

{in networks}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for providing supplementary services relating to deregulated telephone networks or to special service telephone numbers. Three hierarchically lower groups are dedicated to

Carrier selection: H04M 3/42289

Local number portability: H04M 3/42297

Number translation services, in particular freephone: H04M 3/42306.

Special rules of classification

When the supplementary service is implemented by an Intelligent Network, H04M 2207/12 is allocated. Intelligent Networks in general are covered by H04Q 3/0029

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ILEC</td>
<td>incumbent local exchange carrier</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CLEC</td>
<td>competitive local exchange carriers</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 3/42314

{in private branch exchanges}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements which are specifically adapted to a private context as for example in an office or even at home. Private in this context is the opposite of public in the Public Switched Telephone Network.

Three hierarchically lower groups are dedicated to

• Computer Telephone Integration: H04M 3/42323
• Direct Inward Dialing: H04M 3/42331
• Teleworking arrangements: H04M 3/4234

Special rules of classification

Multi-site arrangements which are classified in H04M 7/009
H04M 3/42348
{Location-based services which utilize the location information of a target}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Methods and arrangements where the service adapts its behaviour to the spatial context of the subscriber.

Special rules of classification

If the service itself is explicitly covered by one of the H04M 3/00 group, this group is allocated in combination.

H04M 3/42365
{Presence services providing information on the willingness to communicate or the ability to communicate in terms of media capability or network connectivity}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Methods and arrangements where the service adapts its behaviour to the personal context of the subscriber, in particular its ability and/or willingness to communicate.

Special rules of classification

If the service itself is explicitly covered by one of the H04M 3/00 groups, this group is allocated in combination.

H04M 3/42382
{Text-based messaging services in telephone networks such as PSTN/ISDN, e.g. User-to-User Signalling or Short Message Service for fixed networks}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Methods and arrangements where text messages are transmitted as add-on to signalling mechanisms for telephonic communication. Furthermore, interactions of calls and text messages such as calls triggering a message or messages triggering a call are covered here.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Short messaging service in wireless networks | H04W 4/14 |
**H04M 3/424**

**Arrangements for automatic redialling (at the subscriber's set H04M 1/27)**

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Methods and arrangements for facilitating the redial of a recently called party.

Whereas in H04M 3/424 the recall is initiated by the calling party, in H04M 3/48 it is initiated by the network.

**References**

**Limiting references**

_This place does not cover:_

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Arrangements for automatic redialling at the subscriber's set</th>
<th>H04M 1/27</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**H04M 3/428**

**Arrangements for placing incoming calls on hold**

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Methods and arrangements for suppressing verbal communication to the party which has put the call on hold. Four hierarchically lower groups are dedicated to:

- the application of call hold in the context internet dial-up: H04M 3/4281
- circuits enabling the call hold functionality: H04M 3/4283
- providing content potentially in the form of advertising or entertaining nature to the party which has be put on hold Music-on-hold: H04M 3/4285
- notifying the party on hold of its removal from hold: H04M 3/4286
- call waiting: H04M 3/4288

**H04M 3/436**

**Arrangements for screening incoming calls {, i.e. evaluating the characteristics of a call before deciding whether to answer it (based on the calling party profile H04M 3/42059; based on location H04M 3/42348; based on presence H04M 3/42365; diversion H04M 3/54)}**

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Methods and arrangements where the call context is analysed in order to decide if the call is offered to the called party. If the party to be screened has defined upfront certain information that is being analysed as well, the hierarchically lower group H04M 3/4365 is to be used.

**Special rules of classification**

If the screening rules are stored in association with the calling party H04M 3/42059 is to be allocated in combination. In case of a spatial context, H04M 3/42348 and in case of a personal context (presence) H04M 3/42365 is to be allocated in combination. If the call which is not offered to the called party is not terminated but forwarded (diverted) to a different party, H04M 3/54 takes priority.
Synonyms and Keywords
In patent documents the following expressions/words "do not disturb" and "incoming call barring" are often used.

H04M 3/44
Additional connecting arrangements for providing access to frequently-wanted subscribers, e.g. abbreviated dialling (at the subscriber’s set H04M 1/27; automatic redialling H04M 3/424)

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Additional connecting arrangements for providing access to frequently-wanted subscribers, e.g. abbreviated dialling at the subscriber’s set</th>
<th>H04M 1/27</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Automatic redialling</td>
<td>H04M 3/424</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 3/46
Arrangements for calling a number of substations in a predetermined sequence until an answer is obtained

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements for alerting a number of substations of the same call. If the substations are alerted at the same time then the hierarchically lower group H04M 3/465 is to be used. This group covers features such as call coverage and call hunting.

Special rules of classification
Call distribution is to be classified in H04M 3/523. If all the substations to be alerted are associated with the same subscriber, the subject-matter is to be classified as a personal number service in H04M 3/4229. If for a specific context only one alternative [substation] is defined, the subject-matter is to be classified as call diversion in H04M 3/54.

Synonyms and Keywords
In patent documents the following expressions/words "call hunting", "call hunt groups", "call-coverage" often used.

H04M 3/48
Arrangements for recalling a calling subscriber when the wanted subscriber ceases to be busy

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements for calling back a calling subscriber when the wanted subscriber ceases to be busy; i.e. the calling subscriber is the served user in that even though the initial call is not established, a service is invoked which monitors the status of the called party (or both) to enable, when the calling party returns from busy, a "recall" from the calling to the called party. The conventional term is "Completion of calls on busy" [CCBS].
Special rules of classification

Call completion on no reply [CCNR] as well as any other call backs are covered by H04M 3/42195.

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the following abbreviations are often used:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CCBS</td>
<td>Call completion on busy subscriber</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CCBS</td>
<td>Completion of calls to busy subscriber</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

In patent documents the following expressions/words "rückruf bei besetzt" and "anrufliste" are often used.

H04M 3/487

Arrangements for providing information services, e.g. recorded voice services, time announcements

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements where information services are provided via voice calls. The hierarchically lower groups distinguish between non-interactive (H04M 3/4872) and interactive (H04M 3/493) services but since the information to be provided is usually determined by some sort of interaction, H04M 3/493 is to be considered the default group and H04M 3/4872 only in exceptional cases. H04M 3/493 is used for interactive voice response systems and voice portals as well as for all services provided by these systems. Voice-browser based methods and arrangements are covered by H04M 3/4938.

Special rules of classification

When the information service is location-dependent, the subject-matter is to be classified by the combination of H04M 3/487 and H04M 3/42348. Information services not provided via voice calls are covered by H04L 29/0809.

H04M 3/50

Centralised arrangements for answering calls; Centralised arrangements for recording messages for absent or busy subscribers (H04M 3/487 takes precedence; centralised dictation systems H04M 11/10); {Centralised arrangements for recording messages}

Definition statement

This place covers:

With the exception of hierarchically lower group H04M 3/51, centralised arrangements for answering calls, that is servers without a switching function but with access to the voice path.

The hierarchically lower group H04M 3/51 covers call centers which usually imply a queuing function whereby the calls are answered before they are distributed via an automatic call distribution to a respective agent, however a call that is not queued is essentially switched as in a conventional PBX.

The hierarchically lower group H04M 3/527 covers virtual assistants which are providing the same services a human assistant (also referred to as secretary) would provide but in an automatic way. Services relate to the handling outgoing calls, supplementary services during a call, or the handling of
incoming calls. Systems facilitation the interaction between a real human assistant and the party being assisted, are classified in H04M 3/5108

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Information services (takes precedence)</th>
<th>H04M 3/487</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Dictation recording and playback systems</td>
<td>H04M 11/10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special rules of classification

If an explicit group for a specific server exist this takes priority such as for:
- Systems providing voice announcements: H04M 3/487
- Interactive voice response systems: H04M 3/493
- Mailbox systems: H04M 3/53
- Conversation recording systems: H04M 3/42221.

H04M 3/51

Centralised call answering arrangements requiring operator intervention {, e.g. call or contact centers for telemarketing}

Definition statement

This place covers:

With the exception of H04M 3/5108, call centers whereby a call center is rather a functional concept of enabling agents to handle calls, either incoming or outgoing, centrally for a legal entity like a company or a Public Safety Answering Point. H04M 3/5116 covers calls to emergency telephone numbers in general. The technical core of a call center is a queuing and distribution function which is covered by H04M 3/523. H04M 3/5108 covers methods and arrangements for facilitating the interaction between a real human assistant and the party being assisted.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Emergency calls initiated by fire, police, burglar or other alarm systems | H04M 11/04 |

H04M 3/527

Centralised call answering arrangements not requiring operator intervention

Definition statement

This place covers:

Virtual assistants which are providing the same services a human assistant (also referred to as secretary) would provide but in an automatic way.
Special rules of classification

Methods and arrangements with a human assistant like a secretary or a call center agent are covered by H04M 3/51 or H04M 3/60 when it is a switchboard operator using an attendant console. When the specific service provided by the virtual assistant is a directory service, H04M 3/4935 takes priority.

**H04M 3/53**

Centralised arrangements for recording incoming messages {, i.e. mailbox systems}

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Mailbox systems and services, in particular voice mail systems. Other types of messaging are only covered as far as they predominantly relate to voice or are provided by telephonic communication systems such as for example fax.

**References**

**Limiting references**

_This place does not cover:_

| Centralised arrangements for recording facsimile documents | H04N 1/324 |

**Special rules of classification**

Services which combine telephonic communication and predominately text-based messaging are covered by H04M 7/0042 - H04M 7/0054. Predominantly text-based messaging as such is classified in H04L 51/00, e.g. e-mail or instant messaging.

**H04M 3/54**

Arrangements for diverting calls for one subscriber to another predetermined subscriber {(based on the calling party profile H04M 3/42059; based on location H04M 3/42348; based on presence H04M 3/42365; to voice mail H04M 3/53308)}

**Definition statement**

_This place covers:_

Methods and arrangements for call diversion, that is the redirection of a call from one destination to another alternative destination.

**Special rules of classification**

If it is context specific if the redirection should take place and to what destination, other groups as mentioned in the title are to be allocated in combination. Many other services like personal number service, the number translation services as well as call coverage and hunt groups also direct the call to a destination not explicitly specified by the calling party but their motivation is different from that of providing per context one specific alternative for the called party. The most prevalent contexts are call forwarding unconditional, call forwarding on busy and call forwarding on no reply/no answer. It the diversion is to voice mail H04M 3/53308 takes priority.

If the diversion rules are stored in association with the calling party H04M 3/42059 is to be allocated in combination. In case of a spatial context (location), H04M 3/42348 and in case of a personal context (presence) H04M 3/42365 is to be allocated in combination. If the call which is not offered to the called party is terminated without forwarding, H04M 3/436 takes priority.
Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the following expressions/words call forwarding, "call diversion", "call redirection", "call deflection", "anrufweiterleitung", "anrufumleitung" and "anrufweiterrschaltung" are often used.

H04M 3/56

Arrangements for connecting several subscribers to a common circuit, i.e. affording conference facilities {{computer conferences H04L 12/1813}; video conference systems H04N 7/15}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangement for providing conference calling, that is a multiparty conversation. Features which facilitate the user interaction with the conference arrangements are covered by H04M 3/563.

Special rules of classification

When the application does not predominantly relates to multiparty conversation but multiparty collaboration the subject-matter is to be classified in either H04L 12/1813 for computer conferences or H04N 7/15 for video conference systems. Only in case of different medias supplementing a predominantly audio-based conference, H04M 3/567 is to be used.

Audio processing such as mixing and spatial distribution is only covered as long as it does not relate to sound field processing per se which is covered by H04S 7/30 or echo suppression which is covered by H04M 9/02.

Protocols for floor control are covered by H04L 29/06414.

H04M 3/58

Arrangements for transferring received calls from one subscriber to another; Arrangements affording interim conversations between either the calling or the called party and a third party (substation line holding circuits H04M 1/80)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Method and arrangements for transferring an ongoing call. The term "transfer" is to be construed narrowly because documents related to services like call forwarding use the term "transfer" where, contrary to the present case, the call is not "ongoing"

Special rules of classification

Substation line holding circuits are covered by H04M 1/80.

H04M 3/60

Semi-automatic systems, i.e. in which the numerical selection of the outgoing line is under the control of an operator

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements where a switchboard operator is been given access to telephonic communication services, for example via an attendant console of a private branch exchange.
Whereas the switchboard operator is an intermediate person which initially answers the call in order to assist in finding the final destination a call center operator is in general the final destination.

**Special rules of classification**

If the intermediate is an interactive voice response system H04M 3/5166 takes priority.

**Synonyms and Keywords**

The following expressions are often used in this context: switchboard operator, attendant console, receptionist

**H04M 5/00**

Manual exchanges (substation equipment in general H04M 1/00)

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Arrangement which provide for manually connecting a group of telephone lines mutually to one another or to an outside line by way of plug and socket. When the manual operation only consists in the [numerical] selection of the other line, then this is covered by H04M 3/60.

**H04M 7/00**

Interconnection arrangements between switching centres (transmission arrangements in general H04B; {interconnection arrangements between PSTN/ISDN switching centres H04Q 3/00})

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Interconnection arrangements between switching centres, id est telephonic communication networks rather than individual switches.

Internet telephony and traditional circuit-switched telephony requiring interworking between the two, see in this respect also ITU-T Recommendation Y.2261, "PSTN/ISDN evolution to NGN".

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Transmission arrangements in general</th>
<th>H04B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Interconnection arrangements between PSTN/ISDN switching centres</td>
<td>H04Q 3/00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special rules of classification**

Whereas H04M relates to telephonic communications in general, in the context of H04M 7/00 distinction is made between circuit-switched CS and packet-switched PS networks providing telephonic communications.

In this respect, some groups relate only to CS, others to the interworking of CS and PS, H04M 7/009 is used independent of CS or PS and H04M 7/006 is used only for PS.

H04M 7/0003: CS-PS-interworking

H04M 7/0012: CS-PS-interworking
H04M 7/0024: CS-PS-interworking

H04M 7/006: PS

H04M 7/009: CS-PS agnostic

H04M 7/0093: not used

H04M 7/0096: CS (not active)

H04M 7/06: only used for CS-PS-interworking

H04M 7/08: CS (not active)

H04M 7/12: CS-PS-interworking

H04M 7/14: CS (not active)

H04M 7/16: CS (not active)

H04M 7/0012

{Details of application programming interfaces [API] for telephone networks; Arrangements which combine a telephonic communication equipment and a computer, i.e. computer telephony integration [CPI] arrangements}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Arrangements which allow interactions on a telephone and a computer to be integrated or coordinated. The main focus of this group relates to architectural modifications in terms of nodes and their interaction which are potentially more generic than a single service.

Furthermore, this group covers Application Programming Interfaces for telephonic communication networks such as CSTA, JTAPI, TSAPI and TAPI for private networks but also Parlay, Parlay X and its successors for public networks.

Special rules of classification

Specific services provided over already existing arrangements covered by this group are covered by H04M 7/0024. Private Branch Exchanges with Computer Telephony Integration arrangements are covered by H04M 3/42323 and Call or Contact Centers with Computer Telephony Integration arrangements are covered by H04M 3/5183.

H04M 7/0024

{Services and arrangements where telephone services are combined with data services (arrangements which combine a telephonic equipment and a computer H04M 7/0012)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Services which combine telephonic communication with data services and the combined service is predominantly a telephonic communication service. E.g. Click to dial is covered by H04M 7/003.
Special rules of classification

If the combined service is predominantly a data service than H04L takes priority. Modifications, in particular regarding the arrangement or the application programming interface which are more generic and not specific to an individual service are covered by H04M 7/0012. In other words, platform modifications are covered by H04M 7/0012 whereas individual services are covered in H04M 7/0024.

H04M 7/006

{Networks other than PSTN/ISDN providing telephone service, e.g. Voice over Internet Protocol (VoIP), including next generation networks with a packet-switched transport layer (H04L 65/00 takes precedence; aspects not specific to the type of network H04M 3/00; special services in those networks H04M 3/42)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements where telephonic communication is provided over packet-switched networks.

Access arrangements for conventional telephones, in particular residential gateways.

OAM&P and security aspects in the context of packet-switched telephony if they are specific to telephonic communications.

Special rules of classification

H04L 65/00 takes precedence. This group is only to be used in combination with a group in H04M 3/00 and any aspects not specific to the type of network are covered only be H04M 3/00 and lower groups whereby in particular the special services are classified in H04M 3/42 and lower. Furthermore, any modifications to the packet-switched network that are required to provide the telephonic communication service are covered by H04L. If the telephonic communication is provided over a network where packet-switched and circuit-switched networks interact, this is covered by H04M 7/1205.

Security aspects in packet-switched networks in general are covered by H04L 29/06551 and OAM&P for packet-switched networks in general is covered by H04L 41/00 and H04L 41/06.

H04M 7/009

{in systems involving PBX or KTS networks}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Multi-site arrangements for what is covered otherwise by H04M 3/42314.

H04M 7/0096

{Trunk circuits}

Definition statement

This place covers:

This group relates to circuit-switched networks but is not active.
**H04M 7/06**

using auxiliary connections for control or supervision {, e.g. where the auxiliary connection is a signalling system number 7 link}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Common channel signalling but only in relation to packet-switched network [signalling] such as SIGTRAN which relates to SS7 over IP, Bearer Independent Call Control BICC, or SIP-T which relates to the encapsulation of SS7 in SIP.

**Special rules of classification**

Protocol interworking without encapsulation is covered by H04M 7/126

**H04M 7/08**

for phantom working {({phantom working in transmission of digital information H04L 5/20})}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

This group relates to circuit-switched networks but is not active.

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Phantom working in transmission of digital information | H04L 5/20 |

**H04M 7/1205**

{where the types of switching equipment comprises PSTN/ISDN equipment and switching equipment of networks other than PSTN/ISDN, e.g. Internet Protocol networks}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Methods and arrangements for interworking circuit-switched and packet-switched telephonic communications networks.

**H04M 7/121**

{Details of network access arrangements or protocols}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Methods and arrangements where it can be distinguished between access and core network and only the access network is being modified.
H04M 7/1225
{Details of core network interconnection arrangements}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements where the networks that are being interconnected are hierarchically on the same level, contrary to H04M 7/121 where the access network is hierarchically lower than the core network. When the circuit-switched network is a wireless core network this is covered by H04M 7/123 and when the packet-switched network is an IP Multimedia System this is covered by H04M 7/123.

H04M 7/124
{where PSTN/ISDN interconnects two networks other than PSTN/ISDN}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements where the circuit-switched network is involved for the establishment of calls between terminals directly connected to packet-switched networks.

Special rules of classification
This group essentially covers Personal Computer to Personal computer scenarios, whereas other scenarios are covered by H04M 7/1245.

H04M 7/1245
{where a network other than PSTN/ISDN interconnects two PSTN/ISDN networks}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Methods and arrangements where at least one terminal is directly connected to a circuit-switched network. Also covers IP trunking.

Special rules of classification
This group essentially covers Phone to Personal Computer, Personal Computer to Phone and Phone to Phone scenarios, whereas Personal Computer to Personal Computer scenarios are covered by H04M 7/124.

H04M 7/125
{Details of gateway equipment}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Details of circuit-switched packet-switched gateways which are not covered explicitly by any of the groups H04M 7/126, H04M 7/1275, H04M 7/128, H04M 7/1285, H04M 7/129, H04M 7/1295.
References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Gateways in data switching systems | H04L 12/66, H04L 29/06224 |

H04M 7/126

{Interworking of session control protocols}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Interworking of signalling systems for circuit-switched systems such as SS7 or DSS1, and signalling systems for packet-switched systems such as SIP or H.323.

H04M 7/1275

{Methods and means to improve the telephone service quality, e.g. reservation, prioritisation or admission control}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods in gateways directed to handle a plurality of subscribers. These are potentially carrier-graded gateways rather than residential gateways which are covered by H04M 7/0069.

H04M 7/128

{Details of addressing, directories or routing tables}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements which provide for the interworking of address of the different signalling systems as mentioned with respect to H04M 7/126, in particular E.164 telephone numbers, also referred to as E.164 Number Mapping, and SIP Uniform Resource Identifiers.

H04M 7/1285

{Details of finding and selecting a gateway for a particular call}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements relating to path-finding.

Special rules of classification

Least cost routing is covered by H04M 15/00.
H04M 7/129

{Details of providing call progress tones or announcements}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for handling call progress tones known from circuit-switched networks in packet-switched network

Special rules of classification

Methods and arrangements for providing ringing current or supervisory tones in circuit-switched networks is covered by H04M 19/02.

H04M 7/1295

{Details of dual tone multiple frequency signalling}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Methods and arrangements for handling DTMF tones known from circuit-switched networks in packet-switched networks.

H04M 9/00

Interconnection arrangements not involving centralised switching

Definition statement

This place covers:

Private Branch Exchanges, e.g. for making connections among the internal telephones of a private organization.

Key telephone systems, i.e. a telephone system in which the telephones have multiple buttons to directly select individual Central Office lines (without dialling a 9 as in PBX).

Acoustic echo cancelling, acoustic echo suppression for telephone systems.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Constructional features of cordless telephones | H04M 1/0202 |
| Subscriber line circuits (from the central exchange office) | H04M 3/005 |
| Door telephones | H04M 11/025 |
| Digital adaptive filtering | H03H 21/0012 |
| Line echo cancelling | H04B 3/23 |

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Speech Amplifiers | H04M 1/60 |
Substation extension arrangements using two or more extension per lines

H04M 9/001:

Further details of subgroups

H04M 9/001:

It includes two-way communication systems between a limited number of parties as, for examples, vehicle interphone systems (door telephones H04M 11/025, video door telephones H04N 7/186, paging systems G08B 3/1008, hands free subscriber equipment H04M 1/6033).

H04M 9/002:

It includes systems with subscriber controlled access to a line as key telephone systems. Subgroups are defined and clear by their title (keyboard equipment in semi-automatic systems H04M 3/62, subscriber line circuits H04M 3/005).

H04M 9/02, H04M 9/04, H04M 9/06:

These groups are not anymore used as they were differentiating systems according to the type of line and access used.

H04M 9/08 - H04M 9/10:

Two-way loud-speaking telephone systems with means for suppressing echoes or otherwise conditioning for one or other direction of traffic. This can be done for example, estimating level of noise or speech, suppressing near and far end background noise, introducing insertion losses (controlling gain) for reducing singing phenomenon. Subgroups includes H04M 9/085, where digital techniques are used, H04M 9/087 with subdivision in different frequency bands for transmitting and receiving part and H04M 9/10 with switching of direction of transmission by voice frequency. (active noise canceling by regenerating original acoustic wave in anti-phase G10K 11/178, detection of presence or absence of speech signals in general G10L 11/02)

H04M 9/082:
This important subgroup refers to the acoustic echo canceling techniques where sound emitted by a local transmitter (loudspeaker) is picked up by a receiver (microphone) and then sent to the far end user together with the voice of the near end user. With the use of adaptive filter, for example, acoustic echo is estimated and subtracted. Also aspects of residual echo (echo left after an incomplete echo cancellation), insertion of comfort noise are classified here (in vocoders H04W 84/12). Hybrid echo also known as line echo or electrical echo (generated in the hybrid circuit “fork” inserted between a two-wire local loop and the four wire transmission facility) is instead classified in H04B 3/23 (digital adaptive filter per se H03H 21/0012). In H04M 3/002 instead documents covering aspects of echo cancellation or echo suppression on the network side (Central Office) are covered. Prevention of acoustic reactions in hearing aids is covered by H04R 25/45.

Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ABF</td>
<td>Adaptive Beamformer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEC</td>
<td>Acoustic Echo Canceller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AGC</td>
<td>Automatic Gain Control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP</td>
<td>Affine Projection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>APA</td>
<td>Affine Projection Algorithm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AR</td>
<td>Auto-recursive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPE</td>
<td>Customer Premise Equipment: any phone equipment (key systems, PBX's, answering machines, etc.) which reside on the customers premises</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ERLE</td>
<td>Echo Return Loss Enhancement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FIR</td>
<td>Finite Impulse Response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GSC</td>
<td>Generalized Sidelobe Canceller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HKTS</td>
<td>Hybrid Key Telephone System: telephone system that can be used as a PBX or as a Key Telephone System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IIR</td>
<td>Infinite impulse response</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KSU</td>
<td>Key Service Unit (common control unit of a KTS)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KTS</td>
<td>Key Telephone System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LMS</td>
<td>Least Mean Square (algorithm used in echo cancelling)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MDF</td>
<td>Multi Delay Filter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MMSE</td>
<td>Minimum Mean Square Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MSE</td>
<td>Mean Square Error</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NLMS</td>
<td>Normalized Least Mean Square (algorithm used in echo cancelling)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PNLMS</td>
<td>Proportionate NLMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RLS</td>
<td>Recursive Least Square (algorithm used in echo cancelling)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SAEC</td>
<td>Stereophonic AEC</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SER</td>
<td>Signal to Echo Ratio</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPNLMS</td>
<td>Sparse partial update NLMS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SVD</td>
<td>Singular Value Decomposition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VAD</td>
<td>Voice Activity detector</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**H04M 11/00**

Telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with other electrical systems

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with other electrical systems e.g. combinations with application servers or physical implementation of xDSL-systems.

**References**

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Signalling or calling systems not related to signalling or calling in telephonic communications (i.e. not related to the control of telecommunication networks); Order telegraphs; Alarm systems | G08B |
| Transmission of digital information | H04L |

**H04M 11/002**

{with telemetering systems (telemetering in general G08C)comings with application servers or physical implementation of xDSL-systems.}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Typically, electricity or gas meters are read from a remote location via the telephone network. Other types of meters may be used: water, tank fluid level, vending machine stock level, environmental and pollution conditions. Generally, two alternative models are used for remote meter reading: polling and alert, alerts being triggered by thresholds or timers.

**References**

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Remote reading of utility meters | G01D 4/002 |
| Tele-metering in general | G08C |
| The metering is transmitted by a channel of a phone connection dedicated to data (e.g. SMS, GPRS) | G08C 17/00 |
| Reporting to a device located outside the home and the home network | H04L 12/2825 |
| The metering is transmitted by Internet carried by the phone connection | H04L 29/0809 |
| Relates to telemetry by calling (a) substation/s from a main station, but not using the telephone network | H04Q 9/00 |

**Special rules of classification**

If the main aspect is remote control via the telephone line and there is also a remote meter reading via the telephone line, then classification in both H04M 11/002 and H04M 11/007 is expected.

If the meter level is an indication of an alarm condition, subgroup H04M 11/04 is preferred.
Some documents might have aspects to be classified both in H04M 11/002, H04M 11/062 and G08C 17/02 (e.g. remote control by telephone and the reception device in a home is forwarding the remote control to signals after conversion to specific appliances).

**H04M 11/005**

{using recorded signals, e.g. speech}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:
Telemetering via telephone connection using recorded signals, e.g. speech.

**H04M 11/007**

{with remote control systems (remote control in general G08C)}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:
Controlling devices via the telephone line is the subject of this subgroup.

**References**

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Remote control in general</th>
<th>G08C</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Remote control via wireless link</td>
<td>G08C 17/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Remote control via home network</td>
<td>H04L 12/2803</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Controlling appliance services in a home-network</td>
<td>H04L 12/2818, H04L 12/2825</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The control is transmitted by Internet carried by the phone connection</td>
<td>H04L 29/0809</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special rules of classification**

Documents where the remote control consists solely in the setting of parameters for remote reading by telephone should be classified in H04M 11/002 only and not in H04M 11/007.

Some documents might have aspects to be classified both in H04M 11/002, H04M 11/007 and G08C 17/02 (e.g. if you remote control by telephone and the reception device in a home is forwarding the remote control to signals after conversion to specific appliances).

**H04M 11/02**

with bell or annunciator systems (such systems in general G08)

**Definition statement**

This place covers:
A sound is produced in order to reach a person or a subgroup of person immediately. A telephonic communication system has to be used for this purpose.

The telephonic communication system is a private system, such as an intercom (H04M 11/025) or an annunciator systems for hospitals (H04M 11/027).
**H04M 11/022**

{Paging systems (personal calling arrangements or devices G08B 3/1008; selective calling networks H04W 84/022)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

H04M 11/022 relates to pagers, which are end subscriber devices allowing simplex transmission or reception of text. Paging techniques used in the context of a wired telephone network or in the context of local premises are classified in this subgroup.

**References**

*Informative references*

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Finding location</th>
<th>H04M 3/42229</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Personal communication services</td>
<td>H04M 3/42229</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special services or facilities</td>
<td>H04M 2242/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paging systems</td>
<td>H04M 2242/26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Determination of the location of a subscriber</td>
<td>H04M 2242/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal calling arrangements or devices</td>
<td>G08B 3/1008</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Public address systems</td>
<td>H04R 27/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paging techniques as integral part of wireless networks</td>
<td>H04W 84/02</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**H04M 11/025**

{Door telephones (adapted for television H04N 7/186)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

The door phone systems, are classified in H04M 11/025 unless they are part of a closed circuit television system for monitoring premises.

**References**

*Limiting references*

*This place does not cover:*

| Constructional features of door telephones | H04M 1/0291 |

*Informative references*

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Interconnection arrangements not including central switching | H04M 9/00 |
| Locks | E05B |
| Systems for screening visitors and access control | G07C 9/00 |
| Door telephones adapted for closed circuit television systems | H04N 7/186 |
**H04M 11/027**

{Annunciator systems for hospitals}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Systems for calling nurses in a hospital that use a telephonic system.

**H04M 11/04**

with fire, police, burglar, or other alarm systems (such systems in general G08)

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Use of the telephone network in alarm notification.

**References**

*Informative references*

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>For portable telephones for use in emergency situation</th>
<th>H04M 1/72536</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>For call centres used for emergency applications</td>
<td>H04M 3/5116</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special services or facilities for emergency applications</td>
<td>H04M 2242/04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>With determination of the subscriber location use</td>
<td>H04M 2242/30, H04W 64/00, H04L 29/08657</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Alarm systems in general G08B 25/00

Broadcast systems adapted for emergency communications H04H 20/59

Provision and call routing of emergency telephone numbers H04Q 3/0029

Services facilitating emergency connection H04W 4/90

**H04M 11/045**

{using recorded signals, e.g. speech}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Use of the telephone network in alarm notification using recorded signals, e.g. speech.

**References**

*Informative references*

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Alarm systems in general</th>
<th>G08B 25/00</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alarm systems in which the location of the alarm condition is signalled to a central station, e.g. fire or police telegraphic systems</td>
<td>G08B 25/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Characterised by the transmission medium</td>
<td>G08B 25/01</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Using recorded signals, e.g. speech  G08B 25/012
Provision and call routing of emergency telephone numbers  H04Q 3/0029

**H04M 11/06**

Simultaneous speech and telegraphic or other data transmission over the same conductors (telegraphy in general **H04L**)

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

This subgroup relates to transmitting simultaneously speech and data on the telephone line. "Simultaneous" does not include only the case where data and speech are transmitted exactly at the same time, but more generally the cases where data and voice are both transmitted on the same telephone connection, for instance competing for time access to this resource.

**References**

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Class</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telephone sets using digital voice transmission, (e.g. Internet phones)</td>
<td>H04M 1/253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Packet multiplexing, where some packets are generated from data and others from voice</td>
<td>H04L 12/64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Special rules of classification**


**H04M 11/062**

{using different frequency bands for speech and other data}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

This subgroup contains many documents -- some are very old-- where it is taken advantage of the fact that "sounds" above a certain frequency can not be heard by modulating data above this frequency. However, many recent documents relate to xDSL equipments (modems and concentrators). The xDSL family allows high speed access to the Internet and multimedia services over the local loop. The local loop is formed of an unshielded twisted pair (UTP) and connects the subscriber xDSL modem at customer premises to subscriber line concentrator like a DSLAM (Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer) at the central office for connection to a broadband network. Splitters, comprising filters for each frequency band, are necessary so that the subscriber telephone and the data equipments do not interfere. The data bands definition, and the techniques for combining the data signals in the data bands depend on the type of xDSL: ADSL (Asymmetric DSL), SDSL (Symmetric DSL), HDSL (High speed DSL), VDSL (Very high speed DSL), MDSL (Multirate DSL), RADSL (Low Rate Adaptive DSL).

As an example, the frequency bands of ADSL are as follows. The voice part of the spectrum (the lowest 4 kHz) is separated from the rest by a passive filter, called a POTS splitter. ADSL makes use of advanced modulation techniques, such as discrete multitone (DMT) technology. DMT divides the bandwidth from about 10 kHz into a set of 265 independent subchannels, each 4 kHz wide. By measuring the quality of the subchannels and then assigning a bit-rate to each based on its quality, DMT customizes the transmit signal for every line. In doing so, it automatically avoids regions of the...
frequency spectrum that are too noisy or too attenuated to support reliable communications. If the quality of a subchannel degrades enough to affect a system’s error performance, the data rate on that subchannel is lowered and the excess traffic moves to a subchannel capable of supporting it. The result is robust communications over single twisted pairs. As its name implies, ADSL transmits data asymmetrically at different rates upstream toward the central office and downstream toward the subscriber.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Access interface units for simultaneous transmission of speech and data, e.g. digital subscriber line (DSL) access interface units | H04M 3/007 |
| Testing a digital subscriber line using xDSL modems | H04M 3/304 |
| Testing of physical copper line parameters, e.g. capacitance or resistance | H04M 3/305 |
| xDSL line qualification | H04M 3/306 |
| Constructional details of impedance networks whose electrical mode of operation is not specified or applicable to more than one type of network of radio frequency interference filters. This is relevant for the LPF and HPF in the splitter | H03H 1/0007 |
| Testing crosstalk effects – includes Dynamic Spectrum Management used in optimization of DSL transmission parameters | H04B 3/487 |
| Negotiation of transmission parameters prior to the communication (transmission speed and modulation) | H04L 5/1438 |
| Internet access | H04L 12/2856 |
| Modulated-carrier systems and analog front ends; means for connecting modulators, demodulators or transceivers to a transmission line | H04L 27/0002 |
| Documents having features related to the DMT modulation | H04L 27/26 |
| Signal structure of multicarrier modulation systems | H04L 27/2602 |
| Constructional details of splitters | H04Q 1/02 |
| DSL access multiplexers | H04Q 11/0478 |

H04M 11/064

{Data transmission during pauses in telephone conversation}

Definition statement

This place covers:

This subgroup relates to transferring data on the telephone line and interrupting the data transfer when there is voice to be transmitted.

In a first aspect, this subsubgroup relates to techniques that take advantage of the fact that speech is mostly composed of silences. During these silences, data can be sent without the subscriber noticing it, provided that it is replaced at the receiving telephone by blanks. In order to receive and remove the data, the start and the end of the data segments is signalled from one end to the other.

In a second aspect, this subgroup also concerns techniques for interrupting a data communication which was happening when no any voice communication was going on the telephone line. The objective of such systems is to avoid that the subscriber can not use his telephone for voice communication when for instance his modem is transmitting data.
References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Notifying a called subscriber of an incoming call during an ongoing call, e.g. Call Waiting | H04M 3/4288 |

H04M 11/066

{Telephone sets adapted for data transmission}

Definition statement

This place covers:

In band modems (voice band, narrow band). Since base band transmission on the telephone network is not possible, data needs to be modulated. Modems allow the modulation of data so that data can be sent instead of speech via the telephone network. Most modems have several operating modes and need to exchange training sequences before exchanging data. Circuit details of the galvanic isolation between the line side and the subscriber side are a topics of particular interest.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Details about acoustic couplers between a telephone and an external device</th>
<th>H04M 1/215</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Telephone devices for the deaf</td>
<td>H04M 3/42391</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negotiation of transmission parameters prior to communication - Handshaking - such as transmission speed and modulation type</td>
<td>H04L 5/1438</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Modulation techniques in general</td>
<td>H04L 27/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Telemetry and telecontrol details</td>
<td>H04Q 9/00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents the following abbreviations are often used:

| TTY | teletypewriter |

In patent documents the following expressions/words "analog modem", "digital modem", "dialup modem", "fax modem", "in band modem", "smart modem", "voice modem" are often used.

H04M 11/068

{using time division multiplex techniques; (integrated services digital networks H04Q 11/0428)}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Time division multiplexing at the telephone subscriber end. Very often, there is an equipment for multiplexing speech and data on the phone line.
References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Integrated services digital networks | H04Q 11/0428 |

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Time division multiplexing systems | H04J 3/16 |

H04M 11/08

adapted for optional reception of entertainment or informative matter (systems in which the information is continuously available on a carrier over the whole network H04H 20/81)

Definition statement

This place covers:

A special arrangement at the telephony end subscriber side for handling in a special way information received via phone line which relates to a special service. The information transmitted relates for example to time, gaming information, route navigation or electronic messages.

Voice or sound, e.g. DTMF Digital Tone Multi Frequency, is usually interpreted by an automatic device, which may carry out voice recognition.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Means for retrieving and displaying personal data about calling party | H04M 1/575 |
| Telephony special services | H04M 3/42 |
| Display of information about the caller (CLID) | H04M 3/42042 |
| Arrangements in the network for providing information services, e.g. recorded voice services, time announcement | H04M 3/487 |
| Interactive Voice Response systems | H04M 3/493 |
| Browsing from a telephone or fax | G06F 16/957, H04L 29/08072 |
| Video communication | H04N 7/14 |
| Two way working for television | H04N 7/17309 |
**H04M 11/085**

(using a television receiver, e.g. viewdata system)

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Minitel / videotext systems since television receivers are meant to include any screen display working in conjunction with the telephone. The situation where the class H04M 11/08 would have been given but the device has a display.

**H04M 11/10**

with dictation recording and playback systems (such systems in general G11B)

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Centralised dictation systems accessible via the telephone network for recording and playback. Playback may involve tape recorder features. What characterizes the word dictation is that the ultimate purpose of dictation is to have the text typed or written, but at a later stage. The word "centralised" specifies that the system considered is not just at the subscriber side. Use of voice mail systems for dictation.

**References**

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Arrangements for recording conversations in a (mobile) phone | H04M 1/656 |
| Combinations of dictation devices with cordless phones | H04M 1/7255 |
| Arrangements for recording conversations within the telephone network, e.g. in an exchange | H04M 3/42221 |
| Voice mail servers | H04M 3/533 |
| Dictation systems as such | G11B 31/00 |

**H04M 13/00**

Party-line systems (substation equipment H04M 1/00; exchange equipment H04M 3/00, H04M 5/00; metering arrangements H04M 15/36)

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Arrangements in which two or more customers are connected directly to the same link or circuit.

**Relationships with other classification places**

| Substation equipment | H04M 1/00 |
| Exchange equipment, automatic, manual | H04M 3/00, H04M 5/00 |
| Metering arrangements | H04M 15/36 |
H04M 15/00

Arrangements for metering, time-control or time indication {; Metering, charging or billing arrangements for voice wireline or wireless communications, e.g. VoIP}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Charging or billing arrangements e.g. generation of metering signals, tariffs, rating plans, charge calculations and bill generation details for voice wireline and wireless communications including VoIP. Also rating/charging for added value services, or other services using prepaid calling cards, SIM cards or the mobile phone itself, insofar as these services are metered, rated and billed by the network operator.

Relationships with other classification places

| Prepayment wire-line, wireless systems. | H04M 17/00 |
| Accounting or billing for wireless communications | H04W 4/24 |
| Data switching networks. | H04L 12/00 |
| Payment schemes, architectures or protocols, data processing systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes | G06Q |
| Coin inlet arrangements; Coins specially adapted to operate coin-freed mechanisms | G07F 7/00 |
| Automatic or semi-automatic exchanges, constructional details of telephone exchanges | H04M 3/00 |
| Substation equipment, e.g. for use by subscribers; Analogous equipment at exchanges. | H04M 1/00 |
| Automatic or semi-automatic exchanges | H04M 3/00 |

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Metering, testing arrangements therefor | H04M 3/248 |
| Telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with other electrical systems | H04M 11/00 |
| Time controlling arrangements, time indicating arrangements counters per se | G06M, H03K |
| Payment schemes, architectures or protocols | G06Q 20/00 |
| Billing for commerce in data processing systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes. | G06Q 30/00 |
| Apparatus for performing or posting payment transactions, complete banking systems; Coded card-freed arrangements adapted for dispensing or receiving monies or the like and posting such transactions to existing accounts, | G07F 7/00, G07F 19/00 |
Application-oriented references
Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

| Technical aspects of billing, charging, accounting, tariffing for the transport of data packets in wireless or wireline data networks, including data sub networks of wireless voice networks. | H04L 12/14 |
| Charging or billing for services specially adapted for wireless communications | H04W 4/24 |

Informative references
Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Systems providing special services or facilities to subscribers | H04M 3/42 |

Glossary of terms
In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

| Call | any kind of communication |

H04M 15/09
{Third party charged communications}

Definition statement
This place covers:
I.e. third party can be a predetermined communication line of the user if he initiates a communication from another device and asks to be billed on his main device

H04M 15/14
according to class of calling party

Definition statement
This place covers:
Calling party is the party initiating the communication i.e. A-party

H04M 15/28
with meter at substation {or with calculation of charges at terminal}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Calculation of charges at substation, e.g. at the mobile terminal, or notify subscriber of charges e.g. Advice-of-Charge (AoC)
**H04M 15/30**

the meter {or calculation of charges} not being controlled from an exchange

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Metering or calculation of charges not controlled from an exchange, i.e. autonomous calculations of charges in the terminal

**H04M 15/31**

{Distributed metering or calculation of charges}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Distributed metering or calculation of charges, e.g. in different nodes like for mobiles between HLR and VLR, or between the terminal and the billing function

**H04M 15/39**

{Arrangements for preventing metering, charging or billing}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Metering, charging or billing preventing arrangements i.e. parameters, characteristics that identify whether to charge for a service or not

**Special rules of classification**

WARNING: Groups **H04M 15/44** - **H04M 15/90** do not correspond to former or current IPC groups.

**H04M 15/41**

{Billing record details, i.e. parameters, identifiers, structure of call data record [CDR]}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Billing record details, i.e. parameters, identifiers, structure of Call Data Record (CDR), or Toll Ticket (TT), or Automatic Message Accounting (AMA)

**H04M 15/42**

{Dynamic individual rates per user}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Dynamic individual rates, e.g. individual communication rate determination method allowing the service provider to dynamically generate an individual rate plan for the user
H04M 15/44

{Augmented, consolidated or itemized billing statement or bill presentation}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Augmented, consolidated or itemized billing statement, e.g. additional billing information, bill presentation, layout, format, e-mail, fax, printout, itemized bill per service or per account, cumulative billing, consolidated billing

H04M 15/46

{Real-time negotiation between users and providers or operators}

Definition statement

This place covers:
On line or real-time flexible customization or negotiation between user and provider or operator, or between operators and providers

H04M 15/47

{Fraud detection or prevention means}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Fraud detection or prevention means related to metering, charging/billing in wire-line or wireless, voice or data

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fraud detection and prevention in networks</th>
<th>H04L 29/06877</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fraud detection and prevention in wireless networks</td>
<td>H04W 12/12</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 15/48

{Secure or trusted billing, e.g. trusted elements or encryption}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Secure and trusted billing, e.g. trusted elements, encryption, digital signature, codes or double check mechanisms to secure billing calculation and information

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| General network security                           | H04L 29/06551 |
H04M 15/49

{Connection to several service providers}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Connection to several service providers

H04M 15/50

{for cross-charging network operators}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Interconnection, inter-operator accounting or billing, billing agreements between different operators, e.g. billing identifier added on the CDR in order to cross charge the other operator

H04M 15/51

{for resellers, retailers or service providers}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Resellers-retail or service providers billing, e.g. agreements with telephone service operator, activation, charging/recharging of accounts, bill directly reseller's customers

H04M 15/52

{for operator independent billing system}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Independent billing system i.e. billing system owned by resellers or service providers (not by the operator)

H04M 15/53

{using mediation}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Arrangements for mediation, i.e. device or program to reformat CDRs from one or more switches in order to adapt to one or more billing program formats
H04M 15/54
{for revenue sharing}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Revenue sharing between telecommunication operators and service providers or location owners (e.g. for public telephones, etc.)

H04M 15/55
{for hybrid networks}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Hybrid network i.e. charging, billing arrangements for connection made over different networks, e.g. wireless and PSTN, ISDN, etc.

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| Telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with other electrical systems | H04M 11/00 |

H04M 15/56
{for VoIP communications}

Definition statement
This place covers:
VoIP charging/billing

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| Voice over IP, VoIP Protocols and Services | H04L 29/06176 |

H04M 15/57
{for integrated multimedia messaging subsystem [IMS]}

Definition statement
This place covers:
IMS charging or billing i.e. Integrated Multimedia messaging Subsystem charging/billing; IMS in general see H04L 29/06217. IMS based services and session control see H04L 29/06387, H04L 29/06319
References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IMS in general</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H04L 29/06217</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IMS based services and session control</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H04L 29/06387, H04L 29/06319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 15/58

{based on statistics of usage or network monitoring}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Network monitoring; statistics on usage on A-party or B-party number, on used services, etc

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Reference</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Network monitoring per se</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H04L 43/00</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 15/59

{based on real time}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Real time metering, charging or billing

H04M 15/60

{based on actual use of network resources}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Charging/billing only for the actual communication time, i.e. billing the user for the actual time used by the service, not for the time awaiting responses due to network problems; Billing the user when there is a satisfied QoS, only for the time the user receives communication data

H04M 15/61

{based on the service used}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Service related metering or charging or billing
**H04M 15/62**

{based on trigger specification}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Trigger specification e.g. trigger or code input into a device to specify a service

**H04M 15/63**

{based on the content carried by the session initiation protocol [SIP] messages}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Charging based on the content carried by the SIP messages

**References**

**Limiting references**

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SIP in general</th>
<th>H04L 29/06197</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SIP based session control</td>
<td>H04L 29/06319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**H04M 15/64**

{On-line charging system [OCS]}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

OCS i.e. Online Charging System, unified online charging and online control capabilities that can be used as a unified charging engine for all network services, making it a core basis for convergent billing in the network

**H04M 15/65**

{Off-line charging system}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Off-line Charging System

**H04M 15/66**

{Policy and charging system}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Policy and Charging System
H04M 15/67
{Transmitting arrangements for sending billing related information}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Sending billing related information over a non-traffic network channel or another connection than the one actually used, e.g. signaling, D-channel, data and voice

H04M 15/68
{Payment of value-added services}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Payment of value-added services, mainly when their charges are added on the telecommunications bill, e.g. payment of non-telecom services, m-commerce, on-line banking, etc.

H04M 15/70
{Administration or customization aspects; Counter-checking correct charges}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Administration or customization aspects, or modify settings or limits or counter-check correct charges

H04M 15/705
{Account settings, e.g. limits or numbers or payment}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Account settings, e.g. users, terminals, limits, numbers or payment

H04M 15/71
{Modifying recharging resources}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Modify recharging resources, e.g. banking, credit or phone account

H04M 15/715
{Activating new subscriber or card}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Activate new subscriber or card
H04M 15/72
{by the user}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Administration or customization by the user

H04M 15/721
{using the Internet}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Administration or customization aspects like modify account settings, checking accounts using Internet or WAP, etc. i.e. on-line real-time billing, able to see billing information while in communication via the internet

H04M 15/723
{using the user's device}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Using the user's device e.g. phone, PDA, etc

H04M 15/725
{by the operator}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Administration or customization by the operator

H04M 15/73
{Validating charges}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Validate charges

H04M 15/735
{Re-crediting user}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Re-credit user, i.e. repay user with the amount or free time after finding an error in calculating the charges
H04M 15/74
{Backing up}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Details of metering, charging or billing backups

H04M 15/745
{Customizing according to wishes of subscriber, e.g. friends or family}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Customization according to wishes of subscriber, e.g. customer preferences, friends and family, selecting services or billing options, Personal Communication Systems (PCS)

H04M 15/75
{Account location specifications}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Account location specifications

H04M 15/751
{Card based account, e.g. smart card, SIM card or USIM}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Card based account, e.g. smart card, SIM card or USIM

H04M 15/755
{Account identification}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Account identification

H04M 15/7553
{via service number, e.g. calling card}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Account identification via service number, e.g. calling card
H04M 15/7556
{by SIM, e.g. smart card account in SCP, SDP or SN}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Account identification by SIM, e.g. smart card account in SCP, SDP or SN

H04M 15/76
{Synchronization of distributed accounts}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Synchronization of distributed accounts

H04M 15/765
{Linked or grouped accounts, e.g. of users or devices}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Linked or grouped accounts, or devices, or users, or user access,

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>General network security aspects of grouping of users</th>
<th>H04L 29/06843</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Grouping of users for security reasons in wireless networks</td>
<td>H04W 12/08</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 15/7652
{shared by users}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Linked or grouped accounts, shared by users, e.g. group accounts or one account for different users, master-slave

H04M 15/7655
{shared by technologies}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Linked or grouped accounts, shared by technologies, e.g. one account for different access technologies (PSTN or wireless), or prepay and post-pay
H04M 15/7657
{for closed subscriber group [CSG]}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Linked or grouped accounts for closed Subscriber Group (in 3GPP) i.e. group of subscribers that belong to a restricted access group of cells and differentiated charging is applied e.g. CSG or femto-cells, Home Node B (HNB) cells, Home e-Node B (HeNB),

H04M 15/77
{involving multiple accounts per user}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Multiple accounts per user

H04M 15/771
{per terminal or location, e.g. mobile device with multiple directory numbers}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Multiple accounts per user per terminal or location; Mobile with multiple directory numbers

H04M 15/772
{per service, e.g. prepay or post-pay}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Multiple accounts per user per service, e.g. prepay and post-pay

H04M 15/773
{per technology, e.g. PSTN or wireless}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Multiple accounts per user per technology, e.g. PSTN or wireless

H04M 15/774
{per card}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Multiple accounts per card
H04M 15/775
{Account specifications on parallel communications}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Account specifications on parallel communications

H04M 15/78
{Redistributing amount between accounts}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Redistribute amount between accounts

H04M 15/781
{dynamically}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Redistribute amount between accounts dynamically

H04M 15/783
{by user request}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Redistribute amount between accounts by user request

H04M 15/785
{Reserving amount on the account}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Reserve amount on the account, e.g. according to estimated costs for a typical communication duration or according to the estimated volume to be transferred

H04M 15/79
{Virtual purses}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Virtual purses i.e. prepaid value is distributed between user specific virtual purses each associated with a respective metered resource
H04M 15/80
{Rating or billing plans; Tariff determination aspects}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Rating aspects, e.g. rating parameters or tariff determination aspects, reduced or increased tariffs. General billing plans, e.g. numbering plans, rate centers c

H04M 15/8005
{Flat-fee}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Flat-fee

H04M 15/8011
{using class of subscriber}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Rating dependent on class of subscriber

H04M 15/8016
{based on quality of service [QoS]}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Rating depending on the Quality of service (QoS)

H04M 15/8022
{Determining tariff or charge band}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Rating depending on determined tariff or charge band

H04M 15/8027
{based on network load situation}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Rating depending on load situation, e.g. Current network load, traffic load or available resources
H04M 15/8033
{location-dependent, e.g. business or home}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Location dependent rating, e.g. business or home

H04M 15/8038
{Roaming or handoff}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Roaming or handoff depending rating

H04M 15/8055
{Selecting cheaper transport technology for a given service}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Select cheaper transport technology for a given service, e.g. use for data connection WLAN rather than GSM/UMTS/GPRS or use company’s communication network rather than a public network

H04M 15/8061
{Selecting least cost route depending on origin or type of service}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Select least cost route depending on origin or type of service

H04M 15/8077
{Group MMS or SMS; Point-to-multi-point services or broadcast services}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Group MMS or SMS; Point-to-multi-point services, broadcast services

H04M 15/8083
{involving reduced rates or discounts, e.g. time-of-day reductions or volume discounts}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Reduced rates or discounts, e.g. time-of-day reductions, volume discounts, cell discounts, group billing, frequent calling destination(s) or user history list
**H04M 15/8088**

{involving increased rates, e.g. spam messaging billing differentiation}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Increased rates i.e. increase price of communication in order to avoid user misuse e.g. spam messaging billing differentiation

**H04M 15/8094**

{Trial service, i.e. free of charge service for trial purposes}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Trial service i.e. free of charge or reduced charging of a service for trial purposes

**H04M 15/81**

{Dynamic pricing, e.g. change of tariff during call}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Dynamic pricing, e.g. change of tariff during call

**H04M 15/82**

{Criteria or parameters used for performing billing operations}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Criteria, parameters used for performing billing operations, metric aspects

**H04M 15/8207**

{Time based data metric aspects, e.g. VoIP or circuit switched packet data}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Time based data metric aspects, e.g. VoIP or circuit switched packet data

**H04M 15/8214**

{Data or packet based}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Aspects of data metering or packet based metering,
Special rules of classification
(used only for additional classification of documents in order to cover all different aspects of billing
metrics e.g.: time, data, in the same billing structure)
classification is done in H04L 12/14.

H04M 15/8221
{Message based}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Message based, e.g. SMS

H04M 15/8228
{Session based}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Session based metering.

H04M 15/8235
{Access based}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Access based metering.

H04M 15/8242
{Transaction based}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Transaction based metering.

H04M 15/825
{based on the number of used channels, e.g. bundling channels, frequencies or
CDMA codes}
Definition statement
This place covers:
Based on the number of used channels, e.g. bundling channels or frequencies or CDMA codes
H04M 15/8257
{Unit based}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Unit based metering, charging.

H04M 15/8264
{Pulse based}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Pulse based metering, charging.
Based on the number of used services, e.g. call forwarding or call barring

H04M 15/8271
{Based on the number of used services, e.g. call forwarding or call barring}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Based on the number of used services, e.g. call forwarding or call barring

H04M 15/8278
{Event based}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Event based metering, charging

H04M 15/8285
{Money or currency based}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Money or currency based metering, charging

H04M 15/8292
{Charging for signaling or unsuccessful connection}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Charging for signaling or unsuccessful connection
H04M 15/83
{Notification aspects}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Time (before or after or during communication) or frequency (in regular intervals, dynamically) of notifications to the user e.g. display messages related to user's balance, Advice of Charge (AoC), etc.

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:
Notification of users, e.g. alerting for incoming communication or change of service

H04M 15/8358
{Dynamic change of the length or frequency of the notification interval}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Dynamic change of the length or frequency of the length of the notification interval, e.g. depending on the remaining available prepaid credit

H04M 15/84
{Types of notifications}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Types of notifications to the user e.g. display messages announcements, flashing indication

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:
Notification of users, e.g. alerting for incoming communication or change of service

Synonyms and Keywords
In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:

| AoC       | Advice of Charge |
In patent documents the following expressions/words "advice of charge or aoc", "notification or notify or notice", "display", "announcement", "alert", "message" and "optical indication" are often used.

H04M 15/842
{Announcement, e.g. IVR dialogue}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Types of notifications to the user announcements, e.g. IVR dialogue, intelligent peripheral or switch

H04M 15/844
{Message, e.g. SMS}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Types of messages, e.g. alphanumeric text, SMS, MMS, EMS or www-based messaging service

H04M 15/846
{optical, e.g. icon}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Types of optical notifications, e.g. flashing indication of a lamp, icon, soft-key or symbol

H04M 15/848
{Tone, e.g. beeper}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Types of tone, notifications to the user, e.g. beeper, sound, wave

H04M 15/85
{characterised by the type of condition triggering a notification}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Notifications send when a specific condition, service or event is met

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| Notification of users, e.g. alerting for incoming communication or change of service | H04W 68/00 |
Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:

| AoC       | Advice of Charge |

In patent documents the following expressions/words "advice of charge or aoc", "notification or notify or notice", "display", "announcement" and "alert" are often used.

H04M 15/852

{Low balance or limit reached}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Notifications send when there is low balance or limit reached, e.g. zero-credit

H04M 15/855

{Successful event}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Notification when a successful event, e.g. successful recharge or delivery of a service

H04M 15/856

{Unsuccessful event}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Notifications send when there is an Unsuccessful event, e.g. service rejected due to low credit

H04M 15/857

{Cumulative charges}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Notifications send when there are cumulative charges

H04M 15/858

{Request users acknowledgement prior to use}

Definition statement

This place covers:
Notifications send when the system should request users acknowledgement prior to use
**H04M 15/86**

{Recipients of the notification}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

When and how the notifications or AOCs are send

**H04M 15/863**

{multiple parties, e.g. multi party AOC}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Notifications send to multiple parties, e.g. multi party AOC

**H04M 15/866**

{a predetermined or undetermined destination, e.g. notifying a prepaid accounting server of a successful delivery of a service}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Notifications send to a predetermined or undetermined destination, e.g. notifying a prepaid accounting server of a successful delivery of a service, a connection, or chargeable content to a mobile terminal

**H04M 15/88**

{Provision for limiting connection, or expenditure}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Provision for limiting connection, or expenditure e.g. limit on communication expenses or account

**H04M 15/881**

{for continuing the call beyond the limit using allow grace}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Provision for limiting expenditure by continue allow grace, e.g. accept negative balance
H04M 15/882
{for continuing the call beyond the limit using an alternative, e.g. alternative account}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Provision for limiting or expenditure by continue alternative, i.e. alternative account to continue use, e.g. Alternate Billing Service (ABS)

H04M 15/883
{linked escalation limits, i.e. establish, first or second limit}

Definition statement
This place covers:
linked escalation limits, establish, first or second limit

H04M 15/885
{limit per application}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Provision for limiting connection, or expenditure per application

H04M 15/886
{limit per terminal}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Provision for limiting connection, or expenditure per terminal

H04M 15/887
{limit per user or user related number}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Provision for limiting connection, or expenditure per user or user related number

H04M 15/888
{severing connection after predetermined time or data}

Definition statement
This place covers:
severing connection after predetermined time or data, etc. or upon reaching limit or blocking the device
H04M 15/90
{using Intelligent Networks [IN] or Advanced Intelligent Networks [AIN]}

Relationships with other classification places

Selecting arrangements: H04Q 3/00

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Provisions for intelligent networking: H04Q 3/0029

Synonyms and Keywords

In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Abbreviation</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AIN</td>
<td>Advanced Intelligent Network</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>Intelligent Network</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

H04M 15/93
{using near field or similar technologies}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Charging, metering aspects using Bluetooth, or near field i.e. wireless communication links like Bluetooth, Wi-Fi, near field used to communicate charging or billing related information.

H04M 17/00

Prepayment {of wireline communication systems, wireless communication systems or} telephone systems (using a coded card to authorise calls from a telephone set H04M 1/675)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Prepaid aspects for wire-line and wireless communications including VoIP. Also any other prepaid related aspect like recharging functionality, usage and features of calling cards, SIM, etc.

Relationships with other classification places

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification</th>
<th>CPC Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Charging, billing for voice wire-line communication networks</td>
<td>H04M 15/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounting or billing for wireless communications</td>
<td>H04W 4/24</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data switching networks.</td>
<td>H04L 12/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment schemes, architectures or protocols, data processing systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes</td>
<td>G06Q</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Methods or arrangements for processing data by operating upon the order or content of the data handled

Automatic or semi-automatic exchanges

Time controlling arrangements; Time indicating arrangements (counters per se)

Substation equipment, e.g. for use by subscribers; Analogous equipment at exchanges.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Using a coded card to authorise calls from a telephone set

Metering, testing arrangements there for

Payment schemes, architectures or protocols

Billing for commerce in data processing systems or methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial, managerial, supervisory or forecasting purposes.

Apparatus for performing or posting payment transactions, complete banking systems; Coded card-freed arrangements adapted for dispensing or receiving monies or the like and posting such transactions to existing accounts.

Application-oriented references

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Technical aspects of billing, charging, accounting, tarifing for the transport of data packets in wireless or wireline data networks, including data sub networks of wireless voice networks.

Charging or billing for services specially adapted for wireless communications

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Systems providing special services or facilities to subscribers

H04M 17/005

(Disposable prepaid communication devices)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Disposable prepaid communication devices e.g. wireless disposable telephones
H04M 17/01
{Cocot systems, i.e. private ownership of payphones}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Cocot systems, private ownership of payphones

H04M 17/02
Coin-freed or check-freed systems {, e.g. mobile- or card-operated phones, public telephones or booths}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Coin-freed or check-freed systems e.g. card operated phones or mobiles, public telephones or booths, etc.

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| Coin-freed or check-freed apparatus per se | G07F |

Informative references
Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Cordless telephones, mobiles | H04M 1/725 |

H04M 17/20
{with provision for recharging the prepaid account or card, or for credit establishment}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Credit establishment i.e. establishment of credit (codes, vouchers, etc.) for the payment of telecommunication services.

H04M 17/201
{automatic recharging with predetermined amount at threshold}

Definition statement
This place covers:
With automatic recharging of account or card with predetermined amount at threshold, e.g. if limit is reached during connection the account is recharged automatically.
H04M 17/202
{selecting interactively a payment method}

Definition statement
This place covers:
With automatic recharging of account or card at threshold and the payment method is selected interactively by the user

H04M 17/307
{Code type, e.g. alphanumeric code, bar code}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Code type e.g. alphanumeric code, bar code, pattern, punched holes, temporarily valid code, etc

H04M 17/35
{Pay as you go}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Pay as you go i.e. user establishes payment in advance or while on line but no contract is required as for prepaid account details and usage

H04M 19/00
Current supply arrangements for telephone systems (for selecting-equipment H04Q 1/28)

Definition statement
This place covers:
• Feeding from Central Office Exchange to telephone sub stations (Battery function of Subscriber Line Interface Circuits, SLIC).
• Arrangements for providing ringing current to telephone substations (Ringing function of Subscriber Line Interface Circuit).
• Ringing current generated at substation, in particular ringing alerts for alerting a user of incoming calls.
• Current supply source generated at the sub station.
• Subgroup details:
  • H04M 19/001: This group cover the arrangements at the exchanger for providing current to substation. A SLIC should provide the so called BORSCHT (Battery, Over voltage, Ringing, Signalling, Coding, Hybrid, Testing) functions: this group covers the "B" function. SLIC in general covered by H04M 3/005, Over voltage covered by H04M 3/18. Off hook detection covered by H04M 3/2272. Subgroups cover details about circuits that are clear from the title of the subgroups themselves.
  • H04M 19/002: This group cover the "R" function of a SLIC. Subgroups cover details that are clear from the title of the subgroups itself.
  • H04M 19/004: This group cover ringing current generated at the substation. Ringing tones (as well as visual and tactile alerts) for alerting user of an incoming call should be classified here. Ring
back tones are instead covered by H04M 3/42017. Audible, visible and tactile signalling in generals are covered by G08B group.

- H04M 19/06: Current supply source at subordinate switching centre charged from main exchange.
- H04M 19/08: In case substation is powered locally, from mains for example. Adjacent fields includes circuit arrangements for charging batteries (H02J 7/00), circuit arrangements for emergency or stand by power supply (H02J 9/00).

Relationships with other classification places

If the current supply refer to the selecting equipment part of the exchange then this aspect is covered by H04Q 1/28.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Customized ring back tones</th>
<th>H04M 3/42017</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Uninterrupted power supply for computers</td>
<td>G06F 1/30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current supply arrangements over Ethernet</td>
<td>H04L 12/10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Portable communication terminals with means for adapting by the user the functionality or the communication capability of the terminal under specific circumstances | H04M 1/72563 |
| Subscriber line interface circuits (SLIC)                                                | H04M 3/005   |
| Over voltage protection in line interface circuits                                       | H04M 3/18    |
| Subscriber line supervision circuits e.g. off hook detection                            | H04M 3/2272  |
| Paging systems                                                                        | H04M 11/022  |
| Door telephones                                                                        | H04M 11/025  |
| Power supply means for computers                                                     | G06F 1/26    |
| Audible signalling system in general                                                  | G08B 3/00    |
| Visible signalling system in general                                                  | G08B 5/00    |
| Tactile signalling systems in general                                                | G08B 6/00    |
| Details of transformers                                                               | H01F 27/00   |
| Circuit arrangements for charging or depolarising batteries or for supplying loads from batteries | H02J 7/00   |
| Circuit arrangement for emergency or standby power supply                           | H02J 9/00    |
| Arrangements for feeding power to a repeater over a transmission line                | H04B 3/44    |
| Systems for transmission via power distribution lines                                | H04B 3/54    |
| Arrangements for feeding power in transmission systems employing electromagnetic waves other than radio waves e.g.: light, infra-red | H04L 12/10 |
### Glossary of terms

*In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BORSCHT</td>
<td>Battery, Over voltage, Ringing, Signalling, Coding, Hybrid, Testing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SLIC</td>
<td>Subscriber Line Interface Circuit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AEC</td>
<td>Acoustic Echo Canceller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CPE</td>
<td>Customer Premise Equipment: any phone equipment (key systems, PBX's, answering machines, etc.) which reside on the customers premises</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HKTS</td>
<td>Hybrid Key Telephone System: telephone system that can be used as a PBX or as a Key Telephone System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>KTS</td>
<td>Key Telephone System</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PBX</td>
<td>Private Branch Exchange</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UPS</td>
<td>Uninterrupted Power Supply</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CO</td>
<td>Central Office</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RBT</td>
<td>Ring Back Tone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RTTL</td>
<td>Ring Tone Transfer Language</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>