CPC  COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

H    ELECTRICITY
   (NOTE omitted)

H04    ELECTRIC COMMUNICATION TECHNIQUE
   (NOTE omitted)

H04L  TRANSMISSION OF DIGITAL INFORMATION, e.g. TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION (typewriters B41J; order telegraphs, fire or police telegraphs G08B; visual telegraphy G08B, G08C; teleautographic systems G08C; ciphering or deciphering apparatus per se G09C; coding, decoding or code conversion, in general H03M; arrangements common to telegraphic and telephonic communication H04M; selecting H04Q)

NOTE
This subclass covers transmission of signals having been supplied in digital form and includes data transmission, telegraphic communication and methods or arrangements for monitoring.

WARNINGS
1. The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups:

   H04L 9/18  covered by  H04L 9/065
   H04L 9/20  covered by  H04L 9/0656
   H04L 9/22  covered by  H04L 9/0662
   H04L 9/24  covered by  H04L 9/0662
   H04L 9/26  covered by  H04L 9/0668
   H04L 12/20  covered by  H04L 2900
   H04L 12/24  covered by  H04L 4100
   H04L 12/26  covered by  H04L 4300
   H04L 12/58  covered by  H04L 5100
   H04L 12/60-H04L 12/62  covered by  H04L 12/54
   H04L 12/70  covered by  H04L 4700
   H04L 12/701  covered by  H04L 4500
   H04L 12/703  covered by  H04L 45/28
   H04L 12/705  covered by  H04L 45/18
   H04L 12/707  covered by  H04L 45/22, H04L 45/24
   H04L 12/709  covered by
   H04L 12/711  covered by  H04L 45/586
   H04L 12/713  covered by  H04L 45/04, H04L 45/46, H04L 45/64
   H04L 12/715  covered by  H04L 45/42
   H04L 12/717  covered by  H04L 45/06, H04L 45/12, H04L 45/123, H04L 45/124, H04L 45/127, H04L 45/14, H04L 45/26, H04L 45/32, H04L 45/42, H04L 45/43, H04L 45/50, H04L 45/64, H04L 45/66, H04L 45/68, H04L 45/70, H04L 45/72
   H04L 12/721  covered by  H04L 45/50-H04L 45/507
   H04L 12/723  covered by  H04L 45/30-H04L 45/308
   H04L 12/725  covered by  H04L 45/125
   H04L 12/727  covered by  H04L 45/122, H04L 45/126, H04L 45/20
   H04L 12/733  covered by  H04L 45/128-H04L 45/1287
   H04L 12/735  covered by
   H04L 12/741  covered by
   H04L 12/743  covered by  H04L 45/7453, H04L 45/7457
   H04L 12/745  covered by  H04L 45/748
   H04L 12/747  covered by  H04L 45/742
   H04L 12/749  covered by  H04L 45/741
   H04L 12/751  covered by
   H04L 12/753  covered by  H04L 45/48
2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00 Arrangements for detecting or preventing errors in the information received (correcting synchronisation H04L 7/00; for digital computers G06F 11/001; arrangements in the transmission path H04B)

1/0001 {Systems modifying transmission characteristics according to link quality, e.g. power backoff (adaptive data allocation for multicarrier modulation H04L 5/0044; controlling transmission power for radio systems H04W 52/04))}

1/0002 {by adapting the transmission rate}
1/0003 {by switching between different modulation schemes}
1/0004 [applied to control information]
1/0005 [applied to payload information]
1/0006 {by adapting the transmission format}
1/0007 {by modifying the frame length}
1/0008 {by supplementing frame payload, e.g. with padding bits}
1/0009 {by adapting the channel coding (H04L 1/1812 takes precedence)}
1/001 [applied to control information]
1/0011 [applied to payload information]
1/0013 {Rate matching, e.g. puncturing or repetition of code symbols]
1/0014 {by adapting the source coding]
1/0015 {characterised by the adaptation strategy]
1/0016 {involving special memory structures, e.g. look-up tables]
1/0017 {where the mode-switching is based on Quality of Service requirement]
1/0018 [based on latency requirement]
1/0019 [in which mode-switching is based on a statistical approach]
1/002 {Algorithms with memory of the previous states, e.g. Markovian models]
1/0021 {in which the algorithm uses adaptive thresholds]

1/0022 {in which mode-switching is influenced by the user}
1/0023 {characterised by the signalling]
1/0025 {Transmission of mode-switching indication]
1/0026 {Transmission of channel quality indication]
1/0027 {Scheduling of signalling, e.g. occurrence thereof]
1/0028 {Formatting]
1/0029 {Reduction of the amount of signalling, e.g. retention of useful signalling or differential signalling (power control H04W 52/04])

1/003 {Adaptive formatting arrangements particular to signalling, e.g. variable amount of bits]
1/0031 {Multiple signaling transmission (H04L 1/1664, F15 take precedence)]
1/0032 {Without explicit signalling]
1/0033 {arrangements specific to the transmitter]
1/0034 {where the transmitter decides based on inferences, e.g. use of implicit signalling]
1/0035 {evaluation of received explicit signalling]
1/0036 {arrangements specific to the receiver]
1/0038 {Blind format detection (for detection of modulation format H04L 27/0012)]
1/0039 {other detection of signalling, e.g. detection of TFCI explicit signalling (H04L 1/0046, H04L 27/0012 and H04L 25/0262 take precedence)]

1/004 {by using forward error control (H04L 1/0618 takes precedence; coding, decoding or code conversion, for error detection or correction H03M 13/00)]
1/0041 {Arrangements at the transmitter end]
1/0042 {Encoding specially adapted to other signal generation operation, e.g. in order to reduce transmit distortions, jitter, or to improve signal shape (H04L 1/0067 takes precedence)]
1/0043 {Realisations of complexity reduction techniques, e.g. use of look-up tables]
{specially adapted for power saving}

{Arrangements at the receiver end}

{Code rate detection or code type detection (H04L 1/0038 takes precedence; detection of the data rate H04L 25/0262; for packet format H04L 1/0091)}

{Decoding adapted to other signal detection operation (in conjunction with sequence estimation or equalization H04L 25/03286)}

{in conjunction with detection of multiuser or interfering signals, e.g. iteration between CDMA or MIMO detector and FEC decoder (for spatial equalizer H04L 25/03286)}

{Iterative decoding, including iteration between signal detection and decoding operation}

{Stopping criteria}

{Realisations of complexity reduction techniques, e.g. pipelining or use of look-up tables}

{specially adapted for power saving}

{Maximum-likelihood or sequential decoding, e.g. Viterbi, Fano, ZJ algorithms}

{MAP-decoding}

{Systems characterized by the type of code used (H04L 1/08 takes precedence)}

{Block codes (H04L 1/0061, H04L 1/0064 take precedence)}

{Block-coded modulation}

{Convolutional codes}

{Trellis-coded modulation}

{Error detection codes}

{Single parity check}

{Concatenated codes}

{Serial concatenated codes}

{Parallel concatenated codes}

{Rate matching (H04L 1/0013 and H04L 1/08 take precedence)}

{by puncturing}

{Puncturing patterns}

{Unequal error protection (for format H04L 1/0078; for codes per se H03M 13/35)}

{Use of interleaving (interleaving per se H03M 13/27)}

{Error control for data other than payload data, e.g. control data}

{Special arrangements for feedback channel}

{Transmission of coding parameters to receiver (H04L 1/0023 takes precedence)}

{Distributed coding, e.g. network coding, involving channel coding (coding in both space and time H04L 1/0618; cooperative diversity H04B 7/022)}

{Cooperative coding}

{Avoidance of errors by organising the transmitted data in a format specifically designed to deal with errors, e.g. location (forward error control, e.g. FEC, CRC H04L 1/004; adaptive formatting H04L 1/0006; mappings H04L 27/00)}

{Formats for control data (H04L 1/16 takes precedence; training sequences H04L 25/00 and H04L 27/00)}

{where the control data relates to payload of a different packet}

{Formats specially adapted to avoid errors in the feedback channel (H04L 1/1607 takes precedence)}

{Fields explicitly indicating existence of error in data being transmitted, e.g. so that downstream stations can avoid decoding erroneous packet; relays}

{Formatting with frames or packets; Protocol or part of protocol for error control}

{Formats for payload data}

{Formatting with cells}

{Unequal error protection (H04L 27/00 and H04L 1/004 take precedence for layer 1/2 aspects, e.g. bit loading)}

{in control part}

{in payload}

{arrangements specific to transmitters}

{arrangements specific to receivers, e.g. format detection (detection of data rate H04L 25/0262; detection of coding rate H04L 1/0046)}

2001/0092 {Error control systems characterised by the topology of the transmission link}

2001/0093 {Point-to-multipoint}

2001/0094 {Bus}

2001/0095 {Ring}

2001/0096 {Channel splitting in point-to-point links}

2001/0097 {Relays}

2001/0098 {Unequal error protection}

1/02 by diversity reception (in general H04B 7/02)

1/04 using frequency diversity

1/06 using space diversity

1/0606 {Space-frequency coding}

1/0612 {Space-time modulation}

1/0618 {Space-time coding}

1/0625 {Transmitter arrangements}

1/0631 {Receiver arrangements}

1/0637 {Properties of the code}

1/0643 {block codes}

1/065 {by means of convolutional encoding}

1/0656 {Cyclotomic systems, e.g. Bell Labs Layered Space-Time [BLAST]}

1/0662 {Limited orthogonality systems}

1/0668 {Orthogonal systems, e.g. using Alamouti codes}

1/0675 {characterised by the signaling}

1/0681 {adapting space time parameters, i.e. modifying the space time matrix}

1/0687 {Full feedback}

1/0693 {Partial feedback, e.g. partial channel state information [CSI]}

1/08 by repeating transmission, e.g. Verdan system (H04L 1/1858 and H04L 1/189 take precedence)

1/12 by using return channel

2001/125 {Arrangements for preventing errors in the return channel}

1/14 in which the signals are sent back to the transmitter to be checked (echo systems)

1/16 in which the return channel carries supervisory signals, e.g. repetition request signals

1/1607 {Details of the supervisory signal}

1/1614 {using bitmaps}
Automatic repetition systems, e.g. van Duuren conditions

parameters according to transmission

Adaptation of specific ARQ protocol parallel processes

Involving configuration of ARQ with parallel processes

Adaptation of specific ARQ protocol parameters according to transmission conditions

Arrangements specific to the receiver end

Details of sliding window management

Buffer management

Formats specially adapted for sequence numbers

Implicit acknowledgement of correct or incorrect reception, e.g. with a moving window

The supervisory signal being transmitted together with payload signals; piggybacking

Where the control information is for timing, e.g. time stamps

The supervisory signal being transmitted in response to a specific request, e.g. to a polling signal

Physical properties of the supervisory signal, e.g. acknowledgement by energy bursts

Automatic repetition systems, e.g. van Duuren system [; ARQ protocols]

Stop-and-wait protocols

Go-back-N protocols

Selective-repeat protocols

Hybrid protocols

with retransmission of the same, encoded, message

with retransmission of additional or different redundancy

involving configuration of ARQ with parallel processes

[Adaptation of specific ARQ protocol parameters according to transmission conditions]

Arrangements specific to the receiver end

Details of sliding window management

Buffer management

{for semi-reliable protocols, e.g. for less sensitive applications such as streaming video (buffer level management for video bitstream receiver H04N 21/44004)}

Resequencing

Combining techniques, e.g. code combining

Time-out mechanisms

Scheduling and prioritising arrangements

Transmission or retransmission of more than one copy of acknowledgement message (repetition in general H04L 1/08)

Arrangements specific to the transmitter end

Details of sliding window management

Buffer management

for semi-reliable protocols, e.g. for less sensitive applications like streaming video (buffer level management for video bitstream control arrangements H04N 21/44004)

Time-out mechanisms

using multiple timers

Scheduling and prioritising arrangements

Transmission or retransmission of more than one copy of a message (repetition in general H04L 1/08)

Physical mapping arrangements (physical resource mapping in general H04L 5/00)

ARQ related signaling

using signal quality detector

WARNING

see G01R 29/02

Frame classification, e.g. bad, good or erased (frame indication per see H04L 1/0082)

Details of error rate determination, e.g. BER, FER or WER

jitter monitoring

for modulated signals

involving signal re-encoding

using redundant apparatus to increase reliability

Time-frequency

three-level transmission codes, e.g. ternary

two-level transmission codes, e.g. binary

test sequence generators

at the transmitter, using a loop-back

test sequence generators

by using the properties of transmission codes

[two-level transmission codes, e.g. binary]

[three-level transmission codes, e.g. ternary]

[Distortion measuring systems (measurement of non-linear distortion G01R 23/20; measuring characteristics of individual pulses, e.g. deviation from pulse flatness, rise time, duration G01R 29/02)]

5/00

Arrangements affording multiple use of the transmission path (multiplex communication in general H04J; orthogonal multiplex systems H04J 11/00)

Arrangements for dividing the transmission path (duplexing H04L 5/14; multiplexing of different sources on one path H04J)

Two-dimensional division (time-code division H04J 11/00, H04J 13/00; for time-space division H04B 7/0413, H04B 7/0697)

Time-frequency

{the frequencies being orthogonal, e.g. OFDM(A), DMT}

Wavelet-division

CPC - 2019.05

5
5/001 . . . . . (. the frequencies being arranged in component carriers)
5/0012 . . . . . (. Hopping in multicarrier systems (for frequency hopping in spread spectrum systems H04B 17/13))
5/0014 . . . . . (. Three-dimensional division (time-code-space division H04B 70/0413, H04B 70/0672))
5/0016 . . . . . (. Time-frequency-code)
5/0017 . . . . . (. [in which a distinct code is applied, as a temporal sequence, to each frequency])
5/0019 . . . . . (. [in which one code is applied, as a temporal sequence, to all frequencies])
5/0021 . . . . . (. [in which codes are applied as a frequency-domain sequences, e.g. MC-CDMA])
5/0023 . . . . . (. Time-frequency-space)
5/0025 . . . . . (. Spatial division following the spatial signature of the channel)
5/0026 . . . . . (. Division using four or more dimensions)
5/0028 . . . . . (. [Variable division (signaling therefor H04L 5/0092)]
5/003 . . . . . (. [Arrangements for allocating sub-channels of the transmission path])
5/0032 . . . . . (. [Distributed allocation, i.e. involving a plurality of allocating devices, each making partial allocation])
5/0033 . . . . . (. [each allocating device acting autonomously, i.e. without negotiation with other allocating devices])
5/0035 . . . . . (. [Resource allocation in a cooperative multipoint environment])
5/0037 . . . . . (. [Inter-user or inter-terminal allocation])
5/0039 . . . . . (. [Frequency-contiguous, i.e. with no allocation of frequencies for one user or terminal between the frequencies allocated to another])
5/0041 . . . . . (. [Frequency-non-contiguous])
5/0042 . . . . . (. [intra-user or intra-terminal allocation])
5/0044 . . . . . (. [allocation of payload])
5/0046 . . . . . (. [Determination of how many bits are transmitted on different sub-channels])
5/0048 . . . . . (. [Allocation of pilot signals, i.e. of signals known to the receiver])
5/005 . . . . . (. [of common pilots, i.e. pilots destined for multiple users or terminals])
5/0051 . . . . . (. [of dedicated pilots, i.e. pilots destined for a single user or terminal])
5/0053 . . . . . (. [Allocation of signaling, i.e. of overhead other than pilot signals])
5/0055 . . . . . (. [Physical resource allocation for ACK/NACK (for physical mapping arrangements in ARQ protocols H04L 1/1861)])
5/0057 . . . . . (. [Physical resource allocation for CQI])
5/0058 . . . . . (. [Allocation criteria])
5/006 . . . . . (. [Quality of the received signal, e.g. BER, SNR, water filling])
5/0062 . . . . . (. [Avoidance of ingress interference, e.g. ham radio channels])
5/0064 . . . . . (. [Rate requirement of the data, e.g. scalable bandwidth, data priority])
5/0066 . . . . . (. [Requirements on out-of-channel emissions])
5/0067 . . . . . (. [Allocation algorithms which involve graph matching])
5/0069 . . . . . (. [Allocation based on distance or geographical location (allocation based on terminal or device properties in general, H04W 72/048)])
5/0071 . . . . . (. [Allocation based on fairness other than the proportional kind])
5/0073 . . . . . (. [Allocation arrangements that take into account other cell interferences (for intercell interference mitigation or co-ordination in orthogonal multiplex systems H04J 11/005)])
5/0075 . . . . . (. [Allocation using proportional fairness])
5/0076 . . . . . (. [Allocation utility-based])
5/0078 . . . . . (. [Timing of allocation])
5/008 . . . . . (. [once only, on installation])
5/0082 . . . . . (. [at predetermined intervals])
5/0083 . . . . . (. [symbol-by-symbol])
5/0085 . . . . . (. [when channel conditions change])
5/0087 . . . . . (. [when data requirements change])
5/0089 . . . . . (. [due to addition or removal of users or terminals])
5/0091 . . . . . (. [Signaling for the administration of the divided path])
5/0092 . . . . . (. [Indication of how the channel is divided])
5/0094 . . . . . (. [Indication of how sub-channels of the path are allocated])
5/0096 . . . . . (. [Indication of changes in allocation])
5/0098 . . . . . (. [Signalling of the activation or deactivation of component carriers, subcarriers or frequency bands])
5/02 . . . . . (. Channels characterised by the type of signal)
5/023 . . . . . (. [Multiplexing of multicarrier modulation signals (multicarrier modulation H04L 27/2601)])
5/026 . . . . . (. [using code division])
5/04 . . . . . (. the signals being represented by different amplitudes or polarities, e.g. quadruplex)
5/06 . . . . . (. the signals being represented by different frequencies (combined with time-division multiplexing H04L 5/26))
5/08 . . . . . (. each combination of signals in different channels being represented by a fixed frequency (, e.g. twinplex; see H04L 27/16)]
5/10 . . . . . (. with dynamo-electric generation of carriers; with mechanical filters or demodulators)
5/12 . . . . . (. the signals being represented by different phase modulations of a single carrier)
5/14 . . . . . (. Two-way operation using the same type of signal, i.e. duplex ([ duplex repeaters H04L 25/22]); conditioning for two-way transmission in general H04B 3/20; (for interconnection between telephone switching centres H04Q 3/00))
5/1407 . . . . . (. [Artificial lines or their setting (for line transmission systems in general H04B 3/40)])
5/1415 . . . . . (. [using control lines])
5/1423 . . . . . (. [for simultaneous baseband signals])
5/143 . . . . . (. [for modulated signals (H04L 5/1469 takes precedence)])
5/1438 . . . . . (. [Negotiation of transmission parameters prior to communication (modified according to link quality H04L 1/0001)])
5/1446 . . . . . (. [of transmission speed])
5/1453 . . . . . (. [of modulation type])
5/1461 . . . . . (. [Suppression of signals in the return path, i.e. bidirectional control circuits])
5/1469 . . . . . (. [using time-sharing])
5/1476 . . . . . (. [operating bitwise])
5/1484 . . . . . (. [operating by twos])
5/1492 . . . . . (. [with time compression, e.g. operating according to the ping-pong technique])
5/16 . . . Half-duplex systems; Simplex-duplex switching: Transmission of break signals [non automatically inverting the direction of transmission]
5/18 . . . Automatic changing of the traffic direction
5/20 . . . using different combinations of lines, e.g. phantom working ([phantom interconnection between telephone switching centres H04M 7/08; coupling arrangements therefor H04L 25/0272])
5/22 . . . using time-division multiplexing ([in general H04J 3/00])
5/25 . . . [combined with the use of transition coding (transition coding H04L 25/493)]
5/24 . . . with start-stop synchronous converters
5/25 . . . [with a number of discharge tubes or semiconductor elements which successively connect the different channels to the transmission channels (see: H04L 13/00; H04L 23/00, H03K 5/15, H03K 17/62, H04J 3/047)]
5/26 . . . combined with the use of different frequencies
7/00 Arrangements for synchronising receiver with transmitter ([synchronisation of electronic time-pieces G04Q 7/00; synchronisation of generators of electric oscillations or pulses H03L; synchronising in TV system H04N 5/04; regeneration of clock signals for television systems H04N 7/0352)]
7/0004 . . . [Initialisation of the receiver (H04L 7/0075 and H04L 7/10 take precedence)]
7/0008 . . . [Synchronisation information channels, e.g. clock distribution lines]
7/0012 . . . [by comparing receiver clock with transmitter clock]
7/0016 . . . [correction of synchronization errors]
7/002 . . . [correction by interpolation]
7/0025 . . . [interpolation of clock signal]
7/0029 . . . [interpolation of received data signal]
7/0033 . . . [Correction by delay]
7/0037 . . . [Delay of clock signal]
7/0041 . . . [Delay of data signal]
7/0045 . . . [Correction by a latch cascade]
7/005 . . . [Correction by an elastic buffer]
7/0054 . . . [Detection of the synchronisation error by features other than the received signal transition (by means of signal transition H04L 7/033)]
7/0058 . . . [detection of error based on equalizer tap values]
7/0062 . . . [detection of error based on data decision error, e.g. Mueller type detection]
7/0066 . . . [detection of error based on transmission code rule]
7/007 . . . [detection of error based on maximum signal power, e.g. peak value, maximizing autocorrelation]
7/0075 . . . [with photonic or optical means]
7/0079 . . . [Receiver details]
7/0083 . . . [taking measures against momentary loss of synchronisation, e.g. inhibiting the synchronisation, using idle words or using redundant clocks]
7/0087 . . . [Preprocessing of received signal for synchronisation, e.g. by code conversion, pulse generation or edge detection]
7/0091 . . . [Transmitter details]
7/0095 . . . [with mechanical means]

7/02 . . . Speed or phase control by the received code signals, the signals containing no special synchronisation information ([H04L 7/0075 takes precedence; tuning or selecting resonant circuits H03J; using the properties of error detecting or correcting codes H04L 7/048])
7/027 . . . extracting the synchronising or clock signal from the received signal spectrum, e.g. by using a resonant or bandpass circuit
7/0272 . . . [with squaring loop]
7/0274 . . . [with Costas loop]
7/0276 . . . [Self-sustaining, e.g. by tuned delay line and a feedback path to a logical gate]
7/0278 . . . [Band edge detection]
7/033 . . . using the transitions of the received signal to control the phase of the synchronising-signal-generating means, e.g. using a phase-locked loop
7/0331 . . . [with a digital phase-locked loop [PLL] processing binary samples, e.g. add/subtract logic for correction of receiver clock (H04L 7/0337 takes precedence)]
7/0332 . . . [with an integrator-detector]
7/0334 . . . [Processing of samples having at least three levels, e.g. soft decisions]
7/0335 . . . [Gardner detector]
7/0337 . . . [Selecting between two or more discretely delayed clocks or selecting between two or more discretely delayed received code signals]
7/0338 . . . [the correction of the phase error being performed by a feed forward loop]
7/04 . . . Speed or phase control by synchronisation signals ([H04L 7/0075 takes precedence])
7/041 . . . [using special codes as synchronising signal]
7/042 . . . [Detectors therefor, e.g. correlators, state machines (digital correlators in general G06F 17/15)]
7/043 . . . [Pseudo-noise [PN] codes variable during transmission (synchronisation of spread spectrum receivers H04B 1/69)]
7/044 . . . [using a single bit, e.g. start stop bit]
2007/045 . . . [Fill bit or bits, idle words]
7/046 . . . [using a dotting sequence]
2007/047 . . . [using a sine signal or unmodulated carrier]
7/048 . . . [using the properties of error detecting or error correcting codes, e.g. parity as synchronisation signal]
7/06 . . . the synchronisation signals differing from the information signals in amplitude, polarity, or frequency [or length]
7/065 . . . [and superimposed by modulation]
7/08 . . . the synchronisation signals recurring cyclically
7/10 . . . Arrangements for initial synchronisation
9/00 (Cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic) arrangements for secret or secure communication ([network architectures or network communication protocols for network security H04L 63/00 or for wireless network security H04W 12/00; security arrangements for protecting computers or computer systems against unauthorized activity G06F 21/00])

NOTES
1. This group covers:
   1.1 Cryptographic mechanisms including cryptographic protocols and cryptographic
3. In subgroups H04L 9/001 - H04L 9/38, the last place priority rule is applied, i.e. at each hierarchical level, in the absence of an indication to the contrary, classification is made in the last appropriate place.

9/001 [using chaotic signals]
9/002 [Countermeasures against attacks on cryptographic mechanisms (network architectures or network communication protocols for protection against malicious traffic H04L 63/1441)]
9/003 [for power analysis, e.g. differential power analysis [DPA] or simple power analysis [SPA]]
9/004 [for fault attacks]
9/005 [for timing attacks]
9/006 [involving public key infrastructure [PKI] trust models (network architecture or network communication protocol for supporting authentication of entities using certificates in a packet data network H04L 63/0823)]
9/007 [involving hierarchical structures]
9/008 [involving homomorphic encryption]
9/009 the encryption apparatus using shift registers or memories for block-wise (or stream) coding, e.g. DES systems (or RC4; Hash functions; Pseudorandom sequence generators]
9/018 [Block ciphers, i.e. encrypting groups of characters of a plain text message using fixed encryption transformation]
9/0841 . . . . [involving Diffie-Hellman or related key agreement protocols]
9/0844 . . . . . [with user authentication or key authentication, e.g. ElGamal, MTI, MQV-Menezes-Qu-Vanstone protocol or Diffie-Hellman protocols using implicitly-certified keys]
9/0847 . . . . [involving identity based encryption [IBE] schemes]
9/085 . . . . . [Secret generation or secret splitting, e.g. threshold schemes]
9/0852 . . . . [Quantum cryptography (transmission systems employing electromagnetic waves other than radio waves, e.g. light, infra-red H04B 10/00; wavelength-division multiplex systems H04J 14/02)]
9/0855 . . . . [involving additional nodes, e.g. quantum relays, repeaters, intermediate nodes or remote nodes]
9/0858 . . . . . [Details about key distillation or coding, e.g. reconciliation, error correction, privacy amplification, polarization coding or phase coding]
9/0861 . . . . [Generation of secret information including derivation or calculation of cryptographic keys or passwords]
9/0863 . . . . [involving passwords or one-time passwords (network architectures or network communication protocols for using one-time keys in a packet data network H04L 63/067)]
9/0866 . . . . [involving user or device identifiers, e.g. serial number, physical or biometrical information, DNA, hand-signature or measurable physical characteristics]
9/0869 . . . . [involving random numbers or seeds]
9/0872 . . . . [using geo-location information, e.g. location data, time, relative position or proximity to other entities]
9/0875 . . . . [based on channel impulse response [CIR]]
9/0877 . . . . [using additional device, e.g. trusted platform module [TPM], smartcard, USB or hardware security module [HSM]]
9/088 . . . . [Usage controlling of secret information, e.g. techniques for restricting cryptographic keys to pre-authorized uses, different access levels, validity of crypto-period, different key- or password length, or different strong and weak cryptographic algorithms (network architectures or network communication protocols for using time-dependent keys in a packet data network H04L 63/068)]
9/0891 . . . . [Revocation or update of secret information, e.g. encryption key update or rekeying]
9/0894 . . . . [Escrow, recovery or storing of secret information, e.g. secret key escrow or cryptographic key storage]
9/0897 . . . . [involving additional devices, e.g. trusted platform module [TPM], smartcard or USB]
9/10 . . . . . [with particular housing, physical features or manual controls]
9/12 . . . . . . Transmitting and receiving encryption devices synchronised or initially set up in a particular manner

H04L

9/14 . . . . using a plurality of keys or algorithms {network architectures or network communication protocols wherein the sending and receiving network entities apply hybrid encryption, i.e. combination of symmetric and asymmetric encryption H04L 63/045)
9/16 . . . . . the keys or algorithms being changed during operation
9/30 . . . . Public key, i.e. encryption algorithm being computationally infeasible to invert or user’s encryption keys not requiring secrecy
9/3006 . . . . [underlying computational problems or public-key parameters]
9/3013 . . . . [involving the discrete logarithm problem, e.g. ElGamal or Diffie-Hellman systems]
9/302 . . . . [involving the integer factorization problem, e.g. RSA or quadratic sieve [QS] schemes]
9/3026 . . . . [details relating to polynomials generation, e.g. generation of irreducible polynomials]
9/3033 . . . . [details relating to pseudo-prime or prime number generation, e.g. primality test]
9/304 . . . . [based on error correction codes, e.g. McEliece]
9/3066 . . . . [involving algebraic varieties, e.g. elliptic or hyper-elliptic curves]
9/3073 . . . . [involving pairings, e.g. identity based encryption [IBE], bilinear mappings or bilinear pairings, e.g. Weil or Tate pairing]
9/3093 . . . . [involving Lattices or polynomial equations, e.g. NTRU scheme]
9/32 . . . . . . including means for verifying the identity or authority of a user of the system {for message authentication, e.g. authorization, entity authentication, data integrity or data verification, non-repudiation, key authentication or verification of credentials} (network architectures or network communication protocols for supporting entities authentication in a packet data network H04L 63/08; applying verification of the received information H04L 63/12; computer systems G06F; coin-free or like apparatus with coded identity card or credit card G07F 7/08)
9/321 . . . . [involving a third party or a trusted authority]
9/3213 . . . . [using tickets or tokens, e.g. Kerberos (network architectures or network communication protocols for entities authentication using tickets in a packet data network H04L 63/08)]
9/3215 . . . . [using a plurality of channels (network architectures or network communication protocols using different networks H04L 63/18)]
9/3218 . . . . . . . [proof of knowledge, e.g. Fiat-Shamir, GQ, Schnorr, or non-interactive zero-knowledge proofs]
9/3221 . . . . . . [interactive zero-knowledge proofs]
9/3226 . . . . [using a predetermined code, e.g. password, passphrases or PIN (network architectures or network communication protocols for supporting authentication of entities using passwords in a packet data network H04L 63/083)]
9/3228 . . . . . . [One-time or temporary data, i.e. information which is sent for every authentication or authorization, e.g. one-time-password, one-time-token or one-time-key]
9/3231 . . . [Biological data, e.g. fingerprint, voice or retina (network architectures or network communication protocols for supporting authentication of entities using biometrical features in a packet data network H04L 63/0861)]

9/3234 . . . (involving additional secure or trusted devices, e.g. TPM, smartcard, USB or software token (network architectures or network communication protocols for supporting authentication of entities using an additional device in a packet data network H04L 63/0853))

9/3236 . . . (using cryptographic hash functions)

9/3239 . . . (involving non-keyed hash functions, e.g. modification detection codes [MDCs], MD5, SHA or RIPEMD)

9/3242 . . . (using keyed hash functions, e.g. message authentication codes [MACs], CBC-MAC or HMAC)

9/3247 . . . (involving digital signatures)

9/3249 . . . (using RSA or related signature schemes, e.g. Rabin scheme)

9/3252 . . . (using DSA or related signature schemes, e.g. elliptic based signatures, ElGamal or Schnorr schemes)

9/3255 . . . (using group based signatures, e.g. ring or threshold signatures)

9/3257 . . . (using blind signatures)

9/3263 . . . (involving certificates, e.g. public key certificate [PKC] or attribute certificate [AC]; Public key infrastructure [PKI] arrangements (network architectures or network communication protocols for supporting authentication of entities using certificates in a packet data network H04L 63/0823))

9/3265 . . . (using certificate chains, trees or paths; Hierarchical trust model)

9/3268 . . . (using certificate validation, registration, distribution or revocation, e.g. certificate revocation list [CRL])

9/3271 . . . (using challenge-response)

9/3273 . . . (for mutual authentication (network architectures or network communication protocols for achieving mutual authentication in a packet data network H04L 63/0869])

9/3278 . . . (using physically uncloneable functions [PUF])

9/3297 . . . (involving time stamps, e.g. generation of time stamps)

9/34 . . . Bits, or blocks of bits, of the telegraphic message being interleaved in time { (for speech signals H04K 1/06)}

9/36 . . . with means for detecting characters not meant for transmission

9/38 . . . Encryption being effected by mechanical apparatus, e.g. rotating cams, switches, keytape punchers

12/00 Data switching networks (interconnection of, or transfer of information or other signals between, memories, input/output devices or central processing units G06F 13/00)

12/02 . . . Details

12/04 . . . Switchboards

12/06 . . . Answer-back mechanisms or circuits

12/08 . . . Alloting numbers to messages; Counting characters, words or messages

12/10 . . . Current supply arrangements

12/12 . . . Arrangements for remote connection or disconnection of substations or of equipment thereof

12/14 . . . (Metering,) charging (or billing) arrangements (specially adapted for data wireline or wireless communications (payment schemes, architectures or protocols per se G06Q 200000))

12/1403 . . . [Architecture for metering, charging or billing]

12/1407 . . . [Policy-and-charging control [PCC] architecture]

12/141 . . . [Indication of costs]

12/1414 . . . (in real-time)

12/1417 . . . [Advice of charge with threshold, e.g. user indicating maximum cost]

12/1421 . . . [Indication of expected costs]

12/1425 . . . (involving dedicated fields in the data packet for billing purposes)

12/1428 . . . [Invoice generation, e.g. customization, lay-out, database processing, algorithms for calculating the bill or formatting invoices as WWW pages (invoicing in general G06Q 30/04)]

12/1432 . . . [Metric aspects]

12/1435 . . . (volume-based)

12/1439 . . . (time-based)

12/1442 . . . (at network operator level)

12/1446 . . . (inter-operator billing)

12/145 . . . (trading network capacity or selecting route based on tariff)

12/1453 . . . [Methods or systems for payment or settlement of the charges for data transmission involving significant interaction with the data transmission network]

12/1457 . . . (using an account)

12/146 . . . (using digital cash)

12/1464 . . . (using a card, such as credit card, prepay card or SIM)

12/1467 . . . (involving prepayment)

12/1471 . . . (splitting of costs)

12/1475 . . . (the splitting involving a third party)

12/1478 . . . (the splitting involving only the communication parties)

12/1482 . . . (involving use of telephony infrastructure for billing for the transport of data, e.g. call detail record [CDR] or intelligent network infrastructure)

12/1485 . . . [Tariff-related aspects]

12/1489 . . . [dependent on congestion]

12/1492 . . . [negotiation of tariff]

12/1496 . . . [involving discounts]

12/16 . . . Arrangements for providing special services to substations

12/18 . . . for broadcast or conference (., e.g. multicast (multicast or broadcast switches H04L 49/201))

12/1804 . . . [for stock exchange and similar applications]

12/1809 . . . [for auctioneering devices]
[for computer conferences, e.g. chat rooms (protocols for multimedia communication H04L 29/06027; signaling and real-time protocols for multimedia conference H04L 29/06414; instant messaging H04L 51/04; telephonic conference arrangements H04M 3/56; television conference systems H04N 7/15)]

[Conference organisation arrangements, e.g. handling schedules, setting up parameters needed by nodes to attend a conference, booking network resources, notifying involved parties]

[Conducting the conference, e.g. admission, detection, selection or grouping of participants, correlating users to one or more conference sessions, prioritising transmission]

[Network arrangements for conference optimisation or adaptation]

[Tracking arrangements for later retrieval, e.g. recording contents, participants activities or behavior, network status]

[with heterogeneous network architecture]

[with heterogeneous receivers, e.g. layered multicast]

[broadcast or multicast in a specific location, e.g. geocast (protocols for adapting network applications to user terminal location H04L 29/08657); services specially adapted for wireless communication networks making use of the location of users or terminals H04W 4/02)]

[with management of multicast group membership]

[with non-centralised forwarding system, e.g. chaincast]

[adapted to provide push services, e.g. data channels]

[comprising mechanisms for improved reliability, e.g. status reports (arrangements for detecting or preventing errors by carrying supervisory signal the return channel H04L 1/16)]

[Measures taken after transmission, e.g. acknowledgments]

[avoiding ACK or NACK implosion]

[Measures taken prior to transmission]

[with schedule organisation, e.g. priority, sequence management]

[with traffic restrictions for efficiency improvement, e.g. involving subnets or subdomains]

[in combination with wireless systems (selective distribution or broadcast in wireless communication networks H04W 4/06)]

[for short real-time information, e.g. alarms, notifications, alerts, updates]

[Arrangements for preventing the taking of data from a data transmission channel without authorisation (means for verifying the identity or the authority of a user of a secure or secret communication system H04L 9/32)]

characterised by path configuration, e.g. local area networks [LAN], wide area networks [WAN]

[Broadband local area networks]

[Home automation networks]

[Home Audio Video Interoperability [HAVI] networks]

[Exchanging configuration information on appliance services in a home automation network (address allocation H04L 29/12207; arrangements for maintenance or administration involving network analysis for automatically determining the actual topology of a network H04L 41/12; hardware or software tools for network management using graphical user interfaces H04L 41/22)]

[indicating that an appliance service is present in a home automation network (arrangements for service discovery H04L 29/08648; monitoring functionality H04L 43/0817)]

[indicating a format for calling an appliance service function in a home automation network (protocols for network applications involving the use of web-based technology H04L 29/08099)]

[describing content present in a home automation network, e.g. audio video content (retrieval from the Internet G06F 16/95)]

[Exchanging control software or macros for controlling appliance services in a home automation network (arrangements for maintenance or administration involving configuration of the network and network elements H04L 41/08)]

[Controlling appliance services of a home automation network by calling their functionalities (arrangements in telecontrol or telemetry systems for selectively calling a substation from a main station; in which substation desired apparatus is selected for applying a control signal thereto or for obtaining measured values therefrom H04Q 9/00)]

[from a device located outside both the home and the home network (access arrangements H04L 12/2056; protocols for network applications involving the use of web-based technology for remote control or remote monitoring H04L 29/08099; telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with remote control systems H04M 11/007; arrangements for transmitting signals characterised by the use of a wireless electrical link G08C 17/00)]

[based on user interaction within the home (receiver circuitry for displaying additional information being controlled by a remote control apparatus H04N 5/44582)]

[Avoiding conflicts related to the use of home appliances (arrangements for network security H04L 29/06551)]
12/2823 . . . [Reporting information sensed by appliance or service execution status of appliance services in a home automation network (device-related reporting H04L 43/065; arrangements in telecontrol or telemetry systems for selectively calling a substation from a main station, in which substation desired apparatus is selected for applying a control signal thereto or for obtaining measured values therefrom H04Q 9/00)]

12/2825 . . . [Reporting to a device located outside the home and the home network (access arrangements H04L 12/2856: protocols for network applications involving the use of web-based technology for remote control or remote monitoring H04L 29/08099; telephonic communication systems adapted for combination with telemetering systems H04M 11/002)]

12/2827 . . . [Reporting to a device within the home network; wherein the reception of the information reported automatically triggers the execution of a home appliance functionality]

12/2829 . . . [Involving user profiles according to which the execution of a home appliance functionality is automatically triggered]

12/283 . . . [Processing of data at an internetworking point of a home automation network]

12/2832 . . . [Interconnection of the control functionalities between home networks (single bridge functionality H04L 12/4625)]

12/2834 . . . [Switching of information between an external network and a home network (access arrangements H04L 12/2856)]

12/2836 . . . [Protocol conversion between an external network and a home network (protocol conversion H04L 29/06068; adaptation of digital video signals for transport over a specific home network H04N 7/24; controlling appliance services of a home automation network from a device located outside the home and the home network H04L 12/2818)]

12/2838 . . . [Distribution of signals within a home automation network, e.g. involving splitting/multiplexing signals to/from different paths (adaptations of television systems for transmission by electric cable for domestic distribution H04N 7/106; hybrid transport H04L 12/6418; home network arrangements specially adapted for distribution of digital video signals H04N 7/24)]

12/284 . . . [Characterised by the type of medium used]

12/2841 . . . [Wireless]

12/2843 . . . [Mains power line]

12/2845 . . . [Telephone line]

12/2847 . . . [Characterised by the type of home appliance used]

12/2849 . . . [Audio/video appliances]

12/285 . . . [Generic home appliances, e.g. refrigerators]

12/2852 . . . [Metropolitan area networks]

12/2854 . . . [Wide area networks, e.g. public data networks]

12/2856 . . . [Access arrangements, e.g. Internet access (asynchronous transfer mode networks H04L 12/5601; broadband local area networks H04L 12/2801; optical access or distribution networks H04Q 11/0067; access to open networks H04L 12/5691; digital subscriber line end-user equipment and bit-level processing of data on a PSTN-based network H04M 11/00; home network gateways H04L 12/2834; wireless access networks H04W)]

NOTES

1. This group covers:
   • access to a public data network, such as an IP network, for subscribers, i.e. customers of a network service provider, over a wired network.
   • communication of generic types of data between end-user equipments, located typically at the subscriber premises, and an access server, which acts as interface between the access network and the public data network.

2. This group does not cover:
   • wireless access networks, which are covered by H04W
   • optical distribution networks, which are covered by H04Q 11/0067
   • bit-level, or PHY layer, processing of data between digital subscriber line equipments, which is covered by H04M 11/06
   • design of DSL, digital subscriber line, modems, which is covered by H04M 11/06
   • exchange of data related to functionalities of home network appliances between a home network and an external network, which is covered by H04L 12/2803
   • management of WDM parameters in optical multiplex systems, which is covered by H04J 14/02
   • circuit-switched access networks, which are covered by H04M 7/1205
   • access arrangements for providing telephone service in networks other than PSTN/ISDN, which are covered by H04M 7/0066

3. In this group the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
   • ATM means Asynchronous Transfer Mode
   • LAN means Local Area Network
   • BRAS means Broadband Remote Access Server
   • DSLAM means Digital Subscriber Line Access Multiplexer
   • MSAN means MultiService Access Node
   • DSL means Digital Subscriber Line
   • IP means Internet Protocol
   • WDM means Wavelength Division Multiplexing
   • SDH means Synchronous Digital Hierarchy
   • OTN means Optical Transport Network
• PSTN means Public Switched Telephone Network
• ISDN means Integrated Services Digital Network
• TDM means Time-Division Multiplexing
• TDMA means Time Division Multiple Access

12/2858 . . . . . . [Access network architectures]
12/2859 . . . . . . [Point-to-point connection between the data network and the subscribers (encapsulation H04L 12/4633; virtual LANs H04L 12/4641; routing of packets H04L 45/00)]
12/2861 . . . . . . [Point-to-multipoint connection from the data network to the subscribers]
12/2863 . . . . . . [Arrangements for combining access network resources elements, e.g. channel bonding (modem pooling H04L 25/14; multichannel protocols H04L 29/06088; routing of packets H04L 45/00)]
12/2865 . . . . . . [Logical combinations]
12/2866 . . . . . . [Physical combinations]
12/2869 . . . . . . [Operational details of access network equipments (admission control or resource allocation in access networks H04L 12/692)]
12/287 . . . . . . [Remote access server, e.g. BRAS]
12/2872 . . . . . . [Termination of subscriber connections]
12/2874 . . . . . . [Processing of data for distribution to the subscribers]
12/2876 . . . . . . [Handling of subscriber policies (group policies management H04L 41/0892)]
12/2878 . . . . . . [Access multiplexer, e.g. DSLAM (generic distributed time multiplexers, e.g. TDM/TDMA H04J 3/1694)]
12/2879 . . . . . . [Characterised by the network type on the uplink side, i.e. towards the service provider network]
12/2881 . . . . . . [IP/Ethernet DSLAM]
12/2883 . . . . . . [ATM DSLAM]
12/2885 . . . . . . [Arrangements interfacing with optical systems (optical network equipment H04B 10/00; optical multiplexers H04J 14/00)]
12/2887 . . . . . . [Characterised by the offered subscriber services]
12/2889 . . . . . . [Multiservice, e.g. MSAN]
12/289 . . . . . . [Single service]
12/2892 . . . . . . [Characterised by the access multiplexer architecture]
12/2894 . . . . . . [Centralized processing]
12/2896 . . . . . . [Distributed processing, e.g. on line cards]
12/2898 . . . . . . [Subscriber equipments (DSL modems H04M 11/062; cable modems H04L 12/2801)]
12/40 . . . . . . Bus networks

12/40006 . . . [Architecture of a communication node (current supply arrangements H04L 12/10; intermediate storage or scheduling H04L 49/90)]

NOTE
In this group the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
• a bus controller is a microprocessor dedicated to input and output of data by a node on a bus;
• a bus master is a device controlling which node accesses the bus at a particular time;
• a bus guardian is a device monitoring the timing of node accesses on the bus;
• a bus interface enhancer is a hardware or software arrangement managing the bus controller or the bus interface to modify its behaviour or providing a transparent interface to the bus controller

12/40013 . . . [Details regarding a bus controller]
12/40019 . . . [Details regarding a bus master]
12/40026 . . . [Details regarding a bus guardian]
12/40032 . . . [Details regarding a bus interface enhancer]
12/40039 . . . [Details regarding the setting of the power status of a node according to activity on the bus]
12/40045 . . . [Details regarding the feeding of energy to the node from the bus]
12/40052 . . . [High-speed IEEE 1394 serial bus (bus transfer protocol on a daisy chain bus using an embedded synchronisation G06F 13/426)]
12/40058 . . . [Isochronous transmission]
12/40065 . . . [Bandwidth and channel allocation (home automation networks H04L 12/2803; flow control H04L 47/10)]
12/40071 . . . [Packet processing; Packet format (adaptation of digital video signals for transport over a specific network H04N 21/2384 H04N 21/4363 H04N 21/4381; packet switches H04L 49/00; intermediate storage or scheduling H04L 49/90)]
12/40078 . . . [Bus configuration (home automation networks H04L 12/2803; arrangements for maintenance or administration H04L 41/00)]
12/40084 . . . [Bus arbitration]
12/40091 . . . [Bus bridging (LAN interconnection over a bridge based backbone H04L 12/462; single bridge functionality H04L 12/462)]
12/40097 . . . [Interconnection with other networks (LAN interconnection over a bridge based backbone H04L 12/462; single bridge functionality H04L 12/462)]
12/40104 . . . [Security; Encryption; Content protection (arrangements for network security H04L 29/06551)]
12/4011 . . . [Wireless (wireless communication networks H04W)]
NOTE

In this group the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

- Controller-area network (CAN or CANbus) designates a computer network protocol and bus standard developed in 1983 by Intel Corporation and Robert Bosch GmbH to allow microcontrollers and devices to communicate with each other without a host computer;
- PROFINET (Process Field Bus) designates a standard for field bus communication in automation technology first implemented in 1989 by BMBF, the German department of education and research;
- Modbus designates a serial communications protocol published by Modicon in 1979 for use with its programmable logic controller;
- LIN-Bus (Local Interconnect Network) designates a computer networking bus-system released in 1999 used within current automotive network architectures;
- FlexRay designates an automotive network communications protocol developed by the FlexRay Consortium;
- LON or LonWorks designates a network standard operating on twisted pair or electrical wiring or coaxial cable and used for building automation;
- ASI or AS-Interface (Actuator Sensor Interface) designates the simplest of the industrial networking protocols used in programmable logic controller systems.

12/40117 . . . . [Interconnection of audio or video/imaging devices (home automation networks H04L 12/2802; bitstream network arrangements specially adapted for distribution of digital video signals H04N 7/241)]

12/40123 . . . . [Interconnection of computers and peripherals (printer information exchange with computer G06F 3/1293)]

12/4013 . . . . [Management of data rate on the bus (systems modifying transmission characteristics according to link quality H04L 1/4901; negotiation of transmission parameters of transmission speed prior to communication H04L 5/1446; adaptive data allocation for multicarrier modulation H04L 27/2608)]

12/40136 . . . . [Nodes adapting their rate to the physical link properties (LAN switches H04L 49/351)]

12/40143 . . . . [involving priority mechanisms (hybrid switching fabrics H04L 12/6402; intermediate storage or scheduling H04L 49/90; time-division multiplex systems H04J 3/0/0)]

12/4015 . . . . [by scheduling the transmission of messages at the communication node]

12/40156 . . . . [by using dedicated slots associated with a priority level]

12/40163 . . . . [by assigning priority to messages according to a message field]

12/40169 . . . . [Flexible bus arrangements (arrangements for maintenance or administration involving management of faults; events, alarms H04L 41/06; automatic restoration of network faults H04L 41/0654)]

12/40176 . . . . [involving redundancy (error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware using active fault-masking in interconnections G06F 11/2002; error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware using active fault-masking in storage systems using spares or by reconfiguring G06F 11/2053)]

12/40182 . . . . [by using a plurality of communication lines]

12/40189 . . . . [by using a plurality of bus systems]

12/40195 . . . . [by using a plurality of nodes]

12/40202 . . . . [by using a plurality of master stations]

12/40208 . . . . [characterized by the use of a particular bus standard]

2012/40215 . . . . [Controller Area Network CAN]

2012/40221 . . . . [Profibus]

2012/40228 . . . . [Modbus]

2012/40234 . . . . [Local Interconnect Network LIN]

2012/40241 . . . . [Flexray]

2012/40247 . . . . [LON]

2012/40254 . . . . [Actuator Sensor Interface ASI]

2012/4026 . . . . [Bus for use in automation systems]

2012/40267 . . . . [Bus for use in transportation systems]

2012/40273 . . . . [the transportation system being a vehicle]

2012/4028 . . . . [the transportation system being an aircraft]

2012/40286 . . . . [the transportation system being a waterborne vessel]

2012/40293 . . . . [the transportation system being a train]

12/403 . . . . [with decentralised control, e.g. polling]

12/4035 . . . . [in which slots of a TDMA packet structure are assigned based on a contention resolution carried out at a master unit (TDM/TDMA multiplex systems per se H04J 3/1694; hybrid switching systems H04L 12/64)]

12/407 . . . . [with decentralised control]

12/413 . . . . [with random access, e.g. carrier-sense multiple-access with collision detection (CSMA-CD)]

12/4135 . . . . [using bit-wise arbitration]

12/417 . . . . [with deterministic access, e.g. token passing]

12/42 . . . . [Loop networks]

12/421 . . . . [Interconnected ring systems]

12/422 . . . . [Synchronisation for ring networks (Time Division Multiplex ring networks, e.g. SDH/SONET H04J 3/085)]

12/423 . . . . [with decentralised control, e.g. polling]

12/427 . . . . [with decentralised control]

12/43 . . . . [with synchronous transmission, e.g. time division multiplex (TDM), slotted rings]

12/433 . . . . [with asynchronous transmission, e.g. token ring, register insertion]

12/437 . . . . [Ring fault isolation or reconfiguration (for SDH/SONET ring networks H04J 3/085)]

12/44 . . . . [Star or tree networks]

2012/445 . . . . [with switching in a hub, e.g. ETHERNET switch]
Interconnection of networks

1. This group covers:
   • a group of hosts with a common set of requirements that communicate as if they were attached to the same broadcast domain, regardless of their physical location.

2. This group does not cover:
   • group multicasting, which is covered by group H04L 12/18
   • configuration of switches supporting VLANs, which is covered by group H04L 41/08
   • multiprotocol label switching [MPLS], which is covered by group H04L 45/00
   • spanning tree protocols [STP], which are covered by group H04L 12/462
   • arrangements for network security, which are covered by group H04L 29/06612
   • encapsulation techniques, which are covered by group H04L 12/4633
   • access arrangements, which are covered by group H04L 12/2856

3. In this group the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
   • B-Tag means Backbone VLAN Tag
   • C-Tag means Customer VLAN Tag
   • GARP means Generic Attribute Registration Protocol
   • GVRP means GARP VLAN Registration Protocol
   • I-SID means Service Instance Identifier
   • MVRP means Multiple VLAN Registration Protocol
   • PBB means Provider Backbone Bridges
   • S-Tag means Service VLAN Tag
   • VLAN means Virtual Local Area Network
   • VPN means Virtual Private Network
   • VTP means VLAN Trunking Protocol

NOTES

12/4654 . . . . [Details on frame tagging (routing of packets H04L 45/08; support for virtual LAN H04L 49/354)]

12/465 . . . . . [wherein a single frame includes a plurality of VLAN tags]

12/4654 . . . . [wherein a VLAN tag represents a customer VLAN, e.g. C-Tag]

12/4658 . . . . . [wherein a VLAN tag represents a service provider backbone VLAN, e.g. B-Tag, S-Tag]

12/4662 . . . . . [wherein a VLAN tag represents a service instance, e.g. I-SID in PBB]

12/4666 . . . . [Operational details on the addition or the stripping of a tag in a frame, e.g. at a provider edge node]

12/467 . . . . . [Arrangements for supporting untagged frames, e.g. port-based VLANs]

12/4675 . . . . . [Dynamic sharing of VLAN information amongst network nodes (configuration of the network or of network elements H04L 41/08)]

12/4679 . . . . . [Arrangements for the registration or de-registration of VLAN attribute values, e.g. VLAN identifiers, port VLAN membership]

12/4683 . . . . . [characterized by the protocol used]

12/4687 . . . . . [MVRP [multiple VLAN registration protocol]]

12/4691 . . . . . [GVRP [GARP VLAN registration protocol]]

12/4695 . . . . . [VTP [VLAN trunking protocol]]

12/50 . . . . . . Circuit switching systems, i.e. systems in which the path is physically permanent during the communication

12/52 . . . . . . using time division techniques (in digital transmission systems H04L 5/22)

12/525 . . . . . . [involving a stored program control]

12/54 . . . . . . Store-and-forward switching systems (packet switching systems H04L 12/56)

12/56 . . . . . . [Packet switching systems]

12/5601 . . . . . [Transfer mode dependent, e.g. ATM]

12/5602 . . . . . [Bandwidth control in ATM Networks, e.g. leaky bucket]

2012/5603 . . . . . [Access techniques]

2012/5604 . . . . . [Medium of transmission, e.g. fibre, cable, radio]

2012/5605 . . . . . [Fibre]

2012/5606 . . . . . [Metallic]

2012/5607 . . . . . [Radio]

2012/5608 . . . . . [Satellite]

2012/5609 . . . . . [Topology]

2012/561 . . . . . [Star, e.g. cross-connect, concentrator, subscriber group equipment, remote electronics]

2012/5612 . . . . . [Ring]

2012/5613 . . . . . [Bus (including DQDB)]

2012/5614 . . . . . [User Network Interface]

2012/5615 . . . . . [Network termination, e.g. NT1, NT2, PBX]

2012/5616 . . . . . [Terminal equipment, e.g. codecs, synch.]

2012/5617 . . . . . [Virtual LANs; Emulation of LANs]
12/5671 . . . . . . . {Support of voice}
12/5672 . . . . . . . {Multiplexing, e.g. coding, scrambling}
12/5673 . . . . . . . {Coding or scrambling}
12/5674 . . . . . . . {Synchronisation, timing recovery or alignment}
12/5675 . . . . . . . {Timeslot assignment, e.g. TDMA}
12/5676 . . . . . . . {Code Division Multiple Access [CDMA]}
12/5678 . . . . . . . {Traffic aspects, e.g. arbitration, load balancing, smoothing, buffer management}
12/5679 . . . . . . . {Arbitration or scheduling}
12/568 . . . . . . . {Load balancing, smoothing or shaping}
12/5681 . . . . . . . {Buffer or queue management}
12/5682 . . . . . . . {Threshold; Watermark}
12/5683 . . . . . . . {for avoiding head of line blocking}
12/5684 . . . . . . . {Characteristics of traffic flows}
12/5685 . . . . . . . {Addressing issues}
12/5686 . . . . . . . {Use of neural networks}
12/5687 . . . . . . . {Security aspects}
12/5691 . . . . . . . {Access to open networks; Ingress point selection, e.g. ISP selection}
12/5692 . . . . . . . {Selection among different networks}
12/64 . . . . . Hybrid switching systems
12/6402 . . . . . . . {Hybrid switching fabrics}
12/6405 . . . . . . . {Space}
12/6408 . . . . . . . {Shared Medium, e.g. memory, bus, ring}
12/641 . . . . . . . {Time switching}
12/6413 . . . . . . . {Switch peripheries}
12/6416 . . . . . . . {Switch multicast}
12/6418 . . . . . . . {Hybrid transport}
12/6421 . . . . . . . {Medium of transmission, e.g. fibre, cable, radio, satellite}
12/6424 . . . . . . . {Access arrangements}
12/6427 . . . . . . . {Subscriber Access Module; Concentrator; Group equipment}
12/6429 . . . . . . . {Terminal adapters}
12/6432 . . . . . . . {Topology}
12/6435 . . . . . . . {Bus}
12/6437 . . . . . . . {Ring}
12/644 . . . . . . . {Star}
12/6443 . . . . . . . {Network Node Interface, e.g. Routing, Path finding}
12/6445 . . . . . . . {Admission control}
12/6448 . . . . . . . {Medium Access Control [MAC]}
12/6451 . . . . . . . {Deterministic, e.g. Token, DQDB}
12/6454 . . . . . . . {Random, e.g. Ethernet}
12/6456 . . . . . . . {Channel and bandwidth allocation}
12/6459 . . . . . . . {Multiplexing, e.g. TDMA, CDMA}
12/6462 . . . . . . . {Movable boundaries in packets or frames}
12/6464 . . . . . . . {Priority}
12/6467 . . . . . . . {Information loss recovery, e.g. error correction, prediction}
12/647 . . . . . . . {Frame Relay, X.25}
12/6472 . . . . . . . {Internet}
12/6475 . . . . . . . {N-ISDN, Public Switched Telephone Network [PSTN]}
12/6478 . . . . . . . {Digital subscriber line, e.g. DSL, ADSL, HDSL, XDSL, VDSL}
12/6481 . . . . . . . {Speech, voice}
12/6483 . . . . . . . {Video, e.g. MPEG}
12/6486 . . . . . . . {Signalling Protocols}
Details of the apparatus or circuits covered by groups H04L 15/00 or H04L 17/00

13/02 Arrangements for connecting between networks having differing types of switching systems, e.g. gateways
13/04 Driving mechanisms; Clutches (in general F16)
13/06 Tape or page guiding or feeding devices
13/08 Intermediate storage means
13/10 Distributors
13/12 Non-mechanical distributors, e.g. relay distributors
13/14 Electronic distributors (in general H03K 17/00)
13/16 of transmitters, e.g. code-bars, code-discs
13/18 of receivers
13/182 Printing mechanisms]
13/184 [Photographic printing and recording]
13/186 [Page printing; tabulating]
13/188 [Projection of the printed matter]

Apparatus or local circuits for transmitting or receiving dot-and-dash codes, e.g. Morse code

15/00 teaching apparatus therefor G09B; keyboard switches in general H01H 13/70; H03K 17/94; telegraph tapping keys H01H 21/86; coding in connection with keyboards or like devices, in general H03M 11/00)
15/02 Keys structurally combined with sound generators
15/04 Apparatus or circuits at the transmitting end
15/06 with a restricted number of keys, e.g. separate key for each type of code element
15/08 with a single key which transmits dots in one position and dashes in a second position
15/10 combined with perforating apparatus
15/12 with keyboard co-operating with code-bars
15/14 combined with perforating apparatus
15/16 with keyboard co-operating with code discs
15/18 Automatic transmitters, e.g. controlled by perforated tape
15/20 with optical sensing means
15/22 Apparatus or circuits for sending one or a restricted number of signals, e.g. distress signals
15/24 Apparatus or circuits at the receiving end
15/26 operating only on reception of predetermined code signals, e.g. distress signals, party-line call signals
15/28 Code reproducing apparatus
15/285 [Telegraph sounders; Apparatus for acoustic reception]
15/30 Writing recorders
15/32 Perforating recorders
15/34 Apparatus for recording received coded signals after translation, e.g. as type-characters

Apparatus or local circuits for transmitting or receiving codes wherein each character is represented by the same number of equal-length code elements, e.g. Baudot code (keyboard switches in general H01H 13/70; H03K 17/94; coding in connection with keyboards or like devices, in general H03M 11/00)

17/02 Apparatus or circuits at the transmitting end
17/04 with keyboard co-operating with code-bars
17/06 Contact operating means
17/08 combined with perforating apparatus
17/10 with keyboard co-operating with code-discs
17/12 Automatic transmitters, e.g. controlled by perforated tape
17/14 with optical sensing means
17/16 Apparatus or circuits at the receiving end
17/18 Code selection mechanisms
17/20 using perforating recorders
17/22 using mechanical translation and type-bar printing
17/24 using mechanical translation and type-head printing, e.g. type-wheel, type-cylinder
17/26 using aggregate motion translation
17/28 using pneumatic or hydraulic translation
17/30 using electric or electronic translation

Apparatus or local circuits for step-by-step systems

21/00 Apparatus or local circuits for mosaic printer telegraph systems

21/02 at the transmitting end
21/04 at the receiving end

23/00 Apparatus or local circuits for systems other than those covered by groups H04L 15/00 - H04L 17/00

23/02 adapted for orthogonal signalling

Baseband systems

25/00 Details (circuits in general for handling pulses H03K; in line transmission systems in general H04B 3/02); Arrangements for supplying electrical power along data transmission lines (systems for transmitting signals via power distribution lines H04B 3/54)

25/020 Channel estimation
25/0204 [of multiple channels]
25/0206 [of each channel individually]
25/0208 [of the composite channel]
25/021 Estimation of channel covariance
25/0212 [of impulse response]
25/0214 [of a single coefficient]
25/0216 [with estimation of channel length]
25/0218 [with detection of nulls]
25/022 [of frequency response]
25/0222 [Estimation of channel variability, e.g. coherence bandwidth, coherence time, fading frequency]

25/0224 [using sounding signals]
25/0226 [sounding signals per se]
25/0228 [with direct estimation from sounding signals]
25/023 [with extension to other symbols]
25/0232 [by interpolation between sounding signals]
25/0234 [by non-linear interpolation]
H04L

25/0236 . . . . . . . [using estimation of the other symbols]
25/0238 . . . . . . . [using blind estimation]
25/024 . . . . . . . [channel estimation algorithms]
25/0242 . . . . . . . [using matrix methods]
25/0244 . . . . . . . [with inversion]
25/0246 . . . . . . . [with factorisation]
25/0248 . . . . . . . [Eigen-space methods]
25/025 . . . . . . . [using least-mean-square [LMS] method]
25/0252 . . . . . . . [using third or higher order statistics]
25/0254 . . . . . . . [using neural network algorithms]
25/0256 . . . . . . . [Channel estimation using minimum mean square error criteria]
25/0258 . . . . . . . [Channel estimation using zero-forcing criteria]
25/026 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for coupling transmitters, receivers or transceivers to transmission lines; Line drivers (duplexing arrangements H04L 5/14)]
25/0262 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for detecting the data rate of an incoming signal]
25/0264 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for coupling to transmission lines (duplexing arrangements H04L 5/14; line equalisers, line build-out devices H04L 25/03878)]
25/0266 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for providing Galvanc isolation, e.g. by means of magnetic or capacitive coupling]
25/0268 . . . . . . . [with modulation and subsequent demodulation]
25/027 . . . . . . . [specifically for telegraph signals (induction coil interrupters H01H 51/34 dynamoelectric generators H02K)]
25/0272 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for coupling to multiple lines, e.g. for differential transmission]
25/0274 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for ensuring balanced coupling]
25/0276 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for coupling common mode signals]
25/0278 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for impedance matching]
25/028 . . . . . . . [Arrangements specific to the transmitter end]
25/0282 . . . . . . . [Provision for current-mode coupling]
25/0284 . . . . . . . [Arrangements to ensure DC-balance]
25/0286 . . . . . . . [Provision of wave shaping within the driver (wave shaping per se H04L 25/03834)]
25/0288 . . . . . . . [the shape being matched to the transmission line (pre-equalisation per se H04L 25/03343)]
25/029 . . . . . . . [Provision of high-impedance states]
25/0292 . . . . . . . [Arrangements specific to the receiver end]
25/0294 . . . . . . . [Provision for current-mode coupling]
25/0296 . . . . . . . [Arrangements to ensure DC-balance]
25/0298 . . . . . . . [Arrangement for terminating transmission lines]
25/03 . . . . . . . [Shaping networks in transmitter or receiver, e.g. adaptive shaping networks (impedance networks per se H03H); (Receiver end arrangements for processing baseband signals)]
25/03006 . . . . . . . [Arrangements for removing intersymbol interference]
25/03012 . . . . . . . [operating in the time domain (H04L 25/03165, H04L 25/03178 take precedence)]
25/03019 . . . . . . . [adaptive, i.e. capable of adjustment during data reception]
25/03025 . . . . . . . [using a two-tap delay line]
25/03031 . . . . . . . [using only passive components (H04L 25/03025 takes precedence)]
25/03038 . . . . . . . [with a non-recursive structure (H04L 25/03031 takes precedence)]
25/03044 . . . . . . . [using fractionally spaced delay lines or combinations of fractionally and integrally spaced taps]
25/0305 . . . . . . . [using blind adaptation]
25/03057 . . . . . . . [with a recursive structure (H04L 25/03031 takes precedence)]
25/03063 . . . . . . . [using fractionally spaced delay lines or combinations of fractionally and integrally spaced taps]
25/0307 . . . . . . . [using blind adaptation]
25/03076 . . . . . . . [not using decision feedback]
25/03082 . . . . . . . [Theoretical aspects of adaptive time domain methods]
25/03089 . . . . . . . [Theory of blind algorithms, recursive or not]
25/03095 . . . . . . . [Theory of fractional equalisers, recursive or not]
25/03101 . . . . . . . [Theory of the Kalman algorithm]
25/03108 . . . . . . . [Theory of recursive equalisers, other than Kalman]
25/03114 . . . . . . . [non-adaptive, i.e. not adjustable, manually adjustable, or adjustable only during the reception of special signals]
25/03121 . . . . . . . [using a two-tap delay line]
25/03127 . . . . . . . [using only passive components (H04L 25/03121 takes precedence)]
25/03133 . . . . . . . [with a non-recursive structure (H04L 25/03127 takes precedence)]
25/0314 . . . . . . . [using fractionally spaced delay lines or combinations of fractionally and integrally spaced taps]
25/03146 . . . . . . . [with a recursive structure (H04L 25/03127 takes precedence)]
25/03152 . . . . . . . [Theoretical aspects of non-adaptive time domain methods]
25/03159 . . . . . . . [operating in the frequency domain (H04L 25/03165, H04L 25/03178 take precedence)]
25/03165 . . . . . . . [using neural networks]
25/03171 . . . . . . . [Arrangements involving maximum a posteriori probability [MAP] detection]

**NOTE**

This group contains provisionally all documents which deal with turbo equalisation

25/03178 . . . . . . . [Arrangements involving sequence estimation techniques]
25/03184 . . . . . . . [Details concerning the metric]
25/03191 . . . . . . . [in which the receiver makes a selection between different metrics]
25/03197 . . . . . . . [methods of calculation involving metrics]
25/03203 . . . . . . . [Trellis search techniques]
25/0321 . . . . . . . [Sorting arrangements therefor]
25/03216 . . . . . . . [using the M-algorithm]
25/03222 . . . . . . . [using the T-algorithm]
NOTE

This group covers arrangements in which the sequence estimator is specially adapted to provide signals to, or receive signals from, the other apparatus. The group does not cover the mere juxtaposition of elements.

25/03254 . . . . . . . . [Operation with other circuitry for removing intersymbol interference]
25/03261 . . . . . . . . [with impulse-response shortening filters]
25/03267 . . . . . . . . [with decision feedback equalisers]
25/03273 . . . . . . . . [with carrier recovery circuitry]
25/0328 . . . . . . . . [with interference cancellation circuitry (adaptations for interference cancellation within a sequence estimator H04L 25/03305; interference related aspects of direct sequence spread spectrum H04B 1/7097; interference related aspects of frequency hopping spread spectrum H04B 1/7115; see also H04B 1/10)]
25/03286 . . . . . . . . [with channel-decoding circuitry]
25/03292 . . . . . . . . [with channel estimation circuitry]
25/03299 . . . . . . . . [with noise-whitening circuitry]
25/03305 . . . . . . . . [Joint sequence estimation and interference removal (joint detection of several desired signals H04L 25/03331)]
25/03312 . . . . . . . . [Arrangements specific to the provision of output signals]
25/03318 . . . . . . . . [Provision of soft decisions]
25/03324 . . . . . . . . [Provision of tentative decisions]
25/03331 . . . . . . . . [Arrangements for the joint estimation of multiple sequences]
25/03337 . . . . . . . . [Arrangements involving per-survivor processing]
25/03343 . . . . . . . . [Arrangements at the transmitter end]
25/0335 . . . . . . . . [characterised by the type of transmission]
25/03356 . . . . . . . . [Baseband transmission]
25/03363 . . . . . . . . [Multilevel (H04L 25/03369 takes precedence)]
25/03369 . . . . . . . . [Partial response]
25/03375 . . . . . . . . [Passband transmission]
25/03382 . . . . . . . . [Single of vestigal sideband]
25/03388 . . . . . . . . [ASK]
25/03394 . . . . . . . . [FSK]
25/03401 . . . . . . . . [PSK]
25/03407 . . . . . . . . [Continuous phase]
25/03414 . . . . . . . . [Multicarrier]
25/0342 . . . . . . . . [QAM]
25/03426 . . . . . . . . [transmission using multiple-input and multiple-output channels]
25/03433 . . . . . . . . [characterised by equaliser structure]
25/03439 . . . . . . . . [Fixed structures]
25/03445 . . . . . . . . [Time domain]
25/03732 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {according to the convergence state}
25/03738 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Manual adaptation}
25/03745 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Timing of adaptation}
25/03751 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {only once, at installation
(H04L 25/03728 takes precedence)}
25/03757 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {only on the request of a user}
25/03764 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {only during predefined intervals}
25/0377 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {during the reception of training
signals}
25/03777 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {characterised by the signalling}
25/03783 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Details of reference signals}
25/03789 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Codes therefore}
25/03796 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Location of reference signals}
25/03802 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Signalling on the reverse channel
1}
25/03808 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Transmission of equaliser coefficients}
25/03815 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Transmission of a training request
1}
25/03821 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Inter-carrier interference cancellation [ICI]}
25/03828 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Arrangements for spectral shaping:
Arrangements for providing signals with
specified spectral properties (partial response
systems H04L 25/497)}
25/03834 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {using pulse shaping}
25/0384 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Design of pulse shapes (pulse shape for
radio H04B 1/7172)}
25/03847 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Shaping by selective switching of
amplifying elements}
25/03853 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Shaping by digital methods other than
look up tables or up/down converters}
25/03859 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {shaping using look up tables for partial
waveforms}
25/03866 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {using scrambling}
25/03872 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Parallel scrambling or descrambling}
25/03878 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Line equalisers; line build-out devices}
25/03885 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {adaptive}
25/03891 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Spatial equalizers (MIMO diversity systems
H04B 7/0413)}
25/03898 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {codebook-based design (selection of
codebook or precoding matrix for MIMO
diversity systems H04B 7/0456)}
25/03904 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {cooperative design, e.g. exchanging
codebook information between base
stations}
25/0391 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {construction details of matrices}
25/03917 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {according to the size of the codebook}
25/03923 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {according to the rank}
25/03929 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {with layer mapping, e.g. codeword-
to-layer design (for space-time coding
H04L 1/0618)}
25/03936 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {multi-resolution codebooks}
25/03942 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {switching between different codebooks}
25/03949 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {equalizer selection or adaptation based
on feedback (multiple signaling inclusive of
a precoding command for adapting the
transmitter H04L 1/0031; feedback for
transmit diversity systems H04B 7/0619;
selection of codebook or precoding matrix
for MIMO diversity systems H04B 7/0456)}
25/03955 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {in combination with downlink
estimations, e.g. downlink path losses}
25/03961 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {design criteria}
25/03968 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {mean-square error [MSE]}
25/03974 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {throughput maximization}
25/0398 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Restoration of channel reciprocity}

25/03987 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Equalisation for sparse channels}
25/03993 . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Noise whitening}
25/05 . . Electric or magnetic storage of signals before
transmitting or retransmitting for changing the
transmission rate
25/06 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {De level restoring means; Bias distortion
correction (decision circuits providing symbol by
symbol detection (detection of unique words or
other known elements H04L 7/00, H04J 3/0602)}
25/061 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {providing hard decisions only; arrangements
for tracking or suppressing unwanted low
frequency components, e.g. removal of dc
offset (removal of dc offset in coupling
arrangements H04L 25/029; H04L 25/0296)}
25/062 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Setting decision thresholds using
feedforward techniques only}
25/063 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Setting decision thresholds using feedback
techniques only}
25/064 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Subtraction of the threshold from the
signal, which is then compared to a
supplementary fixed threshold}
25/065 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Binary decisions}
25/066 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Multilevel decisions, not including self-
organising maps}
25/067 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {providing soft decisions, i.e. decisions
together with an estimate of reliability
(H04L 25/068 and H04L 25/069 take
precedence; sequence estimation techniques
H04L 25/03178)}
25/068 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {by sampling faster than the nominal bit rate}
25/069 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {by detecting edges or zero crossings}
25/08 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Modifications for reducing interference;
Modifications for reducing effects due to line
faults; Receiver end arrangements for detecting
or overcoming line faults}
25/085 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Arrangements for reducing interference in
telecommunication systems, e.g. by differential
transmission}
25/10 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Compensating for variations in line balance
(balancing during the coupling of signals
H04L 25/0282)}
25/12 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Compensating for variations in line impedance
(impedance matching in coupling arrangements
H04L 25/0278)}
25/14 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Channel dividing arrangements (in which a single
bit stream is divided between several baseband
channels and reassembled at the receiver}
25/20 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Repeater circuits; Relay circuits
25/202 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {using mechanical devices (H04L 25/205 takes
precedence)}
25/205 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {using tuning forks or vibrating reeds}
25/207 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {using electromagnetic switches}
25/22 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {Repeaters for converting two wires to four
wires (in general H04B); Repeaters for
converting single current to double current
25/24 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Relay circuits using discharge tubes or
semiconductor devices ((H04L 25/22 takes
precedence)}
25/242 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {with retiming}
25/245 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {for start-stop signals (detection of start or
stop bits H04J 3/0602)}
25/247 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . {for synchronous signals}
25/26 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Circuits with optical sensing means (i.e. using
opto-couplers for isolation)
Synchronous or start-stop systems, e.g. for Baudot code
Transmitting circuits; Receiving circuits (repeater circuits, relay circuits (H04L 25/20))
using mechanical distributors
using relay distributors
using electronic distributors (electronic distributors in general H03K 17/00)
using tuning forks or vibrating reeds
using code conversion at the transmitter; using predistortion; using insertion of idle bits for obtaining a desired frequency spectrum; using three or more amplitude levels (Baseband coding techniques specific to data transmission systems (spectral shaping H04L 25/03)28)
[Pulse width modulation; Pulse position modulation]
{using self-synchronising codes, e.g. split-phase codes}
{using binary codes}
{using mBnB codes}
{using 1B2B codes}
{using CM or 2-HDB-3 code}
{using pattern inversion or substitution (H04L 25/4908 takes precedence)}
{using multilevel codes}
{using balanced multilevel codes (H04L 25/4927 takes precedence)}
{using quadrature encoding, e.g. carrierless amplitude-phase coding}
{using ternary codes (H04L 25/4927 takes precedence)}
{using balanced bipolar ternary codes}
{using levels matched to the quantisation levels of the channel}
by transition coding, i.e. the time-position or direction of a transition being encoded before transmission
by correlative coding, e.g. partial response coding or echo modulation coding
{transmitters and receivers for partial response systems (transversal equalizers H04L 25/03; partial response continuous phase modulation systems H04L 27/18)}
{Correlative coding using Tomlinson precoding, Harashima precoding, Trellis precoding or GPRS}

Modulated-carrier systems (code shift keying in combination with frequency multiplexing H04L 5/06; simultaneous bidirectional transmission of ac signals H04L 5/143; code shift keying H04L 23/02; polarisation shift keying H04B 14/008; transmission of data during the active part of a television frame H04N 7/025)
analog front ends; means for connecting modulators, demodulators or transceivers to a transmission line (duplex arrangements H04L 5/143)
{using wavelets}
{Assessment of spectral gaps suitable for allocating digitally modulated signals, e.g. for carrier allocation in cognitive radio (for spectrum sharing between different networks H04W 16/14)
Demodulator circuits (in general H03D (H03K 9/02)); Receiver circuits

[Superheterodyne receivers]

[Carrier recovery circuits (H04L 27/2271 takes precedence)]

Amplitude regulation arrangements

Frequency-modulated carrier systems, i.e. using frequency-shift keying (H04L 27/32 takes precedence ; continuous phase systems H04L 27/18)

[Chirp modulation (for spread spectrum techniques H04B 1/09; for spread spectrum using chirp H04B 2001/6912)]

[M-ary FSK]

Modulator circuits (in general H03C (H03K 7/06); Transmitter circuits (continuous phase modulation H04L 27/20))

{ using digital generation of carrier signals (digital function generators G06F 1/02, H04L 17/10; generating pulses having stepped portions using digital techniques H03K 4/026)}

{ using a controlled oscillator in an open loop}

{ using a controlled oscillator in a feedback loop}

Demodulator circuits (in general H03D (H03K 9/06)); Receiver circuits (for continuous phase modulation systems H04L 27/22)

{Compensating direct current components occurring during the demodulation and which are caused by mistuning]

{ with demodulation using spectral properties of the received signal, e.g. by using frequency selective- or frequency sensitive elements}

{ in which the allowed phase changes vary with time, e.g. multi-h modulation}

{ in which the phase changes are non-piecewise linear manner during each symbol period, e.g. minimum shift keying, fast frequency shift keying (H04L 27/201 takes precedence)}

Demodulator circuits (in general H03D (H03K 9/04); Transmitter circuits (for continuous phase modulation (frequency shift keying H04L 27/10))

{in which the phase change per symbol period is not constrained}

{in which the phase changes in a piecewise linear manner within each symbol period}

{for discrete phase modulation, e.g. in which the phase of the carrier is modulated in a nominally instantaneous manner}

{using a single or unspecified number of carriers}

{using microwave technology}

{with more than two phase states}

{in which the data are represented by carrier phase}

{in which the data are represented by the change in phase of the carrier}

{using more than one carrier, e.g. carriers with different phases}

{with a separate carrier for each phase state}

{using a pair of orthogonal carriers, e.g. quadrature carriers}

{using microwave technology}

{with more than two phase states (H04L 27/2064 takes precedence)}

{in which the data are represented by the carrier phase, e.g. systems with differential coding}

{in which the data are represented by the change in carrier phase}

{in which the phase change per symbol period is constrained (coset coding H04L 27/186)}

{for offset or staggered quadrature phase shift keying]

{with more than one phase shift per symbol period}

{with unbalanced quadrature channels}

{with digital generation of the modulated carrier (does not include the modulation of a digitally generated carrier)]

{Arrangements for directly or externally modulating an optical carrier (optical modulation H04B 10/503)}

Demodulator circuits (in general H03D (H03K 9/04); Receiver circuits

{Demodulation in the optical domain (optical demodulation H04B 10/676)}

{using coherent demodulation}

{wherein the carrier recovery circuit uses only the demodulated signals}

{using phase locked loops (H04L 27/2273 takes precedence)}

{associated with quadrature demodulation, e.g. Costas loop}
27/2275 . . . . . [wherein the carrier recovery circuit uses the received modulated signals]
27/2276 . . . . . [using frequency multiplication or harmonic tracking]
27/2277 . . . . . [using remodulation]
27/2278 . . . . . [using correlation techniques, e.g. for spread spectrum signals]
27/233 . . . . . using non-coherent demodulation
27/2331 . . . . . [wherein the received signal is demodulated using one or more delayed versions of itself]
27/2332 . . . . . [using a non-coherent carrier]
27/2334 . . . . . [using filters]
27/2335 . . . . . [using temporal properties of the received signal]
27/2337 . . . . . [using digital techniques to measure the time between zero-crossings]
27/2338 . . . . . [using sampling (H04L 27/2331 - H04L 27/2335 take precedence)]
27/24 . . . . . Half-wave signalling systems
27/26 . . . . . Systems using multi-frequency codes (H04L 27/32 takes precedence)
27/2601 . . . . . [Multicarrier modulation systems]
27/2602 . . . . . [Signal structure]
27/2604 . . . . . [Multiresolution systems (by means of multiresolution subcarriers H04L 27/183, H04L 27/3488)]
27/2605 . . . . . [Symbol extensions]
27/2607 . . . . . [Cyclic extensions]
27/2608 . . . . . [Allocation of payload]
27/261 . . . . . [Details of reference signals (H04L 27/262 takes precedence)]
27/2611 . . . . . [Distribution thereof]
27/2613 . . . . . [Structure of the reference signals per se]
27/2614 . . . . . [Peak power aspects]
27/2615 . . . . . [Reduction thereof using coding]
27/2617 . . . . . [using block codes]
27/2618 . . . . . [Reduction thereof using auxiliary subcarriers]
27/262 . . . . . [Reduction thereof by selection of pilot symbols]
27/2621 . . . . . [Reduction thereof using phase offsets between subcarriers]
27/2623 . . . . . [Reduction thereof by clipping]
27/2624 . . . . . [by soft clipping]
27/2626 . . . . . [Arrangements specific to the transmitter]
27/2627 . . . . . [Modulators]
27/2628 . . . . . [Inverse Fourier transform modulators, e.g. IFFT/IDFT (DFT or FFT computation methods or devices in general G06F 17/141)]
27/263 . . . . . [modification of IFFT/IDFT modulator for performance improvement]
27/2631 . . . . . [with polyphase implementation]
27/2633 . . . . . [using partial FFTs]
27/2634 . . . . . [IFFT/IDFT in combination with other circuits for modulation (DFT or FFT computation methods or devices in general G06F 17/141)]
27/2636 . . . . . [with FFT/IDFT, e.g. standard SC-FDMA transmitter or DFT-SOFDM]
27/2637 . . . . . [with direct modulation of individual subcarriers]
27/2639 . . . . . [Discrete cosine transform modulators]
27/264 . . . . . [Filterbank multicarrier [FBMC]]
27/2642 . . . . . [Wavelet transform modulators (wavelets in general H04L 27/0004; wavelet-division H04L 5/0008)]
27/2643 . . . . . [using symbol repetition, e.g. time domain realization of distributed FDMA]
27/2644 . . . . . [with oversampling]
27/2646 . . . . . [using feedback from receiver for adjusting OFDM transmission parameters, e.g. transmission timing or guard interval length]
27/2647 . . . . . [Arrangements specific to the receiver (equalisation H04L 25/03006, H04L 27/01)]
27/2649 . . . . . [Demodulators]
27/265 . . . . . [Fourier transform modulators]
27/2652 . . . . . [with polyphase implementation]
27/2653 . . . . . [with direct demodulation of individual subcarriers]
27/2655 . . . . . [Synchronisation arrangements]
27/2656 . . . . . [Frame synchronisation]
27/2657 . . . . . [Carrier synchronisation]
27/2659 . . . . . [Coarse or integer frequency offset determination and synchronisation]
27/266 . . . . . [Fine or fractional frequency offset determination and synchronisation]
27/2662 . . . . . [Symbol synchronisation]
27/2663 . . . . . [Coarse synchronisation, e.g. by correlation]
27/2665 . . . . . [Fine synchronisation, e.g. by positioning the FFT window]
27/2666 . . . . . [Acquisition of further OFDM parameters, e.g. bandwidth, subcarrier spacing, or guard interval length]
27/2668 . . . . . [Details of algorithms]
27/2669 . . . . . [characterised by the domain of operation]
27/2671 . . . . . [Time domain]
27/2672 . . . . . [Frequency domain]
27/2673 . . . . . [characterised by synchronisation parameters]
27/2675 . . . . . [Pilot or known symbols (structure of pilot symbols H04L 27/2613; cell search in orthogonal multiplex systems H04L 11/0069; allocation of pilot symbols H04L 5/0048)]
27/2676 . . . . . [Blind, i.e. without using known symbols]
27/2678 . . . . . [using cyclostationarities, e.g. cyclic prefix or postfix]
27/2679 . . . . . [Decision-aided]
27/2681 . . . . . [characterised by constraints]
27/2682 . . . . . [Precision]
27/2684 . . . . . [Complexity]
27/2685 . . . . . [Speed of convergence]
27/2686 . . . . . [Range of frequencies or delays tested]
27/2688 . . . . . [Resistance to perturbation, e.g. noise, interference or fading]
27/2689 . . . . . [Link with other circuits, i.e. special connections between synchronisation arrangements and other circuits for achieving synchronisation]
H04L

27/2691 {involving interference determination or cancellation (interference mitigation or coordination in orthogonal multiplex systems in general H04L 11/0023)}

27/2692 {with preamble design, i.e. with negotiation of the synchronisation sequence with transmitter or sequence linked to the algorithm used at the receiver}

27/2694 {adaptive design}

27/2695 {with channel estimation, e.g. determination of delay spread, derivative or peak tracking (channel estimation per se H04L 25/0202)}

27/2697 {in combination with other modulation techniques}

27/2698 {double density OFDM/OQAM system, e.g. OFDM/OQAM-IOTA system}

27/28 with simultaneous transmission of different frequencies each representing one code element

27/30 wherein each code element is represented by a combination of frequencies

27/32 Carrier systems characterised by combinations of two or more of the types covered by groups H04L 27/02, H04L 27/10, H04L 27/18 or H04L 27/26

27/34 Amplitude- and phase-modulated carrier systems, e.g. quadrature-amplitude modulated carrier systems

27/3405 {Modifications of the signal space to increase the efficiency of transmission, e.g. reduction of the bit error rate, bandwidth, or average power}

27/3411 {reducing the peak to average power ratio or the mean power of the constellation; Arrangements for increasing the shape gain of a signal set}

27/3416 {in which the information is carried by both the individual signal points and the subset to which the individual points belong, e.g. using coset coding, lattice coding, or related schemes}

27/3422 {in which the constellation is not the n-fold Cartesian product of a single underlying two-dimensional constellation}

27/3427 {in which the constellation is the n-fold Cartesian product of a single underlying two-dimensional constellation}

27/3433 {using an underlying square constellation}

27/3438 {using an underlying generalised cross constellation}

27/3444 {by applying a certain rotation to regular constellations}

27/345 {Modifications of the signal space to allow the transmission of additional information}

27/3455 {in order to facilitate carrier recovery at the receiver end, e.g. by transmitting a pilot or by using additional signal points to allow the detection of rotations}

27/3461 {in order to transmit a subchannel}

27/3466 {by providing an alternative to one signal point}

27/3472 {by switching between alternative constellations}

27/3477 {by using the outer points of the constellation or of the constituent two-dimensional constellations}

27/3483 {using a modulation of the constellation points}

27/3488 {Multiresolution systems}

27/3494 {using non-square modulating pulses, e.g. using raised cosine pulses; Partial response QAM, i.e. with partial response pulse shaping (QAM over partial response channels H04L 25/497)}

27/36 Modulator circuits; Transmitter circuits

27/361 {Modulation using a single or unspecified number of carriers, e.g. with separate stages of phase and amplitude modulation}

27/362 {Modulation using more than one carrier, e.g. with quadrature carriers, separately amplitude modulated (H04L 27/366 takes precedence)}

27/363 {using non-square modulating pulses, modulators specifically designed for this (transmission of non-square QAM H04L 27/3494)}

27/364 {Arrangements for overcoming imperfections in the modulator, e.g. quadrature error or unbalanced I and Q levels}

27/365 {Modulation using digital generation of the modulated carrier (not including modulation of a digitally generated carrier)}

27/366 {Arrangements for compensating undesirable properties of the transmission path between the modulator and the demodulator}

27/367 {using predistortion}

27/368 {adaptive predistortion}

27/38 Demodulator circuits; Receiver circuits

27/3809 {Amplitude regulation arrangements}

27/3818 {using coherent demodulation, i.e. using one or more nominally phase synchronous carriers (H04L 27/227 and H04L 27/389 take precedence)}

27/3827 {in which the carrier is recovered using only the demodulated baseband signals}

27/3836 {in which the carrier is recovered using the received modulated signal or the received IF signal, e.g. by detecting a pilot or by frequency multiplication}

27/3845 {using non-coherent demodulation, i.e. not using a phase synchronous carrier}

27/3854 {using a non-coherent carrier, including systems with baseband correction for phase or frequency offset}

27/3863 {Compensation for quadrature error in the received signal}

27/3872 {Compensation for phase rotation in the demodulated signal}

27/3881 {using sampling and digital processing, not including digital systems which imitate heterodyne or homodyne demodulation}

27/389 {with separate demodulation for the phase and amplitude components}

20/00 Arrangements, apparatus, circuits or systems, not covered by a single one of groups H04L 1/00 - H04L 27/00
1. [N: This group covers:
• only communications which fulfil the following two conditions:
  1. they are based on packet data;
  2. there is real-time or pseudo-real-time temporal association between source and destination, or source and network, or destination and network;
• provided that the above two conditions are met, this group covers arrangements relating to
  1. the transmission of the multimedia data itself,
  2. the user-to-user, user-to-network, inter-network or intra-network signalling supporting:
     a. the establishment of a session for the subsequent transmission of the multimedia data, or
     b. the maintenance of the session or the application services available to the user during the session]
2. This group does not cover:
   • non-real-time multimedia file transfer, which is covered by group H04L 29/08117.
   • multimedia store or forward messaging as in e-mail, MMS or the like, which are covered by group H04L 51/00.
   • analogue multimedia streaming, as in analogue television systems, which is covered by groups H04N 7/00 or H04N 5/00.
   • bit streaming, i.e. not packet-based, such as in ISDN, which is covered by group H04Q 11/04.
   • instant messaging, which is covered by group H04L 51/04.
   • any other multimodal data communications which do not meet the conditions of being packet-based and real-time or pseudo-real-time.

3. In this group the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
   • H.323 means International Telecommunication Union Recommendation no. 323, series H, entitled "Packet-based multimedia communications systems”.
   • IP means Internet Protocol.
   • IMS means IP Multimedia Subsystem.
   • ISDN means Integrated Services Digital Network.
   • MGC means Media Gateway Control/Controller.
   • MGCP means Media Gateway Control Protocol.
   • MMS means Multimedia Messaging Service.
   • PBX means Private Branch Exchange.
   • PSTN means Public Switched Telephone Network.
   • QoS means Quality of Service.
   • RTP means Real Time Protocol.
   • RTCP means Real Time Control Protocol.
   • SIP means Session Initiation Protocol.
   • SPAM means unsolicited electronic mail.
   • SPIT means SPAM Prevention in IP Telephony.

   WARNING
   Group H04L 29/06176 or subgroups are not complete pending reorganisation. See also H04L 29/06027.

   29/06183 . . . . . . . . . (Signalling, control or architecture (data network management H04L 41/00; data network testing or monitoring H04L 43/00; selecting or control in telephonic networks H04Q 3/00))
   29/0619 . . . . . . . . . (Signalling or session protocols)
   29/06197 . . . . . . . . . [SIP [Session Initiation Protocol]]
   29/06204 . . . . . . . . . [H.323]

   29/0621 . . . . . . . . . {Network architectures, gateways, control or user entities}
   29/06217 . . . . . . . . . {IMS [IP multimedia subsystem] (wireless communication networks H04W)}
   29/06224 . . . . . . . . . {Gateways (protocols for interworking or protocol conversion H04L 29/0608; interconnection between PSTN/ISDN networks and networks other than PSTN/ISDN H04M 7/1205; arrangements for connecting between networks having differing types of switching systems H04L 12/66})
   29/06231 . . . . . . . . . {Media gateways}
   29/06238 . . . . . . . . . {at the edge}
   29/06244 . . . . . . . . . {in the network}
   29/06251 . . . . . . . . . {Signalling gateways}
   29/06258 . . . . . . . . . {at the edge}
   29/06265 . . . . . . . . . {in the network}
   29/06272 . . . . . . . . . {MGC [media gateway control], MGCP or Megaco (decomposed PSTN/ISDN-IP gateways H04M 7/1255)}
   29/06278 . . . . . . . . . {Call controllers; Call servers}
   29/06285 . . . . . . . . . [Proxies, e.g. SIP proxies]
   29/06292 . . . . . . . . . {Arrangements providing PBX functionality, e.g. IP PBX (circuit switched PBXs H04M 3/42314; PBX networks H04M 7/0091)}
   29/06299 . . . . . . . . . {for multi-site}
   29/06306 . . . . . . . . . {End-user terminal functionality (substation equipment for use by subscribers H04M 100; terminal profiles H04L 29/08927; terminal emulation H04L 29/08126; adaptation for terminals with limited resources or for terminal portability H04L 29/08108)}
   29/06312 . . . . . . . . . {Application servers (systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/423)}
   29/06319 . . . . . . . . . {Session control}
   29/06326 . . . . . . . . . {Setup (connection or session management in network applications H04L 29/08576; arrangements for peer-to-peer networking in network applications H04L 29/08306; negotiation of communication capabilities H04L 29/06537)}
   29/06333 . . . . . . . . . {Registration (arrangements for addressing or naming in data networks H04L 29/12009)}
   29/0634 . . . . . . . . . {Screening (arrangements for screening incoming telephone calls H04M 3/436; arrangements for network security H04L 29/06551)}
   29/06346 . . . . . . . . . {of unsolicited session attempts, e.g. SPIT [SPAM prevention in IP telephony] (message switching systems H04L 51/00)}
   29/06353 . . . . . . . . . {In-session procedures}
   29/0636 . . . . . . . . . {session scope modification}
   29/06367 . . . . . . . . . {by adding or removing media}
   29/06374 . . . . . . . . . {by adding or removing participants}
H04L

29/0638 . . . . . . {Features, e.g. call-forwarding or call hold (systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/42)}
29/06387 . . . . . . {Services or applications (systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/42; contact center services H04M 3/51; information services comprising voice H04M 3/487)}
29/06394 . . . . . . {Services involving a real time session and one or more additional parallel sessions (multichannel or multilink protocols H04L 29/06088; services and arrangements where telephone services are combined with data services H04M 7/0024)}
29/06401 . . . . . . {where at least one of the additional parallel sessions is real time or time sensitive, e.g. white board sharing, collaboration, spawning of a subconference (telewriting, virtual reality or network gaming H04L 29/06034)}
29/06408 . . . . . . {where none of the additional parallel sessions is real time or time sensitive, e.g. downloading a file in a parallel FTP session, initiating an email, combinational services (web-based applications H04L 29/0809; file transfer H04L 29/08117; message switching systems H04L 51/00; instant messaging H04L 51/041)}
29/06414 . . . . . . {Arrangements for multiparty communication, e.g. conference (television conferencing systems H04N 7/13; telephonic conference systems H04M 3/56; data switching systems for broadcast or conference H04L 12/18)}
29/06421 . . . . . . {with central floor control}
29/06428 . . . . . . {with distributed floor control}
29/06435 . . . . . . {without floor control}
29/06442 . . . . . . {"Push-to-X" services (Push-to-Talk services in wireless networks H04W 4/025)}
29/06448 . . . . . . {Services related to one way streaming}
29/06455 . . . . . . {Multicast or broadcast (data switching systems for broadcast or conference H04L 12/18; television systems in general H04N 5/00; H04N 7/00; arrangements for broadcast or distribution combined with broadcast H04H 20/00; arrangements for broadcast applications with a direct linkage of broadcast information H04H 60/00; arrangements for push based network services H04L 29/08693)}
29/06462 . . . . . . {Content on demand (television systems using two way working H04N 7/173)}
29/06469 . . . . . . {Control of source by destination, e.g. user controlling streaming rate of server (television systems using two way working H04N 7/173)}
29/06476 . . . . . . {Media handling, encoding, streaming or conversion}
29/06482 . . . . . . {Media manipulation, adaptation or conversion (transmission of television signals using pulse code modulation H04N 7/24; adaptation for terminals or networks with limited resources or for terminal portability H04L 29/08108; data reduction or adaptation H04L 29/08792; network application being adapted for the location of the user terminal H04L 29/08657)}
29/06489 . . . . . . {at the source}
29/06496 . . . . . . {at the destination}
29/06503 . . . . . . {intermediate}
29/06551 . . . . . . {Stream encoding details (transmission of television signals using pulse code modulation H04N 7/24; protocols for data compression H04L 29/0604; header parsing or analysis H04L 29/0653)}
29/06557 . . . . . . {Header parsing and analysis}
29/06537 . . . . . . {Negotiation of communication capabilities}
29/06544 . . . . . . {Special purpose or proprietary protocols or architectures (H04L 29/06558 takes precedence)}
29/06551 . . . . . . {Arrangements for network security (security arrangements for protecting computers or computer systems against unauthorised activity G06F 21/00; arrangements for secret or secure communication H04L 9/00; security arrangements specially adapted for wireless communication networks H04W 12/00)}
29/06557 . . . . . . {Separating internal and external traffic, e.g. firewalls}
29/06564 . . . . . . {Architectural arrangements, e.g. perimeter networks, demilitarized zones}
29/06571 . . . . . . {Distributed architectures}
29/06578 . . . . . . {Filtering policies}
29/06585 . . . . . . {Filtering by address, protocol, port number or service, e.g. IP-address, URL}
29/06591 . . . . . . {Filtering by information in the payload}
29/06598 . . . . . . {Stateful filtering}
29/06605 . . . . . . {Rule management}
29/06612 . . . . . . {Virtual private networks}
29/06619 . . . . . . {Proxies}
29/06625 . . . . . . {Firewall traversal, e.g. tunnelling, creating pinholes}
29/06632 . . . . . . {Protecting information from access by third parties}
29/06639 . . . . . . {Protecting a party's identity, e.g. anonymous}
{ Detection of malicious traffic; protection 
{ Verifying the information received } 
{ Access control } 
{ Authentication mechanisms } 
{ Key management } 
{ Key exchange, e.g. in peer-to-peer networks } 
{ Key distribution, e.g. centrally by trusted party } 
{ Hierarchical key distribution, e.g. by multi-tier trusted parties } 
{ for group communications } 
{ One-time keys } 
{ Time-dependent keys, e.g. periodically changing keys } 
{ Authentication mechanisms } 
{ Tickets, e.g. Kerberos } 
{ Single-sign-on } 
{ Certificates } 
{ Passwords } 
{ One-time-passwords } 
{ Time-dependent-passwords, e.g. periodically changing passwords } 
{ using an additional device, e.g. smartcard, SIM } 
{ using biometrical features, e.g. fingerprint, retina-scan } 
{ Mutual authentication } 
{ Access control } 
{ Access control lists [ACL] } 
{ User profiles } 
{ Grouping of users } 
{ Multiple levels of security } 
{ Verifying the information received } 
{ Checking the content, e.g. message integrity } 
{ Checking the source, e.g. non-repudiation } 
{ Detection of malicious traffic; protection against malicious traffic } 
{ Monitoring network traffic } 
{ Event detection } 
{ Traffic logging } 
{ Vulnerability analysis } 
{ Countermeasures against attacks } 
{ Viruses; Trojans; Worms } 
{ Denial of Service } 
{ Session hijacking, e.g. TCP sequence number attacks } 
{ Session spying, e.g. eavesdropping } 
{ Security features implemented at a particular protocol layer } 
{ at the data link layer, e.g. SI, ESP } 
{ at the network layer, e.g. IP, AH, ESP } 
{ at the transport layer, e.g. SSL, TLS } 
{ above the transport layer, e.g. https, JAVA } 
{ using a different network or path for securing the traffic } 
{ Security management; Security policies in general (filtering policies H04L 29/06578) } 
{ Timer mechanisms used in protocols } 
{ Transmission control procedure, e.g. data link level control procedure } 
{ Open systems interconnection [OSI] architecture, e.g. layering, entities, standards; Interface between layers; Software aspects } 
{ Physical layer, i.e. layer one } 
{ Data link layer, i.e. layer two, e.g. HDLC } 
{ Network layer, i.e. layer three, e.g. X.25 } 
{ Transport layer, i.e. layer four } 
{ Session layer, i.e. layer five } 
{ Presentation layer, i.e. layer six } 
{ Application layer, i.e. layer seven (not used) } 

WARNING
from 01.01.2006 onwards, documents relating to the application layer, and in particular to protocols for network applications are classified in H04L 29/08081 and subgroups. All documents previously classified in H04L 29/08072 are reclassified in these groups

{ Protocols for network applications (protocols for multimedia communication H04L 29/06027; protocols for telewriting H04L 29/06034; message switching systems H04L 51/00) } 
{ involving the use of web-based technology, e.g. Hyper Text Transfer Protocol [HTTP], (information retrieval from the Internet G06F 16/95) } 
{ for remote control or remote monitoring (network management using Internet technology H04L 41/0246; network monitoring H04L 43/00) } 
{ adapted for terminals or networks with limited resources and for terminal portability, e.g. Wireless Application Protocol [WAP] (services or facilities specially adapted for wireless communication networks H04W 4/00) } 
{ adapted for file transfer, e.g. File Transfer Protocol [FTP] }
29/08126 . . . . . . {adapted for terminal emulation, e.g. telnet (protocols for telewriting or protocols for networked simulations, virtual reality or games H04L 29/06034)}

29/08135 . . . . . . {in which application tasks are distributed across nodes in the network (multiprogramming arrangements G06F 9/46)}

29/08144 . . . . . . {Network arrangements or communication protocol arrangements for accessing one among a plurality of replicated servers, e.g. load balancing (rebalancing the processing load in a distributed system G06F 9/5083); arrangements for peer-to-peer networking H04L 29/08306; wireless network traffic load balancing H04W 28/08; network load balancing, traffic engineering H04L 47/125; video servers using load balancing strategies H04N 21/23103)

NOTE

In this group and its subgroups, the term "servers" includes non-dedicated servers, such as peer nodes in a peer-to-peer architecture

29/08153 . . . . . . {Server selection in load balancing (allocation of processing resources to service a request in a distributed system G06F 9/5027)}

29/08162 . . . . . . {with static server selection, e.g. the same server being selected for a specific client (allocation of processing resources considering data affinity G06F 9/5033)}

29/08171 . . . . . . {based on parameters of servers, e.g. available memory or workload (allocation of processing resources considering the load G06F 9/505)}

29/0818 . . . . . . {based on network conditions}

29/08189 . . . . . . {based on compliance of requirements or conditions with available server resources}

29/08198 . . . . . . {based on the content of a request}

29/08207 . . . . . . {based on round robin mechanisms}

29/08216 . . . . . . {based on random server selection}

29/08225 . . . . . . {based on locations of client and servers}

29/08234 . . . . . . {based on other criteria, e.g. hash applied to IP address, specific algorithms or cost}

29/08243 . . . . . . {Dynamic adaptation of server selection criteria for load balancing}

29/08252 . . . . . . {Persistence of sessions during load balancing}

29/08261 . . . . . . {Collection and organization of data related to the state of servers by a load balancer}

29/0827 . . . . . . {Controlling of the operation of servers by a load balancer, e.g. adding or removing servers that serve requests}

29/08279 . . . . . . {Reaction to server failures by a load balancer}

29/08288 . . . . . . {Load balancing of requests to servers for services different from user content provisioning, e.g. load balancing to DNS servers or firewalls (internet service provider selection H04L 12/5691)}

29/08297 . . . . . . {Load balancing arrangements to avoid a single path through a load balancer}

29/08306 . . . . . . {Arrangements for peer-to-peer networking [P2P]; functionalities, architectural details or applications of P2P networks (provisions for file transfer, upload, download H04L 29/08117; provisions for accessing replicated servers H04L 29/08144; security provisions H04L 29/06551; addressing provisions H04L 29/12009; scheduling provisions H04L 29/08945; presence management provisions H04L 29/08684; multimedia provisions H04L 29/06176; information retrieval provisions, file indexing, file systems G06F 16/00; wireless interfaces between terminal devices H04W 92/18; small scale hierarchical wireless network topologies H04W 84/10; peer-to-peer connection between video clients H04N 21/632; peer-to-peer connection between video game machines A63F 13/34)}

29/08315 . . . . . . {involving topology management mechanisms}

29/08324 . . . . . . {Group management mechanisms}

29/08333 . . . . . . {Joining mechanisms}

29/08342 . . . . . . {Departure and maintenance mechanisms (counter-measures to a fault H04L 29/14)}

29/08351 . . . . . . {Group master selection mechanisms}

29/0836 . . . . . . {with pre-configuration of logical or physical connections with a determined number of other peers}

29/08369 . . . . . . {involving connection limits (involving dynamic management of active down/uploading connections H04L 29/08495)}

29/08378 . . . . . . {involving pre-assessment of levels of reputation of peers}

29/08387 . . . . . . {Inter-group management mechanisms, e.g. splitting, merging or interconnection of groups}

29/08396 . . . . . . {involving resource based peer discovery mechanisms (access to replicated servers H04L 29/08144; arrangements for service discovery H04L 29/08648; topology discovery for routing H04L 45/02)}

29/08405 . . . . . . {Discovery through centralizing entities}
NOTE
This group covers session signaling at higher OSI layers to support networked applications.
29/08756 . . . . . . {Arrangements for conversion or adaptation of application content or format (H04L 29/0883 takes precedence; protocol conversion H04L 29/06068)}

29/08765 . . . . . . {Arrangements for grouping or aggregating service requests, e.g. for unified processing of service requests}

29/08774 . . . . . . {Arrangements for integrating service provisioning from a plurality of service providers}

29/08783 . . . . . . {Arrangements for reducing the amount or size of exchanged application data (protocols for header compression H04L 29/0604; optimizing visualization of content G06F 16/9577; digital video compression H04N 19/00)}

29/08792 . . . . . . {Arrangements for data reduction and/or adaptation (protocols for data compression H04L 29/0604; optimizing the visualization of content G06F 16/9577; digital video signal compression H04N 19/00)}

WARNING
This group is no longer used for the classification of new documents as from December 1, 2009. The backlog of this group is being continuously reclassified to the subgroups H04L 29/08711 - H04L 29/08909

29/08801 . . . . . . {Arrangements for storing temporarily data at an intermediate stage, e.g. caching (browsing optimization of access to content G06F 16/9574)}

29/0881 . . . . . . {involving pre-fetching or pre-delivering data}

29/08819 . . . . . . {involving policies or rules for updating, deleting or replacing the stored data}

29/08828 . . . . . . {involving storage of data provided by user terminals, i.e. reverse caching}

29/08837 . . . . . . {Arrangements for providing operational support to end devices when they are unavailable, e.g. being off-line; off-loading of end devices (countermeasures to a fault H04L 29/14)}

29/08846 . . . . . . {Arrangements to globally emulate or virtualize the functionalities of an end device (H04L 29/08837 takes precedence)}

29/08855 . . . . . . {Architectural aspects}

29/08864 . . . . . . {Implementation details of a single intermediate entity}

29/08873 . . . . . . {Pairs of interprocessing entities at each side of the network, e.g. split proxies}

29/08882 . . . . . . {Distributed intermediate devices, i.e. intermediate device interaction with other intermediate devices on the same level}

29/08891 . . . . . . {Hierarchically arranged intermediate devices, e.g. hierarchical caching}
{where the intermediate processing is functionally located closer to the data consumer application, e.g. in same machine, in same home or in same subnetwork}

{where the intermediate processing is functionally located closer to the data provider application, e.g. reverse proxies; in same machine, in same cluster or subnetwork}

{involving profiles}

{Terminal profiles}

{User profiles}

{Arrangements for scheduling and organising the servicing of requests, e.g. requests for data transmissions involving the analysis and optimisation of the requires network resources (broadcast or conference with schedule organisation H04L 12/1881)}

{whereby quality of service and priority requirements are taken into account}

{whereby a time schedule is established for servicing the requests}

{whereby the routing of a service request to a node providing the service depends on the content and context of the request, e.g. profile, connectivity status}

{involving the movement of software and/or configuration parameters, e.g. applets, (programme loading or initiating G06F 9/445)}

{involving the display to the application user of network conditions affecting the network application (terminal emulation H04L 29/08126; graphical user interfaces for network management H04L 41/22)}

characterised by an interface, e.g. the interface between the data link level and the physical level

characterised by the data terminal

{Arrangements for addressing and naming in data networks}

NOTES

1. H04L 61/00 covers aspects of data networks, excluding pure telephone solutions (H04M 7/00) or addressing within a device, e.g. process, memory etc. (G06F 13/42 or G06F 12/00).
2. Aspects relating to switching and routing are classified in H04L 12/56.
3. Main aspects covered by this groups are: address resolution; directories and name-to-address resolution; allocation of addresses; conversion of addresses; logical names and non-standard use of addresses

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/000

{Mapping of addresses of different types; address resolution}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/10

{across network layers, e.g. resolution of network layer into physical layer addresses, Address Resolution Protocol [ARP]}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/103

{across networks, e.g. mapping telephone numbers to data network addresses}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/106

{Directories; name-to-address mapping (telephone directories in user terminals H04M 1/27)}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/15

{involving standard directories and standard directory access protocols}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1505

{using Domain Name System [DNS]}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1511

{using Open Systems Interconnection Directories, i.e. X.500}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1517
29/12084 . . . . [using Lightweight Directory Access Protocol [LDAP]]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1523

29/12094 . . . . [using Voice over IP [VoIP] directories, e.g. Session Initiation Protocol [SIP] registrar or H.323 gatekeeper]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1529

29/12103 . . . . [using an address exchange platform which sets up a session between two nodes, e.g. Rendezvous server (H04L 29/12094 takes precedence for address exchange for Voice over IP)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1535

29/12113 . . . . [for service discovery (network applications for service discovery H04L 29/08648)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1541

29/12122 . . . . [for personal communications, i.e. using a personal identifier]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1547

29/12132 . . . . [Mechanisms for table lookup, also between directories; Directory data structures; Synchronization of directories (information retrieval in file systems G06F 16/10; information retrieval in structured data stores G06F 16/20)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1552

29/12141 . . . . [Object oriented directories, e.g. CORBA name server]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1558

29/1215 . . . . [Directories for electronic mail or instant messaging (message switching systems per H04L 51/00)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1564

29/1216 . . . . [Directories for hybrid networks, e.g. including also telephone numbers]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/157

29/12169 . . . . [Metadirectories, i.e. all encompassing global directory which interfaces to various underlying directories]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1576

29/12179 . . . . [containing identifiers of data entities on a computer, e.g. file names]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1582

29/12188 . . . . [containing mobile subscriber information, e.g. Home Subscriber Server [HSS]]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1588
Address books, i.e. directories containing contact information about correspondents, e.g. on a user device (directories providing the best way to reach a correspondent)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/1594

29/12207 . . . [Address allocation]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/20

29/12216 . . . . [Internet Protocol [IP] addresses]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2007

29/12226 . . . . (using the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol [DHCP] or variants)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2015

29/12235 . . . . (using the Bootstrap Protocol [BOOTP] or variants)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2023

29/12245 . . . . (using an authentication, authorization and accounting [AAA] protocol, e.g. remote authentication dial-in user service [RADIUS] or diameter [authentication mechanisms H04L 29/06755])

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/203

29/12254 . . . . [for local use, e.g. on Local Area Networks [LAN] or on Universal Serial Bus [USB] networks (bus addresses inside a computer G06F 13/42)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2038

29/12264 . . . . (involving the solving of address allocation conflicts; involving testing of addresses)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2046

29/12273 . . . . (involving timing and renewal aspects)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2053

29/12283 . . . . (involving aspects of pools of addresses, e.g. assignment of different pools of addresses to different Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol [DHCP] servers)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2061

29/12292 . . . . [for group-, multicast- and broadcast-communication]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2069

29/12301 . . . . (involving update or notification mechanisms, e.g. update of a Domain Name Server with Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol [DHCP] assigned addresses)

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2076
29/1231 . . . . {involving portability aspects (mobility data transfer in wireless communication networks H04W 8/26; mobile IP, network layer protocols in wireless communication networks H04W 80/04)}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2084.

29/1232 . . . . {by self assignment, e.g. pick address randomly and test if already in use}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2002.

29/1233 . . . . {Mapping of addresses of the same type; Address translation}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/225.

29/1239 . . . . {Internet Protocol [IP] address translation}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2502.

29/1249 . . . . {Translating between special types of IP addresses}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2503.

29/1235 . . . . {between different IP versions}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2517.

29/1237 . . . . . {involving port numbers}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2517.

29/1238 . . . . . {Special translation architecture, different from a single Network Address Translation [NAT] server}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2251.

29/1236 . . . . . {Translation at a client}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2252.

29/1240 . . . . . {Translation at a proxy}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2252.

29/1241 . . . . . {Clique of NAT servers}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2252.

29/1242 . . . . . {Multiple local networks, e.g. resolving potential IP address conflicts}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2252.

29/1243 . . . . . {for hiding addresses or keeping them anonymous}

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2252.
29/1243 . . . . {involving dual-stack hosts}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2542.

29/12452 . . . . {Mechanisms for avoiding unnecessary translation}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2546.

29/12462 . . . . {Map-table maintenance and indexing}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/255.

29/12471 . . . . {Binding renewal aspects; Keep-alive messages}

29/12481 . . . . {Translation policies and rules}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2557.

29/1249 . . . . {NAT-Traversal}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/256.

29/125 . . . . {for a higher-layer protocol, e.g. for SIP}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2564.

29/12509 . . . . {for reachability, e.g. inquiring the address of a correspondent behind a NAT server}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2567.

29/12518 . . . . {for identification, e.g. for authentication, for billing}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2571.

29/12528 . . . . {using address mapping retrieval, e.g. Simple Traversal of UDP through NATs [STUN]}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2575.

29/12537 . . . . {transparent to the NAT server}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2578.

29/12547 . . . . {through control of the NAT server, e.g. using Universal Plug and Play (UPnP)}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2582.

29/12556 . . . . {through Application Level Gateway [ALG]}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2585.

29/12566 . . . . {over a relay server, e.g. traversal using relay NAT [TURN]}

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2589.
29/12575 . . . . (involving tunneling or encapsulation (protecting information from access by third parties H04L 29/06632))

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/2592.

29/12584 . . . . [Non-IP address translation]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/302.

29/12594 . . . . [Arrangements for managing names, e.g. use of aliases or nicknames (retrieval from the Internet by using information identifiers, e.g. URLs G06F 16/955; name-to-address mapping H04L 29/12047)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/302.

29/12603 . . . . [Mechanisms for avoiding name conflicts]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/303.

29/12613 . . . . [Name conversion]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/301.

29/12622 . . . . [Name registration, generation or assignment]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/301.

29/12632 . . . . [Administrative registration, e.g. for domain names at internet corporation for assigned names and numbers [ICANN] (data processing for administration G06Q 10/00)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/302.

29/12641 . . . . [Domain name generation or assignment]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/302.

29/1265 . . . . [Name structure]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/303.

29/1266 . . . . [containing non-Latin characters, e.g. Chinese domain names]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/303.

29/12669 . . . . [containing protocol addresses or telephone numbers (address type involved H04L 29/1283)]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/304.

29/12679 . . . . [containing wildcard characters]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/304.

29/12688 . . . . [containing special prefixes]

**WARNING**
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012. The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/305.
WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/3055

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/306

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/3065

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/307

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/3075

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/308

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/3085

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/309

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/3095

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/35

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/60

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6004

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6009

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6013
WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6018

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6022

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6027

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6031

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6036

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/604

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6045

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/605

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6054

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6059

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6063

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6068

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6072

WARNING
This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6077
29/12962 . . . . [involving addresses for wireless personal area networks and wireless sensor networks, e.g. Zigbee addresses]

**WARNING**

This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6086

29/12971 . . . . [involving dual-stack hosts, e.g. in IPv4/IPv6 networks]

**WARNING**

This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6086

29/12981 . . . . [involving geographic information, e.g. room number]

**WARNING**

This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6086

29/1299 . . . . [involving masks or ranges of addresses]

**WARNING**

This subgroup is no longer used for classification as from 01.05.2012.
The backlog of this subgroup is being continuously reclassified to H04L 61/6086

29/14 . . . . Counter-measures to a fault

41/00 . . . . [Arrangements for maintenance or administration or management of packet switching networks]

41/02 . . . . [involving integration or standardization]
41/0206 . . . . [using standardized network management architectures, e.g. telecommunication management network (TMN) or unified network management architecture (UNMA)]
41/0213 . . . . [using standardized network management protocols, e.g. simple network management protocol (SNMP) or common management interface protocol (CMIP)]
41/0222 . . . . [Multivendor or multistandard integration]
41/0226 . . . . [Mapping or translation of multiple network management protocols]
41/0233 . . . . [using object oriented techniques, e.g. common object request broker architecture (CORBA) for representation of network management data]
41/024 . . . . [using relational databases for representation of network management data, e.g. managing via structured query language (SQL) [information retrieval in structured data stores G06F 16/20]]

41/0246 . . . . [exchanging or transporting network management information using Internet, e.g. aspects relating to embedding network management web servers in network elements, web service for network management purposes, aspects related to Internet applications or services or web-based protocols, simple object access protocol (SOAP) [web-based network application protocols H04L 67/02; web-based network application protocols for remote control of end-devices or monitoring of remote application data H04L 67/025; proprietary application protocols for remote control of end-devices in special networking environments H04L 67/125; retrieval from the Internet G06F 16/95]]

41/0253 . . . . [involving a browser or web-pages for accessing management information (graphical user interface for network management H04L 41/22)]

41/026 . . . . [involving e-messaging for transporting management information, e.g. email, instant messaging or chat]
41/0266 . . . . [involving management internet meta-data, objects or commands, e.g. by using mark-up language]
41/0273 . . . . [involving the use of web services for network management, e.g. SOAP]
41/028 . . . . [for synchronization between service call and response]
41/0286 . . . . [for search or classification or discovery of web services providing management functionalities (network applications and protocols for service discovery H04L 67/16)]
41/0293 . . . . [for accessing web services by means of a binding identification of the management service or element (aspects of naming and addressing in general H04L 61/00)]

41/04 . . . . [Architectural aspects of network management arrangements]
41/042 . . . . [Arrangements involving multiple distributed management centers cooperatively managing the network]
41/044 . . . . [Arrangements involving a hierarchical management structure]
41/046 . . . . [Aspects of network management agents]
41/048 . . . . [mobile agents]
41/06 . . . . [involving management of faults or events or alarms]
41/0604 . . . . [Alarm or event filtering, e.g. for reduction of information]
41/0609 . . . . [based on severity or priority]
41/0613 . . . . [based on the type or category of the network elements]
41/0618 . . . . [based on the physical or logical position]
41/0622 . . . . [based on time]
41/0627 . . . . [by acting on the notification or alarm source]
41/0631 . . . . [Alarm or event or notifications correlation; Root cause analysis]
41/0636 . . . . [based on a decision tree analysis]
41/064 . . . . [involving time analysis]
41/0645 . . . . [by additionally acting on or stimulating the network after receiving notifications]
41/065 . . . . [involving logical or physical relationship, e.g. grouping and hierarchies]
Network fault recovery (backup route selection) H04L 45/22; route fault recovery H04L 45/28; techniques for recovering from a failure of a protocol instance or entity H04L 69/40)

by isolating the faulty entity)

involving offline failover planning)

selecting new candidate element)

by re-configuring the faulty entity)

localization of fault position)

involving configuration of triggering conditions)

involving notification enrichment)

involving storage or log of alarms or notifications or post-processing thereof)

involving fault of the network management or monitoring system)

Configuration management of network or network elements (proprietary application protocols for remote control of end-devices in special networking environments H04L 67/125; automatic configuration specially adapted for wireless networks H04W 24/02)

Configuration setting of network or network elements (communication protocols supporting networked applications involving the movement of software or networked applications configuration parameters H04L 67/34)

for initial configuration or provisioning)

[Plug-and-play configuration]

[Changing of configuration]

(due to adaptation, e.g. in response to network events)

(due to updating or upgrading of network functionality, e.g. firmware (topology update or discovery for routing purposes H04L 45/02))

[Configuration optimization]

(for network cost reduction)

(for network speed increase)

[to reduce network energy consumption]

[to enhance reliability, e.g. reduce downtime]

[Configuration by copying]

[based on generic templates]

[based on copy from other elements]

[Keeping track of network configuration]

[by actively collecting or retrieving configuration information]

[by archiving or backing up configuration information]

[by keeping history of different configuration generations or versions]

[by rolling back to previous configuration versions]

[Checking configuration]

[by validating configuration within one network element]

[by checking configuration conflicts with other network elements]

[Aspects of the degree of configuration automation]

[Manual configuration through operator]

[Semiautomatic configuration, e.g. proposals from system]

[Fully automatic configuration]
41/5022 . . . [by giving priorities, e.g. assigning classes of service]
41/5025 . . . [by proactively reacting to service quality change, e.g. degradation or upgrade, by reconfiguration (mere recovery after a network faults H04L 41/0654)]
41/5029 . . . [Service quality level based billing, e.g. dependent on measured service level customer is charged more or less (general charging or billing for transport of data packets H04L 12/14)]
41/5032 . . . [Generating service level reports]
41/5035 . . . [Measuring contribution of individual network components to actual service level (alarm or event correlation H04L 41/0651)]
41/5038 . . . [Testing of service level quality, e.g. simulating service usage]
41/5041 . . . [Service implementation]
41/5045 . . . [Making service definitions prior to deployment]
41/5048 . . . [Automatic or semi-automatic definitions, e.g. definition templates]
41/5051 . . . [Service on demand, i.e. services are defined and provided in real time as requested by the user]
41/5054 . . . [Automatic provisioning of the service triggered by the service manager, e.g. concrete service implementation by automatic configuration of network components (for initializing configuration, i.e. provisioning of network or devices H04L 41/0806)]
41/5058 . . . [Service discovery by the service manager (automatically determining the actual topology of a network H04L 41/12; topology discovery for routing H04L 45/02; arrangements for service discovery, e.g. service location protocol H04L 67/16)]
41/5061 . . . [Customer care]
41/5064 . . . [Customer relationship management (arrangements involving customer network management, i.e. giving the customer access to network management functions H04L 41/18)]
41/5067 . . . [Customer-centric quality of service [QoS] measurement]
41/507 . . . [Filtering out customers affected by service problems]
41/5074 . . . [Handling of trouble tickets]
41/5077 . . . [wherein the managed service relates to simple transport services, i.e. providing only network infrastructure]
41/508 . . . [based on type of value added network service under agreement]
41/5083 . . . [wherein the managed service relates to web hosting (web-based network application protocols H04L 67/02; web site content organization and management G06F 16/958; video-hosting H04N 21/2743)]
41/5087 . . . [wherein the managed service relates to voice services (protocols for real-time multimedia communications H04L 65/00; management of telephonic communication services H04M 3/22; management of VoIP services H04M 7/0081)]
41/509 . . . [wherein the managed service relates to media content delivery, e.g. audio / video / TV (protocols for real-time multimedia communications H04L 65/00; interactive television or VoD H04N 21/00)]
41/5093 . . . [wherein the managed service relates to messaging or chat services (conducting a computer conference H04L 12/1822; messaging, such as e-mail in packet-switching networks H04L 51/00; instant messaging H04L 51/04)]
41/5096 . . . [wherein the managed service relates to distributed or central networked applications (management of file systems G06F 16/10; management of structured data stores G06F 16/20)]
43/00 . . . [Arrangements for monitoring or testing packet switching networks (networking arrangements or communications protocols for supporting networked applications for tracking the activity of the application user H04L 67/22; monitoring of computing systems G06F 11/30; monitoring of computer activity G06F 11/34)]
43/02 . . . [involving a reduction of monitoring data]
43/022 . . . [using sampling of monitoring data, i.e. storing only a selection of packets]
43/024 . . . [using adaptive sampling]
43/026 . . . [using flow generation]
43/028 . . . [using filtering (alarm or event filtering H04L 41/0604)]
43/04 . . . [Processing of captured monitoring data]
43/045 . . . [for graphical visualization of monitoring data (graphical user interfaces H04L 41/22; display of network or application conditions affecting the network application to the application user H04L 67/36; visual indication of the functioning of a computing machine G06F 11/32)]
43/06 . . . [Report generation]
43/062 . . . [for traffic related reporting]
43/065 . . . [for device related reporting (reporting of sensed information of home appliances H04L 12/2803)]
43/067 . . . [for time frame related reporting]
43/08 . . . [Monitoring based on specific metrics]
43/0805 . . . [Availability]
43/0811 . . . [Connectivity]
43/0817 . . . [functioning (networked applications tracking the activity of users H04L 67/22; monitoring appliance functionality of home appliances H04L 12/2803)]
43/0823 . . . [Errors (management of events, faults or alarms in networks or network elements H04L 41/06)]
43/0829 . . . [Packet loss]
43/0835 . . . [One way packet loss]
43/0841 . . . [Round trip packet loss]
43/0847 . . . [Transmission error]
43/0852 . . . [Delays]
43/0858 . . . [One way delays]
43/0864 . . . [Round trip delays]
43/087 . . . [Jitter]
43/0876 . . . [Network utilization]
43/0882 . . . [Utilization of link capacity]
43/0888 . . . [Throughput]
43/0894 . . . [Packet rate]
45/00  {Routing or path finding of packets in data switching networks (specially adapted for wireless routing H04W 40/00) }

45/02 . . . {Topology update or discovery (topology discovery for network management H04L 41/12; LAN interconnection over a backbone network H04L 12/4604; node-based peer discovery mechanisms in peer-to-peer networks H04L 67/1061) }

45/021 . . . {Routing table update consistency, e.g. epoch number) }

45/023 . . . {Delayed use of routing table update }

45/025 . . . {Updating only a limited number of routers, e.g. fish-eye update }

45/026 . . . {Details of “hello” or keep-alive messages }

45/028 . . . {Dynamic adaptation of the update interval, e.g. event-triggered update }

45/04 . . . {Interdomain routing, e.g. hierarchical routing }

45/06 . . . {Deflection routing, e.g. hot-potato routing }

45/08 . . . {Learning-based routing, e.g. neural networks }

45/10 . . . {Routing in connection-oriented networks, e.g. X.25, ATM }

45/12 . . . {Shortest path evaluation }

45/121 . . . {Minimizing delay }

45/122 . . . {Minimizing distance, e.g. number of hops }

45/123 . . . {Evaluation of link metrics (techniques for monitoring network metrics H04L 43/08) }

45/124 . . . {using a combination of metrics }

45/125 . . . {based on throughput or bandwidth }

45/126 . . . {minimizing geographical or physical path length }

45/127 . . . {based on intermediate node capabilities }

45/128 . . . {for finding disjoint paths }

45/1283 . . . {with disjoint links }

45/1287 . . . {with disjoint nodes }

45/14 . . . {Routing performance; Theoretical aspects }

45/16 . . . {Multipoint routing (arrangements for multicast or broadcast in data networks H04L 12/18) }

45/18 . . . {Loop free }

45/20 . . . {Hop count for routing purposes, e.g. TTL }

45/22 . . . {Alternate routing }

45/24 . . . {Multipath }

45/245 . . . {Link aggregation, e.g. trunking }

45/26 . . . {Route discovery packet }

45/28 . . . {Route fault recovery (network fault recovery H04L 41/0654) }

45/30 . . . {Special provisions for routing multiclass traffic }

45/302 . . . {Route determination based on requested QoS }

45/304 . . . {Route determination for signaling traffic }

45/306 . . . {Route determination based on the nature of the carried application (communications protocols whereby the routing of a service request to a node providing the service depends on the content or context of the request, e.g. profile, connectivity status H04L 67/327) }

45/3065 . . . {for real time traffic }

45/308 . . . {Route determination based on user’s profile, e.g. premium users }

45/32 . . . {Flooding (denial of service attacks H04L 63/1458) }

45/34 . . . {Source routing }

45/36 . . . {Backward learning }

45/38 . . . {Flow based routing }

45/40 . . . {Wormhole routing }

45/42 . . . {Centralized routing }

45/44 . . . {Distributed routing }

45/46 . . . {Cluster building }

45/48 . . . {Routing tree calculation }

45/50 . . . {using label swapping, e.g. multi-protocol label switch [MPLS] }

45/502 . . . {Frame based }

45/505 . . . {Cell based }

45/507 . . . {Label distribution }

45/52 . . . {Multiprotocol routers }

45/54 . . . {Organization of routing tables }

45/56 . . . {Routing software }

45/563 . . . {Software download or update (software deployment in general G06F 8/60) }

45/566 . . . {Routing instructions carried by the data packet, e.g. active networks }

45/58 . . . {Association of routers }

45/583 . . . {Stackable routers }

45/586 . . . {Virtual routers }

45/60 . . . {Router architecture }

45/62 . . . {Wavelength based (optical switching H04Q 11/0062) }

45/64 . . . {using an overlay routing layer (Peer-to-Peer networks H04L 67/104) }

45/66 . . . {Layer 2 routing, e.g. in Ethernet based MAN’s }

45/68 . . . {Pseudowire emulation, e.g. IETF WG PWE3 }

45/70 . . . {Routing based on monitoring results (techniques for monitoring network metrics H04L 43/08) }

45/72 . . . {Routing based on the source address }

45/74 . . . {Address processing for routing }

45/741 . . . {Routing in networks with a plurality of addressing schemes, e.g. IPv4 and IPv6 }

45/742 . . . {Route cache and its operation }

45/745 . . . {Address table lookup or address filtering }

45/7453 . . . {using hashing }

45/7457 . . . {using content-addressable memories [CAM] }

45/748 . . . {Longest matching prefix }

47/00  {Traffic regulation in packet switching networks (arrangements for detecting or correcting errors in the information received H04L 1/00) }

**NOTE**

This group covers:
1. Flow control or congestion control
2. Queue scheduling
3. Admission control or resource allocation

47/10 . . . {Flow control or congestion control }
H04L

47/11 . . . [Congestion identification]
47/115 . . . [using a dedicated packet]
47/12 . . . [Congestion avoidance or recovery]
47/122 . . . [Diverting traffic away from congested spots]
47/125 . . . [Load balancing, e.g. traffic engineering (load balancing among servers H04L 67/1002)]
47/127 . . . [Congestion prediction]
47/13 . . . [in a LAN segment, e.g. ring or bus]
47/135 . . . [by jamming the transmission media]
47/14 . . . [in wireless networks]
47/15 . . . [in relation to multipoint traffic (arrangements for broadcast or multicast in data networks H04L 12/18)]
47/16 . . . [in connection oriented networks, e.g. frame relay]
47/17 . . . [Hop by hop]
47/18 . . . [End to end]
47/19 . . . [at layers above network layer (general aspects of TCP H04L 69/16; network arrangements for networked applications for scheduling or organising the servicing of application requests H04L 67/32)]
47/193 . . . [at transport layer, e.g. TCP related]
47/196 . . . [Integration of transport layer protocols, e.g. TCP and UDP]
47/20 . . . [Policing]
47/21 . . . [using leaky bucket]
47/215 . . . [Token bucket]
47/22 . . . [Traffic shaping]
47/225 . . . [Determination of shaping rate, e.g. using a moving window]
47/23 . . . [Bit dropping]
47/24 . . . [depending on the type of traffic, e.g. priority or quality of service (QoS) (network arrangements for networked applications for scheduling or organising the servicing of application requests whereby quality of service or priority requirements are taken into account H04L 67/322)]
47/2408 . . . [Different services, e.g. type of service (ToS)]
47/2416 . . . [Real time traffic (arrangements for real-time multimedia communications H04L 65/00)]
47/2425 . . . [Service specification, e.g. SLA (general aspects of SLA management H04L 41/50)]
47/2433 . . . [Allocation of priorities to traffic types]
47/2441 . . . [Flow classification]
47/245 . . . [using preemption]
47/2458 . . . [Modification of priorities while in transit]
47/2466 . . . [Modification of handling priority for control packets, e.g. for ACK or signaling packets]
47/2475 . . . [Application aware]
47/2483 . . . [Flow identification]
47/2491 . . . [Mapping QoS requirements between different networks]
47/25 . . . [Rate modification upon detection by the source of changing network conditions]
47/26 . . . [Explicit feedback to the source, e.g. choke packet]
47/263 . . . [Source rate modification after feedback]
47/266 . . . [Stopping or restarting the source, e.g. X-on or X-off]
47/27 . . . [Window size evaluation or update, e.g. using information derived from ACK packets]
47/28 . . . [using time considerations]
47/283 . . . [Network and process delay, e.g. jitter or round trip time (RTTI)]
47/286 . . . [Time to live]
47/29 . . . [Using a combination of thresholds]
47/30 . . . [using information about buffer occupancy at either end or transit nodes]
47/31 . . . [Tagging of packets, e.g. discard eligibility (DE) bit]
47/32 . . . [Packet discarding or delaying]
47/323 . . . [Discarding or blocking control packets, e.g. ACK packets]
47/326 . . . [With random discard, e.g. random early discard (RED)]
47/33 . . . [Forward notification]
47/34 . . . [Sequence integrity, e.g. sequence numbers]
47/35 . . . [Embedded flow control information in regular packets, e.g. Piggybacking]
47/36 . . . [Evaluation of the packet size, e.g. maximum transfer unit (MTU)]
47/365 . . . [Dynamic adaptation of the packet size]
47/37 . . . [Slow start]
47/38 . . . [Adapting coding or compression rate]
47/39 . . . [Credit based]
47/40 . . . [Using split connections, e.g. IP spoofing]
47/41 . . . [Actions on aggregated flows or links]
47/50 . . . [Queue scheduling]
47/52 . . . [Bandwidth attribution to queues]
47/521 . . . [Static queue service slot or fixed bandwidth allocation]
47/522 . . . [Dynamic queue service slot or variable bandwidth allocation]
47/524 . . . [Queue skipping]
47/525 . . . [Redistribution of residual bandwidth]
47/527 . . . [Quantum based scheduling, e.g. credit or deficit based scheduling or token bank]
47/528 . . . [Minimum bandwidth guarantee]
47/54 . . . [Loss aware scheduling]
47/56 . . . [Delay aware scheduling]
47/562 . . . [Attaching a time tag to queues]
47/564 . . . [Attaching a deadline to packets, e.g. earliest due date first]
47/566 . . . [Deadline varies as a function of time spent in the queue]
47/568 . . . [Calendar queues or timing rings]
47/58 . . . [Changing or combining different scheduling modes, e.g. multimode scheduling]
47/60 . . . [Hierarchical scheduling]
47/62 . . . [General aspects]
47/6205 . . . [Arrangements for avoiding head of line blocking]
47/621 . . . [Individual queue per connection or flow, e.g. per VC]
47/6215 . . . [Individual queue per QOS, rate or priority]
47/622 . . . [Queue service order]
47/6225 . . . [fixed service order, e.g. Round Robin]
47/623 . . . [weighted service order (H04L 47/52, H04L 47/54, H04L 47/56 take precedence)]
47/6235 . . . [variable service order]
47/624 . . . [Altering the ordering of packets in an individual queue]
47/6245 . . . [Modifications to standard FIFO or LIFO]
47/625 . . . [Other criteria for service slot or service order]
(Packet switching elements (selecting arrangements for multiplex arrangements using optical switching H04Q 11/0001))

49/10 . [Switching fabric construction]
49/101 . [Crossbar or matrix]
49/102 . [using shared medium, e.g. bus or ring]
49/103 . [using shared central buffer, shared memory, e.g. time switching]
49/104 . [ATM switching fabrics]
49/105 . [ATM switching elements]
49/106 . [using space switching, e.g. crossbar or matrix]
49/107 . [using shared medium]
49/108 . [using shared central buffer]
49/109 . [integrated on microchip, e.g. switch-on-chip]
49/15 . [Interconnection of switching modules]
49/1507 . [Distribute and route fabrics, e.g. sorting-routing or Batchet-Banyan]
49/1515 . [Non-blocking multistage, e.g. Clos]
49/1523 . [Parallel switch fabric planes]
49/153 . [ATM switching fabrics having parallel switch planes]
49/1538 . [Cell switching]
49/1546 . [Pipelined operation]
49/1553 . [Interconnection of ATM switching modules, e.g. ATM switching fabrics]
49/1561 . [Distribute and route fabrics, e.g. Batchet-Banyan]
49/1569 . [Clos switching fabrics]
49/1576 . [Crossbar or matrix]
49/1584 . [Full Mesh, e.g. knockout]
49/1592 . [Perfect Shuffle]
49/20 . [Support for services or operations]
49/201 . [Multicast or broadcast]
49/203 . [ATM switching fabrics with multicast or broadcast capabilities]
49/205 . [Quality of Service based]
49/206 . [Real Time traffic]
49/208 . [Port mirroring]
49/25 . [Routing or path finding through a switch fabric]
49/251 . [Cut-through or wormhole routing]
49/252 . [Store and forward routing]
49/253 . [Connections establishment or release between ports]
49/254 . [Centralized controller, i.e. arbitration or scheduling]
49/255 . [Control mechanisms for ATM switching fabrics]
49/256 . [Routing or path finding in ATM switching fabrics]
49/257 . [Cut-through or wormhole routing]
49/258 . [Grouping]
49/30 . [Peripheral units, e.g. input or output ports]
49/3009 . [Header conversion, routing tables or routing tags]
49/3018 . [Input queuing]
49/3027 . [Output queuing]
51/00  [Arrangements for user-to-user messaging in packet-switching networks, e.g. e-mail or instant messages]

51/02  . . [with automatic reactions or user delegation, e.g. automatic replies or chatbot]

51/04  . . [Real-time or near real-time messaging, e.g. instant messaging [IM] (network arrangements or protocols for real-time communications H04L 65/00)]

51/06  . . [Message adaptation based on network or terminal capabilities (networked arrangements for intermediate processing of conversion or adaptation of application content or format H04L 67/2823)]

51/08  . . [Messages including annexed information, e.g. attachments]

51/10  . . [Messages including multimedia information (network arrangements or protocols for real-time communication H04L 65/00; voice messaging in telephonic communication using automatic or semi-automatic exchanges with non-audio components H04M 3/5307)]

51/12  . . [with filtering and selective blocking capabilities]

51/14  . . [with selective forwarding]

51/16  . . [including conversation history, e.g. threads]

51/18  . . [Messages including commands or codes to be executed either at an intermediate node or at the recipient to perform message-related actions (computer aided management of electronic mail G06Q 10/10; networked applications for remote control or remote monitoring of the application H04L 67/025; networked applications involving the movement of software or configuration parameters H04L 67/34)]

51/20  . . [Messaging using geographical location information (protocols for adapting network applications to user terminal location H04L 67/18; services specially adapted for wireless communication networks making use of the location of users or terminals H04W 4/02)]
51/22 . [Mailbox-related details (computer aided management of electronic mail G06Q 10/10)]
51/24 . [with notification on incoming messages]
51/26 . [Prioritized messaging (networked applications for intermediate processing whereby quality of service or priority requirements are taken into account H04L 67/02)]
51/28 . [Details regarding addressing issues (arrangements and protocols for addressing and naming H04L 61/00)]
51/30 . [with reliability check, e.g. acknowledgments or fault reporting]
51/32 . [Messaging within social networks]
51/34 . [with provisions for tracking the progress of a message]
51/36 . [Unified messaging, e.g. interactions between instant messaging, e-mail or other types of messages such as converged IP messaging (CPM)]
51/38 . [in combination with wireless systems (mobile application service signalling using messaging, e.g. SMS, H04W 4/12)]

61/00 [Network arrangements or network protocols for addressing or naming]

NOTE
This group does not cover:
• aspects relating to switching or routing which are covered by groups H04L 45/00 or H04L 49/00;
• aspects relating to configuration management of data networks or network elements in general, which are covered by group H04L 41/08;
• aspects of addressing in telephony which are covered by group H04M 7/00;
• aspects of addressing within devices, e.g. process or memory, which are covered by groups G06F 13/42 or G06F 12/00.

61/10 . [Mapping of addresses of different types; Address resolution]
61/103 . . . [across network layers, e.g. resolution of network layer into physical layer addresses or address resolution protocol (ARP)]
61/106 . . . [across networks, e.g. mapping telephone numbers to data network addresses]
61/15 . . . [Directories; Name-to-address mapping (telephone directories in user terminals H04M 1/27)]
61/1505 . . . [involving standard directories or standard directory access protocols]
61/1511 . . . [using domain name system (DNS)]
61/1517 . . . [using open systems interconnection (OSI) directories, i.e. X.500]
61/1523 . . . [using lightweight directory access protocol (LDAP)]
61/1529 . . . [using voice over internet protocol (VoIP) directories, e.g. session initiation protocol (SIP) registrar or H.323 gatekeeper (real-time signaling or sessions protocols H04L 65/1003)]
61/1535 . . . [using an address exchange platform which sets up a session between two nodes, e.g. "rendezvous" server (address exchange for voice over internet protocol [VoIP] H04L 61/1529)]

61/1541 . . . [for service discovery (network applications for service discovery H04L 67/16; discovery of network devices in wireless communication networks H04W 8/005)]
61/1547 . . . [for personal communications, i.e. using a personal identifier]
61/1552 . . . [Mechanisms for table lookup, e.g. between directories; Directory data structures; Synchronization of directories (information retrieval in file systems G06F 16/10; information retrieval in structured data stores G06F 16/20)]
61/1558 . . . [Object oriented directories, e.g. common object request broker architecture (CORBA) name server]
61/1564 . . . [Directories for electronic mail or instant messaging (arrangements for user-to-user messaging in packet-switching networks H04L 51/00)]
61/157 . . . [Directories for hybrid networks, e.g. including telephone numbers]
61/1576 . . . [Metadirectories, i.e. all encompassing global directory which interfaces to various underlying directories]
61/1582 . . . [containing identifiers of data entities on a computer, e.g. file names]
61/1588 . . . [containing mobile subscriber information, e.g. home subscriber server (HSS)]
61/1594 . . . [Address books, i.e. directories containing contact information about correspondents, e.g. on a user device (directories providing the best way to reach a correspondent H04L 61/1547)]
61/20 . . . [Address allocation (configuration management of network or network elements H04L 41/08)]
61/2007 . . . [internet protocol (IP) addresses]
61/2015 . . . [using the dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) or variants]
61/2023 . . . [using the bootstrap protocol (BOOTP) or variants]
61/203 . . . [using an authentication, authorization and accounting (AAA) protocol, e.g. remote authentication dial-in user service (RADIUS) or diameter (supporting authentication of entities communicating through a packet data network H04L 63/08; cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication H04L 9/32)]
61/2038 . . . [for local use, e.g. on local area networks (LAN) or on universal serial bus (USB) networks (bus addresses inside a computer G06F 13/42)]
61/2046 . . . [involving the solving of address allocation conflicts or involving testing of addresses]
61/2053 . . . [involving timing or renewal aspects]
61/2061 . . . [involving aspects of pools of addresses, e.g. assignment of different pools of addresses to different dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) servers]
61/2069 . . . [for group-, multicast- and broadcast-communication (broadcast or conference H04L 12/18)]
61/2076 . . . [involving update or notification mechanisms, e.g. update of a domain name server with dynamic host configuration protocol (DHCP) assigned addresses]
61/2084 . . . [involving portability aspects (network addressing or numbering for mobility support H04W 8/26; wireless network layer protocols, e.g. mobile IP H04W 80/04)]

61/2092 . . . [by self assignment, e.g. pick address randomly and test if already in use]

61/25 . . . [mapping of addresses of the same type; address translation]

61/2503 . . . [Internet protocol [IP] address translation]
61/2507 . . . [translating between special types of IP addresses]

61/251 . . . . [between different IP versions]
61/2514 . . . . [between local and global IP addresses]
61/2517 . . . . [involving port numbers]
61/2521 . . . . [Special translation architecture, i.e. being different from a single network address translation [NAT] server]

61/2525 . . . . [Translation at a client]
61/2528 . . . . [Translation at a proxy]
61/2532 . . . . [Clique of NAT servers]
61/2535 . . . . [Multiple local networks, e.g. resolving potential IP address conflicts]
61/2539 . . . . [for hiding addresses or keeping them anonymous]
61/2542 . . . . [involving dual-stack hosts]
61/2546 . . . . [Mechanisms for avoiding unnecessary translation]
61/2553 . . . . [Map-table maintenance and indexing]
61/255 . . . . [Binding renewal aspects; Keep-alive messages]

61/2557 . . . . [Translation policies and rules]
61/256 . . . . . [Network address translation [NAT] traversal]
61/2564 . . . . . [for a higher-layer protocol, e.g. for session initiation protocol [SIP] (SIP for real-time communications H04L 65/1006)]

61/2567 . . . . . [for reachability, e.g. inquiring the address of a correspondent behind a NAT server]
61/2571 . . . . . [for identification, e.g. for authentication or billing (charging arrangements H04L 12/14)]
61/2575 . . . . . [using address mapping retrieval, e.g. simple traversal of user datagram protocol through NAT [STUN]]

61/2578 . . . . [transparent to the NAT server]
61/2582 . . . . [through control of the NAT server, e.g. using universal plug and play [UPnP]]
61/2585 . . . . [through application level gateway [ALG]]
61/2589 . . . . [over a relay server, e.g. traversal using relay NAT [TURN]]
61/2592 . . . . [involving tunneling or encapsulation (providing a confidential data exchange among entities communicating through data packet networks H04L 63/04)]

61/2596 . . . [Non - internet protocol [IP] address translation]
61/30 . . . . . [Arrangements for managing names, e.g. use of aliases or nicknames (retrieval from the Internet by using information identifiers, e.g. uniform resource locators [URLs] [G06F 16/955; name-to-address mapping H04L 61/15]]

61/3005 . . . . [Mechanisms for avoiding name conflicts]
61/301 . . . . . [Name conversion]
61/3015 . . . . [Name registration, generation or assignment]

61/302 . . . . [Administrative registration, e.g. for domain names at internet corporation for assigned names and numbers [ICANN] (data processing specially adapted for administration or management G06Q 10/00)]

61/3025 . . . . [Domain name generation or assignment]
61/303 . . . . . [Name structure]
61/3035 . . . . [containing non-Latin characters, e.g. Chinese domain names]

61/304 . . . . [containing protocol addresses or telephone numbers (address type involved H04L 61/6018)]
61/3045 . . . . [containing wildcard characters]
61/305 . . . . . [containing special prefixes]
61/3055 . . . . [containing special suffixes]
61/306 . . . . . [Name types]
61/3065 . . . . [Application layer names, e.g. buddy name, unstructured name chosen by a user or home appliance name]

61/307 . . . . [E-mail addresses (arrangements for user-to-user messaging in packet-switching networks H04L 51/00)]
61/3075 . . . . [Access point names [APN], i.e. name of a gateway general packet radio service support node [GGSN] connecting a mobile user to a packet data network [PDN]]
61/308 . . . . [Telephone uniform resource identifier [URI]]
61/3085 . . . . [Session initiation protocol [SIP] uniform resource identifier [URI]]
61/309 . . . . . [Globally routable user-agent [GRUU] uniform resource identifier [URI] for the session initiation protocol [SIP]]
61/3095 . . . . [Internet protocol multimedia private identity [IMPI] or internet protocol multimedia public identity [IMPU]]

61/35 . . . . [involving non-standard use of addresses for implementing network functionalities, e.g. coding subscription information within the address or functional addressing, i.e. assigning an address to a function]

61/60 . . . . [Details]
61/6004 . . . . [Structures or formats of addresses]
61/6009 . . . . [Caching of addresses (caching data temporarily at an intermediate stage in general H04L 67/2842)]
61/6013 . . . . [Proxying of addresses]
61/6018 . . . . [Address types]
61/602 . . . . . [Layer 2 addresses, e.g. medium access control [MAC] addresses]
61/6027 . . . . [Control area network [CAN] identifiers (electric circuits specially adapted for vehicles for transmission of signals between vehicle parts and subsystems B60R 16023)]
61/6031 . . . . [Small computer system interface [SCSI] addresses]
61/6036 . . . . [IEEE1394 identification numbers]
61/604 . . . . . [Asynchronous transfer mode [ATM] addresses]
61/6045 . . . . . [Fibre channel identifiers]
61/605 . . . . . [Telephone numbers]
61/6054 . . . . . [International mobile subscriber identity [IMSI] numbers]
61/6059 . . . . [Internet protocol version 6 [IPv6] addresses]
61/6063 . . . [Transport layer addresses, e.g. aspects of transmission control protocol [TCP] or user datagram protocol [UDP] ports (TCP/IP or UDP protocol aspects or techniques H04L 69/16)]
61/6068 . . . [Internet protocol [IP] addresses subnets]
61/6072 . . . [Short addresses]
61/6077 . . . [Multiple interfaces, e.g. multihomed nodes]
61/6081 . . . [involving addresses for wireless personal area networks and wireless sensor networks, e.g. Zigbee addresses (network addressing or numbering for mobility support H04W 8/26)]
61/6086 . . . [involving dual-stack hosts, e.g. in internet protocol version 4 (IPv4)/internet protocol version 6 (IPv6) networks (implementation details of transmission control protocol [TCP]/internet protocol [IP] or user datagram protocol [UDP]/internet protocol [IP] stack architecture H04L 69/161)]
61/609 . . . [involving geographic information, e.g. room number]
61/6095 . . . [involving masks or ranges of addresses]

63/00 [Network architectures or network communication protocols for network security (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for secret or secure communication H04L 9/00; network architectures or network communication protocols for wireless network security H04W 12/00; security arrangements for protecting computers or computer systems against unauthorised activity G06F 21/00)]

63/02 . . . [for separating internal from external traffic, e.g. firewalls]
63/0209 . . . [Architectural arrangements, e.g. perimeter networks or demilitarized zones]
63/0218 . . . [Distributed architectures, e.g. distributed firewalls]
63/0227 . . . [Filtering policies (mail message filtering H04L 51/12)]
63/0236 . . . [Filtering by address, protocol, port number or service, e.g. IP-address or URL]
63/0245 . . . [Filtering by information in the payload]
63/0254 . . . [Stateful filtering]
63/0263 . . . [Rule management]
63/0272 . . . [Virtual private networks]
63/0281 . . . [Proxies]
63/029 . . . [Firewall traversal, e.g. tunnelling or, creating pinholes]
63/04 . . . [for providing a confidential data exchange among entities communicating through data packet networks]
63/0407 . . . [wherein the identity of one or more communicating identities is hidden (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for anonymous credentials or for identity based cryptographic systems H04L 9/00)]
63/0414 . . . [during transmission, i.e. party’s identity is protected against eavesdropping, e.g. by using temporary identifiers, but is known to the other party or parties involved in the communication]
63/0421 . . . [Anonymous communication, i.e. the party’s identifiers are hidden from the other party or parties, e.g. using an anonymizer]
63/0428 . . . [wherein the data content is protected, e.g. by encrypting or encapsulating the payload]
63/0435 . . . [wherein the sending and receiving network entities apply symmetric encryption, i.e. same key used for encryption and decryption (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for symmetric key encryption H04L 9/06)]
63/0442 . . . [wherein the sending and receiving network entities apply asymmetric encryption, i.e. different keys for encryption and decryption (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for public-key encryption H04L 9/30)]
63/045 . . . [wherein the sending and receiving network entities apply hybrid encryption, i.e. combination of symmetric and asymmetric encryption (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements using a plurality of keys or algorithms H04L 9/14)]
63/0457 . . . [wherein the sending and receiving network entities apply dynamic encryption, e.g. stream encryption (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for stream encryption H04L 9/06)]
63/0464 . . . [using hop-by-hop encryption, i.e. wherein an intermediate entity decrypts the information and re-encrypts it before forwarding it]
63/0471 . . . [applying encryption by an intermediary, e.g. receiving clear information at the intermediary and encrypting the received information at the intermediary before forwarding]
63/0478 . . . [applying multiple layers of encryption, e.g. nested tunnels or encrypting the content with a first key and then with at least a second key (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements using a plurality of keys or algorithms H04L 9/14)]
63/0485 . . . [Networking architectures for enhanced packet encryption processing, e.g. offloading of IPSec packet processing or efficient security association look-up]
63/0492 . . . [by using a location-limited connection, e.g. near-field communication or limited proximity of entities]
63/06 . . . [for supporting key management in a packet data network (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for key management H04L 9/08)]
63/061 . . . [for key exchange, e.g. in peer-to-peer networks (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for key agreement H04L 9/08)]
63/062 . . . [for key distribution, e.g. centrally by trusted party (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for key distribution involving a central third party H04L 9/08)]
63/064 . . . [Hierarchical key distribution, e.g. by multi-tier trusted parties]
63/065 . . . [for group communications (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for key management involving conference or group key H04L 9/08)]
63/067 . . . [using one-time keys (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for generation of one-time passwords H04L 9/08)]
63/068 . . [using time-dependent keys, e.g. periodically changing keys (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for controlling usage of secret information H04L 9/085)]

63/08 . . [for supporting authentication of entities communicating through a packet data network (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication H04L 9/32)]

63/0807 . . [using tickets, e.g. Kerberos (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication using tickets or tokens H04L 9/3213)]

63/0815 . . [providing single-sign-on or federations]

63/0823 . . [using certificates (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication involving certificates H04L 9/3263)]

63/083 . . [using passwords (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication using a predetermined code H04L 9/3262)]

63/0838 . . [using one-time-passwords]

63/0846 . . [using time-dependent-passwords, e.g. periodically changing passwords]

63/0853 . . [using an additional device, e.g. smartcard, SIM or a different communication terminal (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication involving additional secure or trusted devices H04L 9/3234)]

63/0861 . . [using biometrical features, e.g. fingerprint, retina-scan (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for entity authentication using biological data H04L 9/3231)]

63/0869 . . [for achieving mutual authentication (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for mutual authentication H04L 9/3273)]

63/0876 . . [based on the identity of the terminal or configuration, e.g. MAC address, hardware or software configuration or device fingerprint]

63/0884 . . [by delegation of authentication, e.g. a proxy authenticates an entity to be authenticated on behalf of this entity vis-à-vis an authentication entity]

63/0892 . . [by using authentication-authorization-accounting (AAA) servers or protocols]

63/10 . . [for controlling access to network resources (restricting network management access H04L 41/28)]

63/101 . . [Access control lists (ACL)]

63/102 . . [Entity profiles]

63/104 . . [Grouping of entities]

63/105 . . [Multiple levels of security]

63/107 . . [wherein the security policies are location-dependent, e.g. entities privileges depend on current location or allowing specific operations only from locally connected terminals]

63/108 . . [when the policy decisions are valid for a limited amount of time]

63/12 . . [Applying verification of the received information (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for data integrity or data verification H04L 9/32)]

63/123 . . [received data contents, e.g. message integrity]

63/126 . . [the source of the received data]

63/14 . . [for detecting or protecting against malicious traffic]

63/1408 . . [by monitoring network traffic (monitoring network traffic per se H04L 43/00)]

63/1416 . . [Event detection, e.g. attack signature detection]

63/1425 . . [Traffic logging, e.g. anomaly detection]

63/1433 . . [Vulnerability analysis]

63/1441 . . [Countermeasures against malicious traffic (countermeasures against attacks on cryptographic mechanisms H04L 9/002)]

63/145 . . [the attack involving the propagation of malware through the network, e.g. viruses, trojans or worms]

63/1458 . . [Denial of Service]

63/1466 . . [Active attacks involving interception, injection, modification, spoofing of data unit addresses, e.g. hijacking, packet injection or TCP sequence number attacks]

63/1475 . . [Passive attacks, e.g. eavesdropping or listening without modification of the traffic monitored]

63/1483 . . [service impersonation, e.g. phishing, pharming or web spoofing (detection of rogue wireless access points H04W 12/12)]

63/1491 . . [using deception as countermeasure, e.g. honeypots, honeynets, decoys or entrapment]

63/16 . . [Implementing security features at a particular protocol layer]

63/162 . . [at the data link layer]

63/164 . . [at the network layer]

63/166 . . [at the transport layer]

63/168 . . [above the transport layer]

63/18 . . [using different networks or paths for security, e.g. using out of band channels (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for key distribution involving distinctive intermediate devices or communication paths H04L 9/0827), cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for authentication using a plurality of channels H04L 9/3215)]

63/20 . . [for managing network security; network security policies in general (filtering policies H04L 63/0227)]

63/205 . . [involving negotiation or determination of the one or more network security mechanisms to be used, e.g. by negotiation between the client and the server or between peers or by selection according to the capabilities of the entities involved (negotiation of communication capabilities H04L 69/24)]

63/30 . . [for supporting lawful interception, monitoring or retaining of communications or communication related information (circuit switched telephony call monitoring H04M 3/22)]

63/302 . . [gathering intelligence information for situation awareness or reconnaissance]

63/304 . . [intercepting circuit switched data communications (lawful interception of wireless network communications H04W 12/02)]

63/306 . . [intercepting packet switched data communications, e.g. Web, Internet or IMS communications]
63/00  (Network arrangements or protocols for real-time communications (computer conference H04L 12/1813; real time or near real time messaging in message switching systems, e.g. instant messaging H04L 51/04: network applications in general H04L 67/00: systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/42: interconnection arrangements between switching centres for working between exchanges having different types of switching equipment where the types of switching equipment comprise PSTN/ISDN equipment and equipment of networks other than PSTN/ISDN H04M 7/1205: television systems H04N 7/00: selective video distribution H04N 21/00))

NOTES
1. {This group covers:
   • only communications which fulfill the following two conditions:
     i. they are based on packet data;
     ii. there is real-time or pseudo-real-time temporal association between source and destination, or source and network, or destination and network;
   • provided that the above two conditions are met, this group covers arrangements relating to
     a. the transmission of the multimedia data itself,
     b. the user-to-user, user-to-network, inter-network or intra-network signalling supporting:
        b1. the establishment of a session for the subsequent transmission of the multimedia data, or
        b2. the maintenance of the session or destination, or source and network, or
        b3. the application services available to the user during the session (unless explicitly excluded in certain cases).}

2. {This group does not cover:
   • non-real-time multimedia file transfer, which is covered by group H04L 51/04;
   • multimedia store or forward messaging as in e-mail, MMS or the like, which is covered by group H04L 51/00;
   • analogue video streaming, as in analogue television systems, which is covered by group H04N 7/00;
   • selective distribution of MPEG elementary or transport streams, containing video and/ or additional data, which is covered by group H04N 21/00;
   • bit streaming, i.e. not packet-based, such as in ISDN, which is covered by group H04Q 11/0428;
   • instant messaging, which is covered by group H04L 51/04;
   • any other multimodal data communications which do not meet the conditions of being packet-based and real-time or pseudo-real-time;
   • flow control in packet switching networks, which is covered by group H04L 47/10.}

3. {In this group the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:
   • H.323 means International Telecommunication Union Recommendation no. 323, series H, entitled “Packet-based multimedia communications systems”
   • IP means Internet Protocol
   • IMS means IP Multimedia Subsystem
   • ISDN means Integrated Services Digital Network
   • MGC means Media Gateway Control/Controller
   • MGCP means Media Gateway Control Protocol
   • MMS means Multimedia Messaging Service
   • PBX means Private Branch Exchange
   • PSTN means Public Switched Telephone Network
   • QoS means Quality of Service
   • RTP means Real Time Protocol
   • RTCP means Real Time Control Protocol
   • RTSP means Real Time Streaming Protocol.
   • SIP means Session Initiation Protocol
   • SPAM means unsolicited electronic mail
   • SPIT means SPAM Prevention in IP Telephony}

65/10  (Signalling, control or architecture (data network management H04L 41/00: data network testing or monitoring H04L 43/00: admission control or resource reservation in packet switching networks H04L 47/70: control signalling related to video distribution H04N 21/63; selecting or control in telephonic networks H04Q 3/00))
65/1063 . . . [Application servers (systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/42)]

65/1066 . . . [Session control (conducting a computer conference, e.g. admission, detection, selection or grouping of participants, correlating users to one or more conference session or prioritising transmission, H04L 12/1822; admission control/resource reservation in packet switching networks H04L 47/70)]

65/1069 . . . [Setup (computer conference organisation arrangements, e.g. handling schedules, setting up parameters needed by nodes to attend a conference, booking network resources or notifying involved parties H04L 12/1818; admission control or resource reservation in packet switching networks H04L 47/70; arrangements for peer-to-peer networking in network applications H04L 67/104; session management in network applications H04L 67/14; negotiation of communication capabilities H04L 69/24)]

65/1073 . . . [Registration (arrangements for addressing or naming in data networks H04L 61/00)]

65/1076 . . . [Screening (arrangements for screening incoming telephone calls H04M 3/436; arrangements for network security H04L 63/00)]

65/1079 . . . [of unsolicited session attempts, e.g. SPIT (message switching systems, e.g. electronic mail systems, with filtering and selective blocking capabilities H04L 51/12)]

65/1083 . . . [In-session procedures (computer conferences, network arrangements for conference optimisation or adaptation H04L 12/1827; reactions to resource unavailability in packet switching networks H04L 47/74; reallocation or renegotiation of resources in packet switching networks H04L 47/76)]

65/1086 . . . [session scope modification]

65/1089 . . . [by adding or removing media]

65/1093 . . . [by adding or removing participants]

65/1096 . . . [Features, e.g. call-forwarding or call hold (systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/42)]

65/40 . . . [Services or applications (network service management for ensuring proper service fulfilment H04L 41/50; information services comprising voice H04M 3/487; systems providing special services to telephonic subscribers H04M 3/42; contact center services H04M 3/51)]

65/4007 . . . [Services involving a main real-time session and one or more additional parallel sessions (real time messaging, e.g. instant messaging, interacting with other applications or services H04L 51/046; multichannel or multilink protocols H04L 69/14; services and arrangements where telephone services are combined with data services H04M 7/0024)]

65/4015 . . . [where at least one of the additional parallel sessions is real time or time sensitive, e.g. white board sharing, collaboration or spawning of a subconference (telewriting, virtual reality or network gaming H04L 67/38)]

65/4023 . . . [where none of the additional parallel sessions is real time or time sensitive, e.g. downloading a file in a parallel FTP session, initiating an email or combinational services (message switching systems H04L 51/00; instant messaging H04L 51/04; file transfer H04L 67/06; web-based applications H04L 67/02)]

65/403 . . . [Arrangements for multiparty communication, e.g. conference (television conferencing systems H04N 7/15; telephonic conference systems H04M 3/56; data switching systems for computer conference H04L 12/1813)]

65/4038 . . . [with central floor control (data switching systems for conducting a computer conference, e.g. admission, detection, selection or grouping of participants H04L 12/1822)]

65/4046 . . . [with distributed floor control]

65/4053 . . . [without floor control]

65/4061 . . . [“Push-to-X” services (push-to-talk services in wireless networks H04W 4/10; connection management, e.g. connection set-up, manipulation or release for push-to-talk or push-on-call services in wireless communication networks H04W 76/45)]

65/4069 . . . [Services related to one way streaming]

65/4076 . . . [Multicast or broadcast (data switching systems for broadcast or conference H04L 12/18; analog television systems in general H04N 7/00; creating video channels for a dedicated end-user group H04N 21/2668; arrangements for broadcast or distribution combined with broadcast H04H 20/00; arrangements for broadcast applications with a direct linkage of broadcast information H04H 60/00; arrangements for push based network services H04L 67/26)]

65/4084 . . . [Content on demand (analog television systems using two way working H04N 7/173; end-user applications for requesting content, additional data or services H04N 21/472)]

65/4092 . . . [Control of source by destination, e.g. user controlling streaming rate of server (explicit feedback from the destination to the source to modify data rate for flow control or congestion control in packet switching networks, e.g. choke packet H04L 47/76; end-to-end flow control in packet switching networks H04L 47/18; analog television systems using two way working H04N 7/173; control signals to video servers issued by video clients H04N 21/6377)]

65/60 . . . [Media handling, encoding, streaming or conversion]
65/601 ... {Media manipulation, adaptation or conversion (computer conferences, network arrangements for conference optimisation or adaptation H04L 12/1827; flow control or congestion control in packet switching networks H04L 47/10; message switching systems, e.g. electronic mail systems, with message adaptation based on network or terminal capabilities H04L 51/06; adaptation for terminals or networks with limited resources or for terminal portability H04L 67/08; network application being adapted for the location of the user terminal H04L 67/18; involving intermediate processing or storage in the network H04L 67/28; transmission of television signals using pulse code modulation H04N 7/24)}

65/602 ... [at the source (reformatting of video signals in video distribution servers H04N 21/2343; reformatting of additional data in video distribution servers H04N 21/2355)]

65/604 ... [at the destination (reformatting of video signals in video clients H04N 21/4402; reformatting of additional data in video clients H04N 21/4355)]

65/605 ... [intermediate]

65/607 ... {Stream encoding details (interfacing the downstream path of a video distribution network H04N 21/238, H04N 21/438; controlling the complexity of a video stream H04N 21/2662, H04N 21/4621, H04N 21/64792; protocols for data compression H04L 69/04; header parsing or analysis H04L 69/22)}

65/608 ... {QoS aspects (monitoring of the downstream path of a video distribution network H04N 21/2402, H04N 21/44209; network service management, ensuring proper service fulfillment according to an agreement or contract between two parties, e.g. between an IT-provider and a customer H04L 41/50; monitoring arrangements, testing arrangements, with monitoring of QoS metrics H04L 43/08; traffic-type related flow control in packet switching networks, e.g. priorities or QoS H04L 47/24; admission control/resource reservation in packet switching networks based on QoS or priority awareness H04L 47/805; adaptation for terminals or networks with limited resources, or for terminal portability H04L 67/04; network application adapted for the location of the user terminal H04L 67/18; reducing the amount or size of exchanged application data H04L 67/2828; arrangements for scheduling or organising the servicing of requests whereby quality of service or priority requirements are taken into account H04L 67/322)}

65/609 ... [QoS aspects (monitoring of the downstream path of a video distribution network H04N 21/2402, H04N 21/44209; network service management, ensuring proper service fulfillment according to an agreement or contract between two parties, e.g. between an IT-provider and a customer H04L 41/50; monitoring arrangements, testing arrangements, with monitoring of QoS metrics H04L 43/08; traffic-type related flow control in packet switching networks, e.g. priorities or QoS H04L 47/24; admission control/resource reservation in packet switching networks based on QoS or priority awareness H04L 47/805; adaptation for terminals or networks with limited resources, or for terminal portability H04L 67/04; network application adapted for the location of the user terminal H04L 67/18; reducing the amount or size of exchanged application data H04L 67/2828; arrangements for scheduling or organising the servicing of requests whereby quality of service or priority requirements are taken into account H04L 67/322)]

67/00 [Network-specific arrangements or communication protocols supporting networked applications (message switching systems H04L 51/00; network management protocols H04L 41/00; routing or path finding of packets in data switching networks H04L 45/00; protocols for real-time multimedia communication H04L 65/00; information retrieval G06F 16/00; services or facilities specially adapted for wireless communication networks H04W 4/00; network structures or processes for video distribution between server and client or between remote clients H04N 21/00; exchange systems providing special services or facilities to subscribers involving telephonic communications H04M 34/2; distributed information systems G06F 9/00, G06F 17/00; lower layer network functionalities which support application layer provisions H04L 12/00)]

NOTES

1. This group covers:
   1. Networking arrangements or communication protocols to support networked applications which occur at the abstract network layers 5 to 7 of the OSI layer model. The higher layers constitute the interface between the network and the computer applications that use the network to communicate.
   2. Network-specific aspects of client-server applications as well as of networking arrangements supporting networked/distributed applications, e.g. data transport, scheduling. This group also covers specific networked application layer protocols, e.g. FTP, WAP, HTTP.

2. This group does not cover:
   1. Distributed applications which are network-agnostic, i.e. distributed information systems for which the network functions are transparent. These field are covered, e.g. by G06F 9/00, G06F 17/00. Data switching network provisions in general and the lower layer network functionalities which support application layer provisions are covered by H04L 12/00

67/02 ... {involving the use of web-based technology, e.g. hyper text transfer protocol [HTTP] (information retrieval from the Internet G06F 16/95)}

67/025 ... {for remote control or remote monitoring of the application (network management using Internet technology H04L 41/0246; network monitoring H04L 43/00; management of end-device applications over a special purpose or proprietor network H04L 67/125)}

67/04 ... {adapted for terminals or networks with limited resources or for terminal portability, e.g. wireless application protocol [WAP] (services or facilities specially adapted for wireless communication networks H04W 4/00)}

67/06 ... {adapted for file transfer, e.g. file transfer protocol [FTP]}

67/08 ... {adapted for terminal emulation, e.g. telnet (protocols for telewriting or protocols for networked simulations, virtual reality or games H04L 67/38; emulation or software simulation G06F 9/455)}
[H04L]

67/10 . . . [in which an application is distributed across nodes in the network (multiprogramming arrangements G06F 9/46)]

67/1002 . . . [for accessing one among a plurality of replicated servers, e.g. load balancing (arrangements or protocols for peer-to-peer networking H04L 67/104; protocols for client-server architectures H04L 67/42; allocation of processing resources to service requests in a distributed system G06F 9/5027; rebalancing the processing load in a distributed system G06F 9/5083; wireless network traffic load balancing H04W 29/08: network load balancing, traffic engineering H04L 47/125; video servers using load balancing strategies H04N 21/23103; error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware G06F 11/16)]

67/1004 . . . [Server selection in load balancing]

67/1006 . . . [with static server selection, e.g. the same server being selected for a specific client (allocation of processing resources considering data affinity G06F 9/5033)]

67/1008 . . . [based on parameters of servers, e.g. available memory or workload (allocation of processing resources to a machine considering the load G06F 9/505)]

67/101 . . . [based on network conditions]

67/1012 . . . [based on compliance of requirements or conditions with available server resources]

67/1014 . . . [based on the content of a request]

67/1017 . . . [based on a round robin mechanism]

67/1019 . . . [based on random server selection]

67/1021 . . . [based on client or server locations]

67/1023 . . . [based on other criteria, e.g. hash applied to IP address, specific algorithms or cost]

67/1025 . . . [dynamic adaptation of the criteria on which the server selection is based]

67/1027 . . . [Persistence of sessions during load balancing]

67/1029 . . . [using data related to the state of servers by a load balancer (server selection based on server parameters H04L 67/1008; performance measurement for load balancing G06F 11/3433; information retrieval in structured data stores G06F 16/20)]

67/1031 . . . [Controlling of the operation of servers by a load balancer, e.g. adding or removing servers that serve requests]

67/1034 . . . [Reaction to server failures by a load balancer (network fault restoration H04L 41/0654; departure or maintenance mechanisms in Peer-to-Peer networks H04L 67/1048; intermediate processing providing operational support to end devices by emulation or by off-loading in the network H04L 67/2861; techniques for recovering from a failure of a protocol instance or entity H04L 69/40; error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in hardware G06F 11/16; failing over workload from one server to another one G06F 11/202)]

67/1036 . . . [Load balancing of requests to servers for services different from user content provisioning, e.g. load balancing to DNS servers or firewalls (internet service provider selection H04L 12/5691)]

67/1038 . . . [Load balancing arrangements to avoid a single path through a load balancer]

67/104 . . . [for peer-to-peer [P2P] networking; Functionalities or architectural details of P2P networks (file transfer, upload, download H04L 67/06; accessing replicated servers H04L 67/1002; presence management H04L 67/24; scheduling provisions H04L 67/32; real-time communications H04L 65/00; information retrieval using distributed database systems G06F 16/27; small scale hierarchical wireless network topologies H04W 84/10; wireless interfaces between terminal devices H04W 92/18; P2P connections between video clients H04N 21/632; P2P connections between video game machines A63F 13/34)]

67/1042 . . . [involving topology management mechanisms]

67/1044 . . . [Group management mechanisms (user group management in wireless communication networks H04W 4/08; management of multicast group membership H04L 12/185; reconfiguring of node membership in a computing system to eliminate errors G06F 11/425)]

67/1046 . . . [Joining mechanisms]

67/1048 . . . [Departure or maintenance mechanisms (methods for recovering from a failure of a protocol instance or entity H04L 69/40; intermediate processing providing operational support to end devices by emulation or by off-loading in the network H04L 67/2861; reactions to server failures by a load balancer H04L 67/1034; error detection or correction of the data by redundancy in operation G06F 11/14)]

67/1051 . . . [Group master selection mechanisms]

67/1053 . . . [with pre-configuration of logical or physical connections with a determined number of other peers]

67/1055 . . . [involving connection limits (involving dynamic management of active down- or uploading connections H04L 67/1051)]

67/1057 . . . [involving pre-assessment of levels of reputation of peers]

67/1059 . . . [Inter-group management mechanisms, e.g. splitting, merging or interconnection of groups]

67/1061 . . . [involving node-based peer discovery mechanisms (access to replicated servers H04L 67/1002; service discovery H04L 67/16; topology discovery for routing H04L 45/02; information retrieval in distributed file systems G06F 16/10; information retrieval in structured data stores, indexing, querying G06F 16/20)]

67/1063 . . . [Discovery through centralizing entities]

67/1065 . . . [Discovery involving distributed pre-established resource-based relationships among peers, e.g. based on distributed hash tables [DHT] (pre-configuration of logical or physical connections H04L 67/1053)]

67/1068 . . . [Discovery involving direct consultation or announcement among potential requesting and potential source peers]
67/107 . . . . (with limitation or expansion of the discovery scope)
67/1072 . . . . (Discovery involving ranked list compilation of candidate peers)
67/1074 . . . . (for supporting resource transmission mechanisms (routing over an overlay routing layer H04L 45/64: file transfer H04L 67/06))
67/1076 . . . . (Resource dissemination mechanisms or network resource keeping policies for optimal resource availability in the overlay network)
67/1078 . . . . (Resource delivery mechanisms)
67/108 . . . . (characterized by resources being split in blocks or fragments)
67/1082 . . . . (involving incentive schemes)
67/1085 . . . . (involving dynamic management of active down- or uploading connections)
67/1087 . . . . (involving cross functional networking aspects)
67/1089 . . . . (Hierarchical topologies)
67/1091 . . . . (Interfacing with client-server systems or between P2P systems)
67/1093 . . . . (Some peer nodes performing special functions)
67/1095 . . . . (for supporting replication or mirroring of data, e.g. scheduling or transport for data synchronisation between network nodes or user terminals or syncML (synchronisation in information retrieval in file systems G06F 16/10; synchronisation in structured data stores G06F 16/22; mass storage redundancy by mirroring for error detection or correction of data G06F 11/20/05))
67/1097 . . . . (for distributed storage of data in a network, e.g. network file system [NFS], transport mechanisms for storage area networks [SAN] or network attached storage [NAS] (temporary storage of data at an intermediate stage H04L 67/2842; dedicated interfaces to storage systems G06F 3/0601))
67/12 . . . . (adapted for proprietary or special purpose networking environments, e.g. medical networks, sensor networks, networks in a car or remote metering networks (home automation networks H04L 12/2803; total factory control characterised by the network communication G05B 19/4185; games involving transmission systems A63F 13/30))
67/125 . . . . (involving the control of end-device applications over a network (network management of network elements H04L 41/00; end-device control or monitoring using web-based technology H04L 67/025))
67/14 . . . . (for session management (session control for real-time communications H04L 65/1066; session initiation protocol H04L 65/1006; negotiation of communication capabilities H04L 69/24; computer conference arrangements H04L 12/1813; connection management in wireless networks H04W 7600; session management for telephonic communication and services H04M 7/00; intertask communications in multiprogramming arrangements G06F 9/54))
67/141 . . . . (provided for setup of an application session (session setup for real-time communications H04L 65/1069))
67/142 . . . . (provided for managing session state for stateless protocols; Signalling a session state; State transitions; Keeping-state mechanisms)
67/143 . . . . (provided for session termination, e.g., event controlled end of session)
67/145 . . . . (provided for avoiding end of session, e.g. keep-alive, heartbeats, resumption message, wake-up for inactive or interrupted session)
67/146 . . . . (Markers provided for unambiguous identification of a particular session, e.g. session identifier, session cookie or URL-encoding (IP multimedia subsystem H04L 65/1016; cryptographic mechanisms for verifying the identity or authority of a user or a system, ID based authentication H04L 9/32; cryptographic mechanisms for ID based key exchange H04L 9/08))
67/147 . . . . (provided for signalling methods or particular messages providing extensions to IETF, ITU, ETSI or 3GPP protocols, e.g., additional proprietary messages, standard messages enhanced by additional header fields or standard messages being used for purposes other than originally intended)
67/148 . . . . (provided for migration or transfer of sessions (in-session procedures in real-time communications H04L 65/1083; control or signalling for completing the hand-off in wireless networks H04W 36/0005))
67/16 . . . . (Service discovery or service management, e.g. service location protocol [SLP] or Web services (network service management for ensuring proper service fulfilment according to an agreement or contract between two parties H04L 41/50; address allocation to terminals or nodes connected to a network H04L 61/30; mobile application services specially adapted for wireless communication networks H04W 4/00))
67/18 . . . . (in which the network application is adapted for the location of the user terminal (wireless application services making use of the location of users or terminals H04W 4/02 takes precedence; location based Web retrieval (G06F 16/9537))
67/20 . . . . (involving third party service providers (e-commerce G06Q 30/00))
67/22 . . . . (Tracking the activity of the user (network monitoring arrangements H04L 43/00; recording of computer activity G06F 11/34; e-commerce G06Q 30/00))
67/24 . . . . (Presence management (use and manipulation of presence information in instant messaging H04L 51/043))
67/26 . . . . (Push based network services (broadcast or multicast push services H04L 12/1859))
67/28 . . . . (for the provision of proxy services, e.g. intermediate processing or storage in the network (network management provisions H04L 41/00; network monitoring provisions H04L 43/00; proxies for network security H04L 63/0281; media manipulation, adaptation or conversion in real-time communications H04L 65/601; protocol conversion H04L 69/08))
67/2804 . . . . (for adding application control or application functional data, e.g. adding metadata)
67/2809  . . . [for brokering (negotiation of communication capabilities H04L 69/24; e-commerce G06Q 30/00)]

67/2814  . . . [for data redirection (load balancing of replicated servers H04L 67/1002; access network selection H04L 12/5691; routing or path finding of packets H04L 45/00; content or context based routing H04L 67/327; network addressing or naming provisions H04L 61/00)]

67/2819  . . . [Enhancement of application control based on intercepted application data]

67/2823  . . . [for conversion or adaptation of application content or format (message adaptation based on network or terminal capabilities H04L 51/06; media manipulation, adaptation or conversion in real-time communications H04L 65/601; protocol conversion H04L 69/08; optimising visualization of content for web browsing G06F 16/9572)]

67/2828  . . . [for reducing the amount or size of exchanged application data (protocols for data compression H04L 69/04; digital video compression H04n 19(00)])

67/2833  . . . [for grouping or aggregating service requests, e.g. for unified processing of service requests (networking arrangements or communication protocols for scheduling or organising the servicing of application requests H04L 67/32)]

67/2838  . . . [for integrating service provisioning from a plurality of service providers (web site content organization and management G06F 16/958)]

67/2842  . . . [for storing temporarily at an intermediate stage, e.g. caching (distributed storage of data in a network H04L 67/1097; browsing optimization of access to content by caching G06F 16/9574; addressing of a cache within a hierarchically structured memory system G06F 12/0802; disk caching G06F 12/0866)]

67/2847  . . . [involving pre-fetching or pre-delivering data based on network characteristics (cache prefetching within a hierarchical structured memory system G06F 12/0862)]

67/2852  . . . [involving policies or rules for updating, deleting or replacing the stored data based on network characteristics (replacement control in memory systems G06F 12/12)]

67/2857  . . . [involving storage of data provided by user terminals, i.e. reverse caching]

67/2861  . . . [for providing operational support to end devices by emulation, e.g. when they are unavailable, or by off-loading in the network (techniques for recovering from a failure of a protocol instance or entity H04L 69/40; reactions to server failures by a load balancer H04L 67/1034; departure or maintenance mechanisms in peer-to-peer networks H04L 67/1048; terminal emulation H04L 67/08; disconnected operation in file systems G06F 16/10; emulation or software simulation G06F 9/455; input/output emulation function for peripheral devices G06F 13/105)]

67/2866  . . . [Architectural aspects]

67/2871  . . . [Implementation details of a single intermediate entity]

67/2876  . . . [Pairs of interprocessing entities at each side of the network, e.g. split proxies]

67/2888  . . . [Distributed intermediate devices, i.e. intermediate device interaction with other intermediate devices on the same level]

67/2885  . . . [Hierarchically arranged intermediate devices, e.g. hierarchical caching]

67/289  . . . [where the intermediate processing is functionally located closer to the data consumer application, e.g. in same machine, in same home or in same subnetwork]

67/2895  . . . [where the intermediate processing is functionally located closer to the data provider application, e.g. reverse proxies; in same machine, in same cluster or subnetwork]

67/30  . . . [involving profiles]

67/303  . . . [Terminal profiles]

67/306  . . . [User profiles (configuring for programme initiating G00F 9/44505; information retrieval by personalized querying G06F 16/9535)]

67/32  . . . [for scheduling or organising the servicing of application requests, e.g. requests for application data transmissions involving the analysis and optimisation of the required network resources (conference arrangement arrangements H04L 12/1813; broadcast or conference with schedule organisation H04L 12/1811; network service management, ensuring proper service fulfilment according to an agreement or contract between two parties H04L 41/50; intermediate grouping or aggregating of service requests H04L 67/2833)]

67/322  . . . [wheresby quality of service [QoS] or priority requirements are taken into account (monitoring of QoS metrics H04L 43/08; QoS aspects in real-time communications H04L 65/80)]

67/325  . . . [wheresby a time schedule is established for servicing the requests]

67/327  . . . [wheresby the routing of a service request to a node providing the service depends on the content or context of the request, e.g. profile, connectivity status, payload or application type]

67/34  . . . [involving the movement of software or configuration parameters (configuration management of network or network elements H04L 41/08; remote booting G06F 9/4416; programme loading or initiating G06F 9/445)]

67/36  . . . [involving the display of network or application conditions affecting the network application to the application user (graphical user interfaces for network management H04L 41/22)]

67/38  . . . [Protocols for telewriting; Protocols for networked simulations, virtual reality or games (games using an electronically generated display A63F 13/00; remote windowing or X-Windows G06F 9/452)]

67/40  . . . [Protocols for remote procedure calls [RPC] (remote procedure calls G06F 9/547)]

67/42  . . . [Protocols for client-server architectures (access to replicated servers H04L 67/1002)]
69/00  [Application independent communication protocol aspects or techniques in packet data networks (data switching networks H04L 12/00; broadcast or multicast H04L 12/18; network topologies, i.e. networks characterized by the path configuration, media access control H04L 12/28; hybrid switching systems H04L 12/64; gateways H04L 12/66; network management H04L 41/00; network monitoring or testing H04L 43/00; routing of packets H04L 45/00; flow control H04L 47/10; packet switches and switching fabrics H04L 49/00; intermediate storage or scheduling H04L 49/90; message switching systems, e.g. email, H04L 51/00; interconnection arrangements between CPUs, memories, or peripherals within a single computer G06F 13/00; transmission systems H04B; networks specially adapted for wireless communication H04W)]

69/02  [Protocol performance]

69/03  [Protocol definition or specification (protocol conformance testing H04L 1/224; specification techniques G06F 8/10)]

69/04  [Protocols for data compression (compression in general H03M 7/30; reduction of the amount or size of exchanged application data at an intermediate network processing stage H04L 67/2828; optimizing, e.g. header compression, information sizing in wireless communication networks H04W 28/06)]

69/06  [Notations for structuring of protocol data, e.g. abstract syntax notation one [ASN.1]]

69/08  [Protocols for interworking or protocol conversion (arrangements for connecting between networks having differing types of switching systems, e.g. gateways, H04L 12/66; network management protocols conversion H04L 41/0226)]

69/10  [Streamlined, light-weight or high-speed protocols, e.g. express transfer protocol [XTP] or byte stream]

69/12  [Protocol engines, e.g. VLSIs or transputers]

69/14  [Multichannel or multilink protocols]

69/16  [Transmission control protocol/internet protocol [TCP/IP] or user datagram protocol [UDP] (flow control or congestion control in data switching networks H04L 47/10; transport layer addressing aspects H04L 61/0053; special adaptations of TCP, UDP or IP for interworking of IP based networks with other networks H04L 69/169; adapting video multiplex streams to a specific network H04N 21/2381; network layer protocol adaptations for supporting mobility, e.g. mobile IP, H04W 80/04)]

69/161  [Implementation details of TCP/IP or UDP/IP stack architecture; Specification of modified or new header fields (protocols engines in general H04L 69/12; OSI stack based layering aspects H04L 69/32; protocol header analysis in general H04L 69/22; addressing aspects in multiple interfaces involving dual-stack hosts H04L 61/0868)]

69/162  [Involving adaptations of sockets based mechanisms (secure socket layer H04L 63/168)]

69/163  [Adaptation of TCP data exchange control procedures (generic OSI layer 4 protocols, e.g. SCTP H04L 69/2/26; TCP or UDP flow control procedures H04L 47/19; error control procedures in general H04L 1/18)]

69/164  [Adaptation or special uses of UDP protocol]

69/165  [Involving combined use or selection criteria between TCP and UDP protocols (multi-protocol arrangements in general H04L 69/18; multilink protocols in general H04L 69/14)]

69/166  [IP fragmentation or TCP segmentation aspects (evaluation of maximum transfer unit [MTU] H04L 47/36; assembly or disassembly of packets in wireless networks H04W 28/06)]

69/167  [Transitional provisions between IPv4 and IPv6 (address translation between IPv4 and IPv6 H04L 61/251; involvement of different protocol versions in wireless network layer protocols, e.g. MIPv4 and MIPv6 H04W 80/045)]

69/168  [Special adaptations of TCP, UDP or IP to match specific link layer protocols, e.g. ATM, SONET or PPP (IP over ATM H04L 2012/5667; special adaptation of TCP protocol for wireless media H04W 80/06)]

69/169  [Special adaptations of TCP, UDP or IP for interworking of IP based networks with other networks (protocols for interworking in general H04L 69/08)]

69/18  [Multi-protocol handler, e.g. single device capable of handling multiple protocols (multilayer or multiprotocol switches H04L 49/602)]

69/22  [Header parsing or analysis (traffic monitoring by flow aggregation or filtering H04L 43/02; flow identification in packet switching networks H04L 47/2483)]

69/24  [Negotiation of communication capabilities]

69/26  [Special purpose or proprietary protocols or architectures (network applications for proprietary or special purpose networking environments H04L 67/12)]

69/28  [Timer mechanisms used in protocols]

69/30  [Definitions, standards or architectural aspects of layered protocol stacks]

69/32  [High level architectural aspects of 7-layer open systems interconnection [OSI] type protocol stacks]

69/321  [Aspects of inter-layer communication protocols or service data unit [SDU] definitions; Interfaces between layers]

69/322  [Aspects of intra-layer communication protocols among peer entities or protocol data unit [PDU] definitions]

69/323  [In the physical layer, i.e. layer one (arrangements for detecting or preventing errors in the information received H04L 1/00; baseband systems H04L 25/00; modulated-carrier systems H04L 27/00)]

69/324  [In the data link layer, i.e. layer two, e.g. HDLC (arrangements for detecting or preventing errors in the information received H04L 1/00; bus networks H04L 12/40)]

69/325  [In the network layer, i.e. layer three, e.g. X.25 (packet switching systems, packet routing H04L 45/00; TCP/IP H04L 69/16)]

69/326  [In the transport layer, i.e. layer four (TCP/IP H04L 69/16; streaming protocols, e.g. RTP, H04L 65/088)]
69/327 . . . . (in the session layer, i.e. layer five (session initiation protocol H04L 65/1006; session control in real time communications H04L 65/1006; arrangements for session management H04L 67/14))

69/328 . . . . (in the presentation layer, i.e. layer six (graphical user interfaces G06F 3/048; terminal emulation, e.g. telnet, H04L 67/08))

69/329 . . . . (in the application layer, i.e. layer seven (network arrangements or network communication protocols for networked applications H04L 67/00; data processing systems and methods specially adapted for administrative, commercial, financial or managerial purposes G06Q))

69/40 . . . . (Techniques for recovering from a failure of a protocol instance or entity, e.g. failover routines, service redundancy protocols, protocol state redundancy or protocol service redirection in case of a failure or disaster recovery (network fault management H04L 41/06; route fault recovery in network routing H04L 45/28; fault recovery in packet switches H04L 49/557; reactions to failures of replicated servers by a load balancer H04L 67/1034; departure or maintenance mechanisms in peer-to-peer networks H04L 67/1048; intermediate processing of operational support to end devices when they are unavailable. H04L 67/2661))

2201/00 Algorithms used for the adjustment of time-domain equalizers

2201/02 . . . . minimizing an error signal, e.g. least squares, minimum square error

2201/04 . . . . zero-forcing

2201/06 . . . . using the output of a maximum likelihood decoder (Viterbi detector)

2201/08 . . . . Algorithms not covered by groups H04L 2201/02 - H04L 2201/06

2203/00 Characteristics of phase shift key signals

2203/02 . . . . differential

2203/04 . . . . continuous phase

2209/00 Additional information or applications relating to cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for secret or secure communication H04L 9/00

2209/04 . . . . Masking or blinding

2209/043 . . . . of tables, e.g. lookup, substitution or mapping

2209/046 . . . . of operations, operands or results of the operations

2209/08 . . . . Randomization, e.g. dummy operations or using noise

2209/12 . . . . Details relating to cryptographic hardware or logic circuitry

2209/122 . . . . Hardware reduction or efficient architectures

2209/125 . . . . Parallelization or pipelining, e.g. for accelerating processing of cryptographic operations

2209/127 . . . . Trusted platform modules [TPM]

2209/16 . . . . Obfuscation or hiding, e.g. involving white box

2209/20 . . . . Manipulating the length of blocks of bits, e.g. padding or block truncation

2209/24 . . . . Key scheduling, i.e. generating round keys or subkeys for block encryption

2209/26 . . . . Testing cryptographic entity, e.g. testing integrity of encryption key or encryption algorithm

2209/30 . . . . Compression, e.g. Merkle-Damgard construction

2209/34 . . . . Encoding or coding, e.g. Huffman coding or error correction

2209/38 . . . . Chaining, e.g. hash chain or certificate chain

2209/42 . . . . Anonymization, e.g. involving pseudonyms

2209/46 . . . . Secure multiparty computation, e.g. millionaire problem

2209/463 . . . . Electronic voting

2209/466 . . . . Electronic auction

2209/50 . . . . Oblivious transfer

2209/56 . . . . Financial cryptography, e.g. electronic payment or e-cash

2209/60 . . . . Digital content management, e.g. content distribution

2209/601 . . . . Broadcast encryption

2209/603 . . . . Digital right management [DRM]

2209/605 . . . . Copy protection

2209/606 . . . . Traitor tracing

2209/608 . . . . Watermarking

2209/64 . . . . Self-signed certificates

2209/68 . . . . Special signature format, e.g. XML format

2209/72 . . . . Signcryption, i.e. digital signing and encrypting simultaneously

2209/76 . . . . Proxy, i.e. using intermediary entity to perform cryptographic operations (network architectures or network communication protocols using hop-by-hop encryption H04L 63/0464)

2209/80 . . . . Wireless (network architectures or network communication protocols for wireless network security H04L 12/00)

2209/805 . . . . Lightweight hardware, e.g. radio-frequency identification [RFID] or sensor

2209/84 . . . . Vehicles

2209/88 . . . . Medical equipments

2212/00 Encapsulation of packets

2463/00 Additional details relating to network architectures or network communication protocols for network security covered by H04L 63/00

2463/041 . . . . using an encryption or decryption engine integrated in transmitted data

2463/061 . . . . applying further key derivation, e.g. deriving traffic keys from a pair-wise master key (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for generation of secret information including derivation or calculation of cryptographic keys or passwords H04L 9/0861)

2463/062 . . . . applying encryption of the keys (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for key distribution using key encryption key H04L 9/0822)

2463/081 . . . . applying self-generating credentials, e.g. instead of receiving credentials from an authority or from another peer, the credentials are generated at the entity itself (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements for generation of secret information including derivation or calculation of cryptographic keys or passwords H04L 9/0861)

2463/082 . . . . applying multi-factor authentication (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements including means for verifying the identity or authority of a user of the system or for message authentication H04L 9/32)
H04L

2463/101. Applying security measures for digital rights management (data processing systems or methods, specially adapted for commerce, e.g. marketing, shopping, billing, auctions or e-commerce G06Q 30/00)

2463/102. Applying security measure for e-commerce (data processing systems or methods, specially adapted for e-commerce G06Q 30/00)

2463/103. Applying security measure for protecting copyright (protecting software against unauthorised usage in a vending or licensing environment, e.g. protection the software providers copyright G06F 21/10; data processing systems or methods, specially adapted for payment schemes, architectures or protocols G06Q 20/00; secrecy systems or subscription systems H04N 7/16)

2463/121. Timestamp (cryptographic mechanisms or cryptographic arrangements involving time stamps H04L 9/3297)

2463/141. Denial of service attacks against endpoints in a network

2463/142. Denial of service attacks against network infrastructure

2463/143. Denial of service attacks involving systematic or selective dropping of packets

2463/144. Detection or countermeasures against botnets

2463/145. Detection or countermeasures against cache poisoning

2463/146. Tracing the source of attacks