CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

G PHYSICS

(NOTES omitted)

NUCLEONICS

G21 NUCLEAR PHYSICS; NUCLEAR ENGINEERING

G21K TECHNIQUES FOR HANDLING PARTICLES OR IONISING RADIATION NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR; IRRADIATION DEVICES; GAMMA RAY OR X-RAY MICROSCOPES

NOTE

In this subclass, the following term is used with the meaning indicated: "particle" means a molecular, atomic or subatomic particle

WARNINGS

- The following IPC groups are not in the CPC scheme. The subject matter for these IPC groups is classified in the following CPC groups: G21K 3/00 covered by G21K 1/10
- 2. In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Arrangements for handling particles or ionising
	radiation, e.g. focusing or moderating (production
	or acceleration of neutrons, electrically-charged
	particles, neutral molecular beams or neutral atomic
	beams <u>H05H 3/00</u> - <u>H05H 15/00</u>)
1/003	 {Manipulation of charged particles by using radiation pressure, e.g. optical levitation (acceleration of charged particles <u>H05H 5/00</u>, <u>H05H 7/00</u>, <u>H05H 9/00</u>, <u>H05H 11/00</u>, <u>H05H 13/00</u>)}
1/006	• {Manipulation of neutral particles by using radiation pressure, e.g. optical levitation (production or acceleration of neutral particles <u>H05H 3/00</u>)}
1/02	 using diaphragms, collimators
1/025	 {using multiple collimators, e.g. Bucky screens; other devices for eliminating undesired or dispersed radiation}
1/04	• • using variable diaphragms, shutters, choppers
1/043	 . (changing time structure of beams by mechanical means, e.g. choppers, spinning filter wheels)
1/046	• • {varying the contour of the field, e.g. multileaf collimators}
1/06	 using diffraction, refraction or reflection, e.g. monochromators (<u>G21K 1/10</u>, <u>G21K 7/00</u> take precedence)
1/062	• • {Devices having a multilayer structure}
1/065	• • {using refraction, e.g. Tomie lenses}
1/067	• {using surface reflection, e.g. grazing incidence mirrors, gratings (multilayer mirrors <u>G21K 1/062;</u> crystal optics <u>G21K 1/06</u>)}

1/08	• Deviation, concentration or focusing of the
	beam by electric or magnetic means (electron-
	optical arrangements in electric discharge tubes
	H01J 29/46; {details, e.g. electric or magnetic
	deviating means for direct voltage accelerators
	or in accelerators using single pulses H05H 5/02;
	arrangements for injecting particles into orbits
	H05H 7/08; arrangements for ejecting particles from
	orbits <u>H05H 7/10</u> })
1/087	• • by electrical means

- • by electrical means
- 1/093 . . by magnetic means
- 1/10 Scattering devices; Absorbing devices; Ionising radiation filters
- 1/12 . Resonant absorbers or driving arrangements therefor, e.g. for Moessbauer-effect devices {(motors with reciprocating, oscillating or vibrating magnet, armature or coil system in general <u>H02K 33/00</u>)}
- using charge exchange devices, e.g. for neutralising or changing the sign of the electrical charges of beams (producing or accelerating neutral particle beams <u>H05H 3/00</u>)
- 1/16 using polarising devices, e.g. for obtaining a polarised beam {(ion sources, ion guns <u>H01J 27/02;</u> polarised targets for producing nuclear reactions <u>H05H 6/005</u>)}
- 4/00 Conversion screens for the conversion of the spatial distribution of X-rays or particle radiation into visible images, e.g. fluoroscopic screens (photographic processes using X-ray intensifiers G03C 5/17; discharge tubes comprising luminescent screens H01J 1/62; cathode ray tubes for X-ray conversion with optical output H01J 31/50)
 2004/02 . {characterised by the external panel structure}
 2004/04 . {with an intermediate layer}
 - (with an intermediate rayer

2004/06 • {with a phosphor layer}

G21K

2004/08	• {with a binder in the phosphor layer}
2004/10	• {with a protective film}
2004/12	• {with a support}
5/00	Irradiation devices (discharge tubes for irradiating H01J 37/00)
5/02	• having no beam-forming means
5/04	• with beam-forming means
5/08	• Holders for targets or for other objects to be irradiated
5/10	• with provision for relative movement of beam source and object to be irradiated
7/00	Gamma- or X-ray microscopes
2201/00	Arrangements for handling radiation or particles
2201/00 2201/06	Arrangements for handling radiation or particlesusing diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements
2201/06	• using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements
2201/06 2201/061	using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elementscharacterised by a multilayer structure
2201/06 2201/061 2201/062	 using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements characterised by a multilayer structure the element being a crystal
2201/06 2201/061 2201/062 2201/064	 using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements characterised by a multilayer structure the element being a crystal having a curved surface
2201/06 2201/061 2201/062 2201/064 2201/065	 using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements characterised by a multilayer structure the element being a crystal having a curved surface provided with cooling means
2201/06 2201/061 2201/062 2201/064 2201/065 2201/067	 using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements characterised by a multilayer structure the element being a crystal having a curved surface provided with cooling means Construction details specially adapted for particle beams Particular details of imaging devices or methods
2201/06 2201/061 2201/062 2201/064 2201/065 2201/067 2201/068	 using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements characterised by a multilayer structure the element being a crystal having a curved surface provided with cooling means Construction details specially adapted for particle beams Particular details of imaging devices or methods using ionizing electromagnetic radiation such as X-
2201/06 2201/061 2201/062 2201/064 2201/065 2201/067 2201/068	 using diffractive, refractive or reflecting elements characterised by a multilayer structure the element being a crystal having a curved surface provided with cooling means Construction details specially adapted for particle beams Particular details of imaging devices or methods

e.g. phase contrast