CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

F MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; LIGHTING; HEATING; WEAPONS; BLASTING (NOTE omitted)

LIGHTING; **HEATING**

F23 COMBUSTION APPARATUS; COMBUSTION PROCESSES

(NOTE omitted)

F23R GENERATING COMBUSTION PRODUCTS OF HIGH PRESSURE OR HIGH VELOCITY, e.g. GAS-TURBINE COMBUSTION CHAMBERS (fluidised bed combustion

apparatus specially adapted for operation at superatmospheric pressures F23C 10/16)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

3/00	Continuous combustion chambers using liquid or gaseous fuel	3/343	• • • {Pilot flames, i.e. fuel nozzles or injectors using only a very small proportion of the total
3/002	• {Wall structures (<u>F23R 3/02</u> and <u>F23R 3/007</u> take precedence)}		fuel to insure continuous combustion (ignition in gas-turbine plants F02C 7/264; pilot flame
3/005	• {Combined with pressure or heat exchangers}	2/246	igniters <u>F23Q 9/00</u>)}
3/007	 {constructed mainly of ceramic components} 	3/346	• • · · {for staged combustion}
3/02	 characterised by the air-flow or gas-flow 	3/36	Supply of different fuels
	configuration (reverse- flow combustion chambers	3/38	comprising rotary fuel injection means
	F23R 3/54; cyclone or vortex type combustion	3/40	characterised by the use of catalytic means
2/0.4	chambers <u>F23R 3/58</u>)	3/42	• characterised by the arrangement or form of the
3/04	Air inlet arrangements		flame tubes or combustion chambers
3/045	• • · {using pipes}	3/425	• • {Combustion chambers comprising a tangential
3/06	Arrangement of apertures along the flame tube	244	or helicoidal arrangement of the flame tubes}
3/08	flame tubes with telescopic sections, e.g.	3/44	Combustion chambers comprising a {single} tubular flame tube within a tubular casing
3/10	• • • for primary air (<u>F23R 3/06</u> , <u>F23R 3/045</u> take	246	(reverse-flow combustion chambers <u>F23R 3/54</u>)
	precedence)	3/46	Combustion chambers comprising an annular
3/12	inducing a vortex		arrangement of {several essentially tubular}
3/14	• • • by using swirl vanes		flame tubes within a common annular casing or within individual casings
3/16	• • with devices inside the flame tube or the	3/48	Flame tube interconnectors, e.g. cross-over
	combustion chamber to influence the air or gas flow		tubes
3/18	• • • Flame stabilising means, e.g. flame holders for after-burners of jet-propulsion plants	3/50	 Combustion chambers comprising an annular flame tube within an annular casing (toroidal combustion chambers F23R 3/52)
3/20	• • • incorporating fuel injection means	2/52	
3/22	• • • movable, e.g. to an inoperative position;	3/52	Toroidal combustion chambers
	adjustable, e.g. self-adjusting	3/54	. Reverse-flow combustion chambers
3/24	• • • of the fluid-screen type	3/56	• Combustion chambers having rotary flame tubes
3/26	• Controlling the air flow	3/58	Cyclone or vortex type combustion chambers
3/28	• characterised by the fuel supply (burners <u>F23D</u>)	3/60	• • Support structures; Attaching or mounting means
3/283	• • {Attaching or cooling of fuel injecting means	5/00	Continuous combustion chambers using solid or
	including supports for fuel injectors, stems, or lances}	2,00	pulverulent fuel
3/286	• • {having fuel-air premixing devices (<u>F23R 3/30</u> takes precedence)}	7/00	Intermittent or explosive combustion chambers
3/30	comprising fuel prevapourising devices	2900/00	Special features of, or arrangements for
3/32	being tubular		continuous combustion chambers; Combustion
3/34	Feeding into different combustion zones	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	processes therefor
			• Arrangements using bellows, e.g. to adjust volumes or reduce thermal stresses
		2900/00002	• Gas turbine combustors adapted for fuels having

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low heating value [LHV]

2000/00004	• Preventing formation of deposits on surfaces of gas
2900/00004	turbine components, e.g. coke deposits
2900/00005	
2,00,0000	stress in gas turbine components
2900/00006	
	process
2900/00008	 Combustion techniques using plasma gas
2900/00009	• Using plasma torches for igniting, stabilizing, or
	improving the combustion process
2900/00012	Details of sealing devices
2900/00013	 Reducing thermo-acoustic vibrations by active means
2900/00014	. Reducing thermo-acoustic vibrations by passive
	means, e.g. by Helmholtz resonators
2900/00015	Transfer and the second
2900/00016	• Retrofitting in general, e.g. to respect new
	regulations on pollution
2900/00017	8
2900/00018	Manufacturing combustion chamber liners or
2000/00010	subparts
2900/00019	Repairing or maintaining combustion chamber liners or subparts
2900/03041	•
2700/03041	domes
2900/03042	Film cooled combustion chamber walls or domes
2900/03043	. Convection cooled combustion chamber walls with
	means for guiding the cooling air flow
2900/03044	. Impingement cooled combustion chamber walls or
	subassemblies
2900/03045	
	provided with turbolators or means for creating
2000/02201	turbulences to increase cooling
2900/03281	 Intermittent fuel injection or supply with plunger pump or other means therefor
2000/03282	High speed injection of air and/or fuel inducing
2700/03202	internal recirculation
2900/03341	Sequential combustion chambers or burners
2900/03342	Arrangement of silo-type combustion chambers
2900/03343	• Pilot burners operating in premixed mode

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