CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

C CHEMISTRY; METALLURGY

(NOTES omitted)

CHEMISTRY

C10 PETROLEUM, GAS OR COKE INDUSTRIES; TECHNICAL GASES CONTAINING CARBON MONOXIDE; FUELS; LUBRICANTS; PEAT

C10B DESTRUCTIVE DISTILLATION OF CARBONACEOUS MATERIALS FOR PRODUCTION OF GAS, COKE, TAR, OR SIMILAR MATERIALS (cracking oils C10G; underground gasification of minerals E21B 43/295)

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme

Retort and coke ovens	15/02 • with floor heating

1/00	Retorts	Heating of o	coke ovens
1/02	Stationary retorts	J	
1/04	• • Vertical retorts	17/00	Preheating of coke ovens
1/06	Horizontal retorts	19/00	Heating of coke ovens by electrical means
1/08	Inclined retorts		-
1/10	Rotary retorts	21/00	Heating of coke ovens with combustible gases
3/00	Coke ovens with vertical chambers	21/02	• with lean gas
3/02	with heat-exchange devices	21/04	• with rich gas
3/02	• with heat-exchange devices	21/06	• in coke ovens suitable for the use of lean gas or rich
5/00	Coke ovens with horizontal chambers	•4.400	gas
5/02	 with vertical heating flues 	21/08	 by applying special heating gases
5/04	• with cross-over inter-connections	21/10	 Regulating and controlling the combustion
5/06	 with horizontal heating flues 	21/12	Burners
5/08	 with horizontal and vertical heating flues 	21/14	 Devices for reversing the draught
5/10	with heat-exchange devices	21/16	by controlling or varying the openings between
5/12	with regenerators		the heating flues and the regenerator flues
5/14	situated in the longitudinal direction of the	21/18	Recirculating the flue gases
	chambers	21/20	. Methods of heating ovens of the chamber oven type
5/16	with separated flues	21/22	• • by introducing the heating gas and air at various
5/18	situated in the longitudinal direction of the		levels
	oven battery	21/24	• • at the top and the bottom of the vertical heating
5/20	• with recuperators		flues
	•	21/26	by introducing the heating gas and air at the top
7/00	Coke ovens with mechanical conveying means for		of the vertical flues only
= 10.5	the raw material inside the oven	23/00	Other methods of heating coke ovens
7/02	with rotary scraping devices		_
7/04	with shaking or vibrating devices	25/00	Doors or closures for coke ovens
7/06	• with endless conveying devices	25/02	. Doors; Door frames
7/08	in vertical direction	25/04	for ovens with vertical chambers
7/10	• with conveyor-screws	25/06	for ovens with horizontal chambers
7/12	 with tilting or rocking means 	25/08	 Closing and opening the doors
7/14	 with trucks, containers, or trays 	25/10	for ovens with vertical chambers
9/00	Beehive ovens	25/12	• • • for ovens with horizontal chambers
		25/14	Devices for lifting doors
11/00	Coke ovens with inclined chambers	25/16	 Sealing; Means for sealing
13/00	Coke ovens with means for bringing and keeping	25/18	Cooling
15/00	the charge under mechanical pressure	25/20	 Lids or closures for charging holes
		25/22	for ovens with vertical chambers
15/00	Other coke ovens		

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Heating of coke ovens

C10B

neating of co	oke ovens		Club
25/24	for ovens with horizontal chambers	43/00	Preventing or removing incrustations
27/00	Arrangements for withdrawal of the distillation gases	43/02 43/04	Removing incrustationsby mechanical means
27/02	 with outlets arranged at different levels in the chamber 	43/06 43/08	 from conduits, valves or the like. with liquids
27/04	 during the charging operation of the oven 	43/10	by burning out
27/06	Conduit details, e.g. valves	43/12	Burners
•0.100		43/14	 Preventing incrustations
29/00 29/02 29/04	Other details of coke ovens Brickwork, e.g. casings, linings, walls Controlling or preventing expansion or contraction	45/00 45/005	Other details • {Devices for recovering spilled coke, e.g.
29/06 29/08	 Preventing or repairing leakages of the brickwork Bracing or foundation of the ovens 	45/02	recovering the coke falling out the oven when opening doors or withdrawing the leveler bar} • Devices for producing compact unified coal charges outside the oven (briquetting presses B30B)
	charging and discharging coke ovens; Mechanical		(I 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
treatments (of coal charges	Carbonising	or coking processes
31/00 31/02 31/04	Charging devices for charging vertically coke ovens with horizontal chambers	47/00	Destructive distillation of solid carbonaceous materials with indirect heating, e.g. by external
31/06 31/08	 for charging horizontally coke ovens with horizontal chambers 	47/02 47/04	combustionwith stationary chargein shaft furnaces
01/10	•.•		

31/02	. for charging vertically		materials with indirect heating, e.g. by external
31/04	coke ovens with horizontal chambers		combustion
31/06	for charging horizontally	47/02	with stationary charge
31/08	coke ovens with horizontal chambers	47/04	in shaft furnaces
31/10	• • with one compact charge	47/06	in retorts
31/12	 for liquid materials 	47/08	• in beehive ovens
33/00	Discharging devices; Coke guides	47/10	in coke ovens of the chamber type
33/003	• {Arrangements for pollution-free discharge}	47/12	• in which the charge is subjected to mechanical
33/006	• {Decoking tools, e.g. hydraulic coke removing tools		pressures during coking
	with boring or cutting nozzles}	47/14	with the aid of hot liquids, e.g. molten salts
33/02	• Extracting coke with built-in devices, e.g. gears, screws	47/16	 with indirect heating means both inside and outside the retorts
33/04	Pulling-out devices	47/18	 with moving charge
33/06	for horizontal chambers	47/20	• according to the moving bed type (C10B 47/26)
33/08	• Pushers, e.g. rams		takes precedence)
33/10	for horizontal chambers	47/22	• in dispersed form (<u>C10B 47/26</u> takes precedence)
33/12	Discharge valves	47/24	according to the "fluidised bed" technique
33/14	. Coke guides	47/26	with the aid of hot liquids, e.g. molten salts
25/00		47/28	. Other processes
35/00	Combined charging and discharging devices	47/30	in rotary ovens or retorts
37/00	Mechanical treatments of coal charges in the oven	47/32	in ovens with mechanical conveying means
37/02	• Levelling charges, e.g. with bars	47/34	with rotary scraping devices
37/04	• Compressing charges (during coking C10B 47/12)	47/36	in multi-stage ovens
37/06	Forming holes in charges	47/38	• • • with shaking or vibrating devices
20/00		47/40	with endless conveying devices
39/00	Cooling or quenching coke	47/42	in vertical direction
39/02	Dry cooling outside the oven	47/44	with conveyor-screws
39/04	• Wet quenching	47/46	• • with trucks, containers, or trays
39/06	in the oven	47/48	• • • with tilting or rocking means
39/08	Coke-quenching towers	49/00	Destructive distillation of solid carbonaceous
39/10	combined with agitating means, e.g. rotating tables	77/00	materials by direct heating with heat-carrying
20/12	or drums		agents including the partial combustion of the solid
39/12	• combined with conveying means		material to be treated
39/14	. Cars	49/02	. with hot gases or vapours, e.g. hot gases obtained by
39/16	• combined with sorting		partial combustion of the charge
39/18	. Coke ramps	49/04	while moving the solid material to be treated
41/00	Safety devices, e.g. signalling or controlling devices	49/06	according to the moving bed type
	for use in the discharge of coke	49/08	in dispersed form
41/005	• {for charging coal}	49/10	according to the "fluidised bed" technique
41/02	 for discharging coke 	49/12	by mixing tangentially, e.g. in vortex
41/04	by electrical means		chambers
41/06	by pneumatic or hydraulic means	49/14	• with hot liquids, e.g. molten metals
41/08	for the withdrawal of the distillation gases	49/16	with moving solid heat-carriers in divided form
	-	49/18	according to the "moving bed" type

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49/20 49/22	in dispersed formaccording to the "fluidised bed" technique
51/00	Destructive distillation of solid carbonaceous materials by combined direct and indirect heating
53/00	Destructive distillation, specially adapted for particular solid raw materials or solid raw materials in special form (wet carbonising of peat C10F)
53/02	 of cellulose-containing material (production of pyroligneous acid <u>C10C 5/00</u>)
53/04	 of powdered coal
53/06	 of oil shale and/or or bituminous rocks
53/07	• {of solid raw materials consisting} of synthetic polymeric materials, e.g. tyres ({waste in general, e.g. household waste C10B 53/00;} recovery or working-up of waste materials of organic macromolecular compounds or compositions based thereon by dry-heat treatment for obtaining partially depolymerised materials C08J 11/10; production of liquid hydrocarbon mixtures from rubber or rubber waste C10G 1/10)
53/08	. in the form of briquettes, lumps and the like
55/00	Coking mineral oils, bitumen, tar, and the like or mixtures thereof with solid carbonaceous material (cracking oils C10G)
55/02	 with solid materials
55/04	 with moving solid materials
55/06	• • according to the "moving bed" type
55/08	in dispersed form
55/10	according to the "fluidised bed" technique
57/00	Other carbonising or coking processes; Features of destructive distillation processes in general
57/005	• {After-treatment of coke, e.g. calcination desulfurization}
57/02	Multi-step carbonising or coking processes
57/04	• using charges of special composition
57/045	• • {containing mineral oils, bitumen, tar or the like or mixtures thereof}
57/06	containing additives
57/08	 Non-mechanical pretreatment of the charge (<u>C10L 9/00</u> takes precedence), {e.g. desulfurization}
57/10	Drying
57/12	 Applying additives during coking
57/14	• Features of low-temperature carbonising processes
57/16	• Features of high-temperature carbonising processes
57/18	. Modifying the properties of the distillation gases in the oven (outside the oven $\underline{\text{C10K}}$)

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