

CPC COOPERATIVE PATENT CLASSIFICATION

B PERFORMING OPERATIONS; TRANSPORTING

(NOTES omitted)

SEPARATING; MIXING

B05 SPRAYING OR ATOMISING IN GENERAL; APPLYING FLUENT MATERIALS TO SURFACES, IN GENERAL

(NOTE omitted)

B05B SPRAYING APPARATUS; ATOMISING APPARATUS; NOZZLES (spray-mixers with nozzles [B01F 25/72](#); processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces by spraying [B05D](#))

NOTES

1. This subclass covers particularly apparatus for the release or projection of drops or droplets into the atmosphere or into a chamber to form a mist or the like. For this purpose, the materials to be projected may be suspended in a stream of gas or vapour.
2. Attention is drawn to the Note following the title of class [B05](#).
3. In this subclass, "means for controlling volume of flow" is used in the most general meaning and includes also means allowing only starting and stopping the flow
4. In this subclass, the meaning of the expression "apparatus carried on or by a person" includes all apparatus comprising at least one container for the material to be sprayed carried on or by a person during use
5. In this subclass, the word "container" is to be understood as the innermost enclosure containing the material to be sprayed

WARNING

In this subclass non-limiting references (in the sense of paragraph 39 of the Guide to the IPC) may still be displayed in the scheme.

1/00	Nozzles, spray heads or other outlets, with or without auxiliary devices such as valves, heating means (B05B 3/00 , B05B 5/00 , B05B 7/00 take precedence; {nozzles for baths with water or gas jets A61H 33/00 , e.g. A61H 33/6063 , A61H 33/6021 , A61H 33/026 or A61H 33/027 ; Nozzles specially adapted for fire-extinguishing A62C 31/02 ; Nozzles for generating high velocity abrasive fluid jets B24C 5/04 ; } nozzles for jet-ink printing mechanisms B41J 2/135 ; {nozzles for filling containers B65B 39/00 ;} nozzles for liquid-dispensing, e.g. in vehicle service stations B67D 7/42)	1/044	. . . {Slits, i.e. narrow openings defined by two straight and parallel lips; Elongated outlets for producing very wide discharges, e.g. fluid curtains (B05B 1/046 takes precedence)}
		1/046	. . . {Outlets formed, e.g. cut, in the circumference of tubular or spherical elements}
		1/048	. . . {having a flow conduit with, immediately behind the outlet orifice, an elongated cross section, e.g. of oval or elliptic form, of which the major axis is perpendicular to the plane of the jet}
1/002	. {designed to reduce the generation or the transmission of noise or to produce a particular sound; associated with noise monitoring means}	1/06	. . in annular, tubular or hollow conical form
1/005	. {Nozzles or other outlets specially adapted for discharging one or more gases}	1/08	. . of pulsating nature, e.g. delivering liquid in successive separate quantities {; Fluidic oscillators}
1/02	. designed to produce a jet, spray, or other discharge of particular shape or nature, e.g. in single drops, {or having an outlet of particular shape}(B05B 1/26 , B05B 1/28 , B05B 1/34 take precedence)	1/083	. . . {the pulsating mechanism comprising movable parts (liquid driven rotating elements, e.g. turbines, arranged upstream the outlet B05B 3/04)}
1/04	. . in flat form, e.g. fan-like, sheet-like	1/086 {with a resiliently deformable element, e.g. sleeve}
1/042	. . . {Outlets having two planes of symmetry perpendicular to each other, one of them defining the plane of the jet (B05B 1/044 , B05B 1/046 take precedence)}	1/10	. . in the form of a fine jet, e.g. for use in wind-screen washers
		1/12	. capable of producing different kinds of discharge, e.g. either jet or spray (having selectively-effective outlets B05B 1/16)
		1/14	. with multiple outlet openings (B05B 1/02 , B05B 1/26 take precedence); with strainers in or outside the outlet opening
		1/16	. . having selectively- effective outlets

- 1/1609 . . . {with a selecting mechanism comprising a lift valve ([B05B 1/1681](#) takes precedence; lift valves in general [F16K 1/00](#))}
- 1/1618 {where said valve is a double-seat lift valve}
- 1/1627 . . . {with a selecting mechanism comprising a gate valve, a sliding valve or a cock ([B05B 1/1681](#) takes precedence; gate valves or sliding valves in general [F16K 3/00](#); cocks in general [F16K 5/00](#))}
- 1/1636 {by relative rotative movement of the valve elements ([B05B 1/1672](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/1645 {the outlets being rotated during selection}
- 1/1654 {about an axis parallel to the liquid passage in the stationary valve element}
- 1/1663 {by relative translatory movement of the valve elements ([B05B 1/1672](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/1672 {the selectively-effective outlets being arranged on a tube or pipe}
- 1/1681 . . . {with a selecting mechanism comprising a gate valve, sliding valve or cock and a lift valve}
- 1/169 . . . {having three or more selectively effective outlets}
- 1/18 . . Roses; Shower heads {(with means for adding soap or the like [E03C 1/046](#); jet regulators [E03C 1/08](#))}
- 1/185 . . . {characterised by their outlet element; Mounting arrangements therefor}
- 1/20 . . {Arrangements of several outlets along elongated bodies, e.g.} perforated pipes or troughs, e.g. spray booms {(spray booms for agricultural uses [A01M 7/0071](#); spray bars for treating roads [E01C 19/176](#)); Outlet elements therefor}
- 1/202 . . . {comprising inserted outlet elements ([B05B 1/205](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/205 . . . {characterised by the longitudinal shape of the elongated body}
- 1/207 {the elongated body being a closed loop}
- 1/22 . Spouts (anti-splash devices for water-taps [E03C 1/08](#))
- 1/24 . incorporating means for heating the liquid or other fluent material, e.g. electrically
- 1/26 . with means for mechanically breaking-up or deflecting the jet after discharge, e.g. with fixed deflectors; Breaking-up the discharged liquid or other fluent material by impinging jets
- 1/262 . . {with fixed deflectors}
- 1/265 . . . {the liquid or other fluent material being symmetrically deflected about the axis of the nozzle}
- 1/267 . . . {the liquid or other fluent material being deflected in determined directions}
- 1/28 . with integral means for shielding the discharged liquid or other fluent material, e.g. to limit area of spray; with integral means for catching drips or collecting surplus liquid or other fluent material (means for any of these purposes, *per se*, [B05B 12/16](#), [B05B 12/32](#), [B05B 14/00](#))
- 1/30 . designed to control volume of flow, e.g. with adjustable passages {([B05B 11/0094](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/3006 . . {the controlling element being actuated by the pressure of the fluid to be sprayed ([B05B 11/0062](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/3013 . . {the controlling element being a lift valve ([B05B 1/3006](#), [B05B 1/3033](#) take precedence; lift valves in general [F16K 1/00](#))}
- 1/302 {with a ball-shaped valve member (ball valves in general [F16K 1/14](#))}
- 1/3026 . . {the controlling element being a gate valve, a sliding valve or a cock ([B05B 1/3006](#), [B05B 1/326](#) take precedence; gate valves or sliding valves in general [F16K 3/00](#); cocks in general [F16K 5/00](#))}
- 1/3033 . . {the control being effected by relative coaxial longitudinal movement of the controlling element and the spray head ([B05B 1/3026](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/304 . . . {the controlling element being a lift valve}
- 1/3046 {the valve element, e.g. a needle, co-operating with a valve seat located downstream of the valve element and its actuating means, generally in the proximity of the outlet orifice ([B05B 1/308](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/3053 {the actuating means being a solenoid}
- 1/306 {the actuating means being a fluid}
- 1/3066 {the valve element being at least partially hollow and liquid passing through it when the valve is opened}
- 1/3073 . . . {the controlling element being a deflector acting as a valve in co-operation with the outlet orifice ([B05B 1/308](#) takes precedence; deflectors *per se* [B05B 1/262](#))}
- 1/308 . . . {the controlling element comprising both a lift valve and a deflector}
- 1/3086 . . . {the controlling element being a grooved body, which is movable in the outlet orifice}
- 1/3093 . . {Recirculation valves, i.e. the valve element opens a passage to the nozzle and simultaneously closes at least partially a return passage the feeding means}
- 1/32 . . in which a valve member forms part of the outlet opening {([B05B 1/3033](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/323 . . . {the valve member being actuated by the pressure of the fluid to be sprayed ([B05B 11/0062](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/326 . . . {the valve being a gate valve, a sliding valve or a cock}
- 1/34 . designed to influence the nature of flow of the liquid or other fluent material, e.g. to produce swirl (designed to control volume of flow [B05B 1/30](#))
- 1/3402 . . {to avoid or to reduce turbulencies, e.g. comprising fluid flow straightening means}
- 1/3405 . . {to produce swirl}
- 1/341 . . . {before discharging the liquid or other fluent material, e.g. in a swirl chamber upstream the spray outlet}
- 1/3415 {with swirl imparting inserts upstream of the swirl chamber}
- 1/3421 {with channels emerging substantially tangentially in the swirl chamber}
- 1/3426 {the channels emerging in the swirl chamber perpendicularly to the outlet axis ([B05B 1/3436](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/3431 {the channels being formed at the interface of cooperating elements, e.g. by means of grooves}

- 1/3436 {the interface being a plane perpendicular to the outlet axis}
- 1/3442 {the interface being a cone having the same axis as the outlet}
- 1/3447 {the interface being a cylinder having the same axis as the outlet}
- 1/3452 {the cooperating elements being movable, e.g. adjustable relative to one another}
- 1/3457 {in response to liquid pressure}
- 1/3463 {the channels extending outwardly, e.g. radially from the inside to the outside}
- 1/3468 {with means for controlling the flow of liquid entering or leaving the swirl chamber ([B05B 1/3452](#) takes precedence)}
- 1/3473 {in response to liquid pressure}
- 1/3478 {the liquid flowing at least two different courses before reaching the swirl chamber}
- 1/3484 {with a by-pass conduit extending from the swirl chamber}
- 1/3489 {Nozzles having concentric outlets}
- 1/3494 {the discharge outlet being not on the axis of the swirl chamber}
- 1/36 Outlets for discharging by overflow
- 3/00 Spraying or sprinkling apparatus with moving outlet elements or moving deflecting elements**
- 3/001 {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
- 3/002 {comprising a moving member supported by a fluid cushion}
- 3/003 {with braking means, e.g. friction rings designed to provide a substantially constant revolution speed}
- 3/005 {using viscous dissipation, e.g. a rotor movable in a chamber filled with oil}
- 3/006 {using induced currents; using magnetic means}
- 3/007 {with friction clutch means}
- 3/008 {comprising a wobbling or nutating element, i.e. rotating about an axis describing a cone during spraying ([B05B 3/0463](#) takes precedence)}
- 3/02 with rotating elements ([electric spraying discharge apparatus characterised by having rotary outlet or deflecting elements B05B 5/04](#))
- 3/021 {with means for regulating the jet relative to the horizontal angular position of the nozzle, e.g. for spraying non circular areas by changing the elevation of the nozzle or by varying the nozzle flow-rate ([B05B 3/0454](#) takes precedence)}
- 3/022 {the rotating deflecting element being a ventilator or a fan ([B05B 3/105](#) takes precedence; [A01M 7/0003](#))}
- 3/023 {comprising a pneumatic motor actuated by a depression created by the liquid flow}
- 3/025 {Rotational joints}
- 3/026 {the fluid passing axially from one joint element to another}
- 3/027 {with radial fluid passages}
- 3/028 {the rotation being orbital ([B05B 3/0445](#) and [B05B 3/066](#) take precedence)}
- 3/04 driven by the liquid or other fluent material discharged, e.g. the liquid actuating a motor before passing to the outlet ([B05B 3/023](#) takes precedence)}
- 3/0404 {the motor comprising a movable ball}
- 3/0409 {with moving, e.g. rotating, outlet elements ([B05B 3/0486](#), [B05B 3/06](#) take precedence)}
- 3/0413 {comprising a liquid driven piston motor}
- 3/0418 {comprising a liquid driven rotor, e.g. a turbine ([B05B 3/0463](#), [B05B 3/0468](#) take precedence)}
- 3/0422 {with rotating outlet elements}
- 3/0427 {the outlet elements being directly attached to the rotor or being an integral part of it}
- 3/0431 {the rotative movement of the outlet elements being reversible ([B05B 3/0445](#) takes precedence)}
- 3/0436 {by reversing the direction of rotation of the rotor itself}
- 3/044 {Tubular elements holding several outlets, e.g. apertured tubes, oscillating about an axis substantially parallel to the tubular element}
- 3/0445 {the movement of the outlet elements being a combination of two movements, one being rotational}
- 3/045 {with automatic means for regulating the jet ([B05B 3/0445](#) takes precedence)}
- 3/0454 {relative to the angular position of the outlet or to the direction of rotation of the outlet, e.g. for spraying non circular areas}
- 3/0459 {the rotor axis not being parallel to the rotation axis of the outlet, e.g. being perpendicular thereto}
- 3/0463 {Rotor nozzles, i.e. nozzles consisting of an element having an upstream part rotated by the liquid flow, and a downstream part connected to the apparatus by a universal joint}
- 3/0468 {the liquid actuating a motor after passing the spray outlet ([B05B 3/0472](#) takes precedence)}
- 3/0472 {the spray jet actuating a movable deflector which is successively moved out of the jet by jet action and brought back into the jet by spring action}
- 3/0477 {the spray outlet having a reversible rotative movement, e.g. for covering angular sector smaller than 360°}
- 3/0481 {Impact motive means}
- 3/0486 {the spray jet being generated by a rotary deflector rotated by liquid discharged onto it in a direction substantially parallel its rotation axis}
- 3/049 {comprising mechanical means for preventing a rotor from rotating despite being submerged in a streaming fluid}
- 3/0495 {the liquid or other fluent material discharged powering several motors, e.g. several turbines}
- 3/06 by jet reaction {, i.e. creating a spinning torque due to a tangential component of the jet}
- 3/063 {using a member, e.g. a deflector, for creating the tangential component of the jet}
- 3/066 {the movement of the outlet elements being a combination of two movements, one being rotational}
- 3/08 in association with stationary outlet or deflecting elements

- 3/082 . . . {the spraying being effected by centrifugal forces}
- 3/085 {in association with sectorial deflectors}
- 3/087 {Spray guns comprising this arrangement}
- 3/10 . . discharging over substantially the whole periphery of the rotating member {, i.e. the spraying being effected by centrifugal forces [\(B05B 3/082 takes precedence\)](#)}
- 3/1007 . . . {characterised by the rotating member [\(B05B 3/105 takes precedence\)](#)}
- 3/1014 {with a spraying edge, e.g. like a cup or a bell}
- 3/1021 {with individual passages at its periphery}
- 3/1028 {the passages comprising an insert}
- 3/1035 . . . {Driving means; Parts thereof, e.g. turbine, shaft, bearings}
- 3/1042 {Means for connecting, e.g. reversibly, the rotating spray member to its driving shaft}
- 3/105 . . . {Fan or ventilator arrangements therefor}
- 3/1057 . . . {with at least two outlets, other than gas and cleaning fluid outlets, for discharging, selectively or not, different or identical liquids or other fluent materials on the rotating element}
- 3/1064 . . . {the liquid or other fluent material to be sprayed being axially supplied to the rotating member through a hollow rotating shaft}
- 3/1071 . . . {with two rotating members rotating at different speeds}
- 3/1078 {the rotating members rotating in opposite directions}
- 3/1085 . . . {with means for detecting or controlling the rotational speed}
- 3/1092 . . . {Means for supplying shaping gas}
- 3/12 . . with spray booms or the like rotating around an axis by means independent of the liquid or other fluent material discharged
- 3/14 . with oscillating elements; with intermittent operation
- 3/16 . . driven or controlled by the liquid or other fluent material discharged, e.g. the liquid actuating a motor before passing to the outlet {[\(B05B 3/0431, B05B 3/0468, B05B 3/0472 take precedence\)](#)}
- 3/18 . with elements moving in a straight line, e.g. along a track; Mobile sprinklers {[\(watering arrangements making use of movable installations A01G 25/09\)](#)}
- 5/00 Electrostatic spraying apparatus; Spraying apparatus with means for charging the spray electrically; Apparatus for spraying liquids or other fluent materials by other electric means**
- 5/001 . {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
- 5/002 . {comprising means for neutralising the spray of charged droplets or particles}
- 5/003 . . {by mixing two sprays of opposite polarity}
- 5/004 . . {by alternating the polarity of the spray}
- 5/005 . {the high voltage supplied to an electrostatic spraying apparatus being adjustable during spraying operation, e.g. for modifying spray width, droplet size}
- 5/006 . . {the adjustment of high voltage is responsive to a condition, e.g. a condition of material discharged, of ambient medium or of target}
- 5/007 . . {the high voltage supplied to an electrostatic spraying apparatus during spraying operation being periodical or in time, e.g. sinusoidal}
- 5/008 . . {with periodical change of polarity}
- 5/025 . Discharge apparatus, e.g. electrostatic spray guns
- 5/0255 . . {spraying and depositing by electrostatic forces only}
- 5/03 . . characterised by the use of gas {, e.g. electrostatically assisted pneumatic spraying [\(B05B 5/04, B05B 5/043, B05B 5/047 take precedence\)](#)}
- 5/032 . . . {for spraying particulate materials}
- 5/035 . . characterised by gasless spraying {, e.g. electrostatically assisted airless spraying [\(B05B 5/04, B05B 5/043, B05B 5/047 take precedence\)](#)}
- 5/04 . . characterised by having rotary outlet or deflecting elements {, i.e. spraying being also effected by centrifugal forces}
- 5/0403 . . . {characterised by the rotating member}
- 5/0407 {with a spraying edge, e.g. like a cup or a bell}
- 5/0411 {with individual passages at its periphery}
- 5/0415 . . . {Driving means; Parts thereof, e.g. turbine, shaft, bearings}
- 5/0418 . . . {designed for spraying particulate material}
- 5/0422 . . . {comprising means for controlling speed of rotation}
- 5/0426 . . . {Means for supplying shaping gas}
- 5/043 . . using induction-charging
- 5/047 . . using tribo-charging
- 5/053 . . Arrangements for supplying power, e.g. charging power
- 5/0531 . . . {Power generators}
- 5/0532 {driven by a gas turbine}
- 5/0533 . . . {Electrodes specially adapted therefor; Arrangements of electrodes}
- 5/0535 {at least two electrodes having different potentials being held on the discharge apparatus, one of them being a charging electrode of the corona type located in the spray or close to it, and another being of the non-corona type located outside of the path for the material}
- 5/0536 {Dimensional characteristics of electrodes, e.g. diameter or radius of curvature of a needle-like corona electrode}
- 5/0537 . . . {comprising a charge return path between the target and the spraying apparatus which is not the "true" earth, i.e. using a direct charge return path like a wire or the like, e.g. "floating earth"}
- 5/0538 . . . {the operator being part of a charge return path between target and apparatus}
- 5/057 . . Arrangements for discharging liquids or other fluent material without using a gun or nozzle
- 5/06 . using electric arc
- 5/08 . Plant for applying liquids or other fluent materials to objects
- 5/081 . . {specially adapted for treating particulate materials}
- 5/082 . . {characterised by means for supporting, holding or conveying the objects}

- 5/084 . . . {the objects lying on, or being supported above conveying means, e.g. conveyor belts}
- 5/085 . . {the plant being provided on a vehicle}
- 5/087 . . {Arrangements of electrodes, e.g. of charging, shielding, collecting electrodes ([B05B 5/12](#), [B05B 5/14](#) take precedence; arrangements of electrodes on the discharge apparatus [B05B 5/0533](#))}
- 5/088 . . . {for creating electric field curtains}
- 5/10 . . Arrangements for supplying power, e.g. charging power (in discharge apparatus [B05B 5/053](#))
- 5/12 . . specially adapted for coating the interior of hollow bodies
- 5/14 . . specially adapted for coating continuously moving elongated bodies, e.g. wires, strips, pipes
- 5/16 . . Arrangements for supplying liquids or other fluent material
- 5/1608 . . {the liquid or other fluent material being electrically conductive}
- 5/1616 . . . {and the arrangement comprising means for insulating a grounded material source from high voltage applied to the material}
- 5/1625 {the insulating means comprising an intermediate container alternately connected to the grounded material source for filling, and then disconnected and electrically insulated therefrom}
- 5/1633 {the arrangement comprising several supply lines arranged in parallel, each comprising such an intermediate container}
- 5/1641 {an additional container being provided downstream the intermediate container}
- 5/165 {by dividing the material into discrete quantities, e.g. droplets}
- 5/1658 {Details}
- 5/1666 {Voltage blocking valves, e.g. with axially separable coupling elements}
- 5/1675 . . . {the supply means comprising a piston, e.g. a piston pump}
- 5/1683 . . {specially adapted for particulate materials}
- 5/1691 . . {Apparatus to be carried on or by a person or with a container fixed to the discharge device}
- 7/00 Spraying apparatus for discharge of liquids or other fluent materials from two or more sources, e.g. of liquid and air, of powder and gas ([B05B 3/00](#), [B05B 5/00](#) {, [B05B 11/06](#)} take precedence)**
- 7/0006 . {Spraying by means of explosions}
- 7/0012 . {Apparatus for achieving spraying before discharge from the apparatus}
- 7/0018 . {with devices for making foam}
- 7/0025 . . {with a compressed gas supply}
- 7/0031 . . . {with disturbing means promoting mixing, e.g. balls, crowns}
- 7/0037 {including sieves, porous members or the like}
- 7/0043 {including a plurality of individual elements, e.g. needles, baffles, rotatable blades}
- 7/005 . . {wherein ambient air is aspirated by a liquid flow}
- 7/0056 . . . {with disturbing means promoting mixing, e.g. balls, crowns}
- 7/0062 {including sieves, porous members or the like}
- 7/0068 {including a plurality of individual elements, e.g. needles, baffles, rotatable blades}
- 7/0075 . {Nozzle arrangements in gas streams}
- 7/0081 . {Apparatus supplied with low pressure gas, e.g. "hvlp"-guns; air supplied by a fan}
- 7/0087 . . {Atmospheric air being sucked by a gas stream, generally flowing through a venturi, at a location upstream or inside the spraying apparatus}
- 7/0093 . {At least a part of the apparatus, e.g. a container, being provided with means, e.g. wheels or casters for allowing its displacement relative to the ground}
- 7/02 . . Spray pistols; Apparatus for discharge (for spraying particulate material [B05B 7/14](#); with means for heating the material to be sprayed [B05B 7/16](#); with means for supplying fluent material to a discharge device [B05B 7/24](#))
- 7/025 . . {Nozzles having elongated outlets, e.g. slots, for the material to be sprayed}
- 7/04 . . with arrangements for mixing liquids or other fluent materials before discharge (mixing in general [B01F](#), e.g. [B01F 25/00](#); mixing valves [F16K 11/00](#))
- 7/0408 . . . {with arrangements for mixing two or more liquids}
- 7/0416 . . . {with arrangements for mixing one gas and one liquid}
- 7/0425 {without any source of compressed gas, e.g. the air being sucked by the pressurised liquid}
- 7/0433 {with one inner conduit of gas surrounded by an external conduit of liquid upstream the mixing chamber}
- 7/0441 {with one inner conduit of liquid surrounded by an external conduit of gas upstream the mixing chamber}
- 7/045 {the gas and liquid flows being parallel just upstream the mixing chamber ([B05B 7/0458](#), [B05B 7/0466](#) take precedence)}
- 7/0458 {the gas and liquid flows being perpendicular just upstream the mixing chamber}
- 7/0466 {with means for deflecting the central liquid flow towards the peripheral gas flow}
- 7/0475 {with means for deflecting the peripheral gas flow towards the central liquid flow ([B05B 7/0458](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/0483 {with gas and liquid jets intersecting in the mixing chamber}
- 7/0491 {the liquid and the gas being mixed at least twice along the flow path of the liquid}
- 7/06 . . with {at least} one outlet orifice surrounding another approximately in the same plane
- 7/061 . . . {with several liquid outlets discharging one or several liquids}
- 7/062 . . . {with only one liquid outlet and at least one gas outlet}
- 7/063 {one fluid being sucked by the other}
- 7/064 {the liquid being sucked by the gas}
- 7/065 {an inner gas outlet being surrounded by an annular adjacent liquid outlet}

- 7/066 {with an inner liquid outlet surrounded by at least one annular gas outlet}
- 7/067 {the liquid outlet being annular}
- 7/068 {the annular gas outlet being supplied by a gas conduit having an axially concave curved internal surface just upstream said outlet}
- 7/08 . . with separate outlet orifices, e.g. to form parallel jets {, i.e. the axis of the jets being parallel}, to form intersecting jets {, i.e. the axis of the jets converging but not necessarily intersecting at a point}
- 7/0807 . . . {to form intersecting jets}
- 7/0815 {with at least one gas jet intersecting a jet constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid for controlling the shape of the latter}
- 7/0823 {comprising a rotatable spray pattern adjusting plate controlling the flow rate of the spray shaping gas jets}
- 7/083 {comprising rotatable spray shaping gas jet outlets}
- 7/0838 {comprising a single means controlling simultaneously the flow rates of shaping and spraying gas jets}
- 7/0846 {with jets being only jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid}
- 7/0853 {with one single gas jet and several jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid ([B05B 7/0815 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/0861 {with one single jet constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid and several gas jets ([B05B 7/0815 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/0869 . . . {the liquid or other fluent material being sucked or aspirated from an outlet orifice by another fluid, e.g. a gas, coming from another outlet orifice}
- 7/0876 . . . {to form parallel jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid ([B05B 7/0884](#), [B05B 7/0892 take precedence](#))}
- 7/0884 . . . {the outlet orifices for jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid being aligned}
- 7/0892 . . . {the outlet orifices for jets constituted by a liquid or a mixture containing a liquid being disposed on a circle}
- 7/10 . . producing a swirling discharge
- 7/12 . . designed to control volume of flow, e.g. with adjustable passages
- 7/1209 . . . {the controlling means for each liquid or other fluent material being manual and interdependent}
- 7/1218 {With means for adjusting or modifying the action of the controlling means}
- 7/1227 {Non linear relationship between the controlling means displacement and the valve element displacement}
- 7/1236 {with three or more interdependent valves}
- 7/1245 {A gas valve being opened before a liquid valve}
- 7/1254 . . . {the controlling means being fluid actuated}
- 7/1263 {pneumatically actuated}
- 7/1272 {actuated by gas involved in spraying, i.e. exiting the nozzle, e.g. as a spraying or jet shaping gas}
- 7/1281 {Serial arrangement, i.e. a single gas stream acting on the controlling means first and flowing downstream thereof to the nozzle}
- 7/129 . . . {Hand guns comprising a gas valve located at the bottom of the handle ([B05B 7/0087 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/14 . . designed for spraying particulate materials ([B05B 7/16 takes precedence](#))
- 7/1404 . . {Arrangements for supplying particulate material}
- 7/1409 . . . {specially adapted for short fibres or chips ([B05B 7/145 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/1413 . . . {Apparatus to be carried on or by a person, e.g. by hand; Apparatus comprising a container fixed to the discharge device}
- 7/1418 {comprising means for supplying an additional liquid}
- 7/1422 {the means for supplying particulate material comprising moving mechanical means, e.g. to impart vibration}
- 7/1427 {Apparatus to be carried on the back of the user}
- 7/1431 . . . {comprising means for supplying an additional liquid ([B05B 7/1418 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/1436 {to a container where the particulate material and the additional liquid are brought together ([mixing in general B01F](#))}
- 7/144 . . . {the means for supplying particulate material comprising moving mechanical means ([B05B 7/1422](#), [B05B 7/1459 take precedence](#))}
- 7/1445 {involving vibrations ([B05B 7/145 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/145 {specially adapted for short fibres or chips}
- 7/1454 . . . {comprising means for supplying collected oversprayed particulate material ([spray booth with arrangements for collecting oversprayed material B05B 14/40](#))}
- 7/1459 . . . {comprising a chamber, inlet and outlet valves upstream and downstream the chamber and means for alternately sucking particulate material into and removing particulate material from the chamber through the valves ([conveying material in bulk by using a combination of gas pressure and suction B65G 53/28](#); [pumps in general F04B](#); [apparatus for repeatedly measuring and separating a predetermined volume of fluent solid material from a supply or container G01F 11/00](#))}
- 7/1463 . . . {the means for supplying particulate material comprising a gas inlet for pressurising or avoiding depressurisation of a powder container}
- 7/1468 . . . {the means for supplying particulate material comprising a recirculation loop}
- 7/1472 . . . {Powder extracted from a powder container in a direction substantially opposite to gravity by a suction device dipped into the powder}
- 7/1477 . . . {means for supplying to several spray apparatus}
- 7/1481 . . {Spray pistols or apparatus for discharging particulate material}

- 7/1486 . . . {for spraying particulate material in dry state}
- 7/149 . . . {with separate inlets for a particulate material and a liquid to be sprayed}
- 7/1495 {and with separate outlets for the particulate material and the liquid}
- 7/16 . . incorporating means for heating {or cooling} the material to be sprayed {(spraying by means of explosions [B05B 7/0006](#))}
- 7/1606 . . {the spraying of the material involving the use of an atomising fluid, e.g. air ([B05B 7/168](#), [B05B 7/1686](#), [B05B 7/20](#), [B05B 7/22](#) take precedence)}
- 7/1613 . . . {comprising means for heating the atomising fluid before mixing with the material to be sprayed}
- 7/162 {and heat being transferred from the atomising fluid to the material to be sprayed}
- 7/1626 {at the moment of mixing}
- 7/1633 {and heat being transferred from the material to be sprayed to the atomising fluid}
- 7/164 {the material to be sprayed and the atomising fluid being heated by independent sources of heat, without transfer of heat between atomising fluid and material to be sprayed}
- 7/1646 {the material to be sprayed and the atomising fluid being heated by the same source of heat, without transfer of heat between atomising fluid and material to be sprayed}
- 7/1653 {the source of heat being a heat conductive fluid}
- 7/166 . . {the material to be sprayed being heated in a container ([B05B 7/208](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/1666 . . . {fixed to the discharge device}
- 7/1673 . . {heat being transferred to the material to be sprayed by a heat transfer conductive fluid ([B05B 7/162](#), [B05B 7/1653](#) take precedence)}
- 7/168 . . {with means for heating or cooling after mixing ([B05B 7/201](#), [B05B 7/22](#) take precedence)}
- 7/1686 . . {involving vaporisation of the material to be sprayed or of an atomising-fluid-generating product}
- 7/1693 . . {with means for heating the material to be sprayed or an atomizing fluid in a supply hose or the like}
- 7/18 . . the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like {([B05B 7/203](#), [B05B 7/224](#) take precedence)}
- 7/20 . . by flame or combustion
- 7/201 . . . {downstream of the nozzle}
- 7/203 {the material to be sprayed having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like}
- 7/205 {the material to be sprayed being originally a particulate material}
- 7/206 {in a container fixed to the discharge device}
- 7/208 . . . {the material to be sprayed being heated in a container}
- 7/22 . . electrically {, magnetically or electromagnetically}, e.g. by arc {([B05B 7/20](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/222 . . . {using an arc}
- 7/224 {the material having originally the shape of a wire, rod or the like}
- 7/226 {the material being originally a particulate material}
- 7/228 . . . {using electromagnetic radiation, e.g. laser}
- 7/24 . . with means, e.g. a container, for supplying liquid or other fluent material to a discharge device ([B05B 7/14](#), [B05B 7/16](#), [B05B 11/00](#) take precedence)
- 7/2402 . . {Apparatus to be carried on or by a person, e.g. by hand; Apparatus comprising containers fixed to the discharge device ([B05B 7/0012](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2405 . . . {using an atomising fluid as carrying fluid for feeding, e.g. by suction or pressure, a carried liquid from the container to the nozzle ([B05B 7/2459](#) - [B05B 7/247](#) take precedence)}
- 7/2408 {characterised by the container or its attachment means to the spray apparatus}
- 7/241 {the container being pressurised}
- 7/2413 {with means for changing the position or the orientation of the container relative to the spray apparatus}
- 7/2416 {characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives}
- 7/2418 {Air pumps actuated by the operator, e.g. manually actuated}
- 7/2421 {Gas containers}
- 7/2424 {the carried liquid and the main stream of atomising fluid being brought together downstream of the container before discharge ([B05B 7/2435](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2427 {and a secondary stream of atomising fluid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid under pressure in the container}
- 7/2429 {the carried liquid and the main stream of atomising fluid being brought together after discharge ([B05B 7/2435](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2432 {and a secondary stream of atomising fluid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid under pressure in the container}
- 7/2435 {the carried liquid and the main stream of atomising fluid being brought together by parallel conduits placed one inside the other}
- 7/2437 {and a secondary stream of atomising fluid being brought together in the container or putting the carried fluid under pressure in the container}
- 7/244 . . . {using carrying liquid for feeding, e.g. by suction, pressure or dissolution, a carried liquid from the container to the nozzle ([B05B 7/2459](#) - [B05B 7/247](#) take precedence)}
- 7/2443 {the carried liquid and the main stream of carrying liquid being brought together downstream of the container before discharge ([B05B 7/2454](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/2445 {and a secondary stream of carrying liquid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid under pressure in the container}
- 7/2448 {the carried liquid and the main stream of carrying liquid being brought together after discharge ([B05B 7/2454](#) takes precedence)}

- 7/2451 {and a secondary stream of carrying liquid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid in the container}
- 7/2454 {the carried liquid and the main stream of carrying liquid being brought together by parallel conduits, one conduit being in the other}
- 7/2456 {and a secondary stream of carrying liquid being brought together in the container or putting the carried liquid under pressure in the container}
- 7/2459 . . . {a liquid being fed by capillarity from the container to the nozzle}
- 7/2462 . . . {using a carrying liquid flowing through the container for dissolving a block of solid material}
- 7/2464 . . . {a liquid being fed by mechanical pumping from the container to the nozzle}
- 7/2467 . . . {a liquid being fed by a pressure generated in the container, which is not produced by a carrying fluid}
- 7/247 . . . {a liquid being fed by gravity only from the container to the nozzle ([B05B 7/2478 takes precedence](#))}
- 7/2472 . . . {comprising several containers}
- 7/2475 . . . {comprising a container carried on the back of the user}
- 7/2478 . . . {Gun with a container which, in normal use, is located above the gun}
- 7/2481 . . . {with a flexible container for liquid or other fluent material}
- 7/2483 . . {the supplying means involving no pressure or aspiration, e.g. means involving gravity or capillarity ([B05B 7/2459](#), [B05B 7/247](#) take precedence)}
- 7/2486 . . {with means for supplying liquid or other fluent material to several discharge devices}
- 7/2489 . . {an atomising fluid, e.g. a gas, being supplied to the discharge device ([B05B 7/2402](#), [B05B 7/2483](#), [B05B 7/262](#) take precedence)}
- 7/2491 . . . {characterised by the means for producing or supplying the atomising fluid, e.g. air hoses, air pumps, gas containers, compressors, fans, ventilators, their drives}
- 7/2494 . . . {a liquid being supplied from a pressurized or compressible container to the discharge device}
- 7/2497 . . . {several liquids from different sources being supplied to the discharge device}
- 7/26 . . Apparatus in which liquids or other fluent materials from different sources are brought together before entering the discharge device ([B05B 7/2402](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/262 . . . {a liquid and a gas being brought together before entering the discharge device}
- 7/265 {the liquid being fed by gravity, or sucked into the gas}
- 7/267 {the liquid and the gas being both under pressure}
- 7/28 . . . in which one liquid or other fluent material is fed or drawn through an orifice into a stream of a carrying fluid ([B05B 7/262](#) takes precedence)}
- 7/30 the first liquid or other fluent material being fed by gravity, or sucked into the carrying fluid
- 7/32 the fed liquid or other fluent material being under pressure
- 9/00 Spraying apparatus for discharge of liquids or other fluent material, without essentially mixing with gas or vapour ([B05B 11/00](#) takes precedence)**
- 9/002 . {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
- 9/005 . {the liquid or other fluent material being a fluid close to a change of phase}
- 9/007 . {At least a part of the apparatus, e.g. a container, being provided with means, e.g. wheels, for allowing its displacement relative to the ground}
- 9/01 . Spray pistols, {discharge devices}([B05B 9/03](#) takes precedence)
- 9/03 . characterised by means for supplying liquid or other fluent material ([B05B 9/002](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/035 . . {to several spraying apparatus ([B05B 9/0423](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/04 . . with pressurised or compressible container (aerosol containers [B65D 83/14](#)); with pump
- 9/0403 . . . {with pumps for liquids or other fluent material ([B05B 9/043](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/0406 {with several pumps}
- 9/0409 {the pumps being driven by a hydraulic or a pneumatic fluid}
- 9/0413 {with reciprocating pumps, e.g. membrane pump, piston pump, bellows pump ([B05B 9/0409](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/0416 {with pumps comprising rotating pumping parts, e.g. gear pump, centrifugal pump, screw-type pump ([B05B 9/042](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/042 {with peristaltic pumps}
- 9/0423 {for supplying liquid or other fluent material to several spraying apparatus}
- 9/0426 {with a pump attached to the spray gun or discharge device (single-units hand-held apparatus in which the flow is effected by a pump [B05B 11/10](#))}
- 9/043 . . . having pump readily separable from container
- 9/047 . . . supply being effected by follower in container, e.g. membrane or floating piston {, or by deformation of container ([B05B 9/0838](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/06 . . . the delivery being related to the movement of a vehicle, e.g. the pump being driven by a vehicle wheel
- 9/08 . . . Apparatus to be carried on or by a person, e.g. of knapsack type ([B05B 9/0426](#), [B05B 11/00](#) take precedence) ; details or components, e.g. casings, bodies of portable power-driven tools not particularly related to the operation performed [B25F 5/00](#))
- 9/0805 {comprising a pressurised or compressible container for liquid or other fluent material ([B05B 9/085](#) takes precedence)}
- 9/0811 {comprising air supplying means actuated by the operator to pressurise or compress the container}
- 9/0816 {the air supplying means being a manually actuated air pump}
- 9/0822 {a discharge device being fixed to the container}

- 9/0827 {the air pump being actuated by shaking}
- 9/0833 {comprising a compressed gas container, e.g. a nitrogen cartridge}
- 9/0838 {supply being effected by follower in container, e.g. membrane or floating piston, or by deformation of container}
- 9/0844 {the container being pressurised or compressed by a gas generated by a chemical reaction}
- 9/085 {with a liquid pump}
- 9/0855 {the pump being motor-driven ([B05B 9/0866](#), [B05B 9/0872](#) take precedence)}
- 9/0861 {the motor being electric}
- 9/0866 {the pump being a gear, centrifugal or screw-type pump}
- 9/0872 {the pump being a peristaltic pump}
- 9/0877 {the pump being of pressure-accumulation type or being connected to a pressure accumulation chamber}
- 9/0883 {having a discharge device fixed to the container}
- 9/0888 {Carrying means for knapsack sprayers}
- 9/0894 {Gun with a container which, in normal use, is located above the gun}
- 11/00** **Single-unit hand-held apparatus in which flow of contents is produced by the muscular force of the operator at the moment of use**
- WARNING**
- Group [B05B 11/00](#) is impacted by reclassification into group [B05B 11/01](#).
- Groups [B05B 11/00](#) and [B05B 11/01](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
- 11/0002 . . {incorporating means for heating or cooling, e.g. the material to be sprayed}
- 11/0005 . . {Components or details (of single units wherein the flow is effected by a pump [B05B 11/1042](#))}
- 11/0008 . . {Sealing or attachment arrangements between sprayer and container ([between pump and container B05B 11/1043](#))}
- 11/001 . . . {Snap-on-twist-off type connections}
- 11/0013 . . . {Attachment arrangements comprising means cooperating with the inner surface of the container}
- 11/0027 . . {Means for neutralising the actuation of the sprayer ([pump locking means B05B 11/1059](#)); Means for preventing access to the sprayer actuation means}
- 11/0029 . . . {Valves not actuated by pressure ([B05B 11/0032](#), [B05B 11/0094](#) take precedence; [automatically opened during actuation of a spray pump B05B 11/1053](#))}
- 11/0032 . . . {Manually actuated means located downstream the discharge nozzle for closing or covering it, e.g. shutters ([automatically removed during actuation of a spray pump B05B 11/1053](#))}
- 11/0035 . . {Pen-like sprayers}
- 11/0037 . . {Containers (for several components [B05B 11/0078](#))}
- 11/0038 . . . {Inner container disposed in an outer shell or outer casing}
- 11/0039 . . . {associated with means for compensating the pressure difference between the ambient pressure and the pressure inside the container, e.g. pressure relief means}
- 11/0041 {compensating underpressure without contact of the fluid remaining in the container with the atmospheric air ([B05B 11/026](#) and [B05B 11/028](#) take precedence)}
- 11/00411 {the means being an inert gas}
- 11/0044 {compensating underpressure by ingress of atmospheric air into the container, i.e. with venting means ([venting means for deformable containers B05B 11/047](#))}
- 11/00442 {the means being actuated by the difference between the atmospheric pressure and the pressure inside the container}
- 11/00444 {with provision for filtering or cleaning the air flow drawn into the container}
- 11/00446 {the means being located at the bottom of the container or of an enclosure surrounding the container}
- 11/0054 {Cartridges, i.e. containers specially designed for easy attachment to or easy removal from the rest of the sprayer ([attachment arrangements between pump and container B05B 11/1043](#))}
- 11/0056 {with an additional opening for filling or refilling}
- 11/0059 {allowing operation in any orientation, e.g. for discharge in inverted position}
- 11/0062 {Outlet valves actuated by the pressure of the fluid to be sprayed ([fluid-actuated pump outlet valve arrangements B05B 11/1016](#), [B05B 11/1022](#), [B05B 11/1033](#), [B05B 11/1036](#), [B05B 11/104](#), [B05B 11/1064](#), [B05B 11/1097](#))}
- 11/0064 {Lift valves ([B05B 11/007](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/0067 {having a valve seat located downstream the valve element (take precedence)}
- 11/007 {being opened by deformation of a sealing element made of resiliently deformable material, e.g. flaps, skirts, duck-bill valves}
- 11/0072 {A valve member forming part of an outlet opening}
- 11/0075 {Two outlet valves being placed in a delivery conduit, one downstream the other}
- 11/0078 {Arrangements for separately storing several components ([arrangements for pumping several liquids or other fluent materials from several containers B05B 11/1081](#))}
- 11/0081 {and for mixing the components in a common container as a mixture ready for use before discharging the latter}
- 11/0083 {one of the components being in powder form}
- 11/0086 {Arrangements for allowing spraying and pouring}
- 11/0089 {Dispensing tubes}
- 11/0091 {movable, e.g. articulated on the sprayer}
- 11/0094 {movement of the dispensing tube controlling a valve}
- 11/0097 {Means for filling or refilling the sprayer ([through additional openings in the container B05B 11/0056](#))}

- 11/01 . . characterised by the means producing the flow
- WARNING**
- Group [B05B 11/01](#) is incomplete pending reclassification of documents from group [B05B 11/00](#).
- Groups [B05B 11/00](#) and [B05B 11/01](#) should be considered in order to perform a complete search.
- 11/02 . . Membranes or pistons acting on the contents inside the container, e.g. follower pistons
- 11/025 . . . {with stepwise advancement of the piston, e.g. for spraying a predetermined quantity of content}
- 11/026 . . . {Membranes separating the content remaining in the container from the atmospheric air to compensate underpressure inside the container}
- 11/027 {inverted during outflow of content}
- 11/028 . . . {Pistons separating the content remaining in the container from the atmospheric air to compensate underpressure inside the container}
- 11/029 {located on top of the remaining content}
- 11/04 . . Deformable containers producing the flow, e.g. squeeze bottles
- 11/041 . . . {designed for spraying particulate material ([B05B 11/045](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/042 . . . {the spray being effected by a gas or vapour flow in the nozzle, spray head, outlet or dip tube}
- 11/043 {designed for spraying a liquid ([B05B 11/046](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/045 {designed for spraying particulate material ([B05B 11/046](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/046 {the gas or vapour flow coming from a source where the gas or vapour is not in contact with the liquid or other fluent material to be sprayed, e.g. from a compressive bulb, an air pump or an enclosure surrounding the container}
- 11/047 . . . {characterised by the outlet or venting means ([B05B 11/041](#) and [B05B 11/042](#) take precedence)}
- 11/048 . . . {characterised by the container, e.g. this latter being surrounded by an enclosure, or the means for deforming it ([B05B 11/041](#), [B05B 11/046](#) take precedence)}
- 11/06 . . Gas or vapour producing the flow, e.g. from a compressible bulb or air pump
- 11/061 . . . {characterised by the means producing the gas or vapour pressure}
- 11/062 . . . {designed for spraying particulate material}
- 11/064 {the particulate material being stored in several discrete quantities delivered one at a time}
- 11/065 {the particulate material being separated from a main storage in discrete quantities delivered one at a time}
- 11/067 {the particulate material being separated from the main storage by a dosing device}
- 11/068 . . . {comprising a liquid-absorbent material}
- 11/10 . . Pump arrangements for transferring the contents from the container to a pump chamber by a sucking effect and forcing the contents out through the dispensing nozzle
- 11/1001 . . . {Piston pumps ([B05B 11/1087](#), [B05B 11/1088](#), [B05B 11/109](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1002 {the direction of the pressure stroke being substantially perpendicular to the major axis of the container ([B05B 11/1009](#), [B05B 11/1015](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1004 {comprising a movable cylinder and a stationary piston}
- 11/1005 {with means for adjusting or modifying pump stroke}
- 11/1007 {by adjusting or modifying the pump end-of-sucking-stroke position}
- 11/1008 {by adjusting or modifying the pump end-of-dispensing-stroke position}
- 11/1009 {actuated by a lever}
- 11/1011 {without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke}
- 11/1012 {the pump chamber being arranged substantially coaxially to the neck of the container ([B05B 11/1011](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1014 {the pump chamber being arranged substantially coaxially to the container}
- 11/1015 {actuated without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke ([B05B 11/1011](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1016 {the outlet valve having a valve seat located downstream a movable valve element controlled by a pressure actuated controlling element ([B05B 11/1022](#), [B05B 11/1023](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1018 {and the controlling element cooperating with means for opening or closing the inlet valve ([B05B 11/1019](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1019 {the inlet valve moving concurrently with the controlling element during whole pressure and aspiration strokes, e.g. a cage for an inlet valve ball being part of the controlling element}
- 11/1021 {having an outlet valve which is a gate valve ([B05B 11/1023](#), [B05B 11/1038](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1022 {actuated by pressure}
- 11/1023 {having an outlet valve opened by deformation or displacement of the piston relative to its actuating stem}
- 11/1025 {a spring urging the outlet valve in its closed position ([B05B 11/1026](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1026 {the piston being deformable and its deformation allowing opening of the outlet}
- 11/1028 . . . {Pumps having a pumping chamber with a deformable wall ([B05B 11/1087](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1029 {actuated by a lever}
- 11/103 {without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke}
- 11/1032 {actuated without substantial movement of the nozzle in the direction of the pressure stroke ([B05B 11/103](#) takes precedence)}

- 11/1033 {the deformable wall, the inlet and outlet valve elements being integrally formed, e.g. moulded}
- 11/1035 {the pumping chamber being a bellow}
- 11/1036 {the outlet valve being opened in the direction opposite to the fluid flow downstream the outlet valve by the pressure acting on a valve controlling element}
- 11/1038 {Pressure accumulation pumps, i.e. pumps comprising a pressure accumulation chamber}
- 11/1039 {the outlet valve being mechanically opened after a defined accumulation stroke}
- 11/104 {the outlet valve being opened by pressure after a defined accumulation stroke}
- 11/1042 {Components or details}
- 11/1043 {Sealing or attachment arrangements between pump and container (sealing arrangements around pump actuating stem [B05B 11/105](#))}
- 11/1045 {the pump being preassembled as an independent unit before being mounted on the container ([B05B 11/1047](#), [B05B 11/1049](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1046 {the pump chamber being arranged substantially coaxially to the neck of the container ([B05B 11/1049](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1047 {the pump being preassembled as an independent unit before being mounted on the container}
- 11/1049 {Attachment arrangements comprising a deformable or resilient ferrule clamped or locked onto the neck of the container by displacing, e.g. sliding, a sleeve surrounding the ferrule}
- 11/105 {Sealing arrangements around pump actuating stem}
- 11/1052 {Actuation means ([locking means therefor B05B 11/1059](#); the dispensing stroke being affected by the stored energy of a spring [B05B 11/109](#))}
- 11/1053 {combined with means, other than pressure, for automatically opening a valve during actuation; combined with means for automatically removing closures or covers from the discharge nozzle during actuation}
- 11/1054 {the valve being located upstream of an outlet valve}
- 11/1056 {comprising rotatable or articulated levers ([B05B 11/1053](#) takes precedence; lever actuated piston pumps [B05B 11/1009](#); lever actuated pumps with deformable chamber [B05B 11/1029](#))}
- 11/1057 {Triggers, i.e. actuation means consisting of a single lever having one end rotating or pivoting around an axis or a hinge fixedly attached to the container, and another end directly actuated by the user}
- 11/1059 {Means for locking a pump or its actuation means in a fixed position ([B05B 11/1091](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/106 {in a retracted position, e.g. in an end-of-dispensing-stroke position}
- 11/1061 {Pump priming means}
- 11/1063 {Air exhausted from the pump chamber being discharged into the container during priming}
- 11/1064 {Pump inlet and outlet valve elements integrally formed of a deformable material (pump chambers having a deformable wall integrally formed with inlet and outlet valve elements [B05B 11/1033](#))}
- 11/1066 {Pump inlet valves ([B05B 11/1018](#), [B05B 11/1019](#), [B05B 11/1064](#) take precedence)}
- 11/1067 {actuated by pressure}
- 11/1069 {the valve being made of a resiliently deformable material or being urged in a closed position by a spring}
- 11/107 {Gate valves; Sliding valves}
- 11/1071 {Two inlet valves being placed in a supply conduit one upstream of the other}
- 11/1073 {Springs}
- 11/1074 {located outside pump chambers}
- 11/1076 {Traction springs, e.g. stretchable sleeve}
- 11/1077 {characterised by a particular shape or material ([B05B 11/1076](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1078 {Vacuum chambers acting like springs}
- 11/108 {Means for counting the number of dispensing strokes}
- 11/1081 {Arrangements for pumping several liquids or other fluent materials from several containers, e.g. for mixing them at the moment of pumping}
- 11/1083 {in adjustable proportion}
- 11/1084 {each liquid or other fluent material being pumped by a separate pump}
- 11/1085 {the pumps being coaxial}
- 11/1087 {Combination of liquid and air pumps}
- 11/1088 {the pump being a double-acting pump}
- 11/109 {the dispensing stroke being affected by the stored energy of a spring ([B05B 11/1088](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1091 {being first hold in a loaded state by locking means or the like, then released ([B05B 11/1092](#) takes precedence)}
- 11/1092 {automatically released from a loaded state at the end of the loading stroke}
- 11/1094 {having inlet or outlet valves not being actuated by pressure or having no inlet or outlet valve}
- 11/1095 {with movable suction side}
- 11/1097 {with means for sucking back the liquid or other fluent material in the nozzle after a dispensing stroke}
- 11/1098 {Air being permanently entrapped or sucked into the liquid pump chamber}
- 12/00 Arrangements for controlling delivery; Arrangements for controlling the spray area**
- 12/002 {Manually-actuated controlling means, e.g. push buttons, levers or triggers ([for single units B05B 11/00](#))}
- 12/0022 {associated with means for restricting their movement}
- 12/0024 {to a single position}

- 12/0026 {to inhibit delivery}
- 12/004 . {comprising sensors for monitoring the delivery, e.g. by displaying the sensed value or generating an alarm ([B05B 12/08](#) takes precedence; registering or indicating the condition or the working of machines or other apparatus in general [G07C 3/00](#))}
- 12/006 . . {Pressure or flow rate sensors}
- 12/008 . . . {integrated in or attached to a discharge apparatus, e.g. a spray gun}
- 12/02 . for controlling time, or sequence, of delivery
- 12/04 . . for sequential operation or multiple outlets
- 12/06 . . for effecting pulsating flow {(nozzles, spray head or outlet with means for generating a discharge of pulsating nature [B05B 1/08](#))}
- 12/08 . responsive to condition of liquid or other fluent material {to be} discharged, of ambient medium or of target {; responsive to condition of spray devices or of supply means, e.g. pipes, pumps or their drive means}
- 12/081 . . {responsive to the weight of a reservoir or container for liquid or other fluent material; responsive to level or volume of liquid or other fluent material in a reservoir or container}
- 12/082 . . {responsive to a condition of the discharged jet or spray, e.g. to jet shape, spray pattern or droplet size}
- 12/084 . . {responsive to condition of liquid or other fluent material already sprayed on the target, e.g. coating thickness, weight or pattern}
- 12/085 . . {responsive to flow or pressure of liquid or other fluent material to be discharged ([B05B 1/3006](#), [B05B 1/323](#), [B05B 7/1254](#) take precedence)}
- 12/087 . . . {Flow or pressure regulators, i.e. non-electric unitary devices comprising a sensing element, e.g. a piston or a membrane, and a controlling element, e.g. a valve}
- 12/088 {the sensing element being a flexible member, e.g. membrane, diaphragm, bellows}
- 12/10 . . responsive to temperature or viscosity of liquid or other fluent material discharged
- 12/12 . . responsive to conditions of ambient medium or target, e.g. humidity, temperature {position or movement of the target relative to the spray apparatus ([B05B 12/082](#), [B05B 12/084](#) take precedence)}
- 12/122 . . . {responsive to presence or shape of target ([B05B 12/124](#) takes precedence)}
- 12/124 . . . {responsive to distance between spray apparatus and target}
- 12/126 . . . {responsive to target velocity, e.g. to relative velocity between spray apparatus and target ([B05B 9/06](#) takes precedence)}
- 12/14 . for supplying a selected one of a plurality of liquids or other fluent materials {or several in selected proportions} to a {spray apparatus, e.g. to a} single spray outlet
- 12/1409 . . {the selection means being part of the discharge apparatus, e.g. part of the spray gun}
- 12/1418 . . {for supplying several liquids or other fluent materials in selected proportions to a single spray outlet (controlling ratio of two or more flows of fluid [G05D 11/02](#))}
- 12/1427 . . . {a condition of a first liquid or other fluent material in a first supply line controlling a condition of a second one in a second supply line}
- 12/1436 {the controlling condition of the first liquid or other fluent material in the first supply line being its flow rate or its pressure}
- 12/1445 . . . {pumping means for the liquids or other fluent materials being mechanically linked, e.g. master and slave pumps}
- 12/1454 . . {separate units comprising both a material container and a spray device permanently connected thereto being removably attached to a part of the spray apparatus, e.g. to a robot arm}
- 12/1463 . . {separate containers for different materials to be sprayed being moved from a first location, e.g. a filling station, where they are fluidically disconnected from the spraying apparatus, to a second location, generally close to the spraying apparatus, where they are fluidically connected to the latter ([B05B 12/1454](#) takes precedence)}
- 12/1472 . . {separate supply lines supplying different materials to separate outlets of the spraying apparatus ([B05B 12/1454](#) takes precedence)}
- 12/1481 . . {comprising pigs, i.e. movable elements sealingly received in supply pipes, for separating different fluids, e.g. liquid coating materials from solvent or air (cleaning pipes with pigs [B08B 9/0557](#), pigs per se [F16L 55/26](#))}
- 12/149 . . {characterised by colour change manifolds or valves therefor ([B05B 12/1409](#) takes precedence)}
- 12/16 . for controlling the spray area ([B05B 3/00](#) takes precedence)
- 12/18 . . using fluids, e.g. gas streams
- 12/20 . . Masking elements, i.e. elements defining uncoated areas on an object to be coated
- 12/22 . . . movable relative to the spray area
- 12/24 . . . made at least partly of flexible material, e.g. sheets of paper or fabric
- 12/26 . . . for masking cavities
- 12/265 {between a door and a post, e.g. foam strips}
- 12/28 . . . for defining uncoated areas that are not enclosed within coated areas or *vice versa*, e.g. for defining U-shaped border lines
- 12/29 . . . {with adjustable size}
- 12/30 . . . specially adapted for vehicle wheels
- 12/32 . . Shielding elements, i.e. elements preventing overspray from reaching areas other than the object to be sprayed (nozzles with integral shielding elements [B05B 1/28](#))
- 12/34 . . . movable relative to the spray area
- 12/36 . . . Side shields, i.e. shields extending in a direction substantially parallel to the spray jet
- 12/40 . . {Devices for making a normally hidden area accessible for the spray material}

- 13/00** **Machines or plants for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces of objects or other work by spraying, not covered by groups [B05B 1/00](#) - [B05B 11/00](#)** ([B05B 5/08](#) takes precedence) ; means for supplying or discharging liquid or other fluent material for this purpose, see the relevant preceding groups; processes for applying liquids or other fluent materials to surfaces in general [B05D](#))
- 13/005 . {mounted on vehicles or designed to apply a liquid on a very large surface, e.g. on the road, on the surface of large containers}
- 13/02 . Means for supporting work; Arrangement or mounting of spray heads; Adaptation or arrangement of means for feeding work ([B05B 13/06](#) takes precedence)
- 13/0207 . . {the work being an elongated body, e.g. wire or pipe ([B05B 13/0436](#), [B05B 13/0463](#) take precedence)}
- 13/0214 . . . {the liquid or other fluent material being applied to the whole periphery of the cross section of the elongated body}
- 13/0221 . . {characterised by the means for moving or conveying the objects or other work, e.g. conveyor belts ([B05B 13/0207](#) takes precedence; conveyors in general [B65G](#))}
- 13/0228 . . . {the movement of the objects being rotative ([B05B 13/0242](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0235 . . . {the movement of the objects being a combination of rotation and linear displacement ([B05B 13/0242](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0242 . . . {the objects being individually presented to the spray heads by a rotating element, e.g. turntable}
- 13/025 . . . {the objects or work being present in bulk}
- 13/0257 {in a moving container, e.g. a rotatable foraminous drum}
- 13/0264 . . . {Overhead conveying means, i.e. the object or other work being suspended from the conveying means; Details thereof, e.g. hanging hooks}
- 13/0271 . . . {the object or work standing still during the spraying operation}
- 13/0278 . . {Arrangement or mounting of spray heads ([B05B 13/0207](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0285 . . {Stands for supporting individual articles to be sprayed, e.g. doors, vehicle body parts}
- 13/0292 . . {devices for holding several workpieces to be sprayed in a spaced relationship, e.g. vehicle doors spacers}
- 13/04 . . the spray heads being moved during {spraying} operation
- 13/0405 . . . {with reciprocating or oscillating spray heads ([B05B 13/0436](#), [B05B 13/0442](#), [B05B 13/0447](#), [B05B 13/0468](#) take precedence)}
- 13/041 {with spray heads reciprocating along a straight line}
- 13/0415 {the angular position of the spray heads relative to the straight line being modified during the reciprocating movement}
- 13/0421 . . . {with rotating spray heads}
- 13/0426 . . . {with spray heads moved along a closed path ([B05B 13/0421](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0431 . . . {with spray heads moved by robots or articulated arms, e.g. for applying liquid or other fluent material to 3D-surfaces ([B05B 13/0436](#), [B05B 13/0442](#), [B05B 13/0447](#), [B05B 13/0463](#) take precedence)}
- 13/0436 . . . {Installations or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to elongated bodies, e.g. light poles, pipes ([B05B 13/0442](#), [B05B 13/0463](#) take precedence)}
- 13/0442 . . . {Installation or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to separate articles rotated during spraying operation}
- 13/0447 . . . {Installation or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to conveyed separate articles ([B05B 13/0442](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0452 {the conveyed articles being vehicle bodies}
- 13/0457 {specially designed for applying liquid or other fluent material to 3D-surfaces of the articles, e.g. by using several moving spray heads ([B05B 13/0452](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0463 . . . {Installation or apparatus for applying liquid or other fluent material to moving work of indefinite length}
- 13/0468 {with reciprocating or oscillating spray heads}
- 13/0473 {with spray heads reciprocating along a straight line}
- 13/0478 {the angular position of the spray heads relative to the straight line being modified during the reciprocating movement}
- 13/0484 {with spray heads having a circular motion, e.g. being attached to a rotating supporting element ([B05B 13/0468](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0489 {around the moving work}
- 13/0494 {with spray heads being moved along a closed path ([B05B 13/0484](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/06 . specially designed for treating the inside of hollow bodies (spray heads [B05B 1/00](#) - [B05B 7/00](#); {devices for covering leaks in pipes or hoses, e.g. hose-menders, from inside the pipe [F16L 55/162](#); sprayed layers of rubber or plastics for internal protection of pipes or pipe fittings against corrosion or incrustation [F16L 58/1027](#))}
- 13/0609 . . {the hollow bodies being automatically fed to, or removed from, the machine}
- 13/0618 . . {only a part of the inside of the hollow bodies being treated}
- 13/0627 . . {Arrangements of nozzles or spray heads specially adapted for treating the inside of hollow bodies ([B05B 13/0645](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0636 . . . {by means of rotatable spray heads or nozzles}
- 13/0645 . . {the hollow bodies being rotated during treatment operation ([B05B 13/0618](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0654 . . . {and a treating nozzles being translated through the hollow bodies in a direction essentially parallel to the rotational axis ([B05B 13/0681](#) takes precedence)}
- 13/0663 . . . {and the hollow bodies being translated in a direction parallel to the rotational axis ([B05B 13/0681](#) takes precedence)}

- 13/0672 . . . {and the inclination or the distance of a treating nozzle being modified relative to the rotation axis, e.g. for treating irregular internal surfaces}
- 13/0681 . . . {the hollow bodies comprising a closed end to be treated (B05B 13/0672 takes precedence)}
- 13/069 . . {the hollow bodies having a closed end}
- 14/00 Arrangements for collecting, re-using or eliminating excess spraying material (arrangements integral with nozzles B05B 1/28)**
- 14/10 . the excess material being particulate (for spray booths B05B 14/48)
- 14/20 . from moving belts, e.g. filtering belts or conveying belts
- 14/30 . comprising enclosures close to, or in contact with, the object to be sprayed and surrounding or confining the discharged spray or jet but not the object to be sprayed
- 14/40 . for use in spray booths
- 14/41 . . by cleaning the walls of the booth
- 14/412 . . . {wherein the walls of the booth is perforated or porous walls and the walls are cleaned or prevented from being contacted with excess material by a flow of fluid, e.g. air or water, directed into the booth}
- 14/42 . . using electrostatic means
- 14/43 . . by filtering the air charged with excess material
- 14/435 . . . with means for cleaning the filters by gas flow, e.g. blasts of air
- 14/437 . . . {with means for introducing solid material into the air charged with excess material for preventing clogging of the filter}
- 14/44 . . using walls specially adapted for promoting separation of the excess material from the air, e.g. baffle plates (using wetted walls B05B 14/465)
- 14/45 . . using cyclone separators
- 14/46 . . by washing the air charged with excess material
- 14/462 . . . and separating the excess material from the washing liquid, e.g. for recovery
- 14/463 {by means of ultrafiltration}
- 14/465 . . . using substantially vertical liquid curtains or wetted walls behind the object to be sprayed
- 14/468 . . . with scrubbing means arranged below the booth floor
- 14/469 . . . {wherein the washing material is the spraying material}
- 14/48 . . specially adapted for particulate material
- 14/49 . . specially adapted for solvents
- 15/00 Details of spraying plant or spraying apparatus not otherwise provided for; Accessories**
- 15/14 . Arrangements for preventing or controlling structural damage to spraying apparatus or its outlets, e.g. for breaking at desired places; Arrangements for handling or replacing damaged parts
- 15/16 . . for preventing non-intended contact between spray heads or nozzles and foreign bodies, e.g. nozzle guards
- 15/18 . . for improving resistance to wear, e.g. inserts or coatings; for indicating wear; for handling or replacing worn parts
- 15/20 . Arrangements for agitating the material to be sprayed, e.g. for stirring, mixing or homogenising
- 15/25 . . using moving elements, e.g. rotating blades
- 15/30 . Dip tubes
- 15/33 . . Weighted
- 15/37 . . with decorative elements
- 15/40 . Filters located upstream of the spraying outlets
- 15/50 . Arrangements for cleaning; Arrangements for preventing deposits, drying-out or blockage; Arrangements for detecting improper discharge caused by the presence of foreign matter
- 15/52 . . for removal of clogging particles
- 15/522 . . . using cleaning elements penetrating the discharge openings
- 15/5223 {the cleaning element, e.g. a needle, and the discharge opening being movable relative to each other in a direction substantially parallel to the flow of liquid or other fluent material through said opening}
- 15/5225 {the cleaning element being located upstream of the discharge opening or being actuated upstream therefrom}
- 15/525 . . . by increasing the cross section of the discharge openings
- 15/528 . . . by resilient deformation of the nozzle
- 15/531 . . . using backflow
- 15/534 by reversing the nozzle relative to the supply conduit
- 15/55 . . using cleaning fluids
- 15/555 . . . discharged by cleaning nozzles
- 15/557 . . . {the cleaning fluid being a mixture of gas and liquid}
- 15/58 . . preventing deposits, drying-out or blockage by recirculating the fluid to be sprayed from upstream of the discharge opening back to the supplying means (B05B 1/3093 takes precedence)}
- 15/60 . Arrangements for mounting, supporting or holding spraying apparatus
- 15/62 . . Arrangements for supporting spraying apparatus, e.g. suction cups
- 15/622 . . . ground-penetrating
- 15/625 . . . designed to be placed on the ground
- 15/628 . . . of variable length
- 15/63 . . Handgrips
- 15/65 . . Mounting arrangements for fluid connection of the spraying apparatus or its outlets to flow conduits
- 15/652 . . . whereby the jet can be oriented
- 15/654 using universal joints
- 15/656 . . . whereby the flow conduit length is changeable
- 15/658 . . . the spraying apparatus or its outlet axis being perpendicular to the flow conduit
- 15/68 . . Arrangements for adjusting the position of spray heads (B05B 15/628, B05B 15/652, B05B 15/656 take precedence)
- 15/70 . Arrangements for moving spray heads automatically to or from the working position
- 15/72 . . using hydraulic or pneumatic means
- 15/74 . . . driven by the discharged fluid
- 15/80 . Arrangements in which the spray area is not enclosed, e.g. spray tables
- 16/00 Spray booths (arrangements for collecting, re-using or eliminating excess spraying material in spray booths B05B 14/40)**

B05B

- 16/20 . Arrangements for spraying in combination with other operations, e.g. drying; Arrangements enabling a combination of spraying operations
- 16/25 . . for both automatic and manual spraying
- 16/40 . Construction elements specially adapted therefor, e.g. floors, walls or ceilings ([ceiling elements filtering inflow of air into the booth B05B 16/60](#); [walls specially adapted for promoting separation of excess material B05B 14/44](#))
- 16/405 . . {Partly or totally cylindrical walls; Round floors}
- 16/60 . Ventilation arrangements specially adapted therefor
- 16/80 . Movable spray booths
- 16/90 . {comprising conveying means for moving objects or other work to be sprayed in and out of the booth, e.g. through the booth}
- 16/95 . . {the objects or other work to be sprayed lying on, or being held above the conveying means, i.e. not hanging from the conveying means}
- 17/00 Apparatus for spraying or atomising liquids or other fluent materials, not covered by the preceding groups ([dropping or releasing powdered, liquid or gaseous matter in flight B64D 1/16](#))**
- 17/04 . operating with special methods
- 17/06 . . using ultrasonic {or other kinds of} vibrations
- 17/0607 . . . {generated by electrical means, e.g. piezoelectric transducers}
- 17/0615 {spray being produced at the free surface of the liquid or other fluent material in a container and subjected to the vibrations}
- 17/0623 {coupled with a vibrating horn}
- 17/063 {having an internal channel for supplying the liquid or other fluent material}
- 17/0638 {spray being produced by discharging the liquid or other fluent material through a plate comprising a plurality of orifices}
- 17/0646 {Vibrating plates, i.e. plates being directly subjected to the vibrations, e.g. having a piezoelectric transducer attached thereto}
- 17/0653 {Details}
- 17/0661 {Transducer materials}
- 17/0669 {Excitation frequencies}
- 17/0676 {Feeding means}
- 17/0684 {Wicks or the like}
- 17/0692 . . . {generated by a fluid ([B05B 17/0607 takes precedence](#))}
- 17/08 . Fountains ([drinking fountains E03B 9/20](#); [wash fountains E03C 1/16](#))
- 17/085 . . {designed to produce sheets or curtains of liquid, e.g. water walls}