G21K

TECHNIQUES FOR HANDLING PARTICLES OR IONISING RADIATION NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED FOR; IRRADIATION DEVICES; GAMMA RAY OR X-RAY MICROSCOPES

Definition statement

This place covers:
Arrangements for handling particles or ionising radiation, e.g. focusing or moderating;
Ionising radiation filters, e.g. X-ray filters;
Conversion screens for the conversion of the spatial distribution of particles or ionising radiation into visible images, e.g. fluoroscopic screens;
Irradiation devices;
Gamma ray or X-ray microscopes.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Investigating or analysing materials by the use of wave or particle radiation, e.g. X-rays or neutrons | G01N 23/00 |

References out of a residual place

Examples of places in relation to which this place is residual:

| Adaptations of reactors to facilitate experimentation or irradiation | G21C 23/00 |
| Electron-optical arrangements in cathode ray tubes or electron beam tubes | H01J 29/46 |
| Discharge tubes with provision for emergence of electrons or ions from the vessel; Lenard tubes | H01J 33/00 |
| Discharge tubes with provision for introducing objects or material to be exposed to the discharge, e.g. for the purpose of examination or processing thereof | H01J 37/00 |
| Electron or ion microscopes with scanning beams | H01J 37/28 |
| Production or acceleration of neutral particle beams, e.g. molecular or atomic beams | H05H 3/00 |
| Direct voltage accelerators; accelerators using single pulses | H05H 5/00 |
| Targets for producing nuclear reactions | H05H 6/00 |
| Details of linear accelerators, magnetic induction accelerators, cyclotrons and magnetic resonance accelerators | H05H 7/00 |
| Linear accelerators | H05H 9/00 |
| Magnetic induction accelerators, e.g. betatrons | H05H 11/00 |
| Magnetic resonance accelerators; Cyclotrons | H05H 13/00 |
| Methods or devices for acceleration of charged particles not otherwise provided for | H05H 15/00 |
Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Investigating or analysing materials by investigating the ionisation of gases | G01N 27/62 |
| Scanning probe techniques or apparatus; applications of scanning probe techniques, e.g. scanning probe microscopy | G01Q |
| Particle spectrometers or separator tubes | H01J 49/00 |
| X-ray apparatus involving X-ray tubes; circuits therefor | H05G 1/00 |
| Apparatus or processes specially adapted for producing X-rays, not involving X-ray tubes, e.g. involving generation of plasma | H05G 2/00 |
| Generating plasma; handling plasma | H05H 1/00 |

Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Particle</th>
<th>Molecular, atomic or subatomic particle</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Ionising radiation</td>
<td>'Ionising radiation' consists of particles or electromagnetic waves that are sufficiently energetic to detach electrons from atoms or molecules, thus ionising them.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

G21K 1/00

Arrangements for handling particles or ionising radiation, e.g. focusing or moderating (production or acceleration of neutrons, electrically-charged particles, neutral molecular beams or neutral atomic beams H05H 3/00 - H05H 15/00)

Definition statement

This place covers:
- Diaphragms, collimators for handling ionizing radiation
- Arrangements using diffraction, refraction or reflection, e.g. monochromators, for handling ionizing radiation
- Deviation, concentration or focusing of the beam by electric or magnetic means
- Scattering devices
- Absorbing devices
- Filter for ionising radiation

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Moderators in nuclear reactors | G21C 5/00 |
| Electrodes, lenses, blanking arrays etc. in discharge tubes | H01J |
**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Production or acceleration of neutrons, electrically charged particles, or neutral molecular or atomic beams | H05H 3/00 - H05H 15/00 |

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**G21K 1/003**

{Manipulation of charged particles by using radiation pressure, e.g. optical levitation (acceleration of charged particles H05H 5/00, H05H 7/00, H05H 9/00, H05H 11/00, H05H 13/00)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Manipulation of charged nucleons or ions by radiation pressure, such as magneto optical ion traps, capturing cold ions

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Acceleration of charged particles | H05H 5/00, H05H 7/00, H05H 9/00, H05H 11/00, H05H 13/00 |

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**Glossary of terms**

*In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:*

| Radiation pressure | pressure exerted upon any surface exposed to electromagnetic radiation. If absorbed, the pressure is the power flux density divided by the speed of light. If the radiation is totally reflected, the radiation pressure is doubled |

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**G21K 1/006**

{Manipulation of neutral particles by using radiation pressure, e.g. optical levitation (production or acceleration of neutral particles H05H 3/00)}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Manipulation of uncharged nucleons, atoms or molecules by radiation pressure, such as magneto optical atom traps, capturing cold atoms e.g. for cold-atom interferometry.

**References**

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

| Sample preparation | G01N 1/00 |
| Investigating characteristics of particles | G01N 15/00 |
Production or acceleration of neutral particles

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Handling suspended soils or molecules independently from the bulk or fluid flow | B01L 3/502761, also B01L 2400/0454 in combination with B01L 3/502761 |
| Optical elements, system or apparatus | G02B |
| Computer generated holograms in general | G03H 1/08 |

**G21K 1/02**

using diaphragms, collimators

**Glossary of terms**

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

| Collimator | Structure which achieves certain beam properties by absorbing those parts of the beam not having the desired properties, as opposed to structures which actively (through reflection or diffraction) change those properties. |

**G21K 1/025**

{using multiple collimators, e.g. Bucky screens; other devices for eliminating undesired or dispersed radiation}

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Devices selectively blocking rays according to their direction of propagation.

**G21K 1/04**

using variable diaphragms, shutters, choppers

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

Devices selectively blocking rays according to the position on which they are incident onto the device.
G21K 1/043

{changing time structure of beams by mechanical means, e.g. choppers, spinning filter wheels}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Devices such as choppers, scanning wheels e.g. "Nipkov disk"; filter wheels modulating the beam (i.e. continuously moving).

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Moving scattering grids</th>
<th>G21K 1/025</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Scanning of charged particle beams</td>
<td>G21K 1/08, G21K1/87, G21K1/93</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Optical choppers | G02B 26/04 |

Special rules of classification

For filter wheels modulating the beam (i.e. continuously moving), G21K 1/10 has to be allocated as well.

Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

| changing time structure | changing intensity, phase, polarisation or frequency over time |

G21K 1/046

{varying the contour of the field, e.g. multileaf collimators}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Diaphragms allowing a variation of the shape of the field, in a way which goes beyond changing the dimensions or the orientation or the aspect ratio of the field, e.g. by use of a plurality of individually positionable strips.
Example:

US2009080619, Fig. 3

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Iris diaphragms, setups changing only size or orientation of the irradiated region e.g. rectangular diaphragms | G21K 1/04 |

G21K 1/06

using diffraction, refraction or reflection, e.g. monochromators (G21K 1/10, G21K 7/00 take precedence)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Devices such as crystals, and all other optics not covered by the definition of the subgroups.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Scattering devices; Absorbing devices; Ionising radiation filters | G21K 1/10 |
| Gamma- or X-ray microscopes | G21K 7/00 |
Special rules of classification

Assignment of Indexing Codes G21K 2201/062 - G21K 2201/068 is obligatory as important information for further details.

Assignment of G21K 2201/06 - G21K 2201/068 as additional information is optional.

G21K 1/062

{Devices having a multilayer structure}

Definition statement

This place covers:

Devices having a multilayer structure such as multilayer mirrors, multilayer gratings; including multilayers used in Laue geometry.

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Multilayer mirrors for IR or visible or UV</th>
<th>G02B 5/0816</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mirrors for UV light</td>
<td>G02B 5/0891</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Special rules of classification

Documents, which could potentially concern UV light and (soft or ultrasoft) X-rays due to the structure of the apparatus, or due to doubts if the wavelength range of intended operation is in the UV or the EUV / X-ray range, are to be classified in G21K 1/062 and as well in appropriate places in G02B 5/00.

G21K 1/065

{using refraction, e.g. Tomie lenses}

Glossary of terms

In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Meaning</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tomie lens</td>
<td>compound refractive x-ray lens</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Example:
US5594773 (Tomie), Fig. 4a

**G21K 1/067**

{using surface reflection, e.g. grazing incidence mirrors, gratings (multilayer mirrors [G21K 1/062]; crystal optics [G21K 1/06])}

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Grazing incidence mirrors, gratings, multicapillary lenses (Khumakov lenses).

**Example:**

![Diagram](image)

US5192869 (Kumakhov), Fig. 10

**References**

*Limiting references*

*This place does not cover:*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crystal optics</th>
<th>G21K 1/06</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Multilayer mirrors</td>
<td>G21K 1/062</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
G21K 1/08

Deviation, concentration or focusing of the beam by electric or magnetic means (electron-optical arrangements in electric discharge tubes H01J 29/46; details, e.g. electric or magnetic deviating means for direct voltage accelerators or in accelerators using single pulses H05H 5/02; arrangements for injecting particles into orbits H05H 7/08; arrangements for ejecting particles from orbits H05H 7/10)

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electron optical arrangements in electric discharge tubes in cathode ray tubes</td>
<td>H01J 29/46</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electron optical arrangements in electric discharge tubes with provision for introducing objects</td>
<td>H01J 37/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electron optical arrangements in electric discharge tubes in particle spectrometers</td>
<td>H01J 49/00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Details, e.g. electric or magnetic deviating means for direct voltage accelerators or in accelerators using single pulses</td>
<td>H05H 5/02</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrangements for injecting particles into orbits</td>
<td>H05H 7/08</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrangements for ejecting particles from orbits</td>
<td>H05H 7/10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

G21K 1/087

by electrical means

Definition statement

This place covers:

Deviation, concentration or focusing of the beam by electrostatic means.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Deviation, concentration or focusing of the beam by electromagnetic means</td>
<td>G21K 1/093</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

G21K 1/10

Scattering devices; Absorbing devices; Ionising radiation filters

Definition statement

This place covers:

Wavelength selective filter for X rays
References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Energy modification of the final beam | H05H 7/12 |

G21K 4/00

Conversion screens for the conversion of the spatial distribution of X-rays or particle radiation into visible images, e.g. fluoroscopic screens (photographic processes using X-ray intensifiers G03C 5/17; discharge tubes comprising luminescent screens H01J 1/62; cathode ray tubes for X-ray conversion with optical output H01J 31/50)

Definition statement

This place covers:

Conversion screens for the conversion of the spatial distribution of X-rays or particle radiation into visible images, e.g. fluoroscopic screens

References

Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

| Photographic processes using X-rays; using screens to intensify X-ray images | G03C 5/16, G03C 5/17 |
| In discharge tubes: screens on or from which an image or pattern is formed; luminescent screens | H01J 1/54, H01J 1/62 |
| In cathode ray tubes or electron beam tubes: image conversion tubes or image amplification tubes having an X-ray input and an optical output | H01J 31/50 |

G21K 5/00

Irradiation devices (discharge tubes for irradiating H01J 37/00)

Definition statement

This place covers:

This main group contains devices for the irradiation of an object with ionising radiation such as X-rays or electron radiation.

References

Limiting references

This place does not cover:

| Conservation of food | A23B |
| Sterilization other than foodstuff or contact lenses | A61L 2/00, A61L 12/00 |
| Preserving, protecting, or purifying packages or package content by irradiation | B65B 55/08 |
G21K 5/00 (continued)

| Discharge tubes with provision for emergence of electrons or ions from the vessel | H01J 33/00 |
| Discharge tubes for irradiating | H01J 37/00 |
| Discharge tubes with provision for introducing objects or material to be exposed to the discharge | H01J 37/30 |
| Ion implanters | H01J 37/3171 |
| Electron beam or ion beam lithography | H01J 37/3174 |

**Glossary of terms**

*In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:*

| Irradiation | Exposure of an item to radiation with the aim to achieve a certain effect in the item, as opposed to techniques aiming at obtaining information from an item e.g. by analysis, obtaining images etc. |

**G21K 5/04**

with beam-forming means

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Inter aliae, apparatus aspects of beam outlets for radiation therapy.

**Special rules of classification**

Additional assignment of a group symbol of G21K 1/00 is mandatory whenever the means used for beam forming are relevant.

**G21K 7/00**

Gamma- or X-ray microscopes

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Gamma- or X-ray microscopes