

## G01L

### MEASURING FORCE, STRESS, TORQUE, WORK, MECHANICAL POWER, MECHANICAL EFFICIENCY, OR FLUID PRESSURE (weighing [G01G](#))

#### Definition statement

*This place covers:*

Apparatus or methods for measuring force, stress, torque or the like, and particularly:

- force or stress, in general;
- torque, work, mechanical power, or mechanical efficiency, in general;
- force, e.g. due to impact, work, mechanical power, or torque, adapted for special purposes and for testing brakes.

Apparatus or methods for measuring fluid pressure, and particularly:

- the steady or quasi-steady pressure of a fluid or a fluent solid material by mechanical or fluid pressure-sensitive elements; by electric or magnetic pressure-sensitive elements; by optical or acoustic means, or other means;
- differences of two or more pressure values, or two or more pressure values simultaneously;
- tyre pressure or the pressure in other inflated bodies;

Apparatus or methods for measuring, indicating or recording:

- rapid changes, such as oscillations, in the pressure of steam, gas or liquid;
- work or energy of steam, internal-combustion, or other fluid-pressure engines from the condition of the working fluid;
- knocks in internal-combustions engines.
- pressure in inlet or exhaust ducts of internal-combustion engines.
- Vacuum gauges.

Testing or calibrating of the apparatus as described.

Details or accessories of the apparatus as described.

#### Relationships with other classification places

For subject matter relating to sensing pressure changes for compensating measurements of other variables or for compensating readings of instruments for variations in pressure, see subclass [G01D](#) or other relevant subclasses for the variable measured.

#### References

##### Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Weighing	<a href="#">G01G</a>
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##### Application-oriented references

*Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:*

Measuring blood pressure for diagnostic purposes	<a href="#">A61B 5/02</a>
Measuring fluid pressure within the human body other than blood pressure for diagnostic purposes	<a href="#">A61B 5/03</a>

## Application-oriented references

Measuring muscular strength or the force of a muscular blow for diagnostic purposes	<a href="#">A61B 5/22</a>
Pressure sensor specially adapted for blood pressure control	<a href="#">A61M 1/3639</a>
Measuring tension, compression or force specially adapted for metal-rolling mills	<a href="#">B21B 38/06</a> , <a href="#">B21B 38/08</a>
Devices for measuring, signalling, controlling, or distributing tyre pressure specially adapted for being mounted on vehicles	<a href="#">B60C 23/00</a>
Applications of tensometers to sewing machine elements	<a href="#">D05B 47/06</a>
Measuring pressure in boreholes or wells	<a href="#">E21B 47/06</a>
Levelling between separate points or surveyors' levels by using barometric means	<a href="#">G01C 5/06</a>
Measuring volume flow, mass flow or volume of fluid by measuring pressure or differential pressure	<a href="#">G01F 1/34</a> , <a href="#">G01F 1/88</a> , <a href="#">G01F 22/02</a>
Measuring or indicating level of liquid or fluent material by measurement of pressure	<a href="#">G01F 23/14</a>
Testing of engines by monitoring pressure in cylinders or fluid ducts	<a href="#">G01M 15/08</a> - <a href="#">G01M 15/09</a>
Meteorology	<a href="#">G01W 1/00</a>
Method of arrangement for converting patterns of mechanical parameter (force) into electrical signal	<a href="#">G06K 11/00</a>

**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Torque indicators in wrenches or screwdrivers	<a href="#">B25B 23/14</a>
Tyre-inflating valves	<a href="#">B60C 29/00</a>
Seat occupant detection	<a href="#">B60N 2/002</a>
Supplying air for tyre inflation	<a href="#">B60S 5/04</a>
Application of tension indicators for adjusting or controlling tension in filamentary material	<a href="#">B65H 59/40</a>
Devices for indicating tension in warp or cloth	<a href="#">D03D 49/18</a>
Embedding pads or other sensitive devices in paving or other road surfaces	<a href="#">E01F 11/00</a>
Indicating lubricant pressure in machines	<a href="#">F01M 1/20</a>
Indicating coolant pressure in machines or engines	<a href="#">F01P 11/18</a>
Special adaptations of indicating, measuring, or monitoring equipment for the filling or discharging of vessels	<a href="#">F17C 13/02</a>
Measuring the deformation in a solid by mechanical strain gauges	<a href="#">G01B 5/30</a>
Measuring the deformation in a solid by resistance strain gauges	<a href="#">G01B 7/16</a>
Measuring the deformation in a solid by optical strain gauges	<a href="#">G01B 11/16</a>
Measurement of mechanical vibrations or ultrasonic, sonic or infrasonic waves	<a href="#">G01H</a>
Testing of bearings	<a href="#">G01M 13/04</a>
Testing steering behaviour of vehicles	<a href="#">G01M 17/06</a>

Investigating strength properties of solid materials by application of mechanical stress	<a href="#">G01N 3/00</a>
Devices characterised by the determination of the variation of atmospheric pressure with height to measure the vertical components of speed	<a href="#">G01P 3/62</a>
Scanning-probe techniques using atomic force microscopy	<a href="#">G01Q</a>
Hollow bodies deformable or displaceable under pressure, e.g. Bourdon tubes, bellows	<a href="#">G12B 1/04</a>
Switches operated by change of fluid pressure	<a href="#">H01H 35/24</a>
Dynamo-electric clutches; Dynamo-electric brakes	<a href="#">H02K 49/00</a>
Controllable semiconductor devices by variation of applied mechanical force, e.g. of pressure	<a href="#">H10D 48/50</a>

### Special rules of classification

In [G01L](#), CPC is only to be used for the classification of invention information and not for classifying additional information.

### Glossary of terms

*In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:*

Fluid	gas or liquid
Pressure	force induced by a fluid on a surface

### Synonyms and Keywords

*In patent documents, the following abbreviations are often used:*

FBG	Fibre Bragg Grating
FSR	Force Sensing Resistor
MEMS	Microelectromechanical Systems
SAW/BAW	Surface/Bulk Accoustic Wave

*In patent documents, the following words/expressions are often used with the meaning indicated:*

"pressure"	"force". The word "pressure" is adequate only in the case of a force generated by a fluid.
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## G01L 1/00

### Measuring force or stress, in general (measuring force due to impact [G01L 5/00](#))

#### Definition statement

*This place covers:*

Apparatus or methods for measuring force:

- by using hydraulic or pneumatic means, counterbalancing forces, piezoelectric or piezo-resistive devices, wave or particle radiation;
- by measuring elastic or permanent deformation of gauges;

## Definition statement

- by measuring variation of frequency of stresses vibrating elements, of magnetic properties or capacitance or inductance or ohmic resistance or optical properties of the stressed material or other electrical means

Auxiliary measure taken on the apparatus or methods for measuring force

## References

### Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Measurement of force due to residual stress	<a href="#">G01L 5/0047</a>
Measurement of force due to impact	<a href="#">G01L 5/0052</a>
Measurement of force of explosion	<a href="#">G01L 5/14</a>
Measurement of several components of force	<a href="#">G01L 5/16</a>

### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Measuring fluid pressure	<a href="#">G01L 7/00</a> - <a href="#">G01L 21/00</a> , <a href="#">G01L 27/00</a>
Measuring deformation of bodies as a result of stress by using gauges	<a href="#">G01B</a>

## Special rules of classification

Multiple classification is allowed, sometimes necessary since for example some sub-groups are devoted to what is deformed (for instance springs in [G01L 1/04](#)), other to what parameter is measured (for instance capacitance/inductance in [G01L 1/14](#)). It is the grade of detail of the disclosure of the document which is important (for instance just mentioning that the measurement is done by measuring a capacitance without other precision is not sufficient for a classification in [G01L 1/14](#) or subgroups).

The main Group [G01G 3/00](#) has a similar structure as the main group [G01L 1/00](#).

[G01L 1/02](#); [G01L 1/083](#) take precedence, i.e. when the hydraulic or pneumatic means are used for generating the counter-balancing forces .

This sub-group also contains sensor with elastomeric transmitting means (like rubber).

[G01L 1/06](#); This sub-group contains force measurement system using the print of a pinpoint in material, or using indentation hardness (see also [G01N 3/40](#) hardness testing of material).

[G01L 1/08](#); See also similar arrangement in [G01G 5/00](#), [G01G 5/006](#), [G01G 7/04](#) and [G01G 7/045](#) in weighing systems.

[G01L 1/12](#); The sub-group [G01L 1/127](#) has to be chosen when it is the material under stress in which inductance is varying, otherwise classify in [G01L 1/14](#).

[G01L 1/18](#); See also semi-conductor devices controllable by variation of applied mechanical force [H10D 48/50](#).

[G01L 1/20](#); Also contains sensor with the resistance material being a part of the mechanical structure of the sensor.

The sub-group contains Force Sensing Resistor or FSR.

[G01L 1/22](#); For search, in the case of ring shaped support adapted for measuring force along a single direction ([G01L 1/2231](#)) see also nut tightening force measurement system ([G01L 5/24](#)) using washer ([G01L 5/243](#)).

The sub-group [G01L 1/2287](#) also contains mounting details of the strain gauges.

[G01L 1/24](#); This group also contains pressure sensitive films or paper or coatings having changes in optical properties when stresses are applied.

The important characteristic to check for classification is to find which means are stressed by the force to be measured.

For the search, in the case of the measurement of a physical variable influencing the optical properties of an optical fibre see [G01D 5/353](#).

For the search, Bragg grating per se see [G02B 6/124](#)

[G01L 1/26](#); This group also contains light beam shutters.

## G01L 1/08

### by the use of counterbalancing forces

#### References

##### *Informative references*

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Automatic balancing arrangements for measuring electric variables in which a force or torque representing the measured value is balanced by a force or torque representing the reference value	<a href="#">G01R 17/08</a>
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## G01L 1/10

### by measuring variations of frequency of stressed vibrating elements, e.g. of stressed strings (using resistance strain gauges [G01L 1/22](#))

#### References

##### *Limiting references*

*This place does not cover:*

Using resistance strain gauges	<a href="#">G01L 1/22</a>
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##### *Informative references*

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Using piezo-resistive vibrators	<a href="#">G01L 1/183</a>
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## G01L 1/125

{by using magnetostrictive means (magnetostrictive sensors [H10N 35/101](#))}

### References

#### Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Magnetostrictive sensors	<a href="#">H10N 35/101</a>
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#### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Magnetostrictive devices in general	<a href="#">H10N 35/00</a>
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## G01L 1/18

using properties of piezo-resistive materials, i.e. materials of which the ohmic resistance varies according to changes in magnitude or direction of force applied to the material

### References

#### Application-oriented references

*Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:*

Resistance strain gauges for measuring linear expansion or contraction	<a href="#">G01B</a>
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## G01L 1/22

using resistance strain gauges

### References

#### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Resistance strain gauges for measuring linear expansion or contraction	<a href="#">G01B</a>
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## G01L 3/00

Measuring torque, work, mechanical power, or mechanical efficiency, in general

### Definition statement

*This place covers:*

Apparatus or methods for measuring torque:

- by using rotary-transmission dynamometer like a flexible shaft or other means;
- by using rotary-absorption dynamometers, for instance of brake type

## Definition statement

Apparatus or methods for determining the value of power:

- by measuring torque and velocity, pressure and velocity, tractive or propulsive force and velocity;

Apparatus or methods for measuring efficiency (ratio of power input to power output).

## References

### Application-oriented references

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Torque sensor adapted to special purposes	<a href="#">G01L 5/00</a>
Measuring multiple component of torque	<a href="#">G01L 5/16</a>

### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Measuring angle and encoders therefor	<a href="#">G01D 5/00</a>
Measuring angular speed or differences of angular speed	<a href="#">G01P 3/00</a>

### Special rules of classification

[G01L 3/24](#); This group contains all apparatus and method for determining the value of power, not only by measuring torque, but also by measuring force or pressure multiplied by a displacement variable (angular or linear velocity).

This group do not contains measurement of power adapted to special purposes (see [G01L 5/0095](#)).

[G01L 3/26](#); For classification and search purpose see also [G01M 15/044](#), testing engines by monitoring power, and [G01L 23/00](#), Indicators for determining work or energy of steam or internal combustion engines.

## G01L 3/102

{involving magnetostrictive means (magnetostrictive sensors [H10N 35/101](#))}

## References

### Limiting references

This place does not cover:

Magnetostrictive sensors	<a href="#">H10N 35/101</a>
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### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Magnetostrictive devices in general	<a href="#">H10N 35/00</a>
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## G01L 3/22

electrically or magnetically actuated

### References

#### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Electrical or magnetic brakes in general	<a href="#">H02K 49/00</a>
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## G01L 3/24

Devices for determining the value of power, e.g. by measuring and simultaneously multiplying the values of torque and revolutions per unit of time, by multiplying the values of tractive or propulsive force and velocity

### References

#### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Measuring velocity per se	<a href="#">G01P</a>
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## G01L 5/00

Apparatus for, or methods of, measuring force, work, mechanical power, or torque, specially adapted for specific purposes

### Definition statement

*This place covers:*

Apparatus or methods for measuring forces:

- adapted for mounting in a bore of the structure;
- associated with a bearing;
- associated with force applying means;
- due to residual stresses;
- due to impact;
- due to spring-shaped elements, like electrical connectors or paperclips;
- associated with industrial machines or actuator;
- of release of ski safety bindings;
- of explosions;
- in several directions;
- applied to control member.

Apparatus or methods for:

- measuring work or power adapted to special purposes;
- measuring tension in ropes cables, wires, threads, belts, bands or like flexible member;
- measuring axial thrust in rotary shaft;
- measuring the tractive or propulsive power of vehicles;
- measuring the energy of projectiles;
- measuring the ratio of forces;



## Definition statement

- measuring wheel side-thrust.

Apparatus or methods for determining the value of torque:

- of a tightening nut;
- in relation to revolution per unit of time;
- associated with torque applying means.

Apparatus for testing brakes (insofar as force is measured or applied to the brake)

## References

### Application-oriented references

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Devices for sensing torque of dynamo-electric machines, or actuated thereby	<a href="#">H02K 11/24</a>
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### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Measuring pressure of a fluent medium	<a href="#">G01L 7/00</a> - <a href="#">G01L 21/00</a>
Measuring rapid changes of pressure in stream, gas, or liquid	<a href="#">G01L 23/00</a>
Measuring golf clubs, bats or rackets	<a href="#">A63B 51/005</a> , <a href="#">A63B 60/42</a> , <a href="#">A63B 60/46</a>

### Special rules of classification

[G01L 5/0009](#); For the search the group [G01M 13/04](#) concerning the testing of bearing is relevant since force sensor can be used for bearing monitoring.

For the search and eventually for the classification the group [F16C 19/00](#) concerning bearing with rolling contact is also relevant.

[G01L 5/0028](#); This sub-group also contain apparatus and methods for measuring the force of driving nails, bolts, bolts threads or other anchoring means, for bonding wires, closing bottle caps, tying raps or other similar system.

[G01L 5/0057](#); This sub-group contains measuring force due to electrical connectors, paperclip and similar devices.

[G01L 5/0061](#); This sub-group covers force sensors associated with industrial machines or actuators except those force sensors associated with pumps, engines, valve actuators, cranes, drilling rods, which are classified in their own technical field ([F01](#), [F04](#), [F16](#), [B66](#), [E21](#)).

Apparatus or method for indicating the functioning of a valve are classified in [F16K 37/0075](#).

In the sub-group [G01L 5/0066](#) are classified the documents concerning calibration arrangements adapted to calibrate the force sensor associated with an industrial machine or actuator, otherwise calibration arrangements of force sensor are classified in [G01L 25/00](#).

For the search, see also [B25J 9/1692](#), calibration of robot manipulator.

In the sub-group [G01L 5/0076](#), force sensor of presses, crimping terminals on wires, rolling machines, extruders are not classified, but are in the relevant classes from [B21](#) - [B42](#).

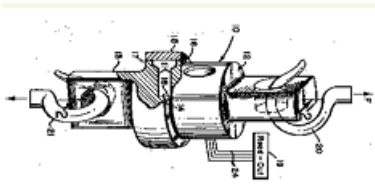
[G01L 5/04](#); For the search and also classification, apparatus or methods adapted for the measuring of web tension are also classified in [B65H 23/044](#);

For the search and also classification, apparatus and method for measuring tension in cables, ropes is done in [G01G 19/14](#) (with the difference that the tension is produced by the gravitation), and overload protection is done in [G01G 23/005](#).

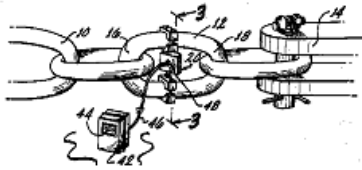
For the search and classification crane hooks with load measurement device are in [B66C 1/40](#) or [B66C 13/10](#), and rope, cable or chain winding mechanism with overload protection are in [B66D 1/56](#).

For the search in the sub-group [G01L 5/045](#) (tension across the width of a band-shaped flexible band), measuring flatness in general is [G01B 5/285](#), [G01B 7/345](#), [G01B 11/306](#), [G01B 13/22](#), [G01B 15/08](#), [G01B 21/30](#).

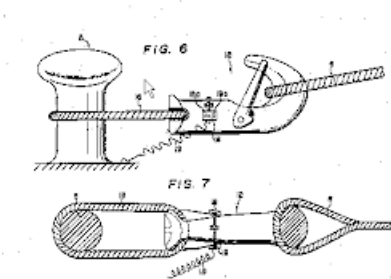
[G01L 5/10](#); The following figures are illustration for a better understanding of the different sub-groups in [G01L 5/10](#), measuring tension in ropes, cables with electrical means.



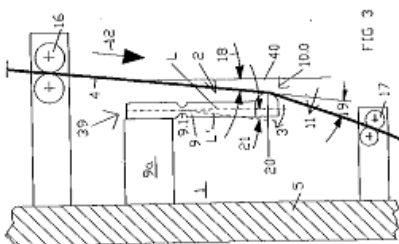
[G01L 5/101](#): in which the sensor is inserted into the member



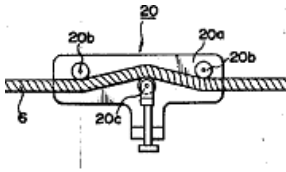
[G01L 5/102](#): in which the sensor is located at a non-interrupted part of the member



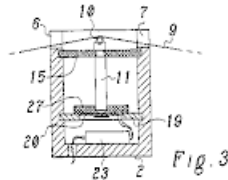
[G01L 5/103](#): in which the sensor is fixed at one end of the member



[G01L 5/106](#): by measuring a reaction force applied on a cantilever beam



[G01L 5/107](#) : by measuring a reaction force applied on an element disposed between two supports



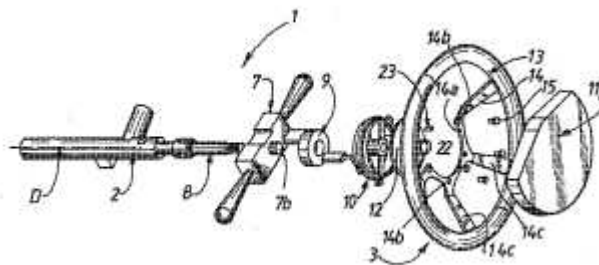
[G01L 5/108](#): by measuring a reaction force applied on a single support or glider

For classification: a document has to be classified with respect to the placement of the sensor on the apparatus ([G01L 5/101](#), [G01L 5/102](#), [G01L 5/103](#)) and by the way the reaction force is measured ([G01L 5/106](#), [G01L 5/107](#), [G01L 5/108](#)).

[G01L 5/13](#); For the search and classification, the control of draught load or tractive force of lifting devices mounted on tractors see [A01B 63/112](#).

[G01L 5/16](#); In this group are also classified multiple torque measurements and combinations of torque and force measurements.

For the search and classification, hand worn input/output device see [G06F 3/014](#); The sub-group [G01L 5/221](#) concerning force sensors in steering wheels has an overlap with the group [B62D 5/00](#), power assisted steering in general. The following figure is an example of document (FR2774349) classified in this group:



For search and classification in [G01L 5/225](#) see also [A61B 5/221](#) (Measuring muscular forces by using bicycle type apparatus) and [A63B 69/16](#) (Cycling sport training apparatus).

[G01L 5/24](#); This sub-group does not cover arrangements for torque limiters or torque indicators in wrenches or screwdrivers which are classified in [B25B 23/14](#).

[G01L 5/28](#); This group does not cover monitoring or checking brake system integrated in vehicles ([B60T 17/22](#)) and also do not cover testing or monitoring of railways brakes ([B60T 17/228](#)).

## Glossary of terms

*In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:*

Adapted for special purposes	not easily possible to adapt the device or method to another purpose or to a more general purpose, i.e. that the device or method has been designed to solve a specific technical problem
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**G01L 5/009****{Force sensors associated with material gripping devices}****References*****Informative references****Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Manipulators in general	<a href="#">G01L 5/22</a>
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**G01L 5/045****{for measuring the tension across the width of a band-shaped flexible member (measuring flatness [G01B](#))}****References*****Limiting references****This place does not cover:*

Measuring flatness	<a href="#">G01B</a>
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***Informative references****Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Metal rolling in general	<a href="#">B21B</a>
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**G01L 5/1623****of pressure sensitive conductors (using piezoresistors [G01L 5/162](#))****References*****Limiting references****This place does not cover:*

Using piezoresistors	<a href="#">G01L 5/162</a>
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**Glossary of terms***In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:*

Pressure sensitive conductor	a conductor wherein the electric resistance changes with deformation caused by pressure, e.g. elastic resin having conductive materials dispersed therein
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**G01L 5/20**

for measuring wheel side-thrust

**References****Application-oriented references**

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

In balancing	<a href="#">G01M</a>
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**G01L 5/24**

for determining value of torque or twisting moment for tightening a nut or other member which is similarly stressed

**References****Application-oriented references**

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Arrangements in wrenches or screwdrivers	<a href="#">B25B 23/14</a>
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**G01L 5/246**

{using acoustic waves}

**References****Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Using acoustic waves or acoustic emission	<a href="#">G01L 1/255</a>
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**G01L 7/00**

Measuring the steady or quasi-steady pressure of a fluid or a fluent solid material by mechanical or fluid pressure-sensitive elements ([G01L 11/004](#) takes precedence;) transmitting or indicating the displacement of mechanical pressure-sensitive elements by electric {, e.g., photoelectric} or magnetic means [G01L 9/00](#); measuring differences of two or more pressure values [G01L 13/00](#); measuring two or more pressure values simultaneously [G01L 15/00](#))

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Apparatus or methods for measuring fluid pressure:

- by using elastically deformable gauges;
- by using flexible deformable tubes, likes Bourdon gauges;
- by using bellows;

## Definition statement

- by using flexible diaphragm;
- by using capsules;
- by using pistons;
- by using liquid as pressure sensitive medium, like liquid column gauges.

## References

**Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

Transmitting or indicating the displacement of mechanical pressure sensitive elements by electric means	<a href="#">G01L 9/00</a>
Pressure sensor using counterbalancing forces	<a href="#">G01L 11/004</a>
Measurement differences of two or more pressure values	<a href="#">G01L 13/00</a>
Measurement two or more pressures values simultaneously	<a href="#">G01L 15/00</a>

**Informative references**

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Measuring type pressure or the pressure of other inflated bodies	<a href="#">G01L 17/00</a>
Vacuum gauges	<a href="#">G01L 21/00</a>
Measuring heights (altimeter for aircraft, with barometer) or depth	<a href="#">G01C 5/005</a>
Measuring depth of open water	<a href="#">G01C 13/008</a>
General determination of the capacity of containers	<a href="#">G01F 17/00</a>
Pressure sensitive fluid level or volume measuring devices	<a href="#">G01F 23/14</a>
Hollow bodies deformable or displaceable under internal pressure per se	<a href="#">G02B 1/04</a>
Pressure sensitive switches using Bourdon gauges	<a href="#">H01H 9/00</a>

**Special rules of classification**

[G01L 7/02](#); This group does not cover blood pressure control and pressure transducer specially adapted therefor [A61M 1/3639](#).

[G01L 7/14](#); This sub-group also contain temperature compensating means.

**G01L 9/00**

**Measuring steady of quasi-steady pressure of fluid or fluent solid material by electric or magnetic pressure-sensitive elements {([G01L 11/004](#) takes precedence)}; Transmitting or indicating the displacement of mechanical pressure-sensitive elements, used to measure the steady or quasi-steady pressure of a fluid or fluent solid material, by electric or magnetic means (measuring differences of two or more pressure values [G01L 13/00](#); measuring two or more pressure values simultaneously [G01L 15/00](#))**

**Definition statement**

*This place covers:*

Apparatus or methods for measuring fluid pressure:

- by using elastically deformable gauges with electric and other similar detection means;

## Definition statement

- by using flexible deformable tubes, likes Bourdon gauges with electric and other similar detection means;
- by using bellows with electric and other similar detection means ;
- by using flexible diaphragm with electric and other similar detection means;
- by using capsules with electric and other similar detecting means;
- by using pistons with electric and other similar detection means;
- by using liquid as pressure sensitive medium, like liquid column gauges, with electric and other similar detection means;
- using semi-conductor body comprising PN-junction as detecting element;
- circuits of sensors making use of variation in ohmic resistance;
- circuits of sensors making use of piezoelectric devices;
- circuits of sensors making use of variation of inductance;
- circuits of sensors making use of variation of capacitance;
- involving the displacement of magnets;
- sensors making use of variation in the magnetic properties resulting from the application of stress;
- sensors making use of electrokinetic cells

## References

### Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Pressure sensor using counterbalancing forces	<a href="#">G01L 11/004</a>
Measurement differences of two or more pressure values	<a href="#">G01L 13/00</a>
Measurement two or more pressures values simultaneously	<a href="#">G01L 15/00</a>

### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Vacuum gauges	<a href="#">G01L 21/00</a>
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## Special rules of classification

[G01L 9/0041](#); For search or classification in construction details associated to semi-conductive diaphragm sensor ([G01L 9/0042](#)), see also [H01L 21/00](#), process or apparatus for manufacturing semiconductor devices, and [B81C 1/00158](#), manufacturing of devices on a diaphragm.

For search and classification in [G01L 2009/0066](#) , mounting arrangement of diaphragm sensor with resistance sensors, see also [H05K 7/00](#), constructional details common to different types of electric apparatus.

For search and classification in [G01L 2009/0067](#) , diaphragm pressure sensor using additional isolating diaphragms, see also [G01L 13/025](#), devices for measuring differences of two or more pressure value using diaphragms, and [G01L 2009/0063](#) , pressure sensor using strain gages with fluid coupling.

For search and classification in [G01L 9/0079](#), pressure sensor with diaphragm using a Fabry-Perrot arrangement, see also [G01D 5/266](#), Transducer not specially adapted to a specific variable using interferometer, and [G01D 5/268](#), Transducer not specially adapted to a specific variable using fiber.

For search and classification in [G01L 19/0038](#) and lower see also [G01L 19/14](#), housings of pressure sensor in general.

[G01L 9/02](#), [G01L 9/04](#), [G01L 9/06](#), [G01L 9/08](#), [G01L 9/10](#) and [G01L 9/12](#)

In these groups documents are only classified therein if there are details about the circuits of the pressure sensor. For details about the physical way of measuring the pressure see the corresponding subgroups in [G01L 9/00](#).

## G01L 9/0026

{Transmitting or indicating the displacement of flexible, deformable tubes by electric, electromechanical, magnetic or electromagnetic means ([G01L 9/0008](#) takes precedence)}

### References

#### Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Using vibrations	<a href="#">G01L 9/0008</a>
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#### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Pressure sensitive flexible, deformable tubes in general	<a href="#">G01L 7/04</a>
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## G01L 9/0033

{Transmitting or indicating the displacement of bellows by electric, electromechanical, magnetic, or electromagnetic means ([G01L 9/0008](#) takes precedence)}

### References

#### Limiting references

*This place does not cover:*

Using vibrations	<a href="#">G01L 9/0008</a>
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#### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Pressure sensitive bellows in general	<a href="#">G01L 7/06</a>
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## G01L 9/0041

{Transmitting or indicating the displacement of flexible diaphragms}

### References

#### Informative references

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Pressure sensitive flexible diaphragms in general	<a href="#">G01L 7/08</a>
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**G01L 9/0082**

{Transmitting or indicating the displacement of capsules by electric, electromechanical, magnetic, or electromechanical means ([G01L 9/0008](#) takes precedence)}

**References****Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

Using vibrations	<a href="#">G01L 9/0008</a>
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**Informative references**

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Pressure sensitive capsules in general	<a href="#">G01L 7/10</a>
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**G01L 9/0089**

{Transmitting or indicating the displacement of pistons by electrical, electromechanical, magnetic or electromagnetic means ([G01L 9/0008](#) takes precedence)}

**References****Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

Using vibrations	<a href="#">G01L 9/0008</a>
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**Informative references**

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Pressure sensitive pistons in general	<a href="#">G01L 7/16</a>
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**G01L 9/0091**

{Transmitting or indicating the displacement of liquid mediums by electrical, electromechanical, magnetic or electromagnetic means ([G01L 9/0008](#) takes precedence)}

**References****Limiting references**

*This place does not cover:*

Using vibrations	<a href="#">G01L 9/0008</a>
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**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Pressure sensitive liquid mediums in general	<a href="#">G01L 7/18</a>
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**G01L 11/00**

**Measuring steady or quasi-steady pressure of a fluid or a fluent solid material by means not provided for in group [G01L 7/00](#) or [G01L 9/00](#)**

**Special rules of classification**

The documents concerning pressure sensor are classified in this group if the pressure measurement method do not fit in [G01L 7/00](#) or [G01L 9/00](#). Especially classification in [G01L 11/02](#) (using optical means) cannot be given if the document fit with for instance [G01L 9/0076](#) (diaphragm pressure sensor using optical means). See [G01L 7/00](#) or [G01L 9/00](#) before classifying here.

**G01L 17/00**

**Devices or apparatus for measuring tyre pressure or the pressure in other inflated bodies**

**References****Application-oriented references**

Examples of places where the subject matter of this place is covered when specially adapted, used for a particular purpose, or incorporated in a larger system:

Specially adapted for mounting on vehicles or tyres	<a href="#">B60C 23/00</a>
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**Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Connection of valves to inflatable elastic bodies	<a href="#">B60C 29/00</a>
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**G01L 19/00**

**Details of, or accessories for, apparatus for measuring steady or quasi-steady pressure of a fluent medium insofar as such details or accessories are not special to particular types of pressure gauges**

**Definition statement**

This place covers:

- Connecting means of pressure sensor;
- Pressure sensor associated with other sensor;
- Arrangement for compensating or preventing effects of inclination or acceleration;
- Temperature compensation means;
- Overload and other protection means;
- Recording means;
- Housings of pressure sensor;
- Dials and mounting of dials.

## Special rules of classification

[G01L 19/0007](#); For search or classification in connecting means for flowthrough system having a flexible pressure transmitting element ([G01L 19/0023](#)), see also measuring deformation of fluid transporting tubes in [G01L 7/02](#) and [G01L 9/0001](#).

[G01L 2019/0053](#) ; For search and classification: this sub-group only concerns the measurements of pressure plus another variable and for not only compensation purposes. Measurements of a plurality of variable see [G01D 21/02](#). For compensation purposes see relevant group in [G01L 19/00](#), [G01L 19/02](#), [G01L 19/04](#), [G01L 9/025](#), [G01L 9/045](#), [G01L 9/065](#), [G01L 9/085](#), [G01L 9/105](#), [G01L 9/125](#).

[G01L 19/02](#); This sub-group also contains humidity, static pressure, range adjusting or extension means, and zero setting means with exception of aneroid barometers (see [G01L 7/14](#)).

[G01L 19/04](#); For search and classification: this sub-group only concerns non electrical compensating means. With electrical compensation means see relevant group in [G01L 19/00](#), [G01L 19/02](#), [G01L 19/04](#), [G01L 9/025](#), [G01L 9/045](#), [G01L 9/065](#), [G01L 9/085](#), [G01L 9/105](#), [G01L 9/125](#). For temperature compensation of aneroid barometers (see [G01L 7/14](#)).

[G01L 19/06](#); For search or classification in the sub-group [G01L 19/0672](#), leakage or rupture detection in pressure sensor, see also leak detection per se in [G01M 3/00](#), and leak detection in membrane, [B01D 65/102](#).

[G01L 19/12](#); This subgroup does not cover pressure switches ([H01H 35/24](#) - [H01H 35/40](#)).

## G01L 19/0645

{using isolation membranes, specially adapted for protection}

### References

#### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Use of coupling membranes with a coupling fluid in general	<a href="#">G01L 19/0046</a>
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## G01L 19/0672

{Leakage or rupture protection or detection}

### References

#### Informative references

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Detection of leakage per se	<a href="#">G01M 3/00</a>
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**G01L 19/149**

{of immersion sensor, e.g. where the sensor is immersed in the measuring medium or for in vivo measurements, e.g. by using catheter tips}

**References****Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Pressure measurements in the body	<a href="#">A61B 5/00</a>
Catheter tips per se	<a href="#">A61M 25/0067</a>

**G01L 21/24**

using rotating members; Vacuum gauges of the Langmuir type

**References****Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Langmuir probes for plasma diagnostics	<a href="#">H05H 1/0006</a>
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**G01L 21/30**

by making use of ionisation effects

**References****Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Tubes therefor	<a href="#">H01J 41/02</a>
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**G01L 23/32**

Apparatus specially adapted for recording pressure changes measured by indicators

**References****Informative references**

Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:

Apparatus for recording steady or quasi-steady pressure	<a href="#">G01L 19/08</a>
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## G01L 27/002

{Calibrating, i.e. establishing true relation between transducer output value and value to be measured, zeroing, linearising or span error determination}

### References

#### *Informative references*

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Calibration of sensors per se	<a href="#">G01D 18/00</a>
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## G01L 27/007

{Malfunction diagnosis, i.e. diagnosing a sensor defect}

### References

#### *Informative references*

*Attention is drawn to the following places, which may be of interest for search:*

Malfunction detection of sensor not measuring a specific variable per se	<a href="#">G01D 3/08</a>
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