B27D

WORKING VENEER OR PLYWOOD (applying liquids or other fluent materials to surface in general B05; grinding, sanding, or polishing of wood B24; applying adhesives or glue to surfaces of wood B27G 11/00; manufacture of veneer B27L 5/00)

Definition statement
This place covers:
Any machine or process for working veneer or plywood not classified elsewhere under a more specific title.

B27D 1/00

Joining wood veneer with any material; Forming articles thereby (in conjunction with moulding of wood particles or fibres B27N 3/06); Preparatory processing of surfaces to be joined, e.g. scoring

Definition statement
This place covers:
Lay up machines
Laminated Veneer Lumber (LVL)

Glossary of terms
In this place, the following terms or expressions are used with the meaning indicated:

| LVL | Laminated Veneer Lumber |

B27D 1/06

Manufacture of central layers; Form of central layers {(see also B27M 3/002 and B27M 3/0026)}

Definition statement
This place covers:
Wood-core plywood.

B27D 1/086

{Manufacture of oblong articles, e.g. tubes by spirally winding veneer blanks}

References

Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| Wooden pipes | F16L 9/01 |
B27D 3/00

Veneer presses; Press plates; Plywood presses (presses in general B30B {}; presses for wood fibre sheets B27N 3/08, B27N 3/24, B27N 3/26))

Definition statement
This place covers:
Apparatus for and methods subjecting veneer or plywood to compressive force.

References
Limiting references
This place does not cover:

| Presses specially for the manufacture of shaped plywood articles | B27D 1/083 |

B27D 5/00

Other working of veneer or plywood specially adapted to veneer or plywood (working of strips in the same way as cane B27J {}; repairing tears on veneer blanks B27D 1/10; B27G 1/00 takes precedence))

Definition statement
This place covers:
Apparatus for and methods subjecting veneer or plywood to some form of working not specifically covered elsewhere such as processes wherein the work parts are fastened by cement, glue, or other adhesive, or by use of cohesive characteristics of the work parts to effect an autogenous bond which can then be followed by producing a change in dimension or contour (chamfering, edging and beveling).